

DEPLOYABLE REFLECTOR DESIGN

FOR

KU-BAND OPERATION

NAS1-11444

SEQUENCE NUMBER 4317-01

PREPARED FOR

LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER

PREPARED BY

ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION OF

HARRIS CORPORATION

P.O. BOX 37

MELBOURNE, FLORIDA 32901

SEPTEMBER, 1974

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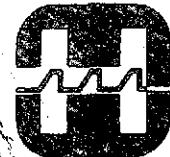
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SECTION 1.0

INTRODUCTION

1.0

INTRODUCTION

In the past, operation at Ku-band frequencies (11 to 18 GHz) was considered possible only with solid surface reflectors due to surface tolerance requirements. However, the packaging and weight restrictions of such reflectors limit their practicality in the larger sizes, particularly where severe volume limitations are imposed. The objective of this program was to extend the deployable antenna technology state-of-the-art through the design, analysis, construction, and testing of a lightweight (31 pounds maximum with a 25 pound goal) high surface tolerance (0.020 inches rms surface error) 12.5-foot diameter reflector for Ku-band operation. A secondary objective of the program was to ensure, to the extent possible, the applicability of the reflector design to the Tracking and Data Relay Satellite (TDRS) Program.

This final report presents a complete documentary of the total program. The remainder of this section presents a results summary. Section 2.0 describes the performance requirements used to guide and constrain the design. Section 3.0 presents a detailed description of the design. Section 4.0 presents RF, structural/dynamic, and thermal performance results and includes analysis/test correlation where applicable. Section 5.0 discusses the applicability of the reflector design to the TDRS Program. Section 6.0 presents the conclusions and recommendations of the program. Appendices are utilized to provide detailed test data and the detailed fabrication drawings for the reflector.

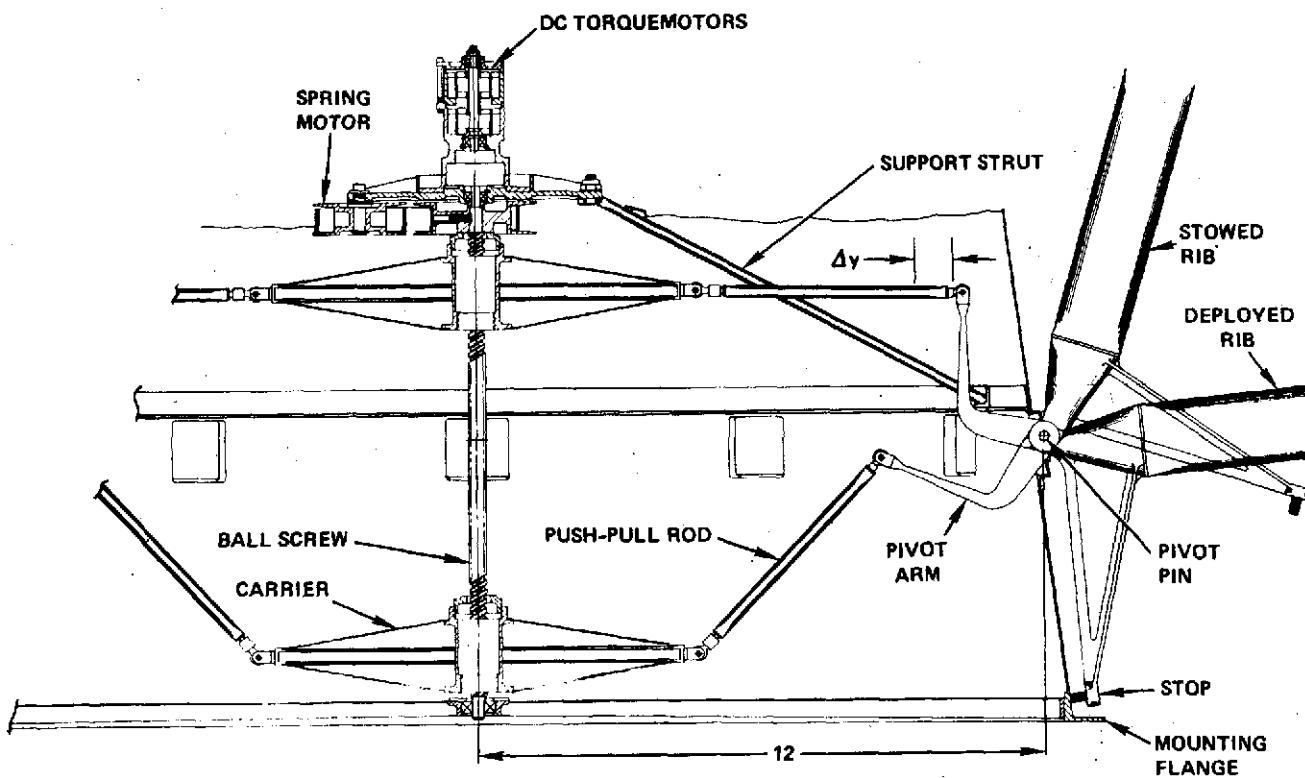
Results Summary

The reflector design is illustrated in Figure 1.0-1. The parabolic reflective surface consists of 12, 1.5-inch diameter, tubular aluminum ribs which shape and support the metallic mesh. The choice of 12 ribs was based on a trade-off study considering weight, surface tolerance, and deployed dynamic performance. The "double mesh" technique is used to obtain the high surface accuracy required for Ku-band operation. This technique consists of two mesh surfaces which are separated by the rib thickness and tee bars and connected by tensioned metallic ties. By properly tensioning the connecting tie wires, the reflector surface (front mesh) can be contoured to a precision parabolic shape.

The conical feed support structure is the primary structural member of the stowed antenna. A conical structure was chosen because, in this application, the RF aperture blockage is no more severe than that of a spar support and the conical structure is more efficient than a spar system from weight and structural standpoints. A dielectric ogive radome is provided as an enclosure for the RF feed. The ogive geometry was selected because of its high electrical efficiency over other geometries.

The stowed antenna is restrained by top and midsection restraint systems which force the stowed antenna to act as a single stiff structural member, thereby providing a high stowed resonant frequency. The reflective surface is deployed at a controlled rate by the mechanical deployment system (MDS) (Figure 1.0-2). The MDS consists of a disc-shaped carriage mounted to the moving section of a recirculating ball nut on a ball screw shaft. The carriage and the ribs are connected by linkages that transmit the force and motion required for deployment to the ribs. Redundant drive system power is supplied to the ball screw by a spring motor and

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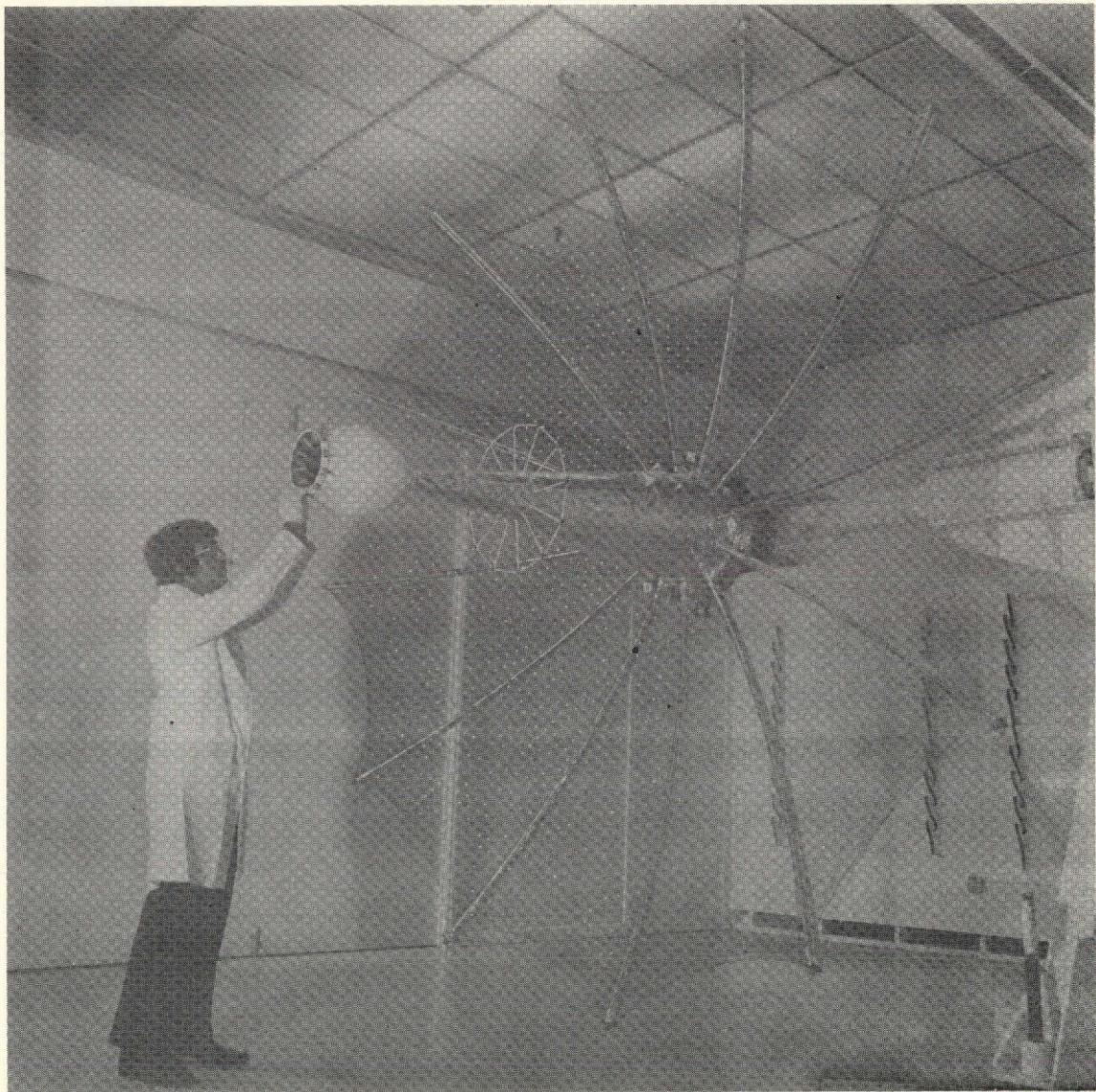


- CONTROLLED DEPLOYMENT
- DRY FILM LUBRICATION
- REMOTE FURLING

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Figure 1.0-2. The Mechanical Deployment System (MDS) Provides Controlled Deployment, Redundant Drive Power, and Is Self-Locking in the Deployed Condition

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Figure 2.2. 12.5 Foot Reflector

two electric torque motors. The probability of successful reflector deployment is 0.993 as based on test data from this and previous programs. The controlled deployment rate eliminates the transfer of any deployment forces to the spacecraft and also prevents impact loading of the ribs and mesh, thus, assuring the preset parabolic surface is not distorted by the deployment action. Repeatability of the reflector surface over successive deployments was measured as ± 0.002 inches rms (see Appendix B).

The measured weight of the completed reflector (reflective surface, feed support, and deployment system) is 26.2 lbs. Previous technology would have resulted in a total weight of no less than 40 lbs.

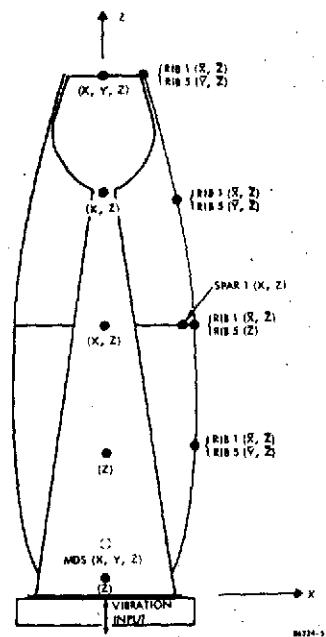
The projected surface error under worst-case orbital conditions is 0.022 inches rms as shown in Figure 1.0-3. The manufacturing error of 0.020 inches is a measured value. The thermal error contribution is determined by analysis (see Section 4.3). The gravity deflection error occurs in orbit once the gravity force is removed. Upon removal of the gravity force, the mesh assumes an equilibrium position different from that in the gravity field. This error is minimized by setting the reflector along horizontal radial lines where the gravity effects are essentially nullified. The surface error when the reflector is oriented in the face-side range test condition (as shown in Figure 1.0-5) is 0.030-inches rms.

<u>Error Source</u>	<u>Magnitude, Inches RMS</u>
Thermal	0.008
Manufacturing	0.020
Gravity	<u>0.006</u>
Total RSS Error	0.022

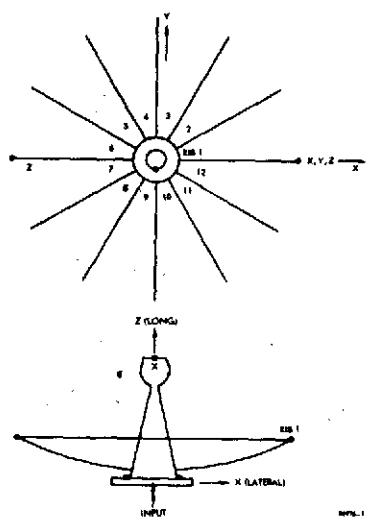
Figure 1.0-3. Surface Error Budget for Worst-Case Orbital Conditions

The minimum lateral frequency of the stowed reflector is 57 Hz and the minimum longitudinal frequency of the stowed reflector is 93.1 Hz. These high stowed resonant frequencies minimize deflections and structural coupling with the lower frequencies of excitation introduced by the launch vehicle. They also allow the reflector to be structurally qualified as a component independent of the total spacecraft. The minimum resonant frequency of the deployed reflector is 8.3 Hz. This high deployed resonant frequency ensures minimal structural coupling of the deployed reflector with the spacecraft attitude control system or with other large flexible structures, e.g., antenna support booms, solar panels, etc. Figure 1.0-4 shows the test configurations during stowed and deployed vibration testing of the reflector.

Figure 1.0-5 shows the RF test arrangement for the reflector. Figures 1.0-6 and 1.0-7 show the measured reflector patterns at 2 GHz and 15 GHz respectively. Figure 1.0-8 summarizes the RF range gain measurement results.

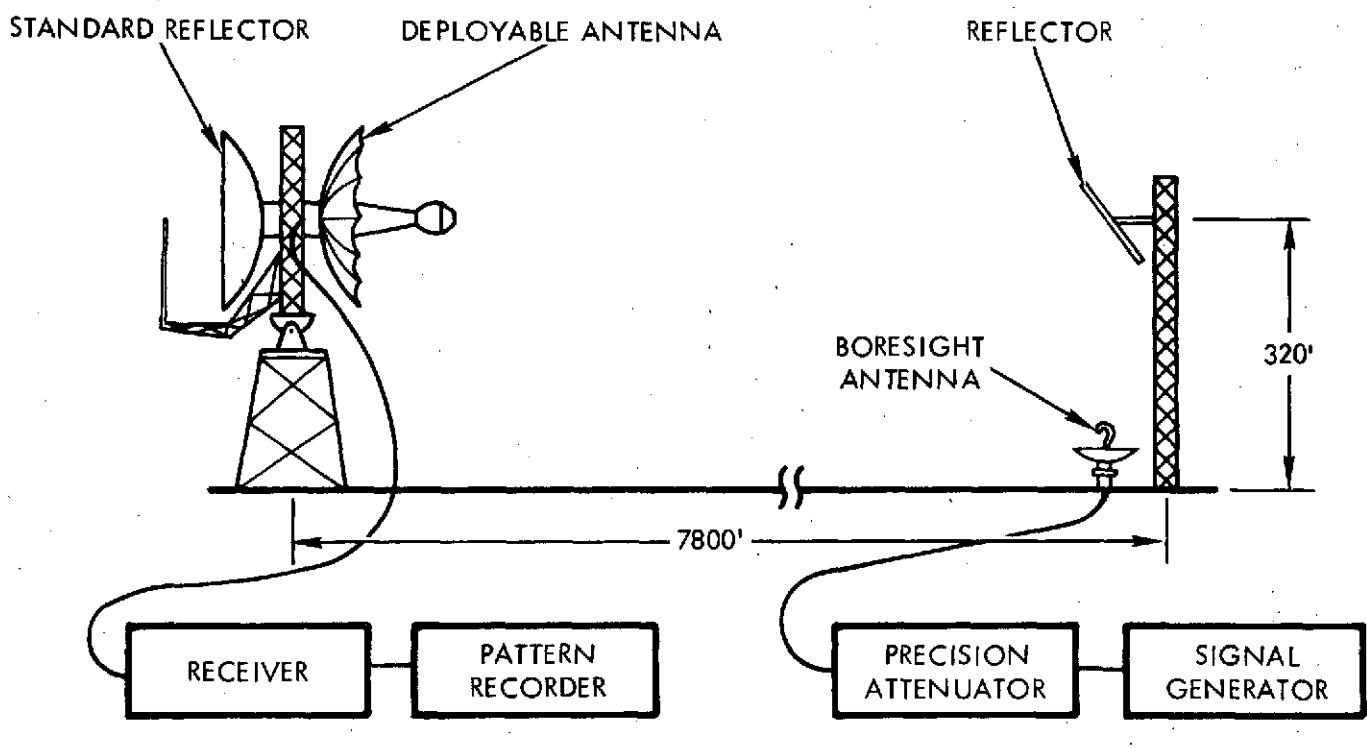


Stowed Vibration Test Configuration



Deployed Vibration Test Configuration

Figure 1.0-4. High Stiffness in the Stowed and Deployed Conditions Allows Qualification of the Reflector as a Component



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Figure 1.0-5. RF Range Measurements Validate Ku-Band Performance

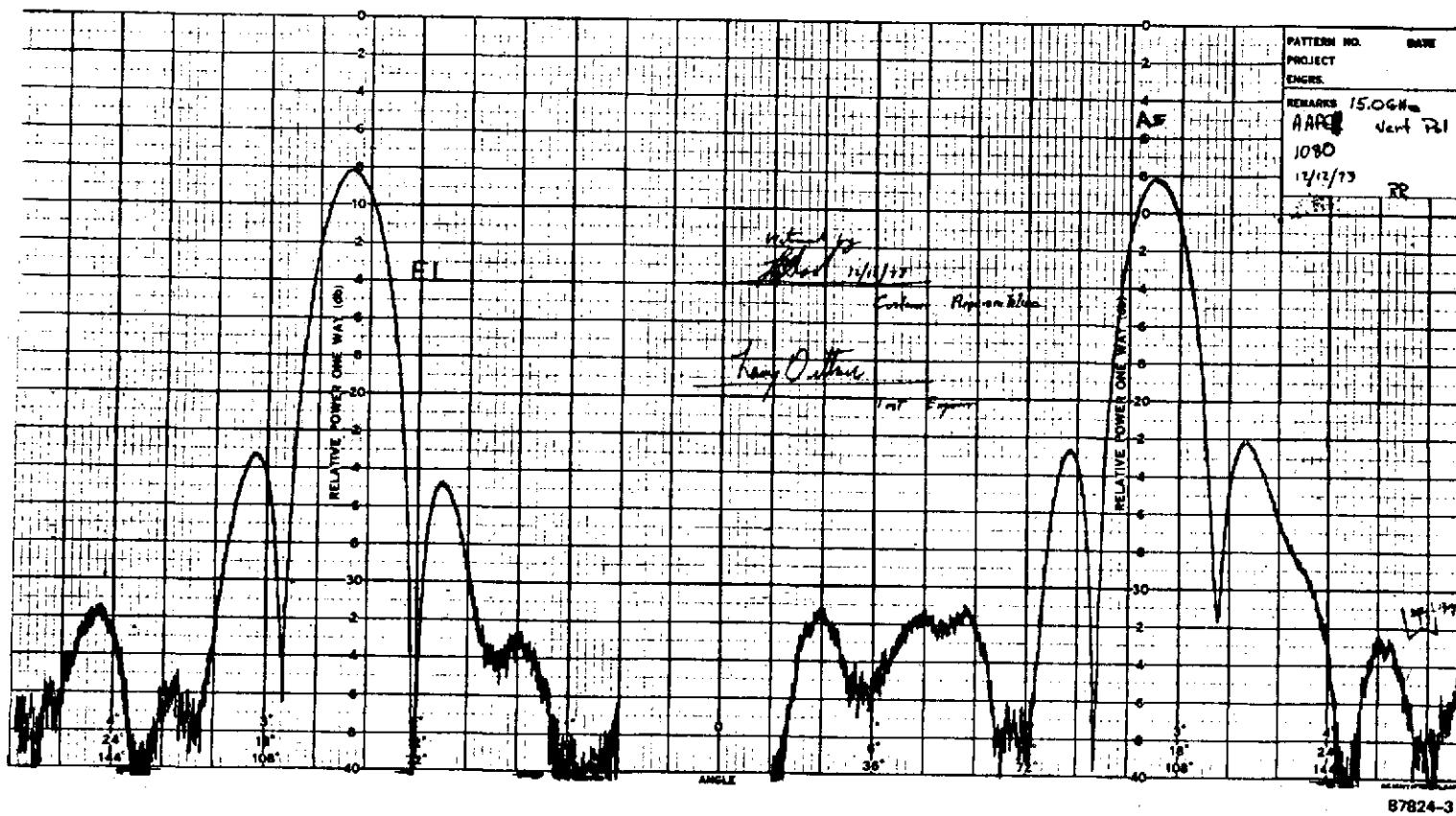


Figure 1.0-6. Reflector Patterns at 15 GHz

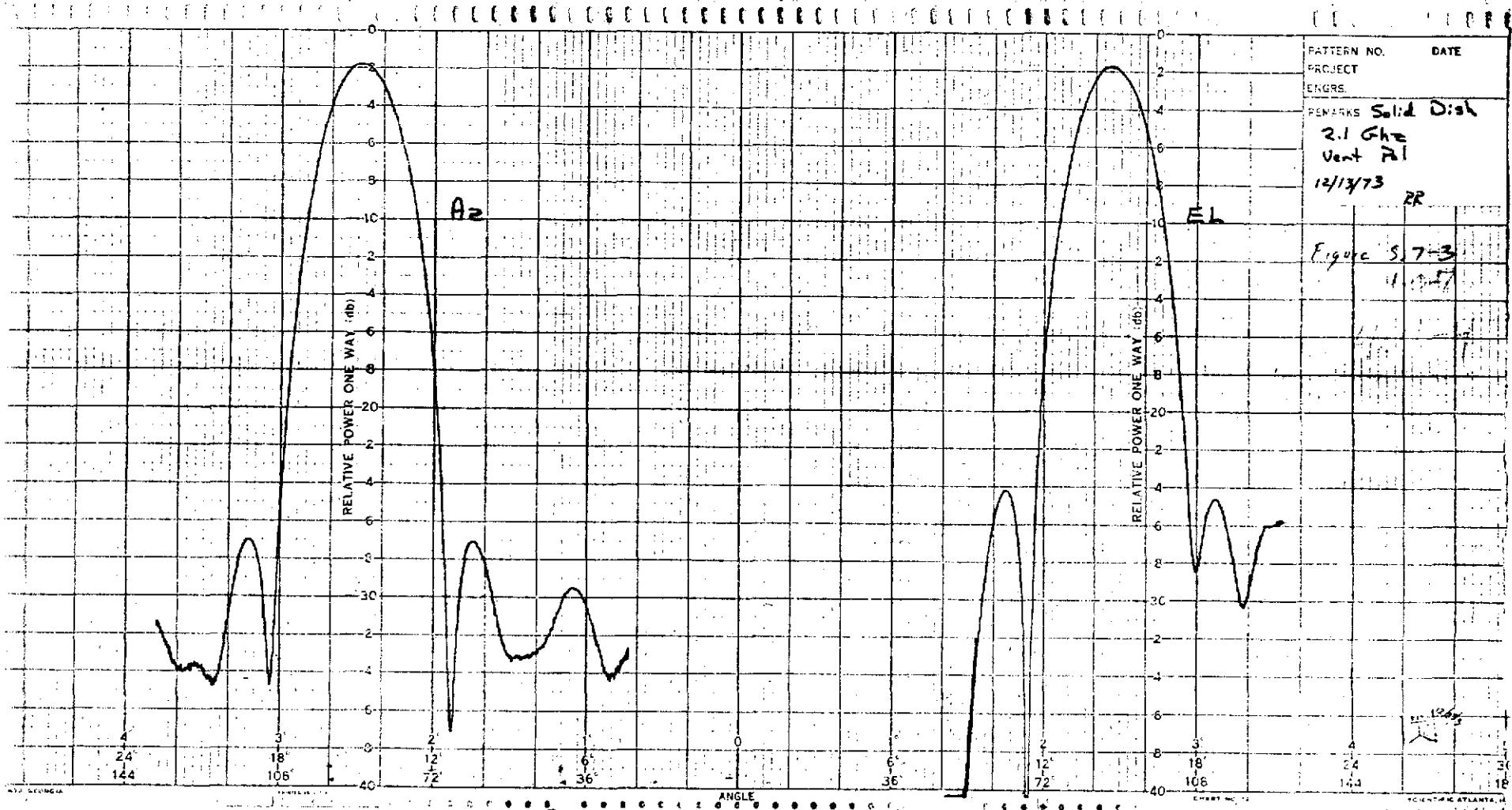


Figure 1.0-7. Reflector Patterns at 2.1 GHz

<u>FREQUENCY</u>	<u>AAFE¹</u>	<u>GAIN</u> <u>TDRS²</u>
2.1 GHz	35.3 dB	35.3 dB
15.0 GHz	51.5 dB	51.9 dB

¹MEASURED GAIN IN GRAVITY

²PROJECTED ORBITAL GAIN

CONCLUSION:

RF PERFORMANCE IS ADEQUATE TO MEET TDRS REQUIREMENTS.

87824-11

Figure 1.0-8. Gain Measurement Summary at S- and Ku-Band

SECTION 2.0
DESIGN PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

2.0

DESIGN PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

This section presents the basic performance requirements, constraints, and philosophies considered essential in the 12.5-foot diameter model antenna development to ensure a coordinated electrical/structural/mechanical design.

Contained in this section are the following:

- a. Applicable documents and definition of terms
- b. Basic objectives and philosophy of design
- c. Conditions and environments for which the antenna is analyzed and designed
- d. Load requirements and other factors used for design
- e. Environmental and stiffness criteria
- f. Weight and balance criteria
- g. Structural/mechanical performance requirements
- h. Electrical performance criteria

2.1

Applicable Documents

The following documents of the issue and date indicated form a part of these requirements to the extent specified herein. In the case of conflict between this document and the documents referenced herein, this document governs:

MIL-HDBK-5B Metallic Materials and Elements for Aerospace Vehicle Structures

Delta Launch Vehicle Interface and Environment, December, 1970.

NASA SP-3024 Models of Trapped Radiation Environment, Volumes I and II, 1962

2.2

Design Philosophy and Definition of Terms

2.2.1

Design Philosophy

Nonflight conditions and environments influenced the design to the minimum extent. Where practicable, means were devised for assembling, handling, transporting, and storing which do not require an increase in the flight weight over that for the flight conditions.

The allowable stress values and materials properties used to substantiate the performance of the antenna were obtained from MIL-HDBK-5B or from test values when appropriate. Strength allowables and other mechanical properties are consistent with the loading conditions, design environments, and stress states for each structural member.

The materials of construction were chosen for compatibility with the space environment. Materials with low levels of outgassing have been utilized.

2.2.2

Structural Design Procedures

The following procedures, material allowables, and strength requirements were used as guidelines for all structural design and analysis. Procedures for all stress calculations are consistent with those in MIL-HDBK-5B.

2.2.2.1

Definition of Terms

Limit Loads - The maximum loads the antenna is expected to experience for the design condition under consideration

Yield Design Loads - Limit loads multiplied by the yield design load factor of safety

Ultimate Design Load - Limit loads multiplied by the ultimate design load factor of safety

2.2.2.1

Allowable Stress Values

For antenna members that are critical in buckling, the minimum guaranteed properties (A values in MIL-HDBK-5B) and minimum thicknesses were used for stress calculations. For all other conditions, the minimum guaranteed properties and the nominal thickness were used.

2.2.2.2.2 Margin of Safety

To achieve a lightweight structure, the antenna is designed to attain the smallest practical margin of safety greater than zero, except where stiffness requirements dictate additional structure. The following structural elements, which are susceptible to random type failures due to manufacturing and load distribution inconsistencies, were restricted to have the following margins of safety:

<u>Antenna Part</u>	<u>Minimum Margin of Safety</u>
Fasteners in Shear	+.15
Bolts in Tension	+.50
Fittings	+.15
Lugs	+.25
Welds and Brazed Joints	+.50
Epoxied Joints	+.75

In determining the margin of safety, the effect of combined loads or stresses was considered.

2.2.2.3 Factors of Safety

The following factors of safety were applied to the limit loads to obtain the structural design loads.

Yield Design Load	1.15
Ultimate Design Load	1.25

2.2.2.4 Fatigue Considerations

The structural design of the antenna accounts for the effects of repeated loads. Efforts were made to avoid residual stresses and stress concentrations wherever possible.

2.2.2.5 Component Preload Requirements

All joints which depend upon preload for adequate performance are designed with sufficient preload such that no mechanical separation occurs due to limit loads.

2.3 Performance Requirements

This section describes those performance requirements used as a guideline for developing the design. Wherever possible these requirements were based on the Tracking and Delta Relay Satellite mission. As such, launch via a Delta 2914 booster and a synchronous equatorial orbit was assumed.

2.3.1 Weight and Packaging

The 12.5-foot diameter test model weight is not to exceed 31.0 pounds. A weight design goal of 25 pounds was established. The test model includes the following items: rib-and-mesh reflector, feed support structure and radome, mechanical deployment system and central hub, and the launch restraint system.

Maximum packaging envelope dimensions are not to exceed those defined by a right circular cylinder of 75 inches height and 30 inches diameter.

2.3.2 Reflector Tolerance

The antenna gain loss due to reflector surface error shall not exceed 0.50 dB at 15 GHz for a nominal sun angle of 60 degrees to antenna boresight axis. This requirement limits the maximum rms surface error to 0.020 inch.

The antenna gain loss due to feed defocusing for a nominal sun angle of 60 degrees to antenna boresight shall not exceed 0.50 dB at 15 GHz with 0.25 dB budgeted to linear displacement and 0.25 dB budgeted to beam mispointing. The maximum allowable linear displacement tolerance and feed offset angle to achieve this gain loss specification are:

Axial defocusing	0.15 inch
Feed offset angle	0.7°

2.3.3 Reflector f/D

Since no specific mission requirements dictated an f/D value, a trade-off study was conducted to develop a representative value. The evaluation of the f/D ratio involved consideration of three areas: electrical performance, stowed volume, and launch stiffness.

For general application, both broadband and narrowband, the optimum f/D from an electrical standpoint falls between 0.35 and 0.5 with 0.4 a good nominal value.

The maximum physical length of the stowed antenna as described in Paragraph 2.3.1 places an upper bound on the f/D and, likewise, the maximum diameter of the stowed antenna (as per Paragraph 2.3.1) places a minimum bound on the f/D.

For launch (resonance) performance a low value of f/D is desirable to reduce the stowed antenna height.

Based on the above considerations, an f/D range of 0.38 to 0.42, with a nominal value of 0.417 was chosen as a median value satisfying all limiting conditions.

2.3.4 Structural Design Requirements

The launch environment and qualification test requirements for the Delta booster are comprehensively described in Reference 1. The dynamic environment is defined at the interface between the booster and the spacecraft. This information was used to establish environmental design criteria for the antenna.

The TDRS spacecraft is, at this time, not adequately defined to allow an estimate of the transmission of energy through the spacecraft to the antenna. Because of this, the values given in Reference 1 were increased by an appropriate amount to account for unknown effects of the spacecraft. The resulting design criteria for the antenna are given in Table 2.3.4.

Table 2.3.4. Structural Design Criteria

Antenna Configuration	Antenna Axis	Fundamental Frequency, Hz	Maximum Vibration Response G Ultimate	Maximum Shock Response G Ultimate
Stowed	Lateral	40	25	20
	Longitudinal	90	35	20
	Torsional	15	--	10
Deployed	Lateral	4.5	2.2	N/A
	Torsional	4.0	2.0	

The minimum launch frequency requirements for the spacecraft are 40 Hz and 25 Hz in the longitudinal and lateral directions, respectively. The antenna is a component of the spacecraft and requires higher values. The values of 90 Hz and 40 Hz in the longitudinal and lateral directions for the stowed antenna are considered typical values based on the spacecraft requirements. No torsional frequency requirement is given in Reference 1. A value of 15 Hz minimum torsional frequency for the stowed antenna was assigned based on past experience.

The design acceleration values of 25 G laterally and 35 G longitudinally were determined after evaluation of the qualification test requirements for sine and random vibration, steady state accelerations, and pyrotechnic shock from Reference 1. The critical condition was found to be response to sinusoidal vibration. From Table 3-1, Reference 1, in the lateral axis the required input from 14 to 100 Hz is 1.5 G limit. Typical measured amplification by the antenna at resonance is 17, resulting in a maximum response of 25 G ultimate. In the longitudinal axis, the input is 2.3 G ultimate from 23 to 100 Hz. Typical longitudinal amplification at resonance is approximately 15, resulting in a maximum longitudinal response of 35 G limit. The above values assume a rigid spacecraft and attachment fixture. To determine actual response it is necessary to perform a coupled dynamic analysis of the antenna, spacecraft, attachment fixture, and Delta booster. However, based on the data available at this time these values are recommended for use as criteria for sizing the antenna structural members.

The qualification test requirement for random vibration is $9.2 \text{ G}_{\text{rms}}$ with a PSD of 0.045 from 300 to 2000 Hz and rising from 20 to 300 Hz at +3 dB/octave. The lateral response is approximately 4 G_{rms} . Three sigma values are $12 \text{ G}_{\text{o-p}}$. In the longitudinal axis the response is approximately 7 G_{rms} and three sigma values are $21 \text{ G}_{\text{o-p}}$. Thus, the random vibration is less severe than sine vibration.

The shock spectra at the spacecraft interface for the marmon-type clamp and the explosive nut separation systems are similar. Values are 1400 G at 0.3 ms and 1600 G at 0.8 ms, respectively. The level is reduced through the interfaces and with distance to the source. This reduction is estimated to be a factor of 0.1 to 0.4. Using a value of 0.3, the amplitudes become 420 G and 480 G, respectively. The estimated maximum response in the antenna is less than 10 G. This, again, is less severe than the sine vibration.

The acoustic overall noise level is 146 dB. This is considered much less severe than the vibration. Tests reported in the Shock and Vibration Bulletin 33, Part III, indicate 146 dB corresponds to approximately 9 G_{rms} .

The deployed frequency values shown were developed based on previous experience. A high deployed resonant frequency, such as shown, is desirable to assure no coupling of the reflector and other deployed structures (e.g., solar panels) occurs.

2.3.5 Other Design Considerations

A number of other environmental considerations are normally applied as design constraints in a flight hardware program. Typical examples of such constraints are given

below. While complete satisfaction of such requirements was not to be demonstrated on the present program, they have been given consideration in the antenna design.

2.3.5.1 Deployment Reliability

The antenna design should be such as to provide a probability of proper deployment of 0.99 or greater in the space environment. Proper deployment is defined as release of the launch restraint system and operation of the deployment system which results in a tensioning of the mesh surface to the required levels.

2.3.5.2 Angular Rates and Accelerations

The basic angular rates linking the TDRS to the user spacecraft are low (on the order of 0.75 radian per hour). Slewing maneuvers can increase these rates. Slewing is required when the antenna must sign off one satellite and acquire another. Since the minimum potential communication time to a user satellite is approximately 37 minutes, rapid slewing does not appear to be of great importance. A reasonable slew rate of 0.1 radian per second with potential accelerations of 0.1 radian/sec² have been selected. This rate allows the entire field of view to be scanned in 10 seconds.

2.3.5.3 Particle Radiation

Radiation from trapped electrons and protons will be encountered in the space environment. The materials used are such as to ensure that the antenna can perform its intended function under the effects of such radiation for the life of the mission.

2.3.5.4 Life

The antenna design considers a minimum orbital mission life of 5 years.

SECTION 3.0
DESIGN DESCRIPTION

3.0

DESIGN DESCRIPTION

The final 12.5-foot diameter antenna design is illustrated in Figure 3.0-1. The antenna is designed for a nominal f/D of 0.417. The measured weight of the entire antenna is 26.2 pounds. The minimum stowed lateral frequency is 57.0 Hz and the minimum deployed resonance frequency is 8.3 Hz. The high stowed resonant frequency minimizes deflections and structural coupling with the lower frequencies of excitation introduced by the launch vehicle. The high deployed resonant frequency ensures minimal coupling of the deployed reflector with the spacecraft attitude control system or with other large flexible structures such as the antenna support booms and solar panels on a three-axis spacecraft or the antenna support mast and/or booms on a spin stabilized spacecraft.

The major antenna elements can be categorized as:

- Reflective Surface
- Feed Support Structure
- Mechanical Deployment System (MDS)
- Launch Restraint System

Each of these areas is discussed in the following paragraphs. Figure 3.0-2 summarizes the design parameters used in this design. Detailed fabrication drawings are presented in Appendix A.

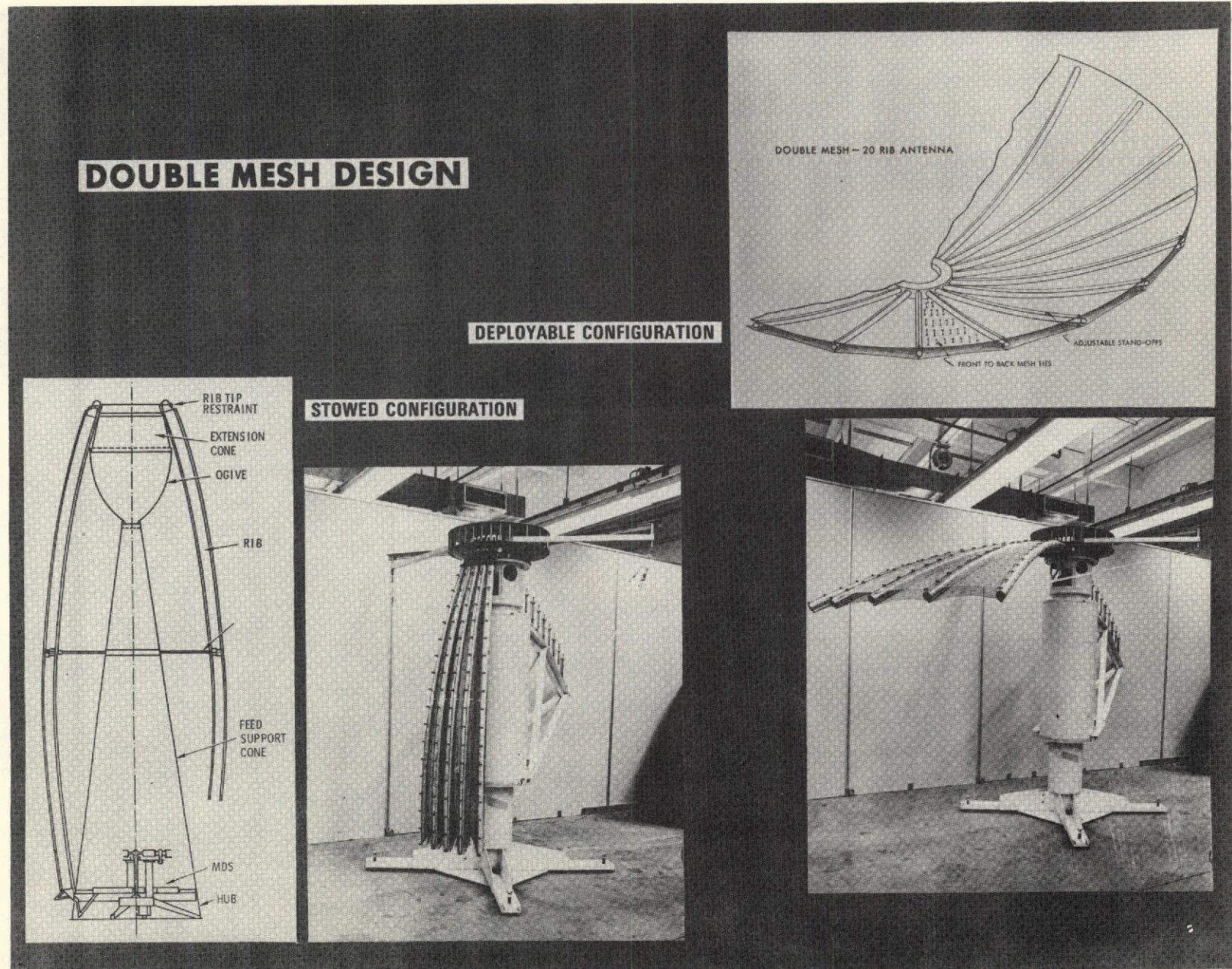
3.1

Reflective Surface

The parabolic reflective surface consists of 12, 1.5-inch diameter, tubular ribs which support and shape the metallic mesh. The choice of 12 ribs was based on a trade-off study considering weight, surface tolerance, and dynamic performance.

Figure 3.1-1 presents weight and deployed dynamic performance as a function of the number of ribs. All data has been normalized relative to the parameter values for 12 ribs. As shown, increasing the number of ribs improves the deployed resonant frequency; however, the resulting increase in weight is severe. The general conclusion to be derived from the data is to use the minimum number of ribs possible within the surface tolerance and deployed resonant frequency requirements. Based on dynamic analyses, and on achievement of the surface tolerance requirements with the "double mesh" design technique, a selection of 12 ribs was made. The double mesh technique utilizes two mesh surfaces which are separated by the rib thickness and connected to one another by tensioned metallic ties. Prior to the development and demonstration of this concept the surface accuracy of the rib-and-mesh design was directly proportional to the number of ribs. This dependency resulted because the largest contribution to surface error was the reverse bulge effect of the mesh between the ribs. The general nature of this effect is shown in Figure 3.1-2. The mesh membrane is pulled tight between the two curved, relatively rigid ribs. Due to the curvature of the ribs, the mesh takes a doubly curved shape, bowing in

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Figure 3.0-1. The Double Mesh Design Allows Achievement of High Surface Accuracy

<u>Element</u>	<u>Design Parameters</u>
Ribs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Number: 12 ● Diameter: 1.5 inches ● Wall Thickness: Tapered from 0.008 (base) to 0.012 (mid) to 0.006 (tip) ● Cross Section: Circular ● Material: 6061-T6 Aluminum ● Shape: Modified parabolic ● f/D: 0.417 ● Thermal Control: Polished aluminum exterior with three layers of multilayer insulation
Mesh (Front)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Material: Chromel-R wire, 0.7 mil by 5 strands per end ● Geometry: Tricot knit, 14 ends per inch ● Coating: Electroless nickel, electroless gold, electrolytic silver and electroless gold ● Loading: 0.02 lb./in. tangential 0.01 lb./in. radial
Mesh (Rear)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Material: Chromel-R wire, 0.7 mil by 5 strands per end ● Geometry: Raschel knit, 2 ends per inch ● Coating: Electroless nickel covered with electroless gold ● Loading: 0.03 lb./in. tangential 0.005 lb./in. radial
Center Support Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Type: Truncated support cone with dielectric ogive radome ● Cone Material: 6061-T6 Aluminum, 0.020 inch thick (base), stepping to 0.015 inch from the midsection to the ogive

Figure 3.0-2. Design Description

<u>Element</u>	<u>Design Parameters</u>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Radome: 0.01 inch thick, high modulus fiberglass and epoxy laminate skins, with phenolic (1/4-inch cell) honeycomb, 3/8 inch thick. ● Thermal Control: Three layers of multilayer insulation separated by three layers of nylon net on the cone. White paint (α/ϵ) = 0.28/0.86 on the radome. ● Attachment to Hub: Removable
Central Hub	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Geometry: Extension of feed support cone geometry ● Material: 0.050-inch thick 6061-T6 aluminum ● Thermal Control: 15 layers of multilayer insulation separated by 15 layers of nylon net.
Mechanical Deployment System (MDS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Type: Over center type toggle action using a ball screw and carrier with linkages to each rib pivot arm. Over center condition gives positive deployed latching. ● Drive System: Redundant electric motor and constant torque spring motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary - 2.5 inch/pound spring motor direct drive on the ball screw Secondary - One synchronous motor integrated with a planetary gear train with 25 inch/pounds of output torque. ● Redundancy: Either the spring motor or dc motor is capable of deploying the antenna in a 1 G field.
Launch Restraint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Rib-to-center support cone restraint at rib midpoints using radial spars and a single hoop. Ball-and-socket joint between ribs and hoop. Preloaded by flexing rib. ● Upper restraint provides moment joint at rib tip. Rib tips restrained and preloaded by a pretensioned, captivated cable. ● Restraint Release: Two redundant pyrotechnic cable cutters.
Feed System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Ku-band apex type feed assumed for design. 0.55-pound weight budget assumed for feed, brackets and cabling in all structural and dynamic analysis.

Figure 3.0-2. Design Description (Continued)

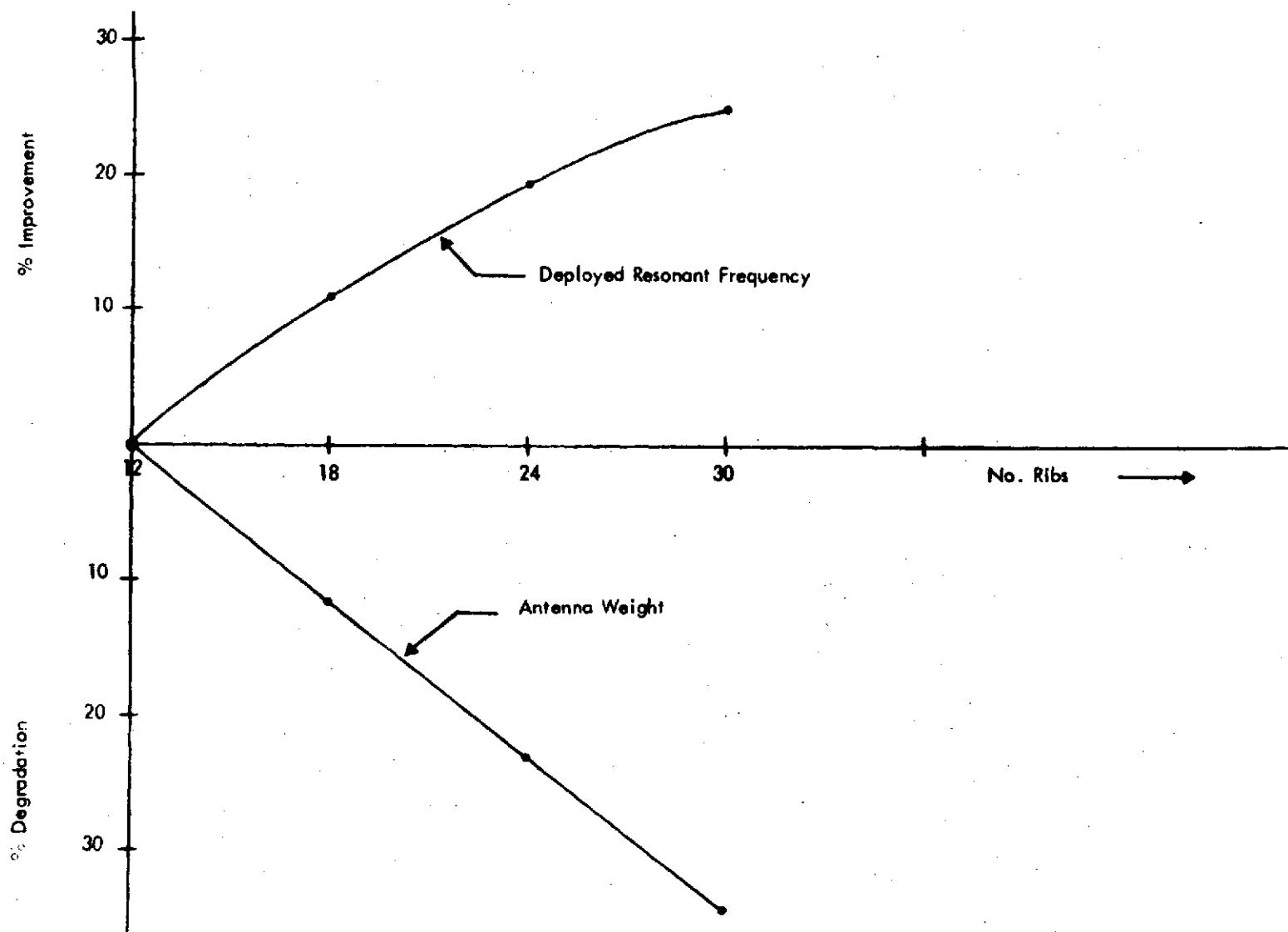


Figure 3.1-1. Weight and Deployed Resonant Frequency Versus Number of Ribs
for 12.5-Foot Diameter Antenna

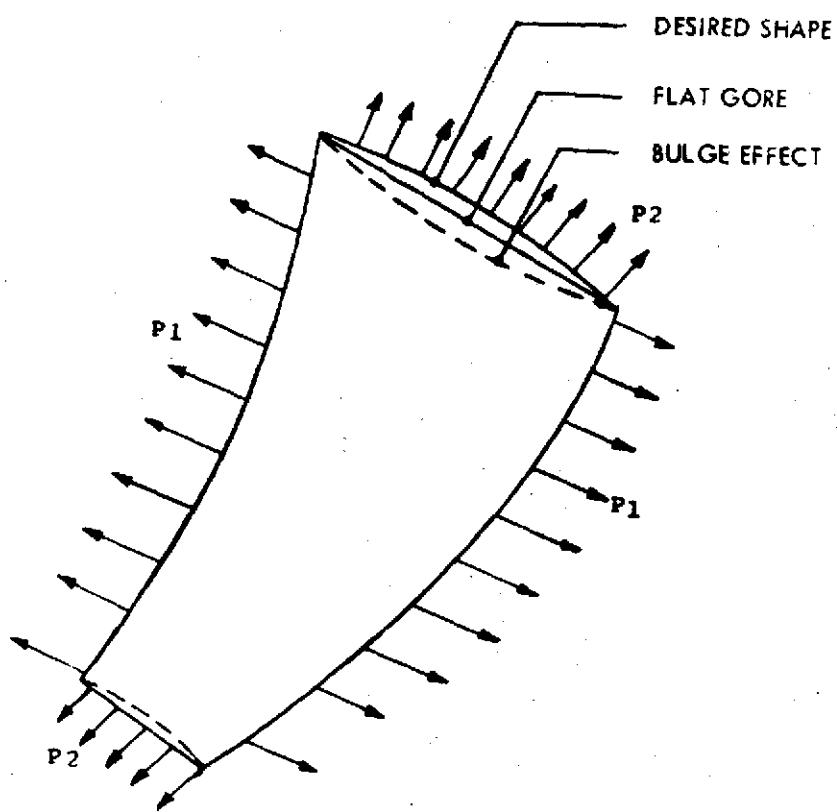


Figure 3.1-2. Reverse Bulge Effect

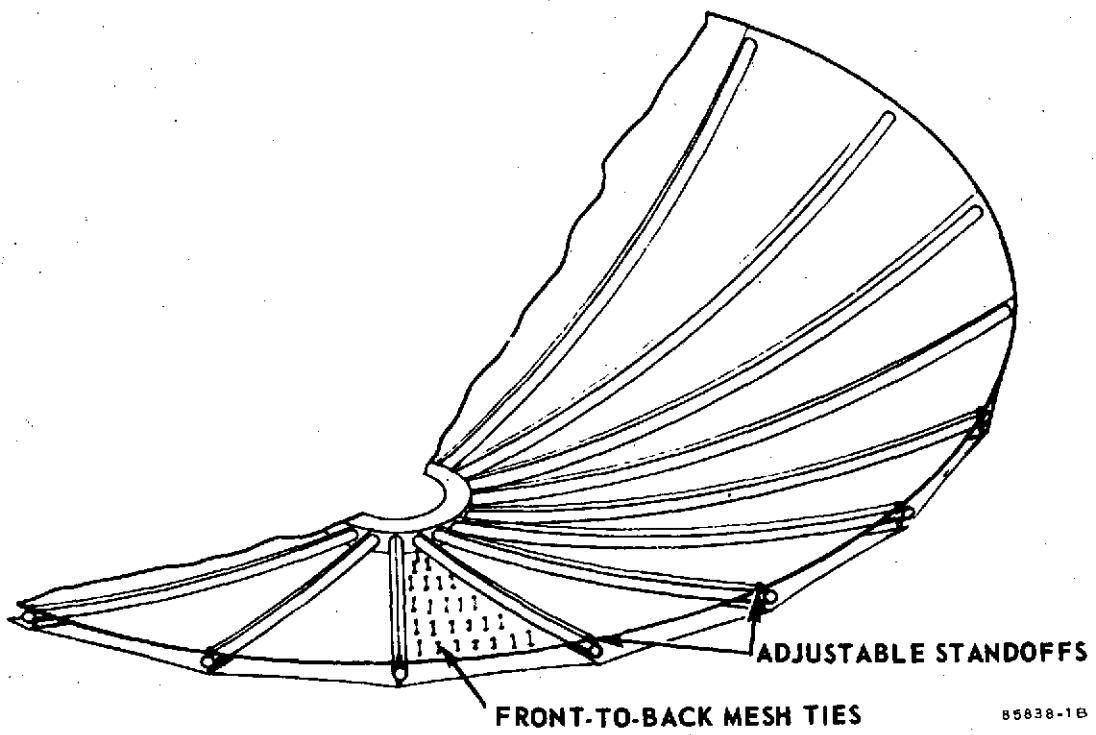
towards the concave side. This error is essentially eliminated by the double mesh concept as illustrated in Figure 3.1-3. The concept utilizes a second mesh as a drawing surface for contouring the front reflector mesh. The second mesh is attached to the back of the ribs and is tied to the front mesh by tensioned wires. By properly tensioning these tie wires, the reflector surface can be contoured to a precision parabolic shape. A manufacturing surface accuracy of 0.020-inch rms was achieved on the 12.5-foot diameter reflector using this concept. The design eliminates surface tolerance dependency on the number of ribs and thereby provides the flexibility to meet a wide range of structural and surface tolerance requirements with low weight.

A surface accuracy of 0.020-inch rms (representing 0.5 dB loss at 15 GHz) is a goal for the present application. As seen from Figure 3.1-4, the surface accuracy of a single mesh design is dependent on the number of ribs and a surface accuracy of 0.020 inch rms is not possible within the specified weight requirement. Conversely, the surface accuracy of the double mesh design is weight independent since the desired accuracy is achieved through the use of more or less ties between the two mesh layers. To attain the required surface tolerance within the specified weight, it is necessary that the double mesh design be utilized for this application.

The mesh is constructed from 5-strand bundles of 0.7-mil Chromel-R wire which is knitted into a highly elastic wire screen. The front mesh is knitted with 14 ends per inch of width. This size was selected to ensure satisfactory RF reflectivity. The back mesh is knitted with 0.375-inch openings. This size opening is sufficient to allow the back mesh to be utilized as a secondary drawing surface for contouring the front mesh while minimizing the antenna weight. After knitting, the front mesh is plated with electroless nickel, silver, and gold platings, respectively. The nickel/silver/gold plating provides the necessary properties for electrical reflectivity and is also compatible with the thermal control design of the antenna. Figure 3.1-5 shows electron photomicrographs of the plated mesh. As seen in Figure 3.1-5, discontinuities in the plating are few in number and are localized in effect. Similarly plated samples of mesh have exhibited no measurable change in RF reflectivity and thermal surface properties after repeated folding and flexing operations over long periods of time. The finished mesh is a low spring rate, elastic material. The use of this soft mesh with the rigid ribs results in a rib-dominated reflector surface which is relatively unaffected by changing mesh forces and orbital thermal variations throughout the antenna life. The mesh is attached to the ribs in a pretensioned state. The tension levels are based on the value of tension required to maintain a flat, unwrinkled condition throughout the orbital life of the reflector.

The prestress loading on the mesh is 0.02 pound per inch in the circumferential direction and 0.01 pound per inch in the radial direction for the front mesh. The back mesh is pretensioned to 0.03 pound per inch in the circumferential direction by 0.005 pound per inch in the radial direction.

The rear mesh is attached to the rib through a series of fiberglass T-bars. The T-bars are bonded on the rib and the mesh is bonded directly to the bars. The T-bars are necessary to insulate heat flow in the area of the mesh attachment. Figure 3.1-6 shows the attachment technique.



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Figure 3.1-3. Double Mesh Concept Design

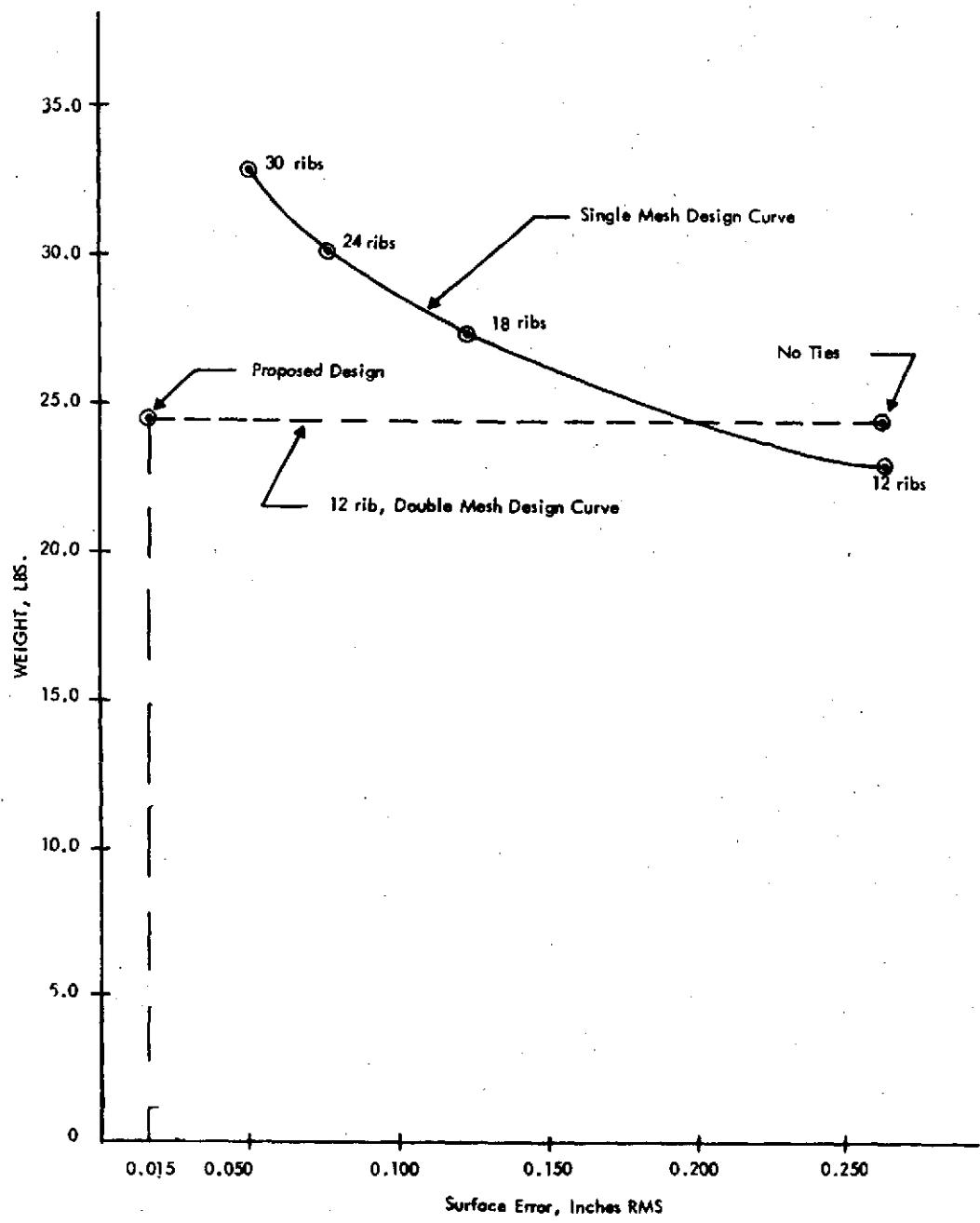
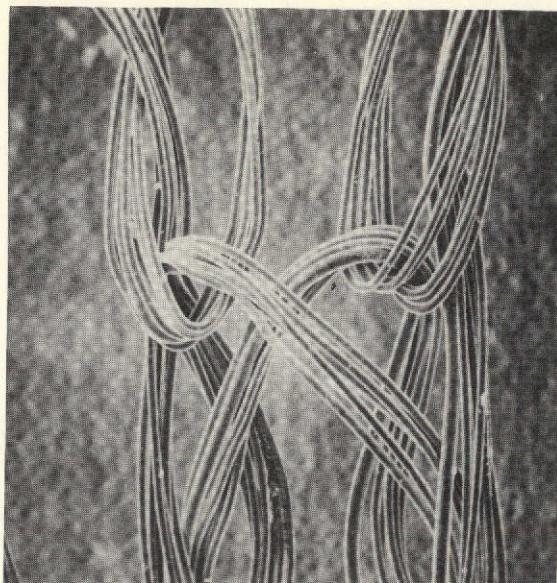


Figure 3.1-4. Weight Versus Surface Error for Single Mesh and 12-Rib Double Mesh Design

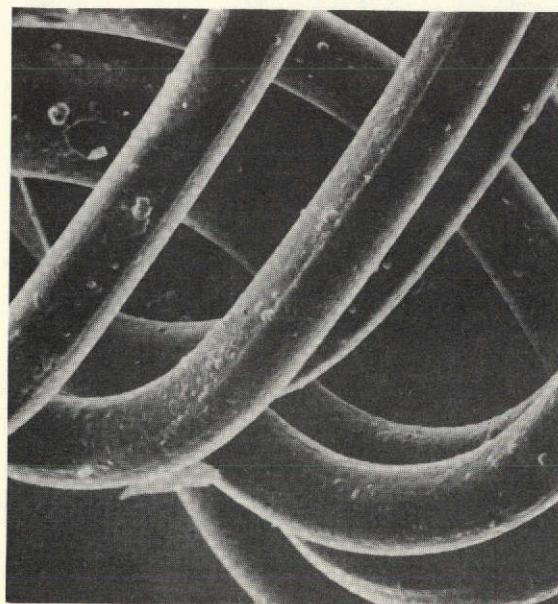
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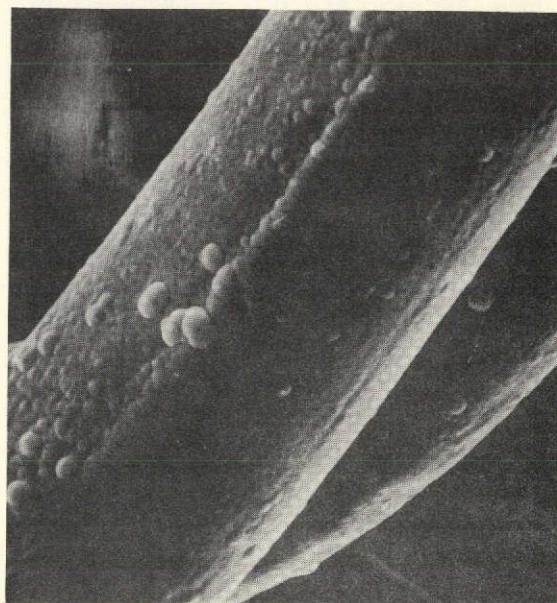
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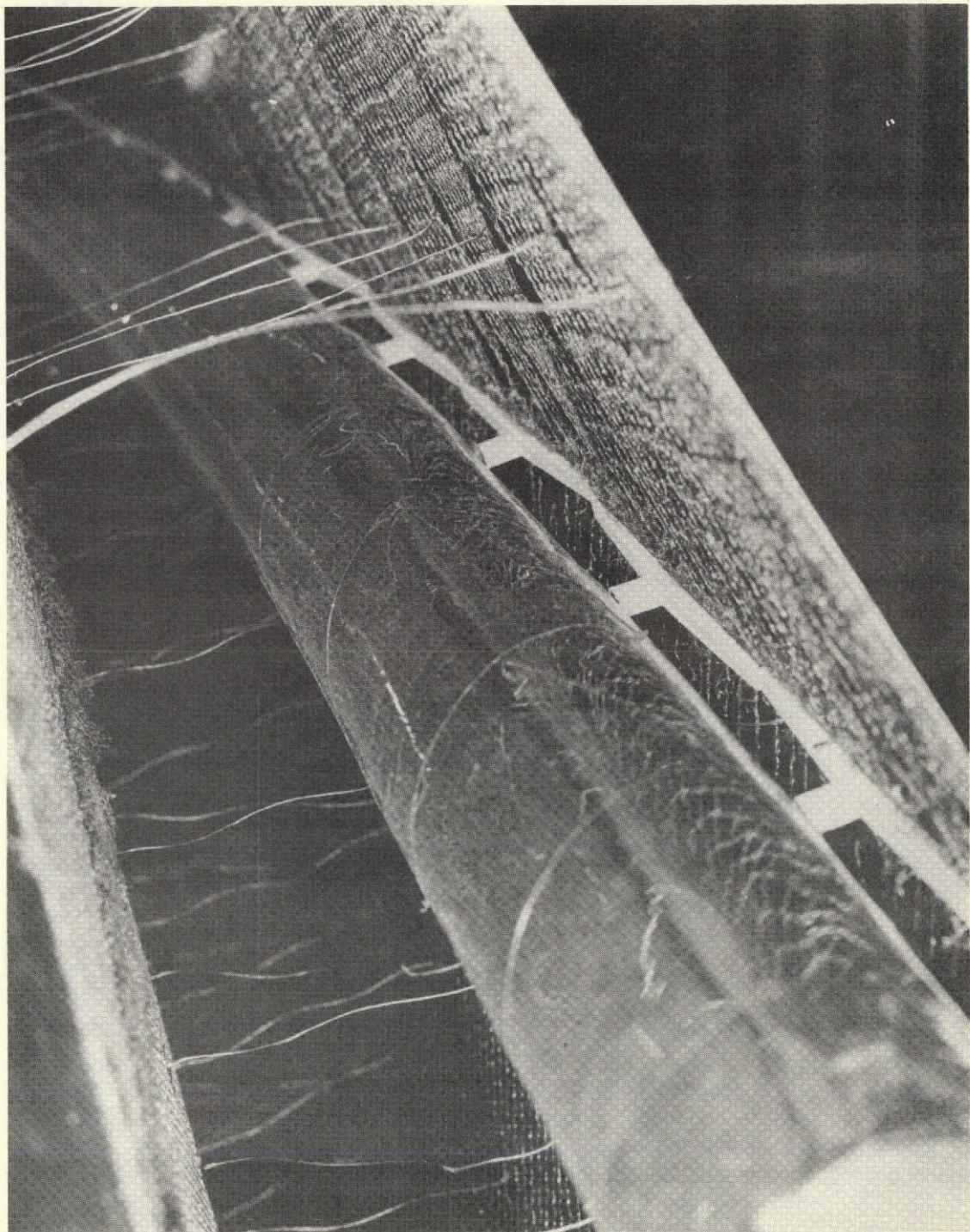
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Figure 3.1-5. Electron Photomicrographs of Ni/Au/Ag Plating

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Figure 3.1-6. Rear Mesh Attachment

The front mesh is supported by a combination of standoffs and intercostals (Figure 3.1-7) at the rib tips and roots only. In between these areas the mesh is pulled into position by flexible wire threads spaced every 2 inches over the entire mesh surface.

Since the front mesh has a 2:1 stretch ratio and is attached on a bias at each gore interface to the adjacent gore, there is a small shear force introduced at the interface. This shear force is maintained by a sewn wire seam on the front mesh. The load introduced into the wire seam is resisted at the rib tip standoff. The wire seam is stopped 6 inches before the rib root and a zig-zag stitch is used to create an elastic membrane to the rib root. This effect is required to prevent the introduction of a bimetallic differential expansion between the wire seam and the rib. The shear force along the gore interfaces on the back mesh is reacted by attachment to the T-bars.

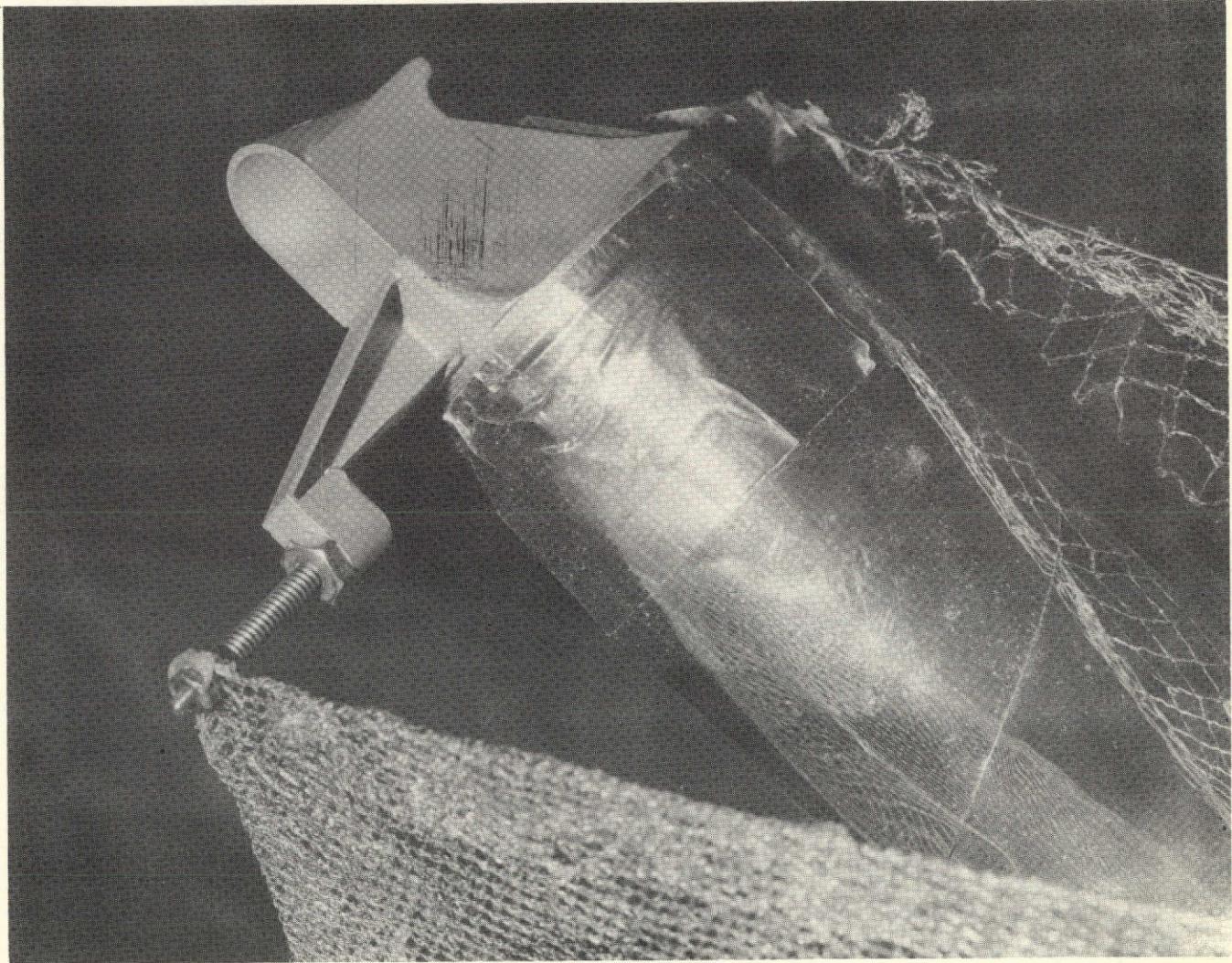
A 1.5-inch rib tip standoff height was selected for the front mesh as a result of an analysis using the tension values described above. This height is necessary to prevent the front and rear mesh from touching as they are pulled together by the ties in the shaping process.

The ribs are constructed from 6061-T6 aluminum alloy for strength and thermal requirements. The rib diameter of 1.5 inches was based on considerations of deployed resonant frequency, launch stress, and weight. The resulting deployed resonant frequency of 8.3 Hz is sufficiently high to prevent dynamic coupling of the deployed antenna with orbital excitations from the attitude control system or with other large flexible structures such as solar panels or the antenna support booms. The ribs have a variable wall thickness. The midsection thickness of 0.013 inch is linearly tapered to 0.009 inch at the rib root and 0.007 inch at the rib tip. Tapering in this fashion produces an efficient, lightweight structure by matching the rib strength to the moment profile imposed on each rib in the maximum stress condition. Figure 3.1-8 illustrates this profile, which results in the restrained stowed condition. The resulting rib design weighs 0.325 pound per rib and totals 3.9 pounds for the 12 ribs.

Thermal control of transverse rib temperature gradients is accomplished by three layers of a multilayer insulation blanket using three layers of nylon net to separate each film. Thermal analyses (see Paragraph 4.3) of the reflector in the orbital environment indicate this thermal control method is sufficient to meet the required orbital surface tolerance and pointing requirements under worst-case orbital conditions.

The ribs are formed to a shape such that application of the mesh tension loads produces the required parabolic rib curvature. The required rib preshape is illustrated in Figure 3.1-9. This required shape is determined by a computer program which considers the forces resulting from application of the mesh and intercostals to arrive at the correct rib shape. Following forming, the ribs are chemically milled to the required wall thickness and tolerance. Tolerance on rib thickness is critical when dealing with the extremely thin wall conditions. The rib thickness is verified using an ultrasonic instrument for thickness measurements. The holes required for midpoint restraint stems are drilled. After fabrication, the ribs are stored in a clean environment and require white glove handling.

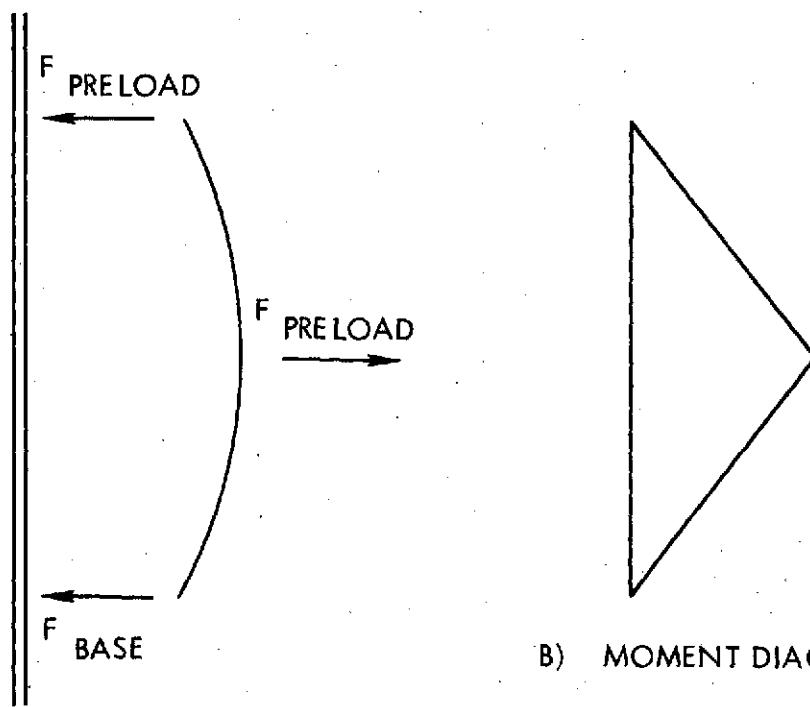
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Figure 3.1-7. Front Mesh Attachment

5



A) STOWED RIB LOADING
CONDITION

B) MOMENT DIAGRAM

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Figure 3.1-8. Loading Condition for Stowed Ribs

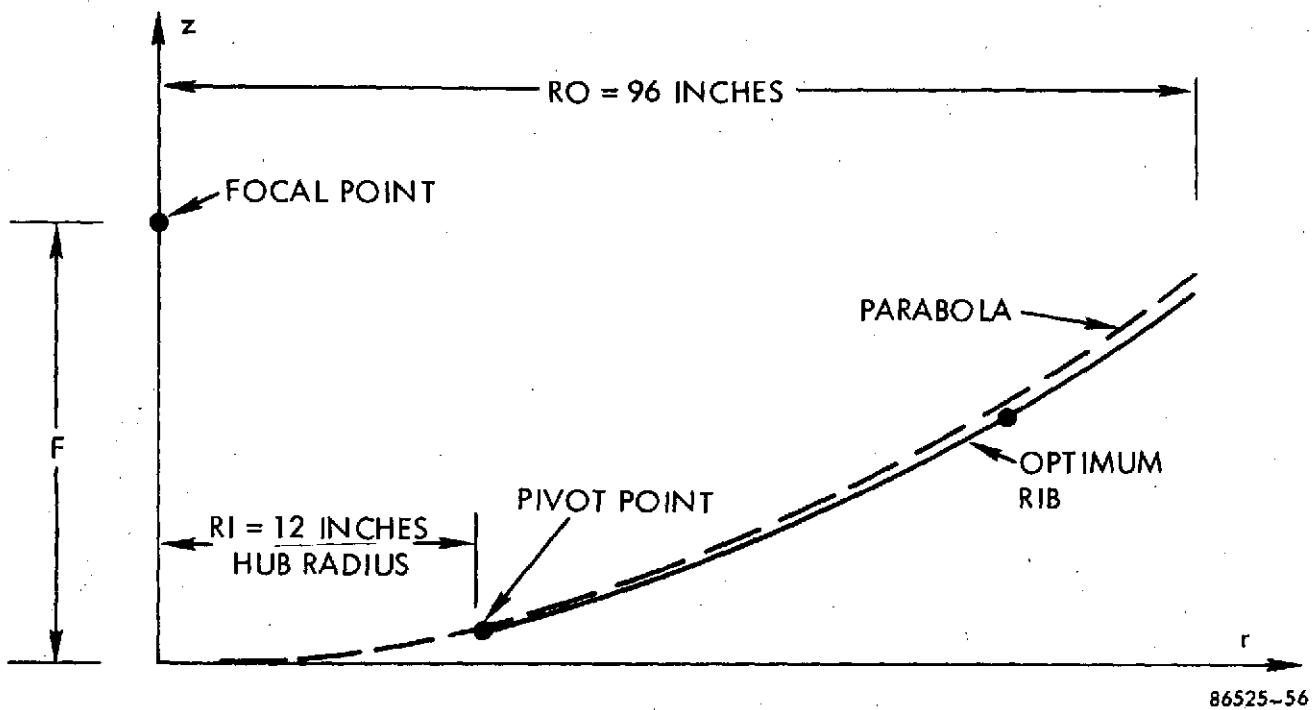


Figure 3.1-9. Sketch of Optimum Rib Shape

The rib pivot arms are considered an integral part of the rib structure. These pivot arms are constructed as castings from K01 aluminum alloy and are bonded into the end of each rib. This alloy was selected due to its high yield strength and good elongation characteristics. Since the flexural portion of the pivot arm acts as a spring to maintain preload against the rib stops and ensures accurate positioning of the deployed ribs, it is important that yielding does not occur. The dimensions of the flexural portion of the pivot arm are determined from consideration of the stress in the arm due to gravity, preload, and travel allowance for adjustment. The deflection of the pivot arm is sufficient to allow final adjustment of the rib position without removing the preload. Figure 3.1-10 is a view of the pivot arm detailed design. Figure 3.1-11 shows the fabricated pivot arm casting.

3.2

Feed Support Structure

The feed support element is the primary structural member of the stowed antenna. The base diameter of the feed support was selected from a trade-off between electrical performance, stiffness, and weight considerations. A conical structure was chosen because of inherent structural efficiency of this geometry. Past analyses have shown that a truss type support structure is not weight effective in this application due to the high length to small base diameter ratio.

The base of the feed cone is designed to simply unbolt from the hub structure, thus allowing alternate cone and feed designs to be attached. Removal of the cone also allows access to the deployment system, RF feed lines and microwave components within the cone.

The cone is manufactured from 6061 aluminum sheet which is rolled and joined along a vertical seam. After forming, the wall thickness is etched to 0.020 inch for the lower half and 0.015 inch in the upper section. Figure 3.2-1 shows the finished support cone. A stiffener ring is utilized in the cone midsection to support the rib-to-cone restraint system. The hub section is machined from a continuous piece of 6061-T6 aluminum stock. The hub walls are held to 0.050-inch thickness with local stiffening rings, rib ports, and base flange machined into the integral structure. At each rib port, bearing blocks are precisely machined into the surface to locate and support the rib pivot bearings. Figure 3.2-2 shows the finished hub structure. The upper portion of the support cone attaches to a dielectric radome in the shape of an ogive. The ogive geometry was selected due to its high electrical efficiency in the Ku-band region. Figure 3.2-3 shows the fabricated radome and the upper conical section used to attach the rib tips and feed brackets. The dielectric walls are constructed from two skins, 0.010 of an inch thick, high modulus "S" glass and epoxy resin with a 3/8-inch thick, phenolic honeycomb core. The sandwich construction was used because it gave high stiffness to weight and a very low RF loss. Figure 3.2-4 shows the fully assembled feed support system.

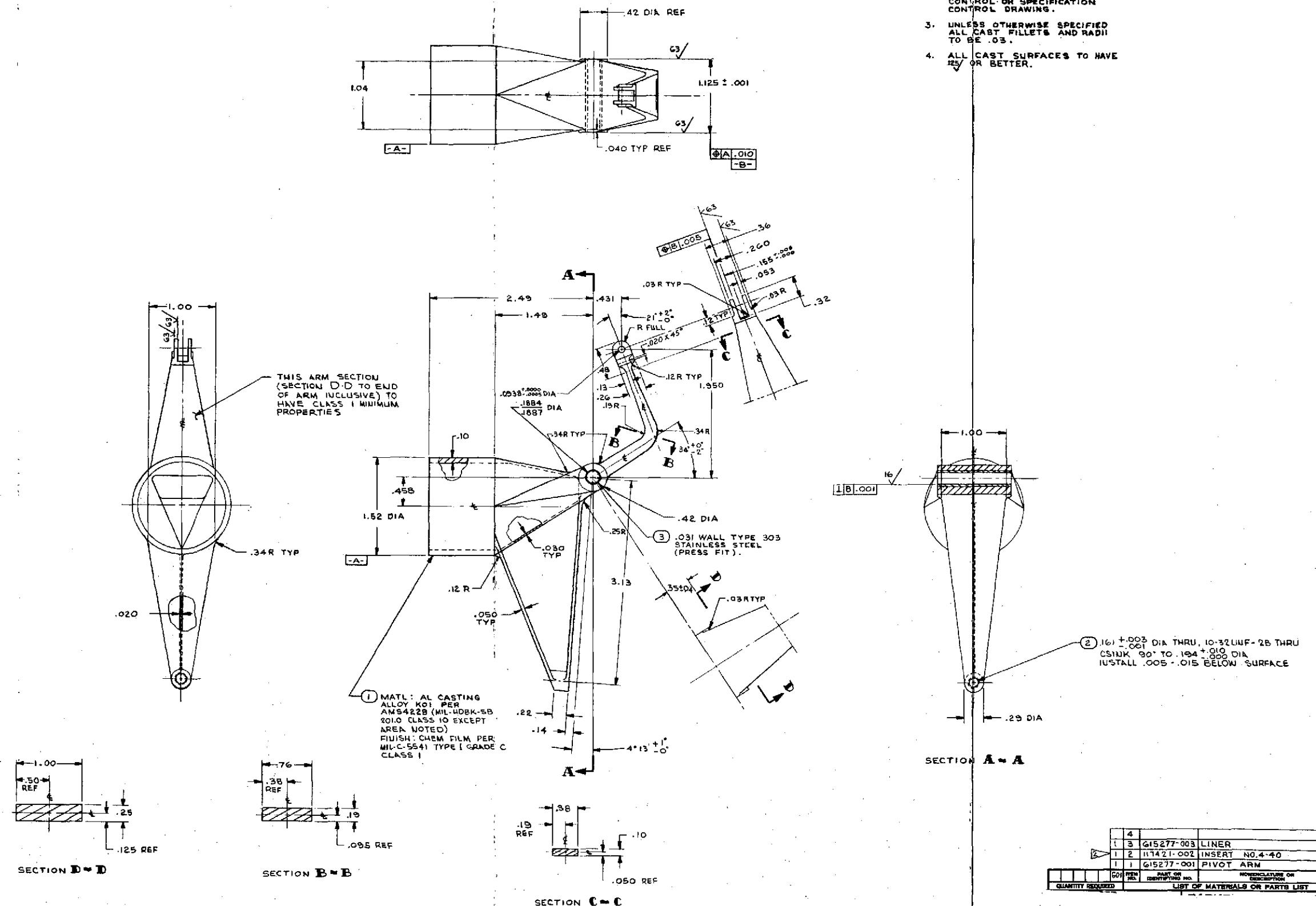
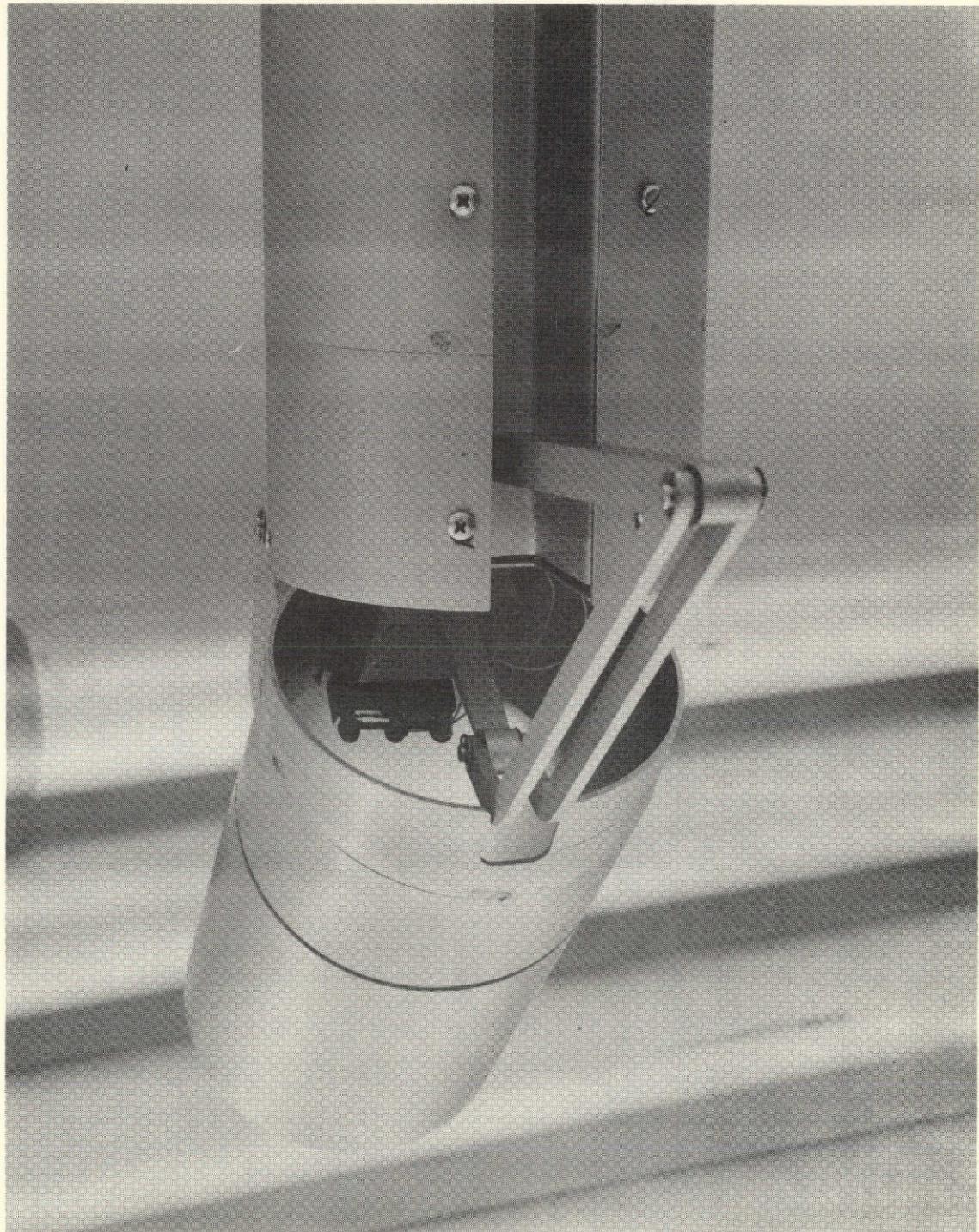


Figure 3.1-10. Pivot Arm Design



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Figure 3.1-11. Pivot Arm Casting



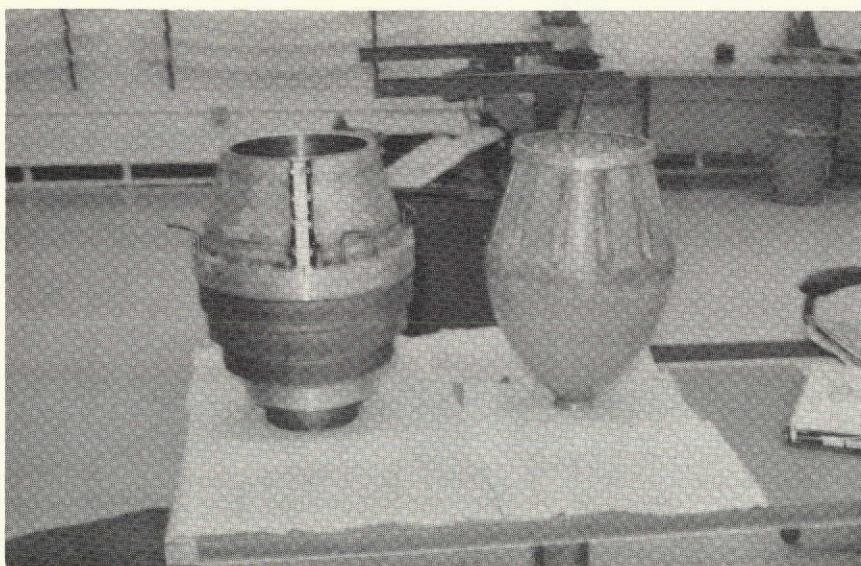
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Figure 3.2-1. Fabricate Conical Feed Support



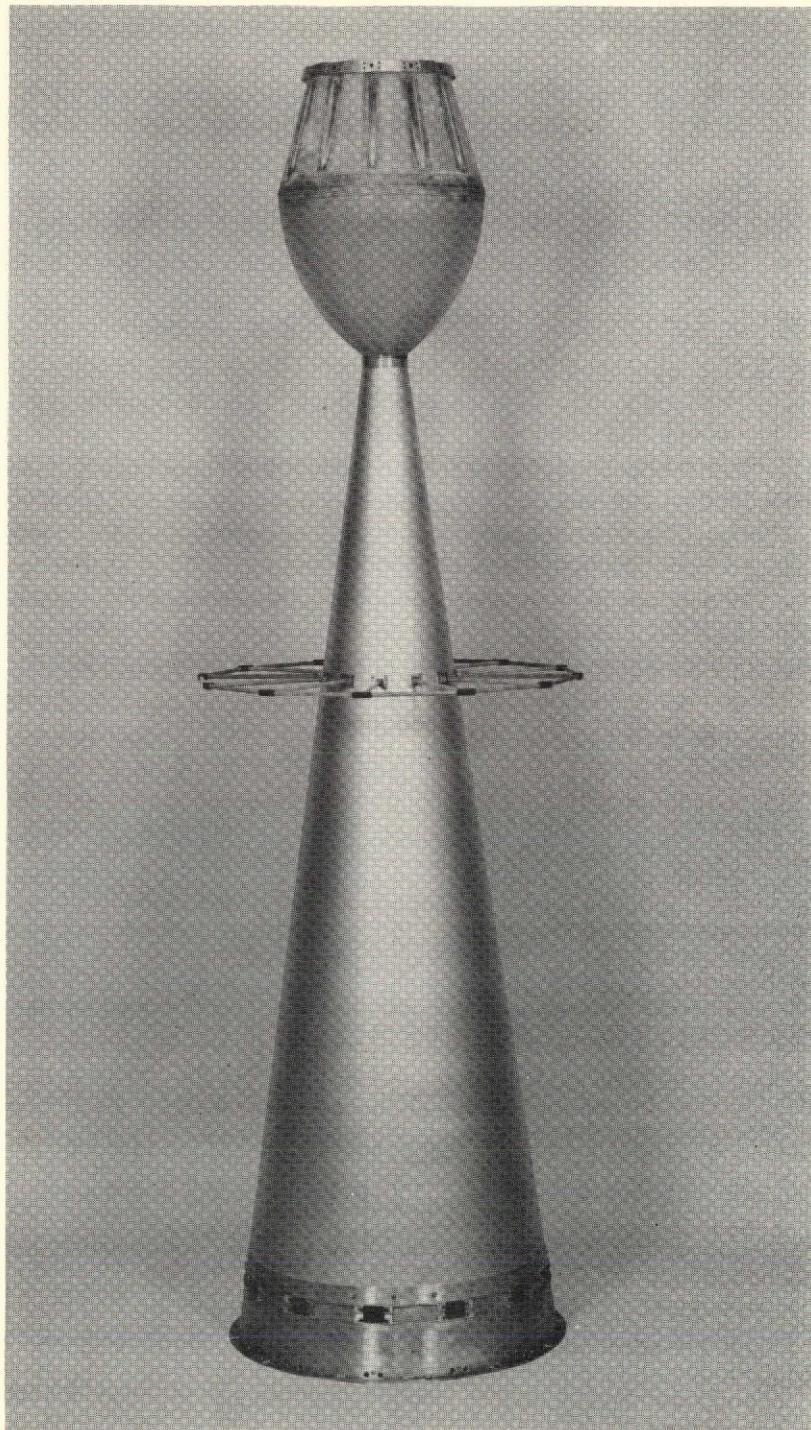
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Figure 3.2-2. Fabricate Hub Structure



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Figure 3.2-3. Ogive Radome and Fabrication Mold



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Figure 3.2-4. Conical Support and Ogive Radome Provides High Stowed Stiffness with Minimal RF Blockage and Radome Loss

3.3

Mechanical Deployment System (MDS)

The Mechanical Deployment System (MDS) function is to provide a controlled deployment of the reflector from the stowed to the fully deployed position. This controlled deployment eliminates the transfer of any deployment forces to the spacecraft and also prevents impact loading of the rib structures, thus assuring that the preset parabolic surface is not distorted by the deployment action.

The MDS is located inside the lower section of the feed support cone assembly. Figure 3.3-1 illustrates the mechanism design. The MDS consists of a disc-shaped carriage mounted to the moving section of a recirculating ball nut on a ball screw shaft. Connected between the carriage and the 12 ribs are 12 links that transmit the required force and motion to deploy the individual ribs. Rotation of the ball screw moves the carriage and attached links which, in turn, produces the simultaneous rotation of each rib about its bearing. As the carrier moves 4.25 inches along the screw shaft, the ribs are rotated a total of 68° from their stowed to their fully deployed position. This travel requires approximately 55 seconds. When fully deployed, each connecting link is under 38 pounds compression. This loading holds each rib tightly against an accurately preset stop. The flexural section of the rib pivot arm (located between the rib pivot point and the linkage bearings) acts as a cantilever spring and deflects approximately 0.038 inch due to the 38-pound compression loading. This compliance provides a method for eliminating the effects of minor differences in link adjustments on the final rib position. It also allows for differential expansion and contraction between the various members without resulting in any appreciable movement of the rigid portion of the rib pivot arm.

Latching in the deployed condition is accomplished by driving the ball-nut carrier and linkages through an over center condition (relative to the pivot arms). In this condition the mesh tension forces, rib loads, spring motor, and pivot arm preload all force the carrier against a mechanical stop. Any external loads, such as vibration loads, only serve to further increase the loading of the carrier against the mechanical stop. This toggle action eliminates the requirement for further latching devices in the deployed condition (e.g., a mechanical brake or one-way clutch) thereby improving reliability. A back driving torque of approximately 8-inch pounds to the ball screw is required to back drive the mechanism through the latching toggle action to restow the antenna.

A secondary advantage of this toggle latching is convenience during ground testing and handling. The antenna can be remotely stowed during ground testing by reversing the current to the electric motors.

The MDS utilizes redundant energy drive systems to rotate the ball screw within the ball nut carrier. The primary drive energy is a constant torque (2.5 inch pound) spring motor. A secondary advantage of the spring motor is that it also provides a preload on the mechanism in the stowed position which helps to eliminate any joint looseness in this area. The redundant backup drive system for a flight model version of the design consists of two miniature torque motors driven through a 60:1 ratio high efficiency gear system. For convenience and economy, these motors are replaced on the present ground test model by a 400-cycle, three-phase, ac motor and

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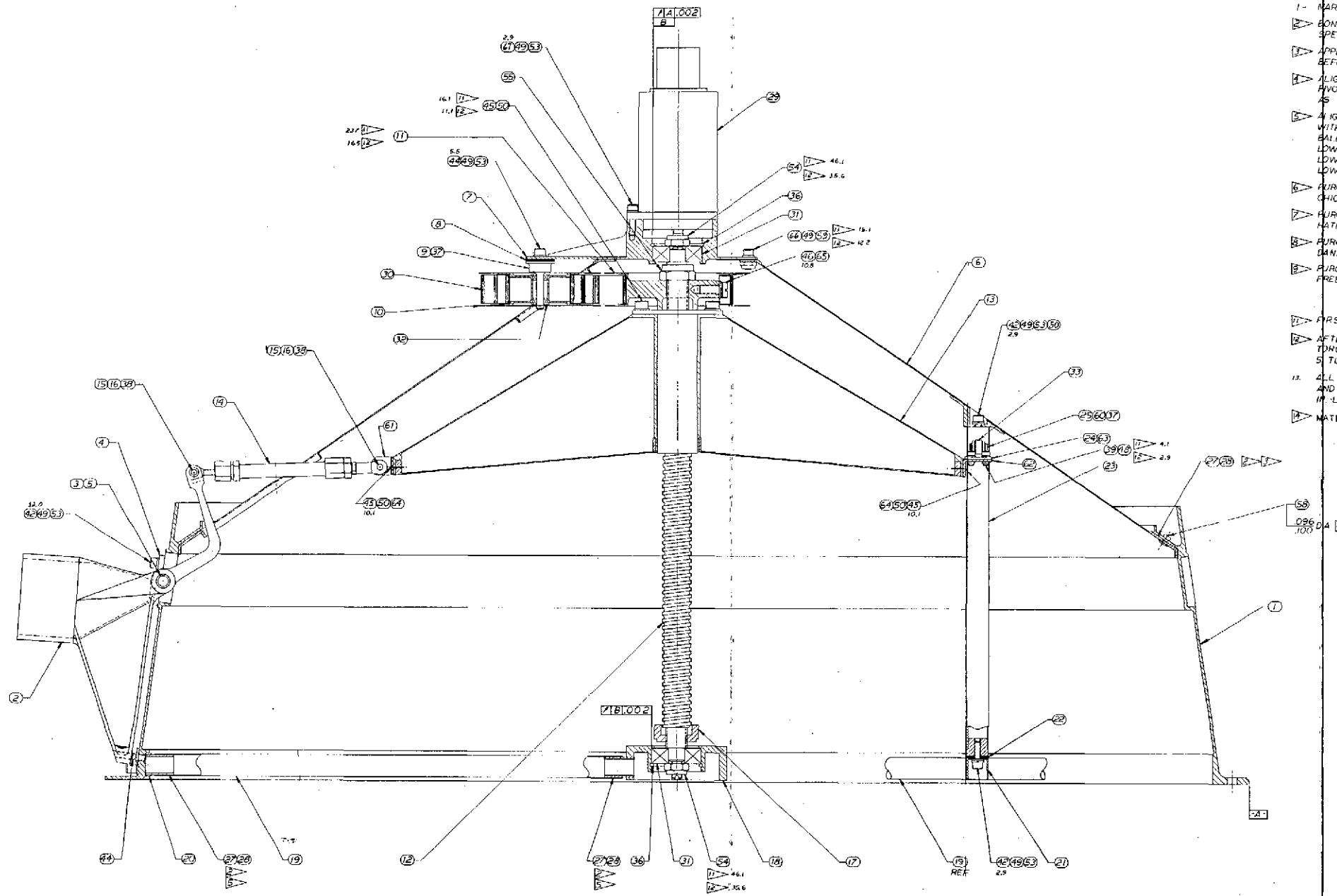


Figure 3.3-1. MDS Mechanism Design
(Sheet 1 of 2)

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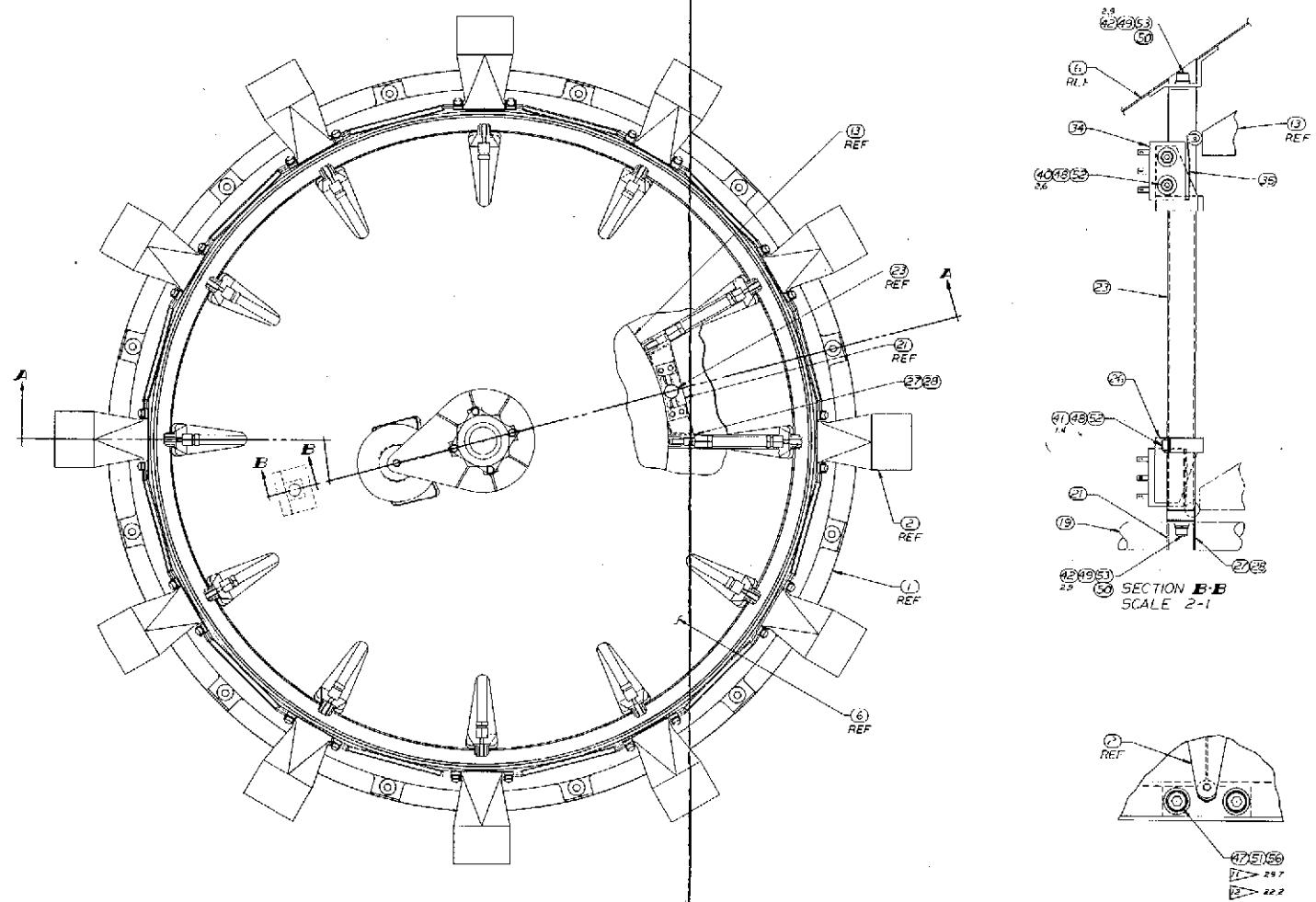


Figure 3.3-1. MDS Mechanism Design
(Sheet 2 of 2)

gear system. The torque motors normally function as dynamic brakes, controlling the deployment rate and requiring no electrical power. If called upon to deliver power (by the deployment control unit) the motors can increase the torque to the ball screw by as much as a factor of five.

Figure 3.3-2 shows the required ball-screw torque in inch-pounds as a function of the number of ball-screw revolutions for both the zero gravity and the face-down gravity conditions. The maximum deployment torque required in the face-down gravity position is approximately 1.8 inch-pounds at 25 revolutions of the ball-screw and this torque requirement is due to the force required to stretch the mesh to the proper tension condition. In zero gravity, only 1.3 inch-pounds are required at this maximum torque.

The constant torque spring motor provides a 2.5 inch-pound torque to the ball screw and thus exceeds the required face-down gravity torque by 40.0 percent and the zero gravity torque by 92 percent. The total deployment torque available is 15.5 inch-pounds and exceeds the face-down gravity requirements by 860 percent and the zero gravity requirements by over 1,000 percent.

All rib and linkage bearings are designed with simple, parallel redundant bearings. This design greatly reduces the probability of any bearing exhibiting undesirable friction changes. In the event of a high friction condition, the deployment system is designed to transfer the full deployment force to the lagging member and overcome the increased friction.

Dry film lubricants are used on the various sliding and rolling surfaces in the MDS. Two basic types of dry film lubricants are used. These consist of transfer film lubricants used in the Bartemp special retainer bearings, and bonded or plated films used on journal shafts and the ball screw. The use of these dry film lubrication techniques allows the deployment mechanism to be operated in space with unsealed components.

The techniques of thin film lubrication involve a hard solid surface covered by a thin film of softer material possessing lower shear strength. The hard underlying substrate acts to support the load and limit the area of contact.

The lubricant system must be compatible with extensive ground testing in an ambient environment in addition to operating in the orbital environment. All of the lubricants used have been previously tested in air and provide satisfactory life in air as well as in a vacuum.

Table 3.3 details the lubricants used. Lubeco 905 is a chemically-bonded, completely inorganic solid dry film made up of molybdenum disulfide and graphite particles of controlled size. The exact chemical binder is vendor proprietary. Lubeco 905 was successfully used on moving mechanical parts of the Surveyor Camera equipment. This lubricant was also used on a previous 12.5-foot diameter test model antenna which was tested under solar-vacuum conditions.

Hi-T-Lube consists of an initial substrate deposition of gold with a film overcoat. The film uses a phenolic binder to adhere the impregnated MoS₂ and graphite. The film coatings are applied in the 0.0003 to 0.0005 inch thickness range. Hi-T-Lube was also used on the

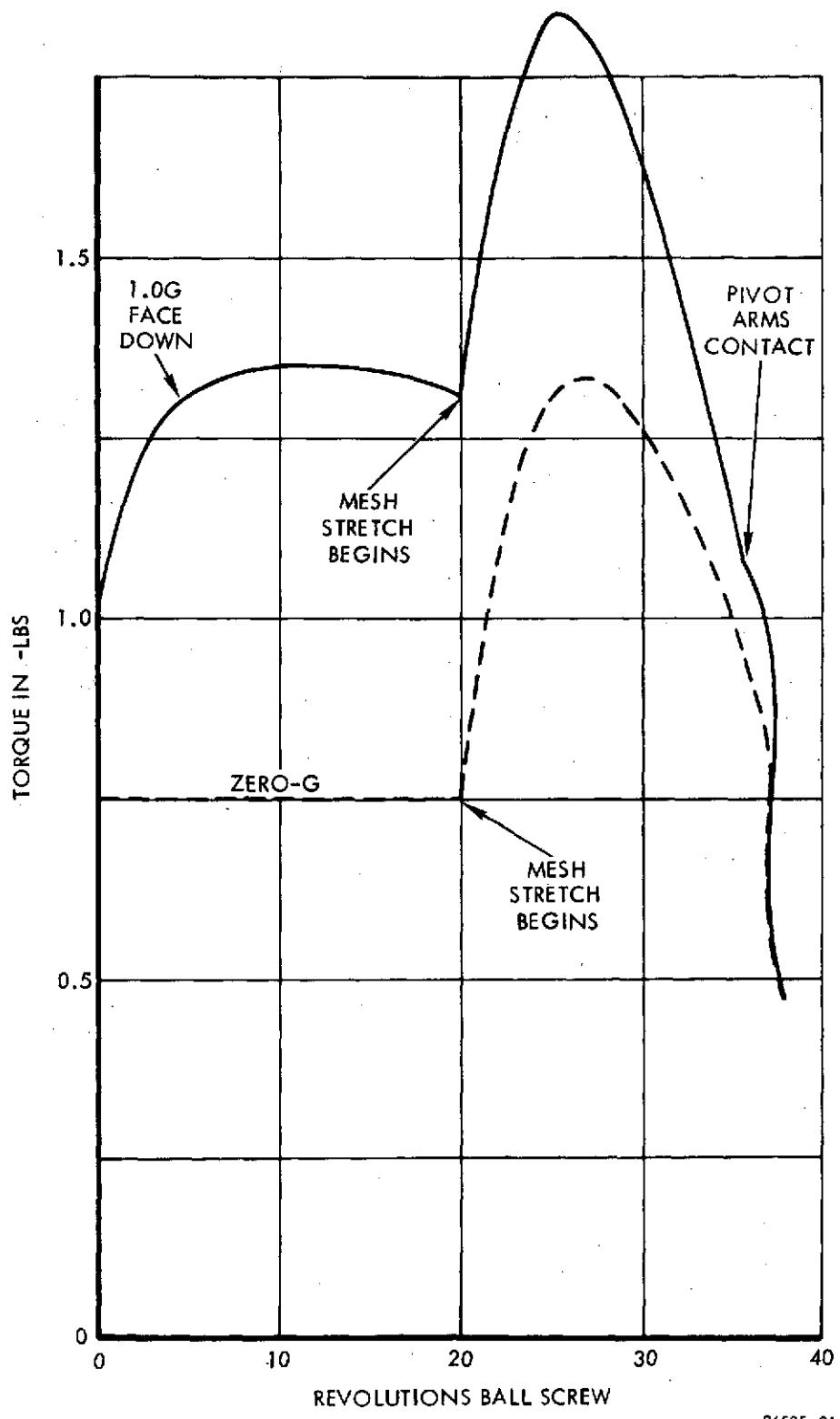


Figure 3.3-2. Deployment Torque Requirements

Table 3.3. Dry Film Lubricant Usage

<u>Item/Location</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Material</u>	<u>Lubricant (Vendor)</u>
1. Pivot Arm Shafts	12	303 Stainless Steel	Hi-T-Lube (General Magnaplate Corp.) Lubeco 905 (Lubeco Inc.)
2. Rod End Bearings	24	440C Stainless Steel	Lubeco 905 (Lubeco Inc.)
3. Rod End Shafts	24	416 Stainless Steel	Hi-T-Lube Lubeco 905 (Lubeco Inc.)
4. Upper Ball Screw Bearing	1	440C Stainless Steel	Hi-T-Lube Lubeco 905 (Lubeco Inc.)
5. Spring Motor Reels	2	6061-T6 Aluminum	Tufram (General Magnaplate Corp.)
6. Spring Motor Take-Up	2	440C Stainless Steel	Bartemp (Barden Corp.)
7. Ball Screw and Nut Returns	1	440C Stainless Steel	Hi-T-Lube
8. Carrier Antirotation Bearings	2	440C Stainless Steel	Bartemp
9. Gear Train Bearings	4	440C Stainless Steel	Bartemp
10. Gear System	4	440C Stainless Steel	Hi-T-Lube Lubeco 905
11. Electric Motor Brushes	4	Composite	Silver/Graphite (Inland)
12. Upper Restraint Cable Ferrules and Cable Guide	12	6061-T6 Aluminum	Tufram (General Magnaplate Corp.)
13. Thrust Washers and Shaft Spacers	24	Duroid 5813	Composite MoS ₂ , Teflon, Fiberglass (Rogers Corp.)

previous 12.5-foot diameter antenna and this lubricant was flight and ground vacuum tested for the LEM ball nut-screw actuator.

The spring motor reels (and the guide ferrules of the rib tip restraint system) are coated by the Tufram process. This process consists of converting a controlled depth of the surface to aluminum oxide and then impregnating the ceramic surface with TFE particles less than 1 micron in diameter. The combined effect gives a resilient surface having a very favorable coefficient of friction.

3.4

Launch Restraint Design

The launch restraint system serves a dual purpose. First, the restraint system forces the stowed antenna structure to act as a single, stiff, structural element, thereby increasing the stowed resonant frequency of the antenna. Second, the restraint system design is utilized to effectively reduce stresses developed by launch loads in critical areas. Two restraint systems, one at the rib midpoint and one at the rib tip, are utilized to accomplish the above functions.

Each rib is supported at its midpoint in the stowed condition by the midpoint restraint system (see Figures 3.4-1 and 3.4-2). This restraint system is comprised of 12 spars emanating radially outward from the midsection of the feed support cone to a circular hoop. As each rib is stowed, a metal pin protruding from the rib seats into a small conical socket on the hoop. A preload of 15.8 pounds is developed at this point by deflecting the rib tips inward after each pin is seated. This preload assure that no separation of the pin-and-socket joint will occur during the maximum dynamic loading. The pins and sockets are protected from wear and cold welding by plating with Type III hard anodic coating. This system provides rib stability as well as a direct load path from the ribs to the feed support cone.

The midpoint restraint system is entirely passive in performing its function, with no motion involved. Being constructed of dielectric material, its presence does not measurably affect the RF performance of the antenna. The material selected for the radial spars and hoop is a fiberglass and epoxy laminate with unidirectional glass fibers. This midpoint restraint system design has been shown by test to produce a 45 percent increase in the stowed antenna resonant frequency with respect to a design without such a restraint.

The upper restraint system provides rib tip restraint and maintenance of the stowed rib preload by a tensioned cable system. An aluminum plug on the tip of each rib contains an accurately machined conical socket (Figure 3.4-3). This socket seats over a mating aluminum cone protruding from the upper restraint ring (Figure 3.4-3). The upper restraint ring is attached to the outer cone of the feed structure. The restraint is illustrated in Figure 3.4-4. When these two parts are mated and held in position by the restraining cable, a moment type connection is achieved. The angles and dimensions of the mating conical parts are chosen to provide resistance to both translational and rotational motion of the ribs while allowing the ribs to easily disengage for deployment when the restraining cable is released.

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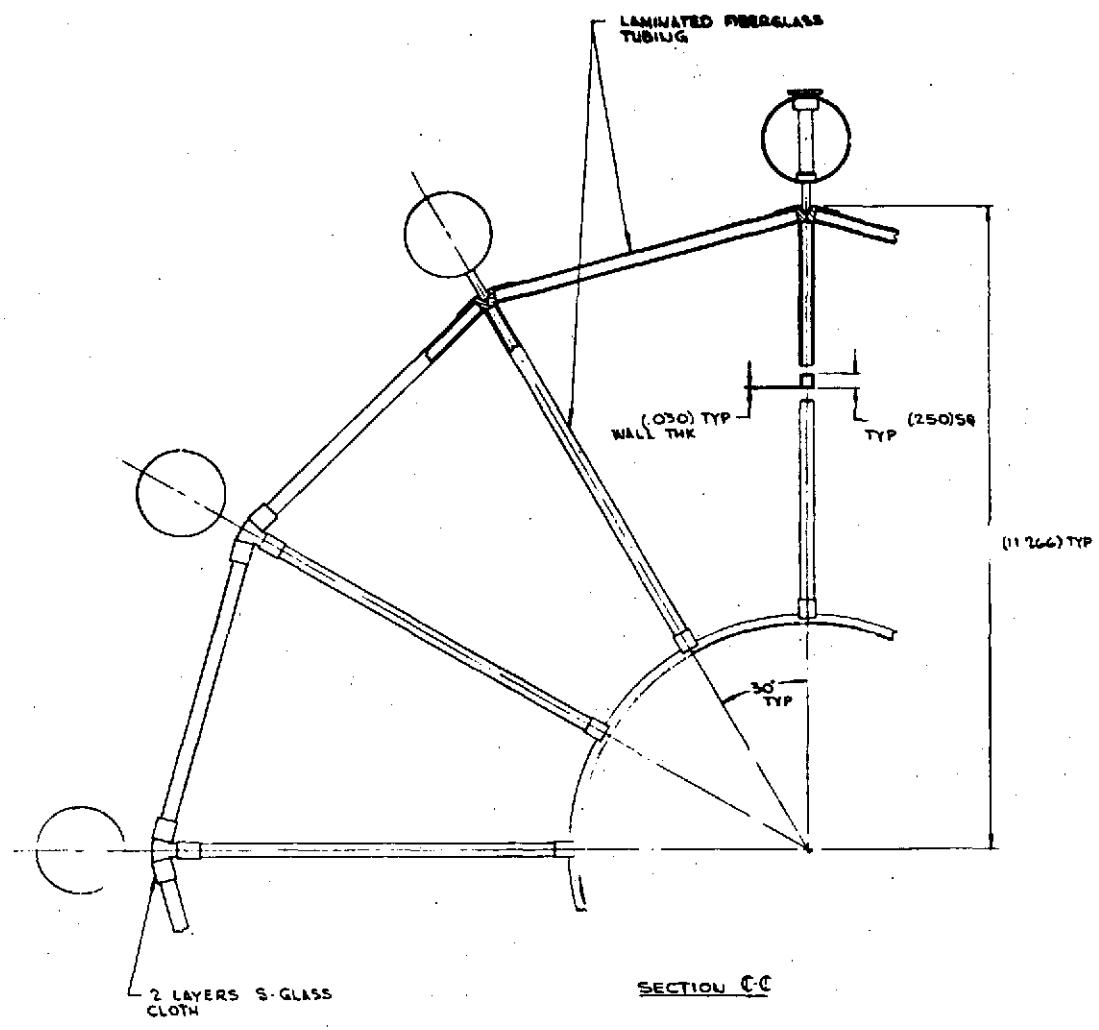
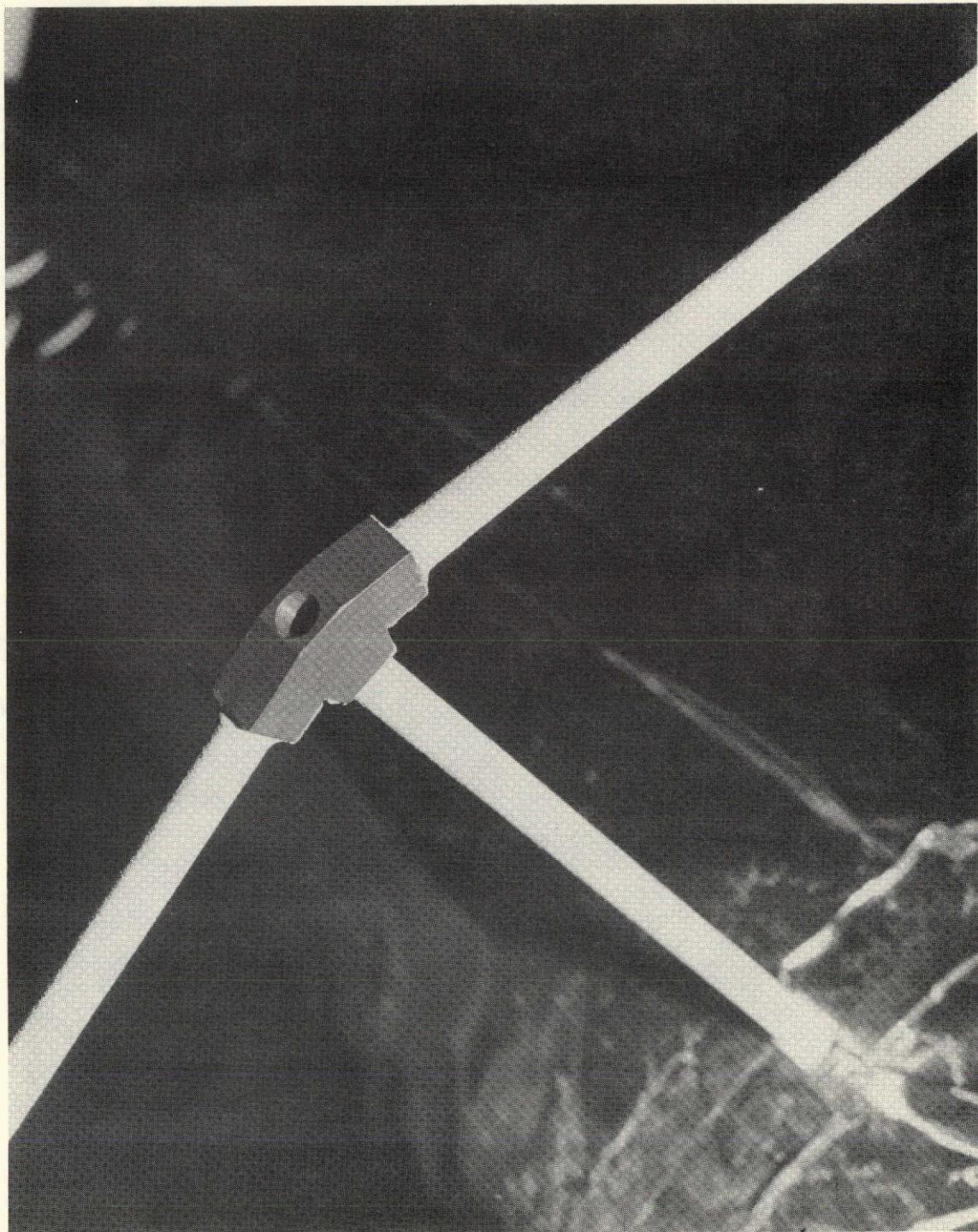


Figure 3.4-1. Midpoint Restraint System

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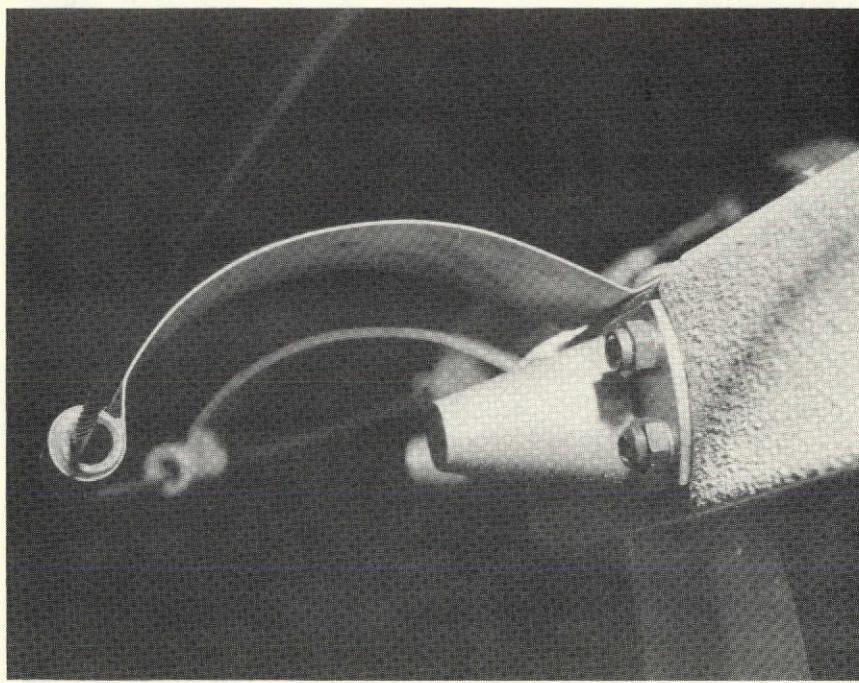


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Figure 3.4-2. Midpoint Restraint System



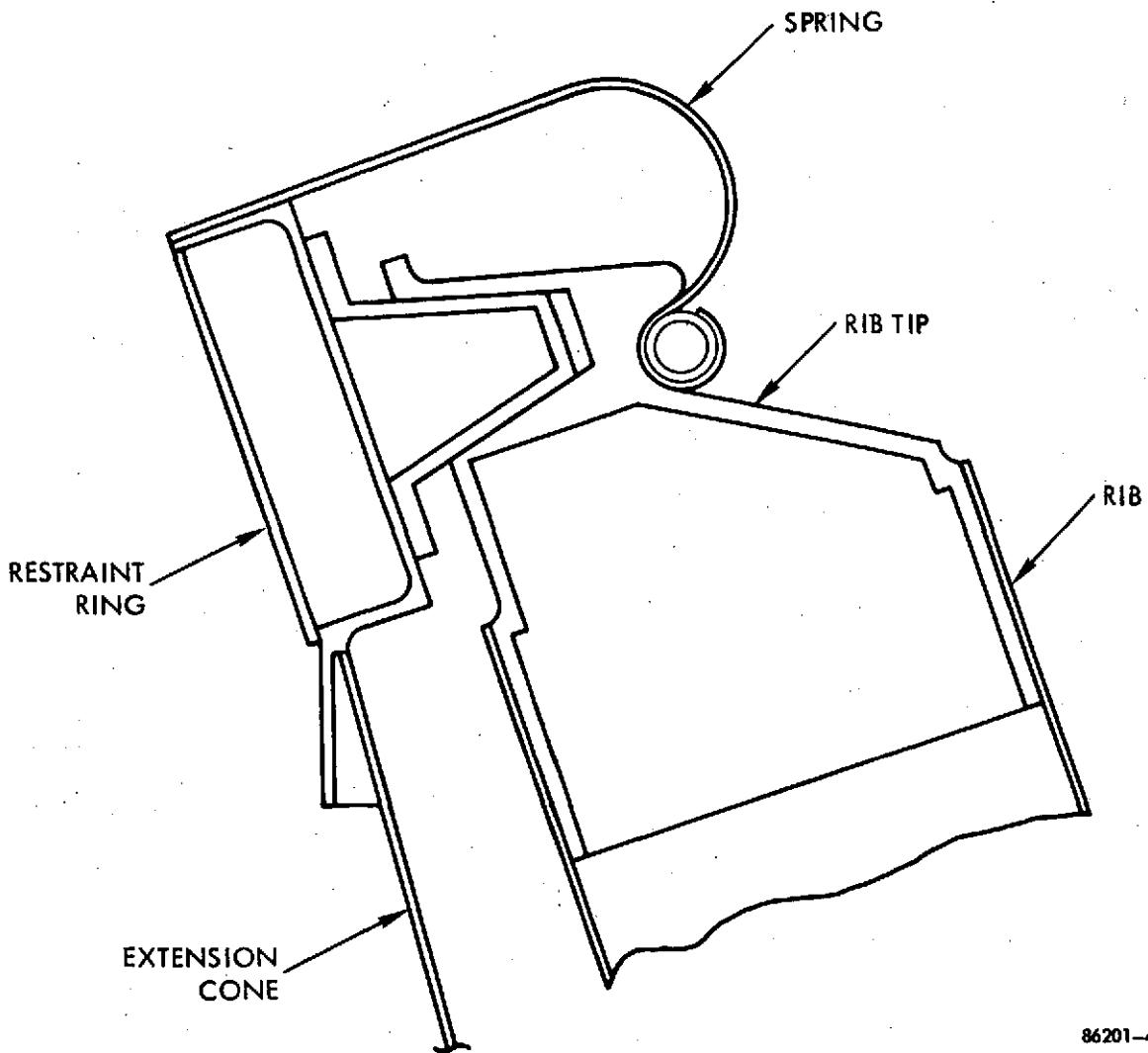
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Figure 3.4-3. Rib Tip Restraint Socket and Mating Cone on Feed Support System



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- PROVIDES STOWED PRELOAD AND MOMENT CONSTRAINT OF RIBS
- DUAL REDUNDANT PYROTECHNICS
- CAPTIVATED RESTRAINT CABLE
- DEPLOYMENT RELIABILITY: 0.999

Figure 3.4-4. Upper Restraint System Details

To seat the rib tip against the mating cone a preload force of 15 pounds is required. This preload is provided by the tensioned cable around the rib tips. Development of this preload also provides the required midpoint restraint preload.

The restraining cable does not directly contact the rib tips but is threaded through ferrules on the ends of a series of 12 leaf springs. These ferrules seat against the rib tips. The opposite end of the leaf springs are attached to the upper restraint ring. The cable passes through the ferrules and then through a pair of pyrotechnic guillotine cutters. The cable ends terminate in a cable crimp. When the cable is cut, the leaf springs return to their unloaded shape and this action lifts the cable free of the rib tips. The cable slips through the ferrules until the springs are fully extended, and then remains captivated inside the ferrules. The ferrules utilize a hard anodic coating with a proprietary impregnated Teflon coating. This dry film lubrication method provides lubrication for cable sliding while preventing cold welding. With the cable and ferrules now out of the way, the ribs are free to be deployed by the mechanical deployment system.

SECTION 4.0

REFLECTOR PERFORMANCE RESULTS AND PROJECTIONS

4.0

REFLECTOR PERFORMANCE RESULTS AND PROJECTIONS

This section presents measured test results on the reflector and includes analytical projections for orbital performance.

4.1

Weight and Surface Error Budgets

The projected and actual weight and surface error budgets are shown in Tables 4.1-1 and 4.1-2, respectively.

The actual weight increased from the projected weight at CDR by 3.5 pounds from 22.75 pounds to 26.25 pounds. This was due mainly to the use of a nonflight deployment motor (0.75 pound) and 2 mil silver-coated Teflon for the outer layer of the MLI blankets.

The surface error budget for the worst-case orbital condition is shown in Table 4.1-2. The error sources are described in the following paragraphs.

The manufacturing error consisting of mesh attachment, adjustment, and bulge error is the measured value of this error source. Components of this source are a small error associated with the mesh seam along each rib due to the inability to practically achieve a perfect joint; the inherent reverse bulge effect between adjacent mesh tie points as well as a slight "dimpling" of the mesh in the immediate vicinity of each tie point; and one's ability to physically adjust the reflector contour with the mesh ties and adjustable rib standoffs.

The gravity deflection error occurs in orbit as the gravity force is removed from the surface. Upon removal of the gravity force, the mesh surface will assume an equilibrium position different from that in the gravity field. Preliminary efforts to determine the quantity of this error indicate that, if no compensation is built in, the magnitude could be as much as 0.023-inch rms for the present design. By setting each gore in a horizontal position where the gravity effects are partially nullified, the effect of this error can be reduced by 75 percent or more. The 0.006-inch contribution listed in the budget reflects such a value.

The thermal error shown is the worst-case distortion projected by thermal analyses (see Paragraph 4.3).

Table 4.1-3 presents the measured surface error data on the reflector. Two significant results are indicated. First, examination of the first and third measured surface error values shown illustrates that a highly repeatable surface is achieved and maintained over multiple deployments. Second, a comparison of the first and second values in the table bounds the gravity distortion effects on the reflector. The first value of 0.020-inch rms was measured by rotating the reflector past the horizontal sweep template. Thus, gravity effects are partially nullified. The second value of 0.032-inch rms was measured by rotating the sweep template around the reflector with the reflector in the face-side condition. This value thus includes the maximum, or worst-case, effects of gravity distortion. One is therefore assured that the orbital surface error before thermal distortions are included must be less than the measured 0.032 value.

Table 4.1-1. Antenna Weight

<u>Element</u>	<u>Weight, Pounds</u>	<u>Calculated</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Feed Support System		7.4	
Hub	2.8	2.8	
Cone	3.6	3.7	
Ogive	1.0	1.0	
Rib Assembly		7.0	
Ribs	4.0	4.3	
Midpoint Restraint Pins and Local Reinforcement	0.5	0.5	
Standoffs	0.2	0.2	
Pivot Arms	1.6	1.9	
Rib Tip Restraint	0.7	0.8	
Mesh Gore Assemblies		1.7	
Front Gore Assembly	1.2	2.0	
Back Gore Assembly	0.2	0.2	
Tie Wires	0.1	0.1	
Intercostals	0.2	0.2	
Mechanical Deployment System (MDS)		2.9	3.8
Restraint System		2.0	
Hoop and Spar Assembly	1.0	1.2	
Top Restraint Ring, Cones, and Hardware	0.6	0.6	
Cable, Cutter, Spring, Ferrules, and Pyrotechnics	0.4	0.4	
Thermal Control		0.9	
Rib Insulation	0.5	0.9	
Cone/Hub Insulation	0.4	0.8	
Motor Wire and Harness		0.3	0.3
Feed		<u>0.55</u>	<u>0.55</u>
Total Weight	22.75	26.25	

Table 4.1-2. Surface Error Budget for Worst-Case Orbital Conditions

<u>Error Source</u>	<u>Magnitude, Inches</u>
Thermal Distortion	0.008
Manufacturing (mesh attachment, adjustment, and bulge)	0.020
Gravity Error	<u>0.006</u>
Total RMS Error	0.022
Measurement Error Effects on Total RMS Error	±0.001

Table 4.1-3. Summary of Surface Error Measurements

<u>Test Condition</u>	<u>Surface Error Inches RMS</u>
Face-side reflector is rotated past horizontal template; gravity effects minimized	0.020
Template is rotated around face reflector; gravity effects included	0.032
Face-side reflector is rotated past horizontal template after pyrotechnic firing and ten stow/deploy cycles	0.019

4.2

RF Performance

4.2.1

RF Range Test Results Summary

Range tests were conducted to evaluate the RF performance of the reflector. Range measurements consisted of pattern measurements at 2.1 GHz and 15 GHz, relative gain measurements at 2.1, 13.4, 15.0, and 15.45 GHz, and an absolute gain measurement at 15.0 GHz.

Figure 4.2.1-1 illustrates the test configuration for the relative gain and pattern measurements. The deployable reflector and a standard 12-foot diameter solid reflector are mounted back to back. The solid reflector has a known surface error of 0.007-inch rms. A standard feed was used for the gain measurements by first placing the feed in the solid reflector and then in the deployable reflector. The feed is supported in the solid, or reference, reflector in such a way that the primary blockage is zero and the secondary blockage is minimal (0.05 dB). The deployable reflector was tested with the complete feed cone, midrib restraint assembly, and radome, thus representing an operational condition. No fixturing was utilized to correct for gravity distortions in the deployable reflector and thus a surface error of 0.032-inch rms existed.

The absolute gain of the deployable reflector at 15 GHz was determined by comparison with an NRL design gain standard horn.

Figure 4.2.1-2 summarizes the gain measurement results. Figures 4.2.1-3 and 4.2.1-4 show the deployable reflector patterns at 2.1 GHz and 15.0 GHz.

Complete details of the range test results are given in Appendix B.

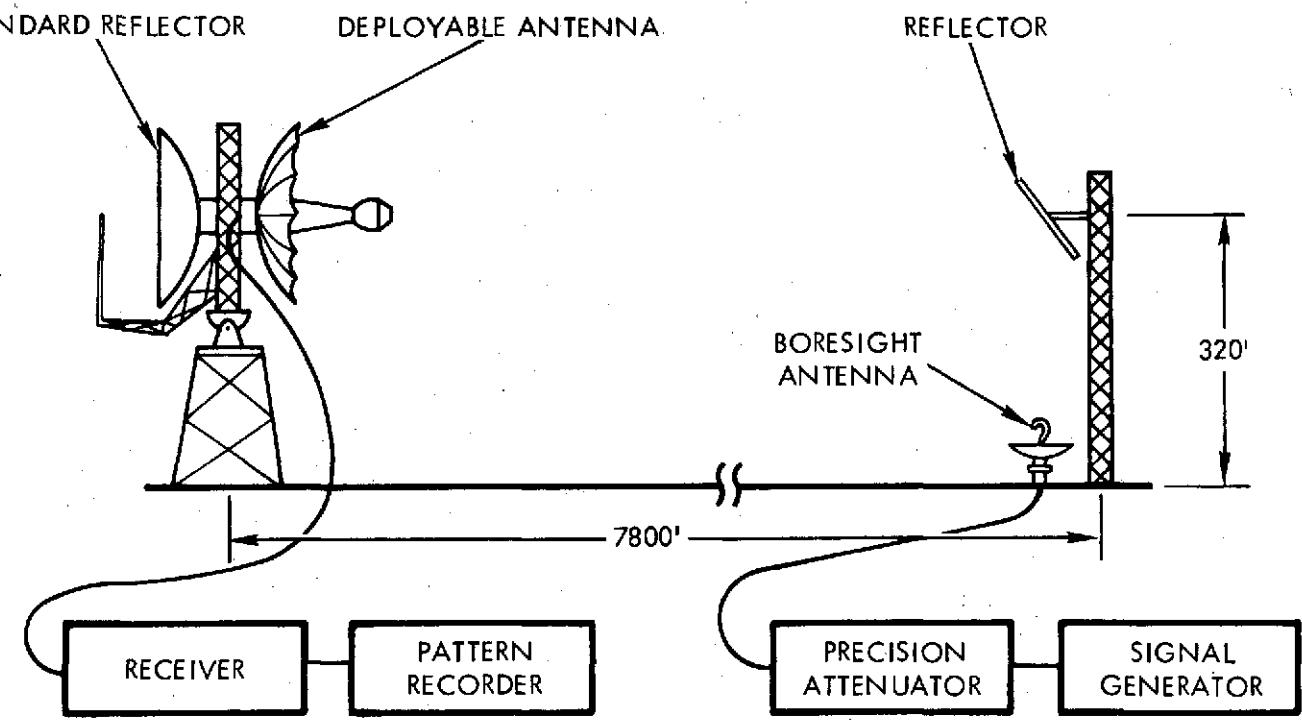
4.2.2

Projected Orbital Performance

To project the orbital performance of the reflector, the worst-case orbital surface error, defocus, and pointing error have been combined with a selected feed concept.

The feed concept selected for these calculations employs a pseudomonopulse tracking Cassegrain Ku-band and programmed-tracking apex S-band implementations. The feed arrangement (see Figure 4.2.2-1) utilizes a frequency sensitive dichroic lens subreflector. The feed is configured to mate with the 12.5-foot rib-and-mesh reflector. Table 4.2.2-1 presents efficiency factors for the feed at Ku-band as well as the overall illumination efficiency. Also, the effects of coupler, bandpass filter, rotary joint, waveguide, diplexer and other losses are reflected by the overall line loss efficiency shown in the table.

The worst-case orbital surface error is 0.024-inch rms, and utilizing Figures 4.3.3-6 and 4.3.3-7, the worst-case axial defocusing and pointing error are 0.065 inch and 0.05 milliradian, respectively. For operation at 15 GHz, these produce a reflector efficiency of 87 percent. Combining these with a measured mesh reflectivity of 93 percent gives an overall reflector efficiency of 81 percent. Table 4.2.2-2 presents the combined feed/reflector or overall antenna efficiency.



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Figure 4.2.1-1. RF Range Test Configuration

• RELATIVE GAIN

<u>FREQUENCY</u>	<u>GAIN DIFFERENCE*</u>	
	<u>MEASURED</u>	<u>PREDICTED</u>
2.1 GHz	-0.6 dB	-1.2 dB
13.4 GHz	-2.4 dB	-2.5 dB
15.0 GHz	-2.5 dB	-2.5 dB
15.45 GHz	-2.5 dB	-2.5 dB

• ABSOLUTE GAIN

<u>FREQUENCY</u>	<u>GAIN</u>
15.0 GHz	51.5 dB (WITH RESPECT TO GAIN STANDARD)

*GAIN DIFFERENCE IS BETWEEN SOLID REFERENCE REFLECTOR AND
DEPLOYABLE REFLECTOR

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Figure 4.2.1-2. Gain Measurement Summary

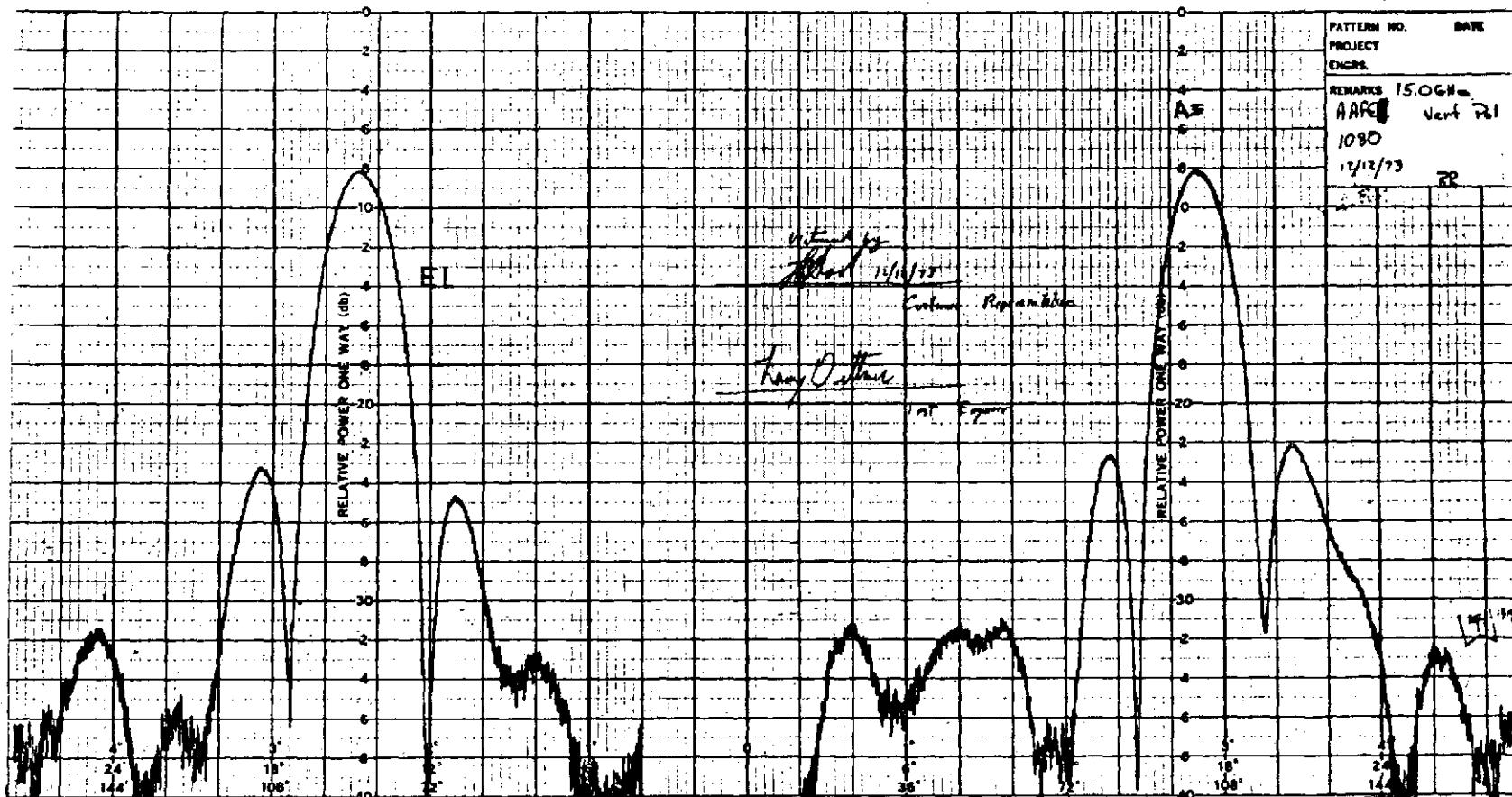


Figure 4.2.1-3. RF Patterns at 15 GHz

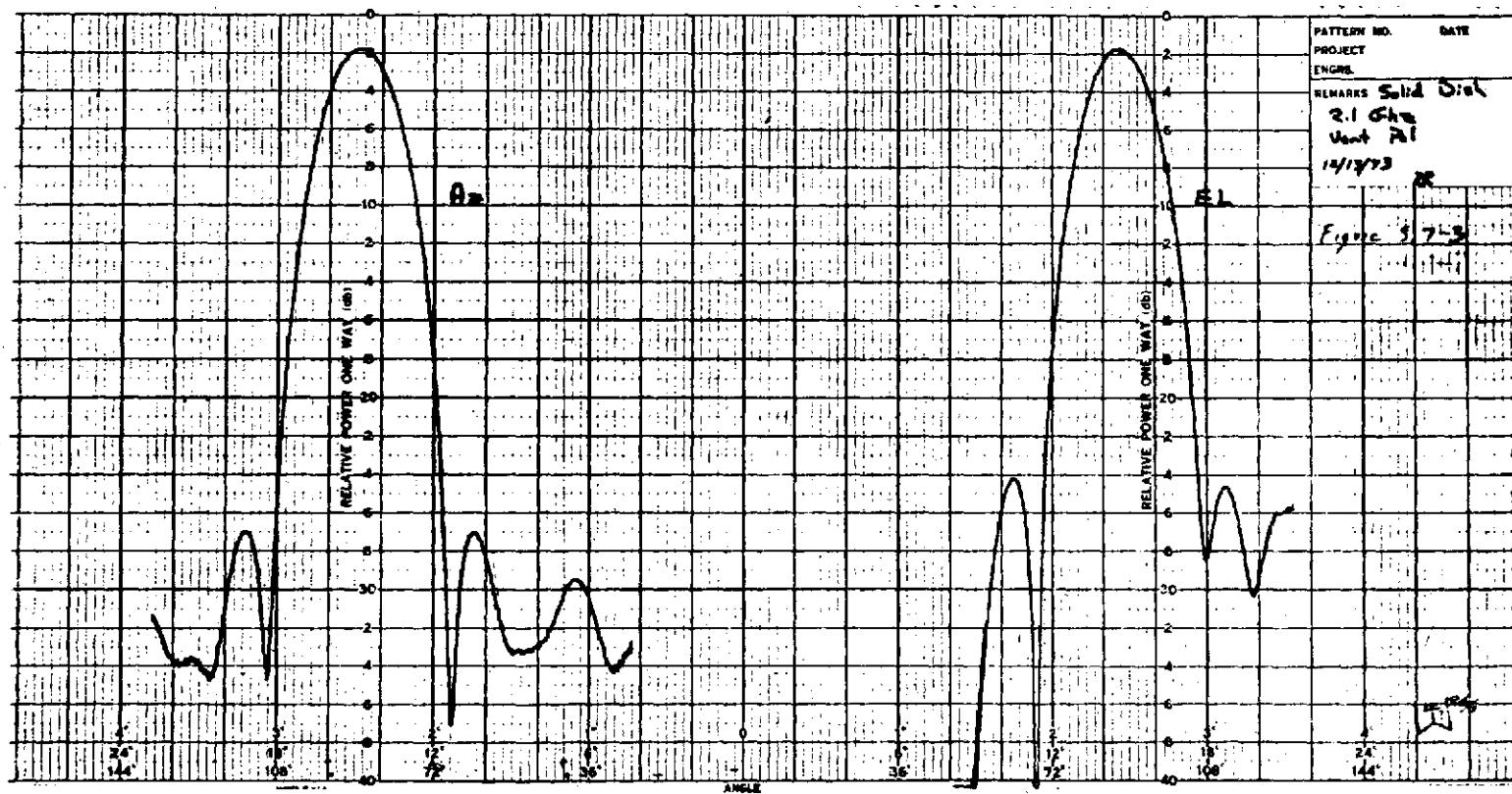


Figure 4.2.1-4. RF Patterns at 2.1 GHz

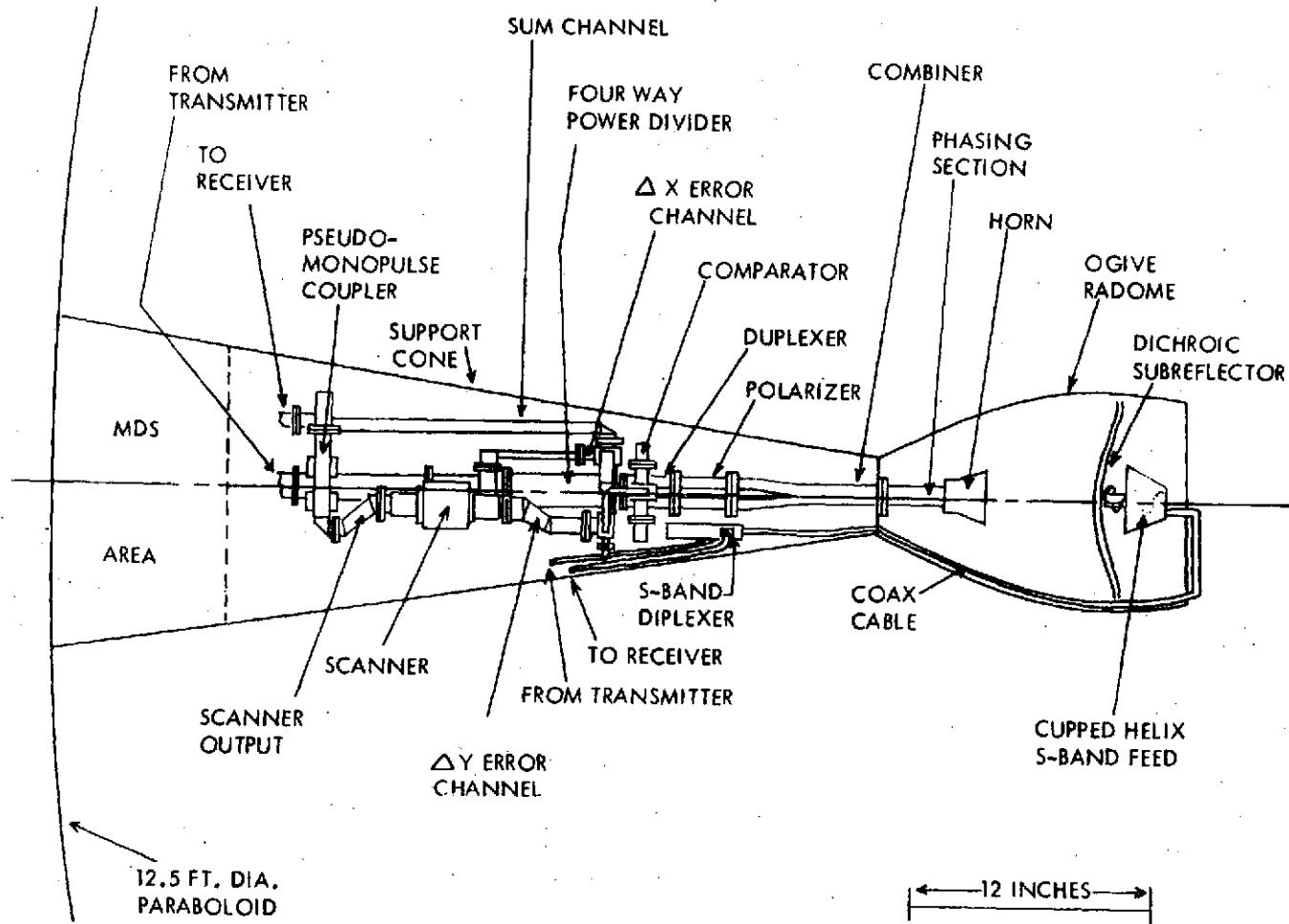


Figure 4.2.2-1. Tracking Cassegrain Ku-Band, Nontracking Apex S-Band Feed Layout

Table 4.2.2-1

Efficiency Factors	Ku-Band	
	Receive	Transmit
Spillover/Amplitude Taper Efficiency	0.800	0.800
Primary Phase Efficiency	0.980	0.980
Blockage Efficiency	0.981	0.981
Primary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	0.990	0.990
Secondary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	0.999	0.999
Dichroic Loss Efficiency	0.940	0.940
A. Illumination Efficiency	0.715	0.715
Horn and Polarizer Loss Efficiency	0.978	0.978
Diplexer Loss Efficiency	0.994	0.994
Four-Way Power Divider Loss Efficiency	---	0.985
Comparator Loss Efficiency	0.982	---
Coupler Loss Efficiency	0.937	---
Bandpass Filter Loss Efficiency	0.966	---
Rotary Joint Loss Efficiency	---	0.955
Waveguide Loss Efficiency	0.946	0.995
Diplex Loss Efficiency	---	---
Coaxial Cable Loss Efficiency	---	---
Cupped Helix Feed Loss Efficiency	---	---
Mismatch and Axial Ratio Loss Efficiency	0.978	0.978
B. Line Loss Efficiency	0.799	0.890

Table 4.2.2-2. Worst-Case Orbital Performance for Ku-Band Operation

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Efficiency</u>	
	<u>Receive</u>	<u>Transmit</u>
Dual Frequency Feed at Ku-Band	0.715	0.715
Line-Loss Efficiency	0.799	0.890
Reflector	<u>0.81</u>	<u>0.81</u>
Total Efficiency	0.462	0.515

4.3 Thermal Design Performance

This section presents the thermal analyses that were performed to verify the adequacy of the antenna design.

4.3.1 Thermal Performance Parameters

The primary parameters affecting the antenna orbital thermal performance are hub temperature gradients, diametral rib gradients, feed support cone gradients, and the rib and feed cone average temperatures. These variations are induced by changes in the solar incidence angle and shadow patterns. Hub distortions are potentially the major contributor to the thermal contribution to surface error, defocusing, and mispointing because of their amplification by the rib length to give large rib tip movements. The hub gradients are effectively controlled by the incorporation of a multilayer insulation blanket around the hub and feed support cone. The diametral rib gradients are directly proportional to the rib solar absorptivity, α_s , and inversely proportional to the diametral thermal conductance. The gradient is therefore minimized by reducing the rib α_s and increasing the wall thickness and thermal conductivity. The feed support cone diametral heat transfer is predominantly by radiation, therefore, the gradients are reduced by incorporating a high infrared emittance interior surface and a multilayer insulation blanket around the exterior.

Thermal analyses were performed to provide sufficient trade-off data for selection of the optimum rib thermal control system. The high surface accuracy required is achieved through thermal control of the antenna rib locations. Though large temperature variations occur in the mesh itself, the mesh spring constant is adequately low to prevent a significant transmission of mesh effects to the rigid ribs. Further, the mesh pretension ratio is such that no "wrinkling" of the mesh occurs due to orbital temperature excursions.

In addition, a thermal analysis was performed for the antenna assembly for a synchronous orbital condition to confirm the operational performance of the antenna thermal control system.

4.3.2

Thermal Analysis Approach

The preliminary thermal analysis was performed using the Antenna Thermal Analyzer Program (ATAP) which performs the following steps:

1. Generates the thermal math model of the antenna including node assignment and distribution
2. Solves for the steady-state temperature distribution for each sun angle and shadow condition
3. Computes the surface distortion caused by the temperature distribution
4. Computes the rms surface accuracy, defocusing, and mispointing of the best-fit paraboloid generated by the deflected rib coordinates.

Since the thermal distortion analysis was performed on this antenna, additional development has led to a thermoelastic distortion model which includes the mesh surfaces using pretensioned, orthotropic membrane elements. Mesh membrane distortions have been determined to be a significant contributor to on-orbit surface distortion of other deployable antennas. The solar vacuum testing and associated analysis of the Ku-band antenna will provide definitive data concerning mesh distortions. Mesh plating, pretension, and stiffness properties are available which are consistent with the thermal distortions listed in surface error budgets. Presentation of additional analysis results within the scope of this report is not possible.

4.3.3

Thermal Control Coatings

Several thermal control coating systems were considered for the antenna ribs. These can be classified in three basic categories: rib surface treatment, adhesive backed tapes, and multilayer insulation (MLI). Figures 4.3.3-1 and 4.3.3-2 present the predicted diametral temperature gradient along the antenna ribs for sun angles of 0° and 180°, respectively, for four configurations. (The rib wall thickness at the hub, midpoint and tip are 0.008, 0.012, and 0.006 inch, respectively.) The surface treatment concept investigated involved polishing the rib exterior to yield a relatively low solar absorptivity (α_s). Past experience in polishing of the 6061-T6 aluminum ribs yielded an emissivity of approximately 0.06 and α_s values in the range of 0.18 to 0.23 with 0.21 being a representative value. The polished aluminum thermal control

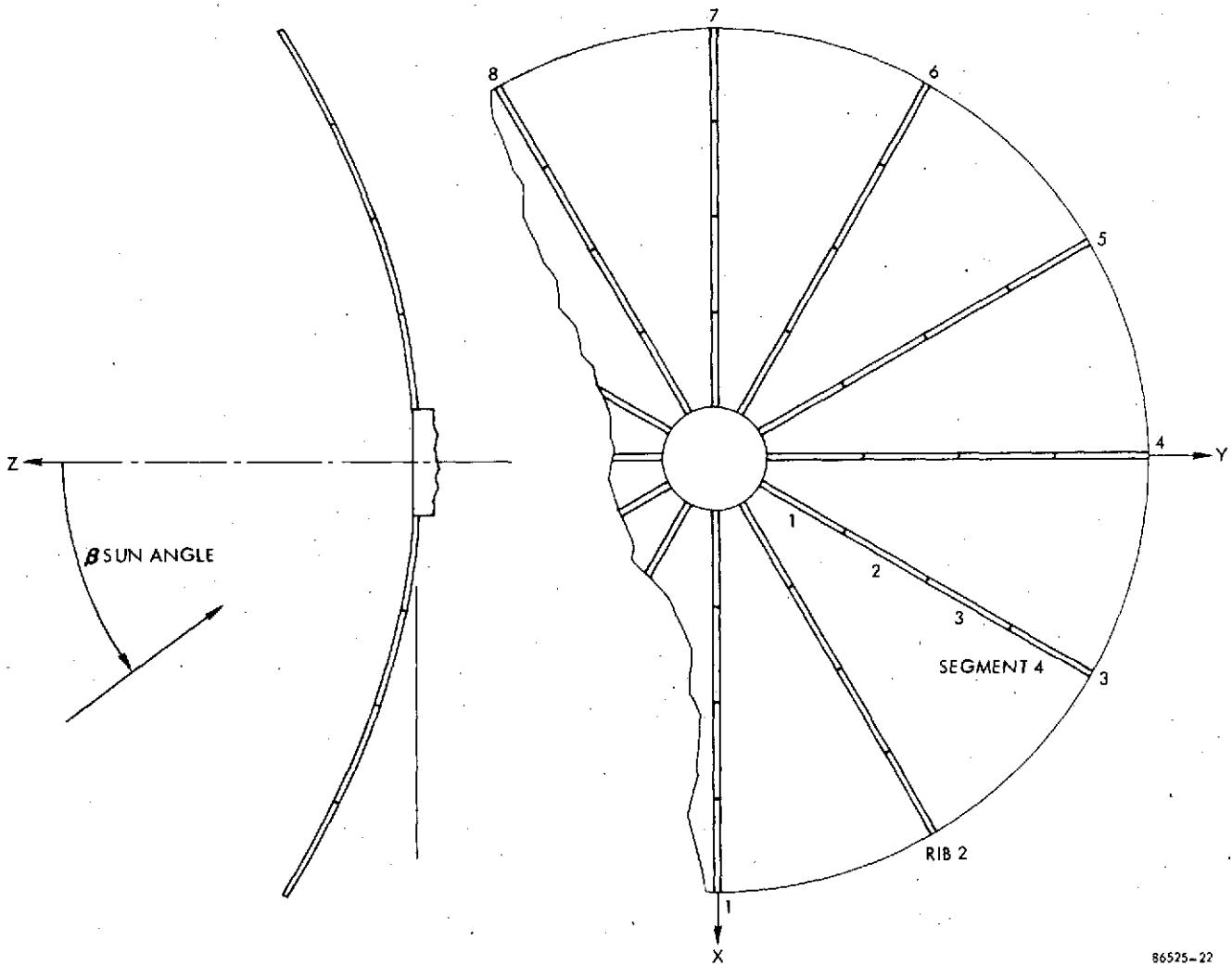


Figure 4.3.2. Antenna Thermal Model and Sun Angle Reference

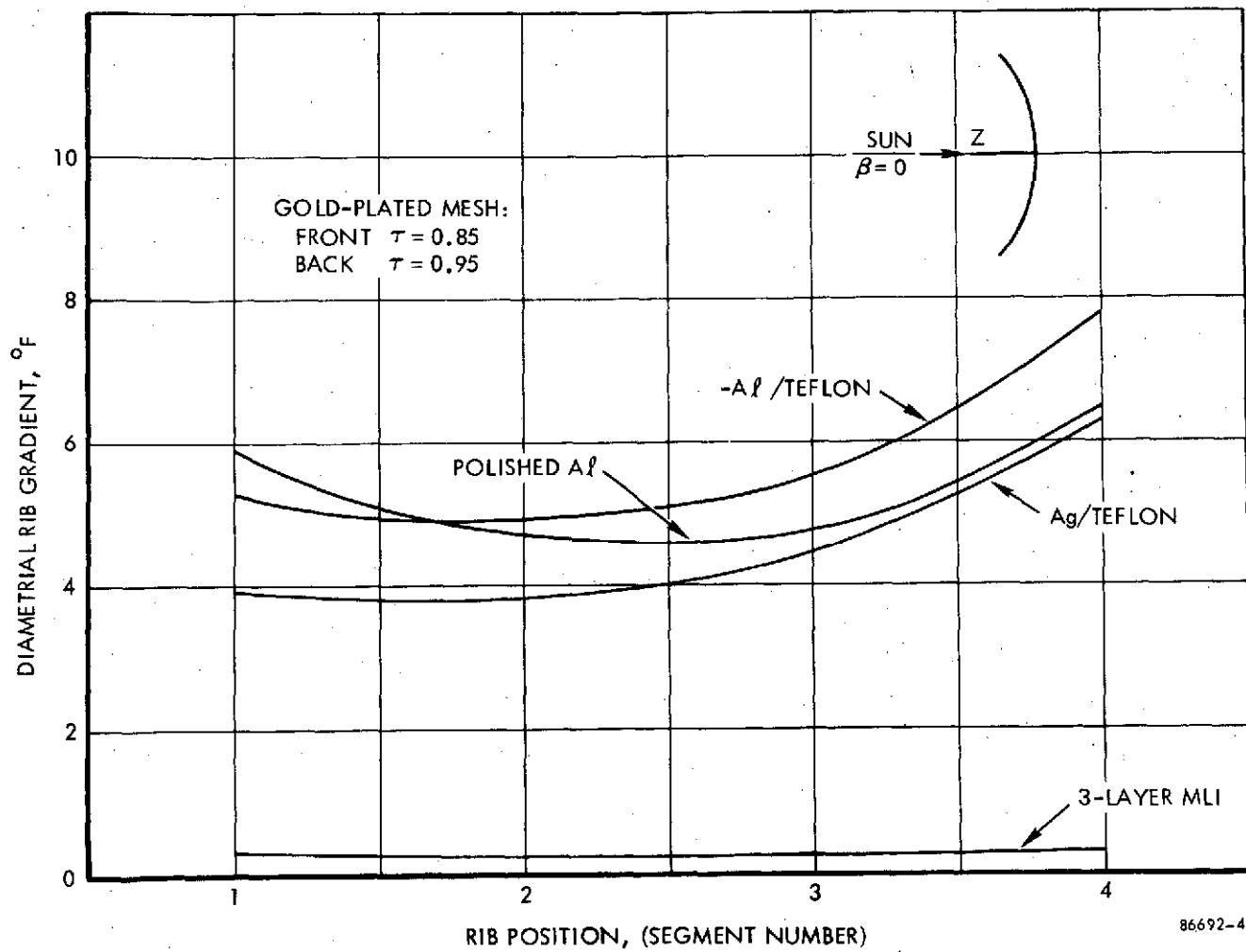
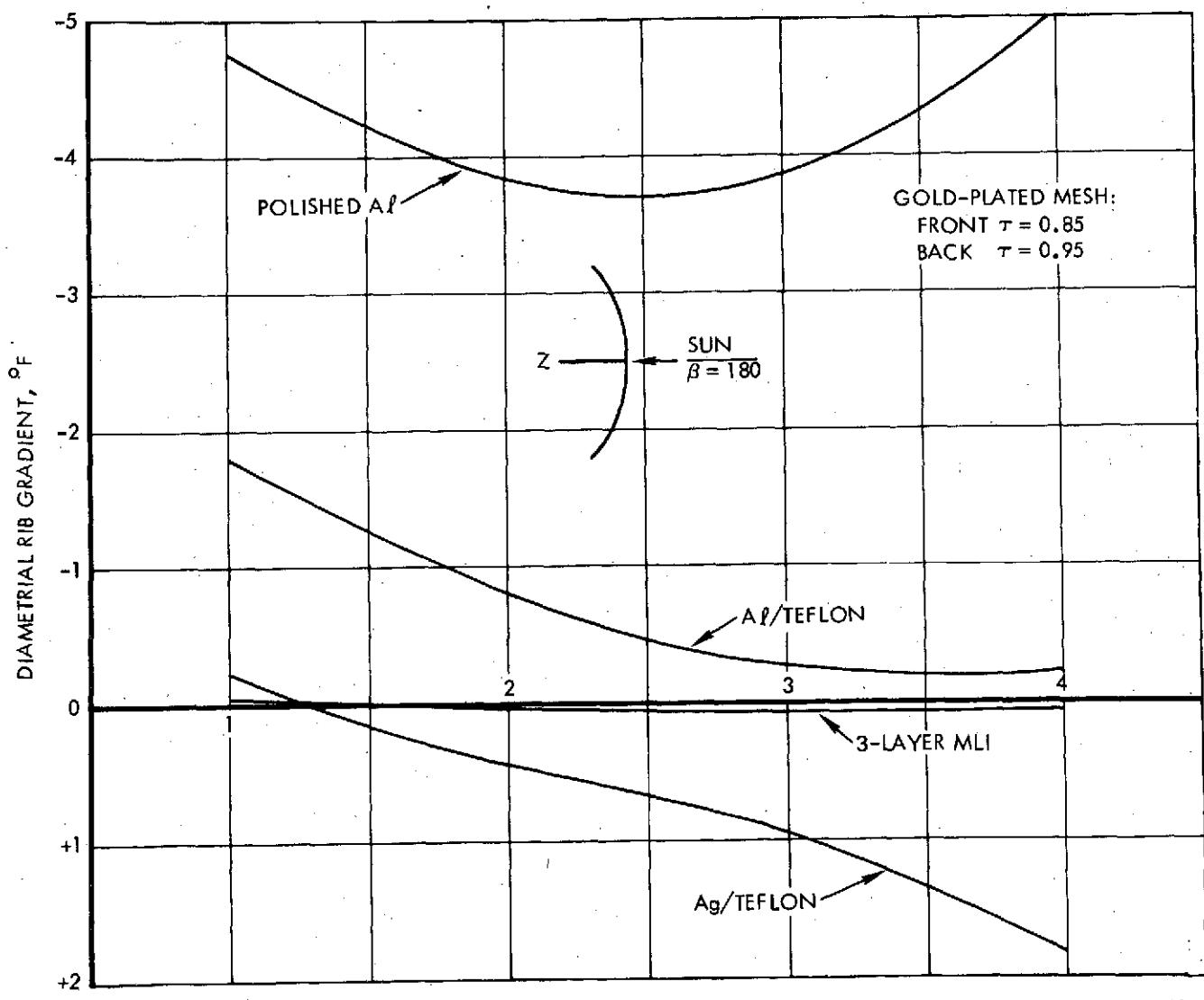


Figure 4.3.3-1. Diametral Rib Gradient Versus Rib Position for Four-Rib Thermal Control Coating Systems



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Figure 4.3.3-2. Diametral Rib Gradient Versus Rib Position for Four Thermal Control Coating Systems

surface has the advantage of having the lowest weight possible since it adds no weight to the rib.

Flexible, adhesive-backed, metallized FEP Teflon tapes were also evaluated for use on the antenna ribs. The FEP Teflon tape is readily available with either vapor-deposited aluminum or silver as the solar reflective surface. Solar absorptivity values of 0.08 and 0.14 were assumed for the silverized and aluminized tapes, respectively. An emissivity of 0.55 was used for both tapes (indicative of a 0.001-inch Teflon thickness). A close inspection of Figures 4.3.3-1 and 4.3.3-2 reveals the significant interaction between the Teflon-coated ribs and the gold-plated mesh. The differences in the front and back mesh transmissivity ($\tau_F = 0.85$, $\tau_B = 0.95$) causes a significantly greater thermal loading condition on the front portion of the ribs. This has the effect of increasing the front-to-back diametral rib gradient for sun angles yielding forward insulation and decreasing it for rear insulation.

Multilayer insulation (MLI) is the third category of rib thermal control systems mentioned above. Most MLI configurations can be classified into two basic categories:

1. MLI with interlayer separating spacers, and
2. MLI without an interlayer separating spacer

The spacer is normally made of a lightweight, low conductive material and is used to retard the interlayer thermal conduction. MLI with interlayer spacers is normally used where contact pressure between layers may be significant.

The MLI configurations without the interlayer spacers rely on crinkling or dimpling of the metallized film to interrupt the thermal conduction paths. Crinkled mylar blankets exhibit high thermal insulating properties for relatively low weight. The primary disadvantage of crinkled mylar blankets is ensuring that for relatively small diameter cylinders (such as the 1.5-inch diameter ribs) the interlayer contact pressure is not so great as to flatten out the crinkles, thereby allowing significant thermal conduction to occur.

An MLI configuration was selected which incorporated alternating layers of a light-weight nylon tulle and aluminized 1/4-mil mylar. The blanket is constructed by placing a layer of nylon tulle on the surface of the rib, followed by alternating layers of aluminized mylar and nylon tulle. The final outer layer of insulation is silverized Teflon rather than aluminized mylar. The mylar used in the blanket is aluminized on both sides. The number of layers is defined as the number of layers of nylon tulle. The approximate weights per unit area and thicknesses for the MLI blanket materials are listed in Table 4.3.3.

Figure 4.3.3-3 presents the results of thermal tests which have been performed on this MLI configuration on 1.5-inch diameter cylinders. The model used in the data correlation assumed heat transfer across the blanket to be by both radiation and conduction. These MLI performance data were used together with the basic antenna design to produce the diametral rib gradient data of Figure 4.3.3-4 for different numbers of layers of MLI. It is interesting to compare the temperature gradient of Figure 4.3.3-1 for the adhesive-backed silver-coated Teflon (approximately 4°F at segment No. 1) with the gradient indicated in Figure 4.3.3-4 for one-layer

Table 4.3.3. MLI Material Weights

<u>Material</u>	<u>Thickness, Inches</u>	<u>Weight, Lbs./Ft.²</u>
Nylon Netting	0.0035	2.0×10^{-3}
Aluminized Mylar	0.00025	1.79×10^{-3}
Silverized Teflon	0.001	11.32×10^{-3}

MLI (1.2°F). Physically, this represents simply exchanging the adhesive for a single layer of lightweight nylon tulle. This represents greater than a 3:1 reduction in weight.

The rib diametral gradient data presented above are used to indicate the best thermal control coating configuration for the antenna. The rib temperature distributions are included in Appendix C of the CDR Data Package with the ATAP printouts of the orbital surface accuracy.

4.3.4 Conclusions

The results of the analyses presented confirm the adequacy of the thermal design of the antenna assembly for operation in the synchronous equatorial orbit.

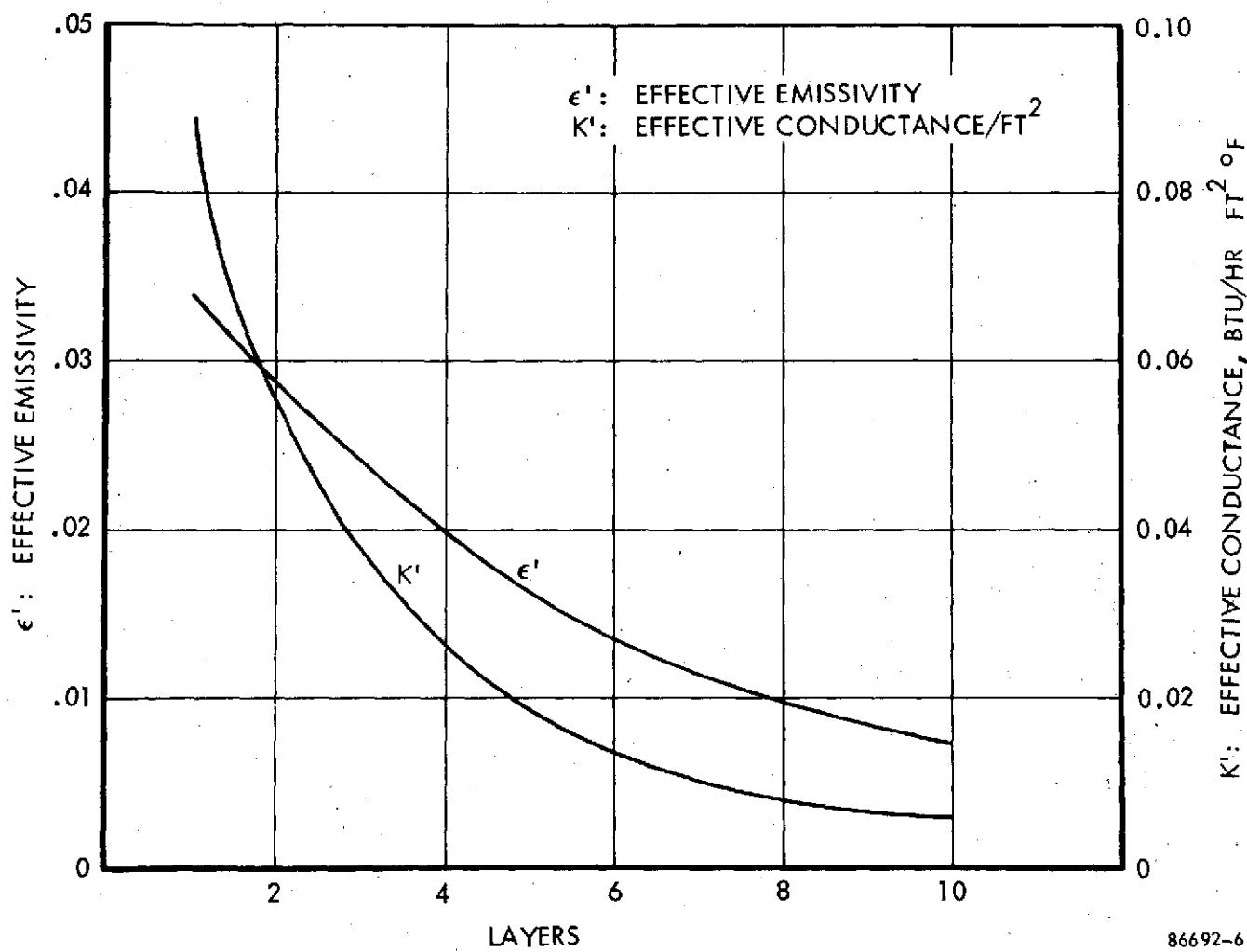


Figure 4.3.3-3. MLI Thermal Performance Versus Number of Layers

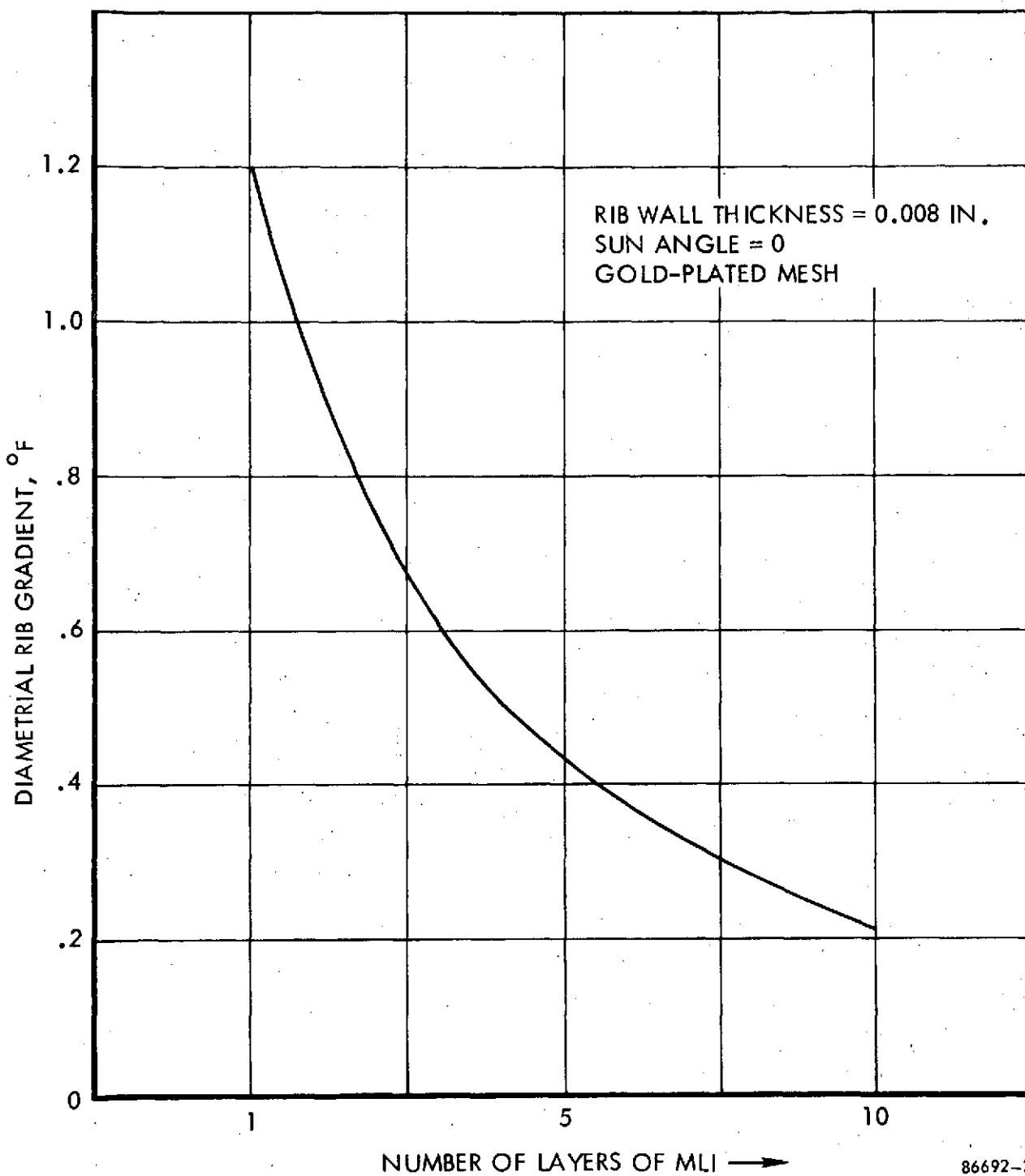


Figure 4.3.3-4. Diametral Rib Gradient Versus Number of Layers of MLI

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4.4

Structural and Dynamic Analyses

Analyses were performed to support design trade-off studies. Of primary concern is attaining a very lightweight antenna that meets the stowed and deployed frequency requirements and can survive the 25 G lateral launch load.

The Rayleigh Method was used in preliminary analysis to calculate fundamental frequencies at a low cost. Eigenvalue solutions were used for final analysis.

4.4.1

Results and Correlation

The final lightweight antenna design meets all frequency and strength requirements as demonstrated in Tables 4.4.1-1 and 4.4.1-2. Table 4.4.1-3 correlates measured stiffness values with calculated values. Detail test results are given in Appendix B.

To aid in the selection of a rib, a parametric analysis was performed by varying the rib thickness and diameter. From these results and considering stresses and thermal requirements, a 1.5-inch diameter rib was selected having a root wall thickness of 0.008 inch, a midpoint wall thickness of 0.012 inch and a tip wall thickness of 0.006 inch.

The selected rib was analyzed more accurately for frequencies by performing an eigenvalue solution and considering the rib parabolic shape and the pivot arm and hub compliance.

A load analysis was performed for the mechanical deployment system for each degree of motion during face-side or face-down deployment in a 1 G field.

Calculations were made for the optimum rib shape that would tend to offset the mesh bulge effects and the zero-G effects of space.

A detail computer model was assembled for the MDS. It included the lower half of the ribs and the lower eight inches of the support cone and hub. A lateral loading of 25 G and a longitudinal loading of 35 G were applied. Stresses due to these launch loads were calculated throughout the MDS and found to be less than 2500 psi limit.

The calculated antenna center of gravity is on the boresight axis and is located 30.29 inches above the base.

4.4.2

Stowed Antenna Dynamic Analysis

4.4.2.1

Description of Computer Model

The nodal topology of the stowed antenna model is shown in Figure 4.4.2.1. This cantilevered antenna was fixed at its base. Each of the 12 ribs was modeled with six straight

Table 4.4.1-1. Comparison of Fundamental Frequencies, Hz

Configuration	Axis	Requirement	Calculated
Stowed Antenna	Torsional	15.	29.4
Stowed Antenna	Lateral	40.	55.6
Stowed Antenna	Longitudinal	90.	141.8
Deployed Antenna	Lateral	4.	7.02
Deployed Antenna	Torsional	4.	7.01
Stowed MDS	Lateral	100.	*648.
Stowed MDS	Longitudinal	100.	*556.

*Values look too high. See discussion in Appendix D.
Section D4.0.

Table 4.4.1-2. Physical Stress Margins of Safety, MS

Element	MS
Rib	0.31
Cone, Node 1	1.44
Cone, Node 2	1.86
MDS Carrier	0.14
MDS Push-Rod	1.78
MDS Ball Screw	1.36
Pivot Arm	2.45

Table 4.4.1-3. Correlation of Analysis and Test Values for Reflector Stiffness

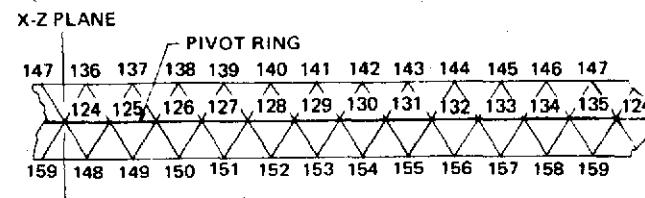
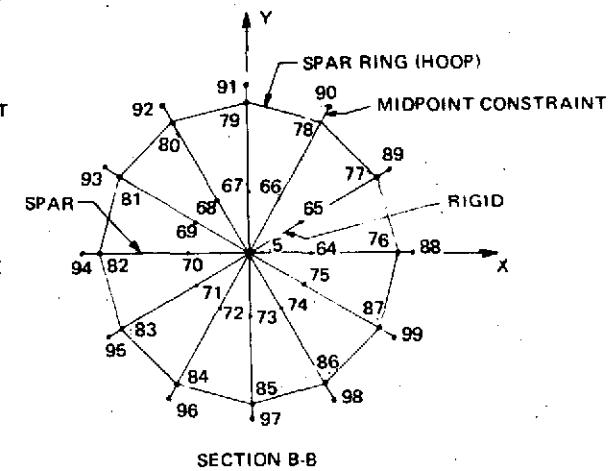
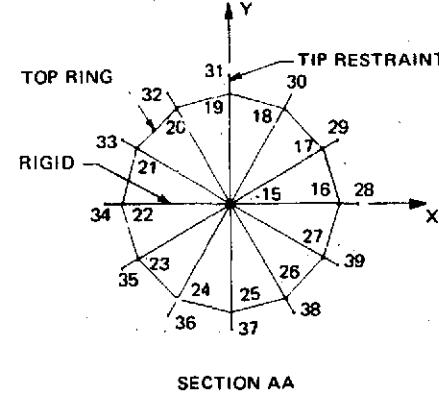
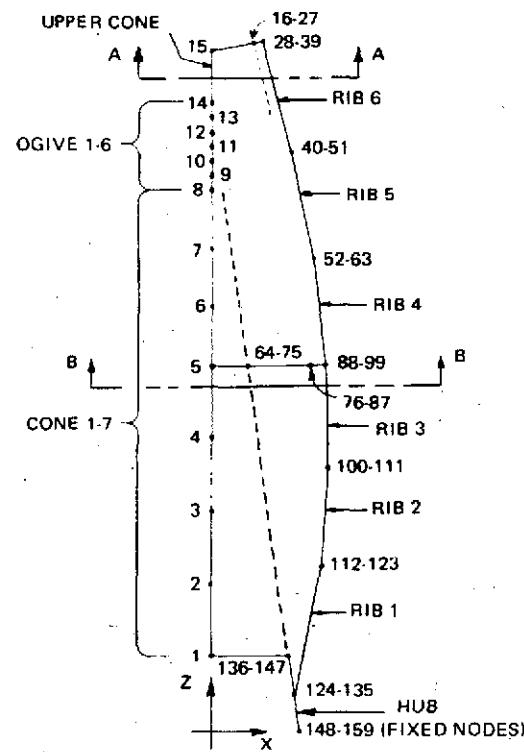
<u>TEST CONFIGURATION</u>	<u>MEASURED VALUE</u>	<u>PREDICTED VALUE*</u>
STOWED, LATERAL AXIS	57.0 Hz	56.8 Hz
STOWED, LONGITUDINAL AXIS	185.0 Hz	141.8 Hz
DEPLOYED, LONGITUDINAL AXIS	8.2 Hz	7.0 Hz

*PREDICTED VALUES AT CRITICAL DESIGN REVIEW

CONCLUSIONS:

- ANTENNA IS SUFFICIENTLY STIFF TO BE TREATED AS A COMPONENT AND QUALIFIED SEPARATE FROM SPACECRAFT.

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Figure 4.4.2.1. Computer Model of Stowed Antenna Showing Nodal Topology

line beam elements. Each rib was connected at its base by a pinned joint to the antenna hub. The midpoints of the ribs were connected to the support cone by a hoop and spar restraint system. The midpoint restraint is fixed to the rib and ball connected at the spar ring. The rib tips were moment connected about two axes to the top ring with short tip-restraint members that provide the correct amount of eccentricity and no torsional restraint about its axis. The support cone and ogive assembly was modeled as a fourteen member tapered beam. Section property calculations for the support cone and ogive took into account the conical shape, thus, providing effective areas and moments of inertia for each section. In reducing the cone and ogive to a line it was necessary to add rigid members at the midpoint and at the top, e.g., nodes 5-64 and 15-16. Rigid members at the top are fixed at node 15 and ball connected at the top ring.

The hub is 0.050 inch thick up to the pivot pins which are 3.5 inches above the base. The support cone is 0.020 inch thick up to the midpoint and 0.015 inch thick from the midpoint to the neck. The ogive is 0.031 inch thick at the neck and the remaining two-thirds is 0.021 inch thick. Material for the ogive is S-glass having a modulus of elasticity of 3.0×10^6 . The upper cone is 0.021 inch thick S-glass. The rib wall thickness is 0.008 ± 0.001 inch at root, increasing to 0.012 ± 0.001 inch at the midpoint and decreasing to 0.006 ± 0.001 inch at the tip. The ribs, hub, and support cone are all made from 6061-T6 aluminum.

The thermal control on the support cone and hub is black anodize on the interior and 14 layers of mylar, 15 layers of nylon net, and one layer of silverized Teflon on the exterior lower eight inches. Five layers of MLI are used on remainder of cone. The ogive and upper cone thermal control is obtained with white paint on its exterior. The thermal control for the ribs consist of two layers of mylar, three layers of nylon net, and one layer of silverized Teflon. The mass of these items was included in the analyses.

Mesh was conservatively assumed to be 100 percent effective as a mass in the stowed and deployed antenna models.

4.4.2.2 Stowed Antenna Analytical Method

Final dynamic analyses were performed using an eigenvalue solution for the antenna. For the stowed antenna an inverse iteration method was used to extract the lowest four frequencies. For the deployed rib, the HQR algorithm was used to solve for all eigenvalues.

The stowed antenna lateral mode shape was used to determine internal loads, deflections and stresses. Knowing that the maximum response is 25 G and that the vibration is harmonic, the acceleration relates to deflection from $G = .1f^2 X$. The solved value of X divided by the normalized deflection of 1.0 inch produces a factor which can be multiplied by the eigen-mode solution having internal loads.

Preliminary analyses and trade-off studies were performed using the Rayleigh Method to calculate the fundamental frequencies. In this method, it is assumed that the lowest mode shape is the same as obtained by applying a 1 G field to the model. Deflections at all nodes are

calculated using the STARDYNE computer program. The lowest frequency is then calculated from the expression

$$f = 3.13 \sqrt{\sum F_i \Delta_{xi} / \sum F_i (\Delta_{xi}^2 + \Delta_{yi}^2 + \Delta_{zi}^2)}$$

Where: F_i = gravity weights that are lumped at nodes i

Δ_i = deflections in x, y, and z directions at corresponding nodes i

Validity of the Rayleigh Method was verified in prior analyses and tests. A comparison of results with the eigenvalue solution is presented in the next subsection.

4.4.2.3 Stowed Antenna Results

The computer printout of the input and a portion of the results is presented in Section D1.0 of Appendix D of the CDR data package. The primary result is the fundamental frequencies for the stowed antenna which are 29.4, 55.6 and 141.8 Hz for the torsional, lateral, and longitudinal axes, respectively.

Appendix D1.0 of the CDR data package contains additional results on internal loads, stresses, and deflections. This data was used with acceleration load factors to size members and determine the required preload at the rib midpoint, Reference Sections D7.0 and D8.0 of the CDR data package.

Results of the stowed antenna lateral and longitudinal fundamental frequencies as calculated by the Rayleigh Method are presented in Sections D1.3 and D1.4 of Appendix D of the CDR data package. The eigenvalue solutions are presented in Section D1.5 of the CDR data package. The identical model was used in both Rayleigh and Eigenvalue Method solutions. Each method has its advantages. Though the Rayleigh Method can be used to calculate the fundamental frequency with less machine time, the eigenvalue solution is more accurate; especially on mode shapes and stresses. Whereas the Rayleigh Method only provides the lowest frequency, the eigenvalue solution yields the first five natural frequencies.

The Rayleigh Method results in a fundamental lateral frequency of 56.76 Hz. The eigenvalue solution value is 55.61 Hz.

Figure 4.4.2.3 shows the sensitivity of the stowed lateral frequency to additional (in excess of 0.55 pound) weight at the top of the antenna.

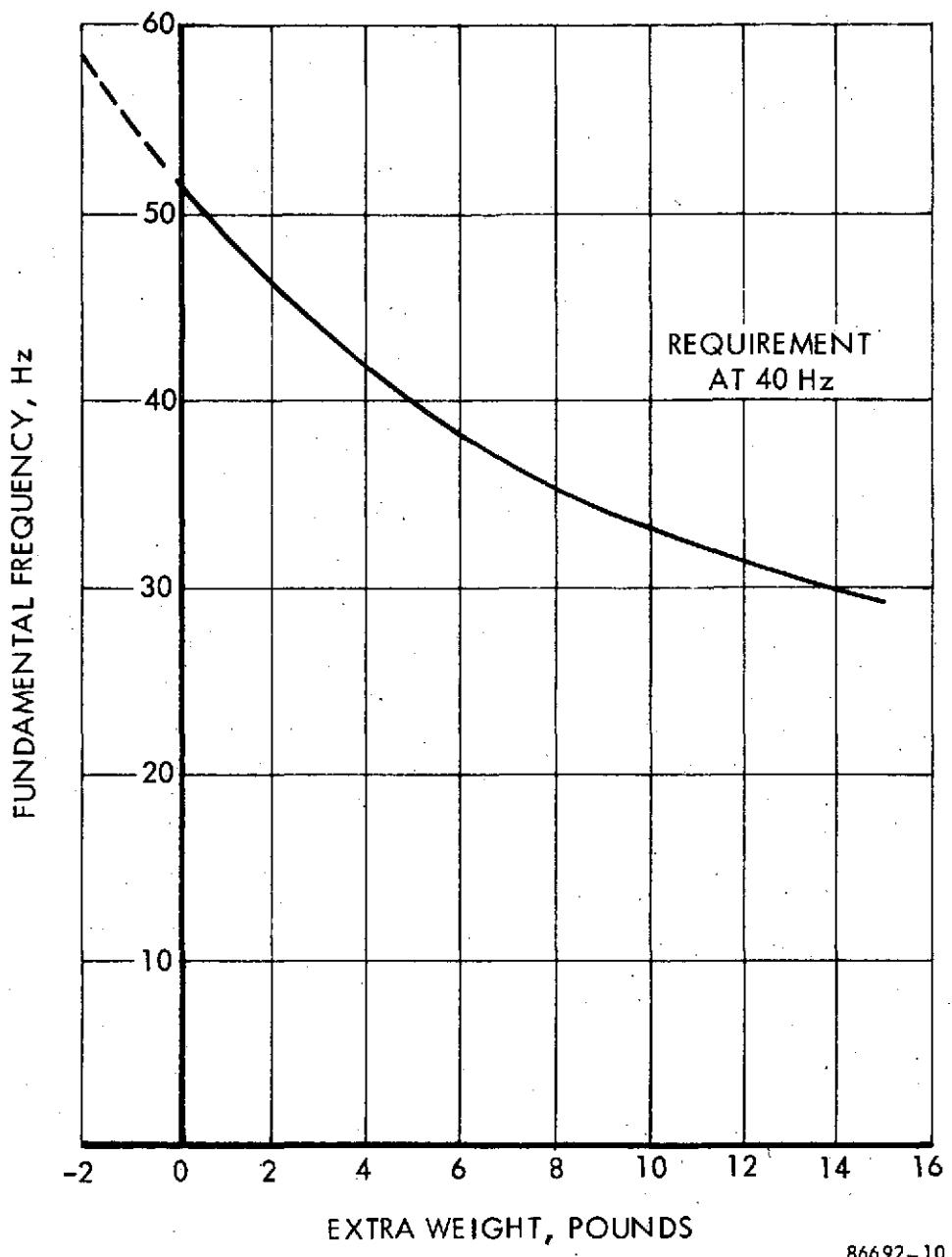


Figure 4.4.2.3. The Final Design Antenna Can Support an Extra Payload of 7.5 Pounds.

4.4.3 Deployed Rib

4.4.3.1 Parametric Analysis

Previous analyses and test correlation have revealed that the fundamental frequency of the deployed antenna can be calculated within four percent by using a one rib model. This indicates that the mesh spring rate is relatively low and the mesh stiffness can be ignored to obtain approximate results. This is also a valid assumption in the present design because the ribs are relatively stiff compared to the mesh. The four percent accuracy on frequency applies to the final detailed rib model which includes a pivot arm and a portion of the hub. In this section the presumed accuracy is approximately 15 percent while in Paragraph 4.4.3.2 the presumed accuracy is approximately five percent for the fundamental lateral frequency and 10 percent for the fundamental torsional frequency.

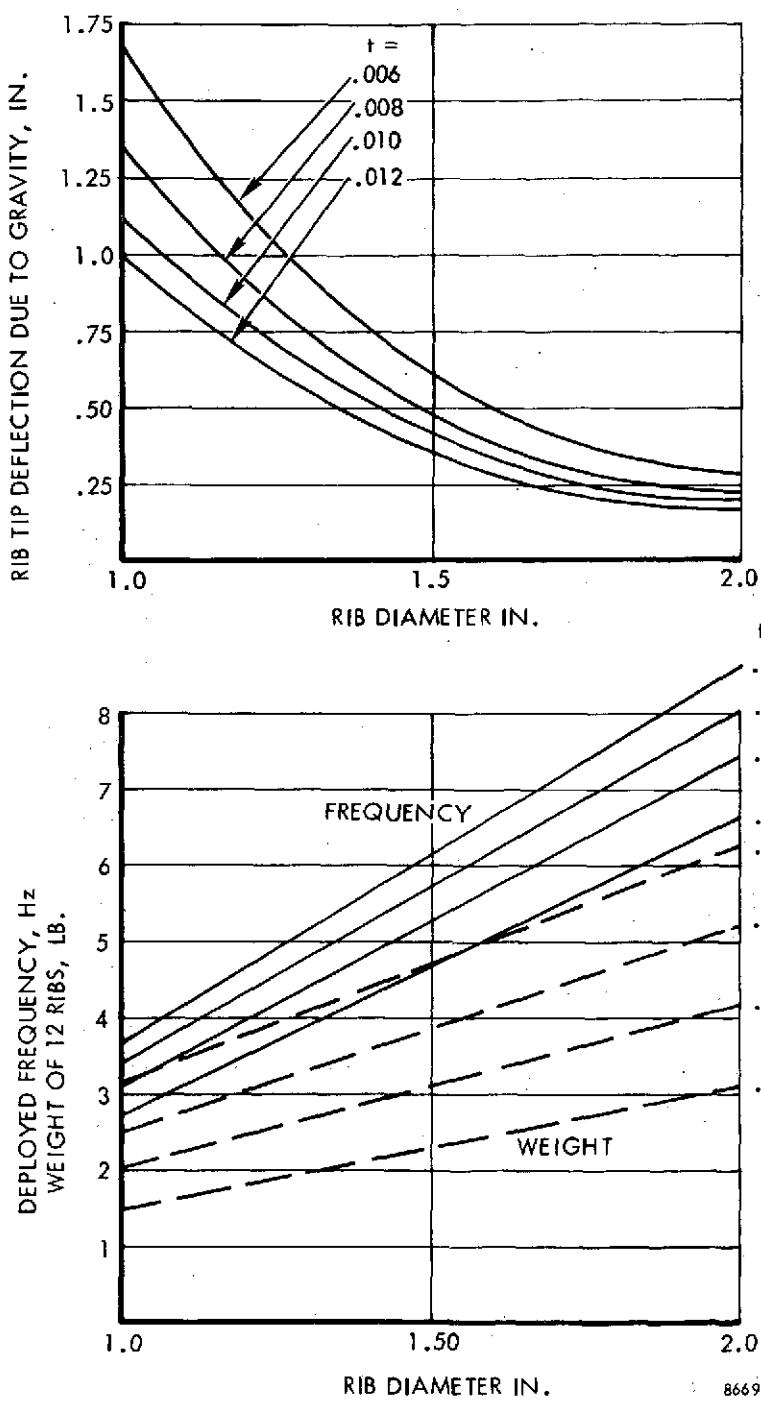
Analyses were made to enable selection of a deployed rib based upon meeting a minimum frequency requirement while minimizing weight and tip deflection. Rib diameters of 1.0, 1.5, and 2.0 inches were analyzed. Rib wall thickness was varied from 0.004 to 0.016 inch in 0.002 inch increments. Because the primary stresses are from preloading the rib, they are a maximum at the rib midpoint and a minimum near the tip and root. The rib thickness was also allowed to be a maximum in the center.

The model consisted of 11 nodes connecting 10 segments. Node 1 at the tip was free and Node 11 at the root was fixed. The arc length of the rib was used but the model was a straight beam. Further details on the model and applied weights and results may be found in Section D2.0 of Appendix D of the CDR data package. A portion of the results is presented in Figures 4.4.3-1 through 4.4.3-3.

The rib parametric analysis results show that none of the 1.0 inch diameter ribs meet the frequency requirements. The 1.5-inch diameter ribs meet frequency requirements when thickness is greater than 0.006. All of the 2.0-inch diameter ribs exceed the frequency requirement.

Analysis indicated that preload stress requires a rib midpoint wall thickness of $t_m = 0.012$ inch. The data used to plot Figure 4.4.3-2 shows that when the tip and root thicknesses are 0.006 the frequency reduces 14 percent while the weight reduces 25 percent. Thus, it is efficient to have a thickness taper of approximately two to one from midpoint to tip or root.

Figure 4.4.3-3 indicates the degree of frequency-to-weight effectiveness. This chart must be tempered with absolute weight, frequency, stress, and thermal requirements. Figure 4.4.3-3 also indicates that the larger diameter thinner walled tubes are best from a frequency or stiffness viewpoint. This is contrary to thermal requirements which are ideal for small diameter thick walled tubes. Moreover, stress buckling must be investigated when using large D/t ratios.



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Figure 4.4.3-1. None of 1.0-Inch Diameter Ribs Meet the 4 Hz Requirement But 1.5-Inch Diameter Is Satisfactory When Thicker Than 0.006 Inch

- NOTES: 1. TAPER RATIO = RIB WALL THICKNESS AT MIDPOINT, t_m ,
OVER THICKNESS AT TIP OR ROOT
2. MINIMUM FREQUENCY REQUIREMENT IS 4 Hz.

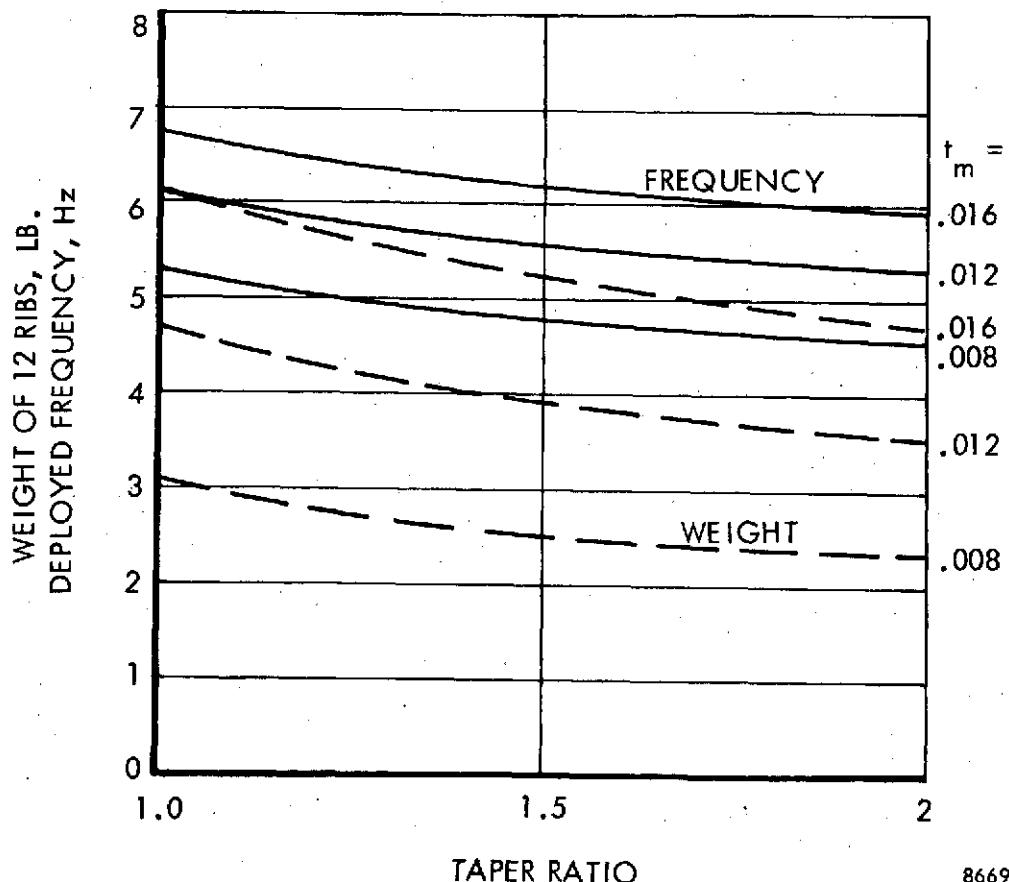


Figure 4.4.3-2. Variation of Rib Frequency and Weight Versus Taper Ratio for a Deployed 12.5-Foot Diameter Antenna

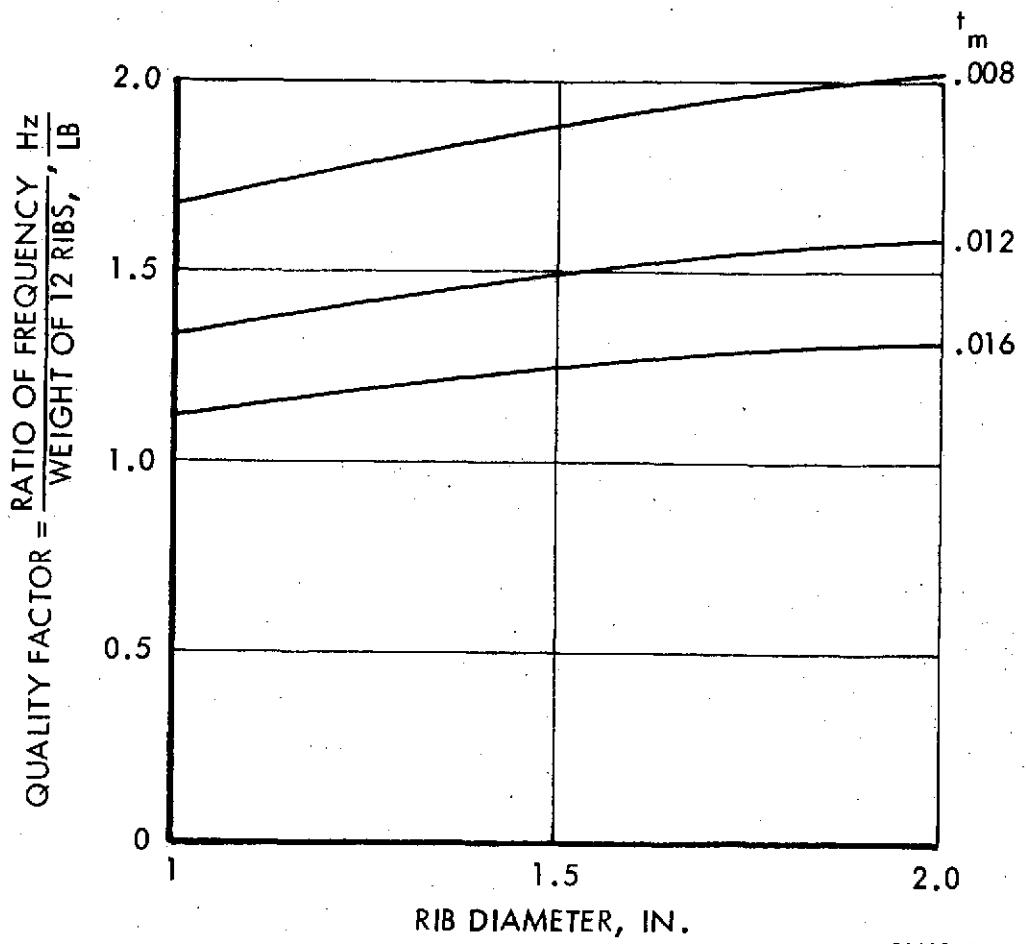


Figure 4.4.3-3. Variation of Quality Factor Versus Diameter for Ribs of a Taper Ratio = 2

Of the analyzed ribs there are a number of candidates that appear satisfactory. Preliminary thermal analysis shows that a 1.50 diameter rib with a constant wall thickness of 0.010 inch is marginally satisfactory.

Therefore, giving consideration to stress, frequency, thermal, weight, cost, and low deflections, a rib size was selected. The selected rib is 1.50 inches diameter with a minimum thickness of 0.008 at the root, 0.012 at the midpoint, and 0.006 at the tip. Using a tolerance of ± 0.0010 inch the above nominal thicknesses would all increase 0.001 inch.

4.4.3.2 Detailed Rib Analysis

The selected rib was modeled for a STARDYNE eigenvalue run. The parabolic rib shape was now considered and a pivot arm was connected to the rib at the pivot pin. A sketch of the model and the geometry and other details are presented in Section D6.0 of Appendix D. The rib has 11 nodes and 10 beam segments, the pivot arm had 11 nodes and 11 beams and one plate element. Effective areas and moments of inertia were calculated considering the thickness taper.

The fundamental frequencies in the torsional and lateral axes are 6.97 and 6.91 Hz. The torsional mode shape is out-of-plane bending of the rib about the z axis of the pivot pin. The lateral mode shape is in-plane bending of the rib about the y axis. A summary of frequencies and a comparison between computer models for the structure is shown in Table 4.4.3.2.

Table 4.4.3.2. Summary of Lower Frequencies

Mode	Frequency, Hz	
	Model 1 No HUB	Model 2 With HUB
First Lateral	7.02	6.91
First Torsional	7.02	6.97
Second Lateral	44.0	43.1
Second Torsional	43.9	43.7
Third Lateral	136	132
Third Torsional	137	137

4.4.4

MDS Load Analysis

Forces and torques in the MDS were calculated for antenna deployment in a face-down position and for deployment in a face-side position. These loads were calculated for each 1° increment of deployment. A summary of the maximum limit loads is presented in Table 4.4.4. The complete load calculations are presented in Section D3.0 of Appendix D of the CDR Data Package.

Table 4.4.4. Summary of Maximum Limit Loads in the MDS

a. Face-Down Condition

Angle α , Degrees	Push Rod Force Pounds	Ball Screw Force Pounds	Ball Screw Torque Inch Pound
49	10.55	81.49	1.44
74	13.67	4.5	0.081

b. Face-Side Condition

Angle α , Degrees	Push Rod Force Pounds	Carrier Moment In. Lbs	Ball Screw Moment In. Lbs	Ball Screw Stress psi	Ball Screw Deflection Inches
0	16.43	510	319	70,000	0.00005

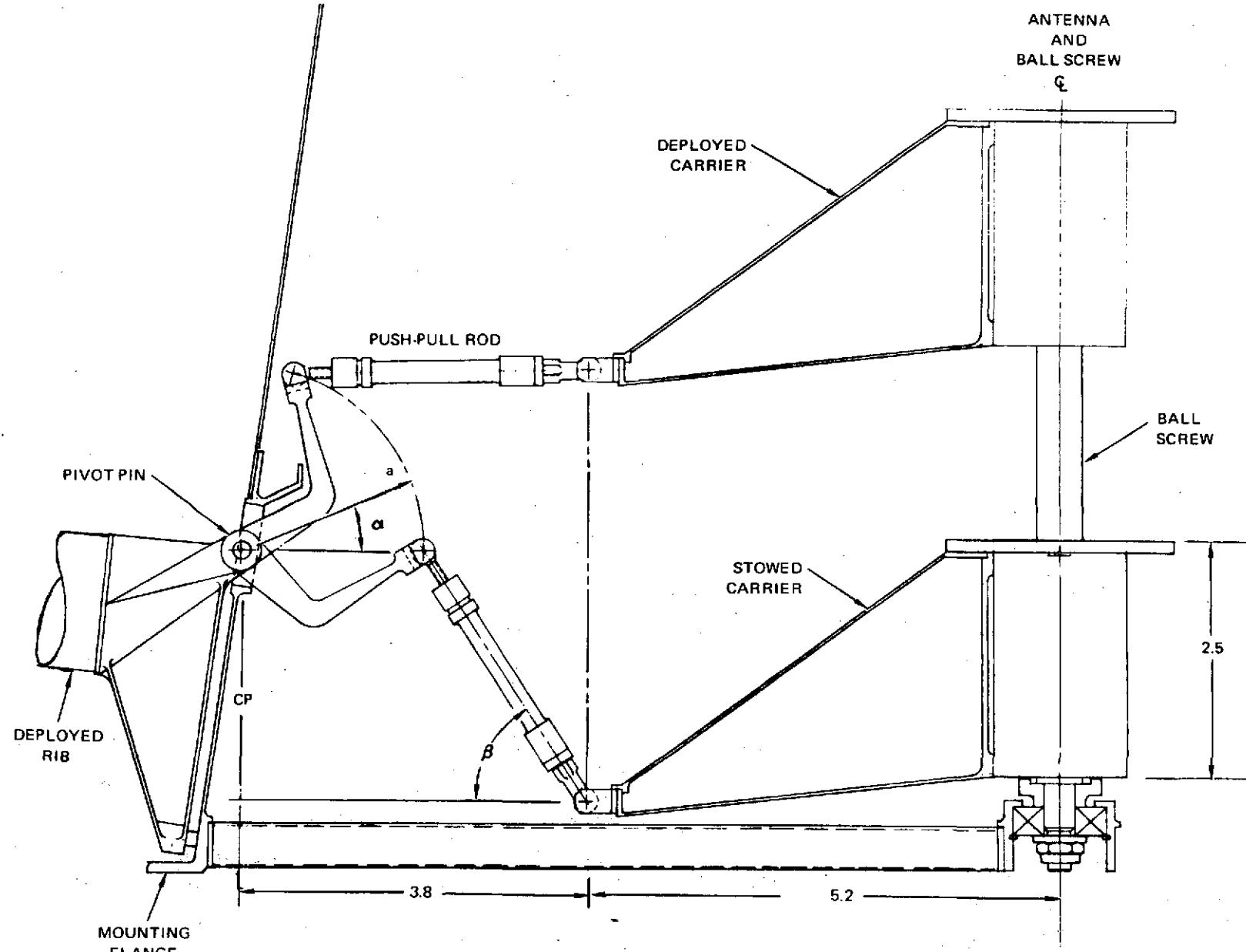
Moments were taken about the rib pivot point. The rib weight of 0.6548 pound was concentrated at its CG which has a radius arm of 41.79 inches. Reacting this moment is a push rod force acting on a moment arm of $a \sin(\alpha + \beta)$. See Figure 4.4.4 for a sketch of the geometry. This approach is approximately two percent conservative because it excludes the counter-balancing effect of the carrier and push rod weights on their moment arms.

4.4.5

Preload Requirements

Appendix D, Section 7.0 of the CDR Data Package, shows the derivation of preload requirements at the rib midpoint and at the rib tip.

To avoid chatter during vibration at 25 G response it is necessary to preload the rib midpoint with 15.84 pounds. This is accomplished by installing the rib so that it must be deflected 1.604 inches at its tip during final assembly.



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Figure 4.4.4. Geometry of MDS Used in Load Analysis

4.4.6

Stress Analysis

Rib and Support Cone Detail Stress Analysis is included in Appendix D, Section 8.0, of the CDR Data Package.

4.5

Deployment Reliability

An analysis was performed to determine the probability of proper deployment of the antenna in the orbital environment. Proper deployment is herein defined as release of the ribs by the launch restraint system and subsequent operation of the mechanical deployment system (MDS) which results in a tensioning of the mesh surface to the required levels. The approach taken in the analysis was to evaluate the probability of the restraint system release and MDS operation separately, then these values were combined to yield the probability of successful deployment.

4.5.1

MDS Analysis

The results of tests conducted in the design and development phase of a previous program were used to construct a lower bound on the probability of successful operation of the MDS. Succinctly, the MDS was cycled 400 times, under various conditions, to determine what failure modes, if any, would show up. The extensive testing did not produce any failures. The testing can be thought of as representing 400 Bernoulli trials during which 400 successes were observed.

Let

p = probability of successful operation of the MDS on a single trial

then the maximum likelihood estimator for p is

$$\hat{p} = \frac{x_o}{\eta} \quad (1)$$

where x_o = number of successes

and η = total number of trials.

Using the results of the tests then

$$\hat{p} = 1,$$

which says that the best point estimate for the true probability of success p is $\hat{p} = 1$. A more revealing statistic at this point is the lower bound on the true probability of success (p). The arguments leading up to and development of the following lower bound can be found in

References 1 and 2. A 95 percent Lower Bound (LB) on the parameter p is given by the following:

$$LB = \frac{X_o}{X_o + (\eta - X_o + 1) F_{0.95}(2(\eta - X_o + 1), 2X_o)}$$

where $F_{0.95}(2(\eta - X_o + 1), 2X_o)$ is a random variable with the variance ratio distribution and is a function of two parameters (degrees of freedom).

Substituting in the above equation for $X_o = 400$ and $\eta = 400$ and using tables for the cumulative F distribution²

$$LB = 0.993.$$

Based on the test results we are 95 percent sure that the true probability of successful operation of the MDS is no smaller than 0.993.

4.5.2 Restraint Release Analysis

The problem is one of determining the reliability associated with the deployment of the antenna ribs where each rib is being restrained. The ground rules are that:

1. All 12 ribs must be pulled free.
2. The scope of this analysis is as appears in Figure 4.5.2-1.
3. All system elements exterior to this scope are assumed to function properly.

Approach

The approach consisted of determining the probabilities associated with the successful operation of the pair of redundant guillotines and the freeing of each of the 12 antenna ribs (see Figure 4.5.2-1).

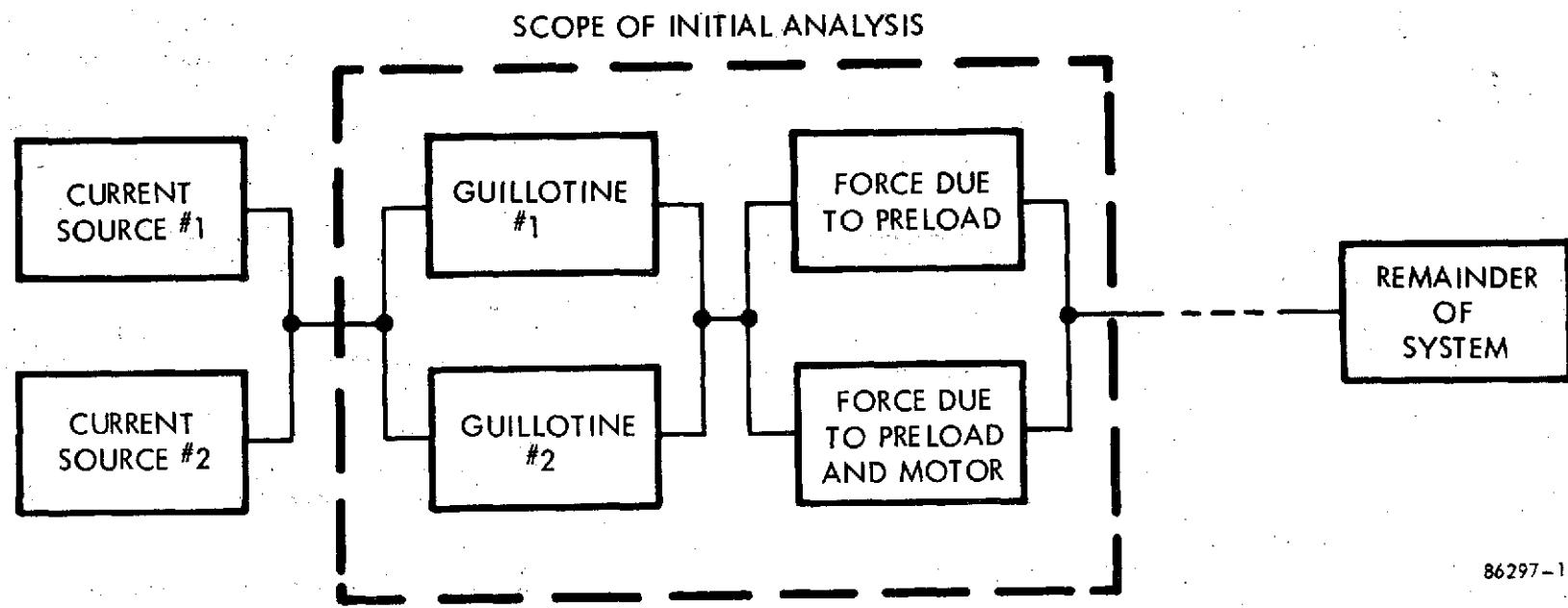
Solution Technique

The probability of successfully cutting the cable by means of the pair of guillotines is

$$PG = [1 - (1 - pg)^2] \quad (2)$$

¹Hald, A., 1952, Statistical Theory with Engineering Applications, John Wiley and Sons, New York

²Brownlee, K. A., 1960, Statistical Theory and Methodology in Science and Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, New York



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Figure 4.5.2-1. Simplified Model for Antenna Deployment

where p_g = the probability that a single guillotine will successfully cut the cable and P_G is the desired probability. The values of p_g used in the analysis were

$$p_g = \begin{array}{l} .99, \text{ conservative estimate} \\ 0.9999, \text{ vendor quoted estimate} \end{array}$$

The probability that each rib would be free if the cable were cut, depends on the forces acting to pull each rib from the restraining mechanism. There are two components of force acting to free each rib - a force due to preload and a force due to the torque motors. The forces due to preload and torque motors are random variables which are assumed to be normally distributed. This assumption is based on engineering judgement as opposed to mathematical convenience. It is further assumed that each of the 12 ribs is identical from a freeing and restraining force viewpoint.

Let x_1 be the amount of force on each rib due to preload where x_1 is a random variable assumed to be normally distributed with mean μ_1 , and standard deviation σ_1 . The probability that the preload force will be greater than the restraining force (k) is

$$\Pr \{x_1 < k\} = \{1 - \Pr x_1 \leq k\}$$

or in terms of the standard cumulative normal

$$\Pr \{x_1 > k\} = 1 - \Phi \frac{k - \mu_1}{\sigma_1} \quad (3)$$

Based on design values and engineering estimates μ_1 was determined to be 5.15 pounds and the three Sigma limits were ± 1.50 pounds which implies $\bar{V}_1 = 0.5$ pound. The value of k (restraint force) was not easily quantifiable, ergo k was treated as a parameter and allowed to range over 0 to 200 percent of μ_1 .

The amount of freeing force (x_2) acting on each rib due to the torque motors was assumed to be normally distributed with the mean ($\mu_2 = 2.75$ pounds) and standard deviation ($\sigma_2 = 0.2750$ pound) determined by design values and engineering judgement. The combined forces ($x_1 + x_2$) will act to free each rib, hence

$$\Pr \{x_1 + x_2 > k\} = 1 - \Pr \{x_1 + x_2 \leq k\}$$

or in terms of the cumulative unit normal

$$\Pr \{x > k\} = 1 - \Phi \left(\frac{k - \mu}{\sigma} \right) \quad (4)$$

where $x = x_1 + x_2$ and is a random variable normally distributed with $\mu = \mu_1 + \mu_2$ and $\sigma = (\bar{V}_1^2 + \bar{V}_2^2)^{1/2}$. Performing the indicated operation yields $\mu = 7.90$ and $\bar{V} = 0.5706$.

Since each rib can be freed if either the preload or the combined preload plus torque motor force is greater than the restraining force computations were carried out to gain insight into the effect of restraint force on the freeing force with and without the torque motor. Using Equation (3) for preload force only, let

$P_i = \{ \Pr X_1 > k \}$ where P_i is the probability that the freeing force on the i th rib will be greater than the restraint force.

Then

$$\underline{P} = PG \quad \prod_{i=1}^{12} P_i^{18} \quad (5)$$

where PG is defined by Equation (2) and \underline{P} is the Probability that the cable will be cut and all 12 ribs will be released.

When the introduction of the freeing force due to the torque motor and assuming statistical independence

$$P_i = 1 - \Pr \{ x_1 \leq k \} \cdot \Pr \{ x \leq k \}. \quad (6)$$

Hence, substituting Equation (6) for P_i in Equation (5) will yield the probability that the cable will be cut and all 12 ribs will be released when both the preload and torque motor force are considered.

Results

Computations were carried out with $PG = .9999$ (i.e., $pg = .99$) and $PG = .999999$ (i.e., $pg = 9999$) and for values of $k = 0, 10, \dots, 200$ percent of μ_1 under both the preload only and preload plus torque motor freeing force. These computations in essence involved the operations depicted by Equation (5). Extreme precautions were taken so as not to introduce round-off or truncation errors in the computations. The numerical integration of the unit normal density, for example, was executed using the Hewlett-Packard Calculator with 100 subdivisions per integration. This allowed for the computation of very small probabilities (i.e., in the tails of the unit normal density) which are not readily available in table form. The final results are shown in graphic form in Figure 4.5.2-2. The curves marked preload force correspond to removing the block titled "Force Due to Preload and Motor" from Figure 4.5.2-1 which in essence removes a redundant success path. The set of curves marked preload + torque motor force corresponds to the situation enclosed by the dotted region in Figure 4.5.2-1. For the preload force only condition and $PG = .9999$, the probability of freeing all the ribs (P) is virtually .9999 for a restraint force less than 50 percent of $\mu = 5.15$. The addition of the force due to the torque motor will allow a k of approximately 90 percent or less to be overcome with probability = .9999. The curves can be used to determine the probability that a given restraint force can be overcome by the forces acting to free the ribs. For example, if $k = 5.12$ pounds (100 percent of μ_1) then $P = 0.50$ (not shown on graph) for the preload force only but when the force due to the torque motor is considered, $P = .9998$ when $PG = .9999$.

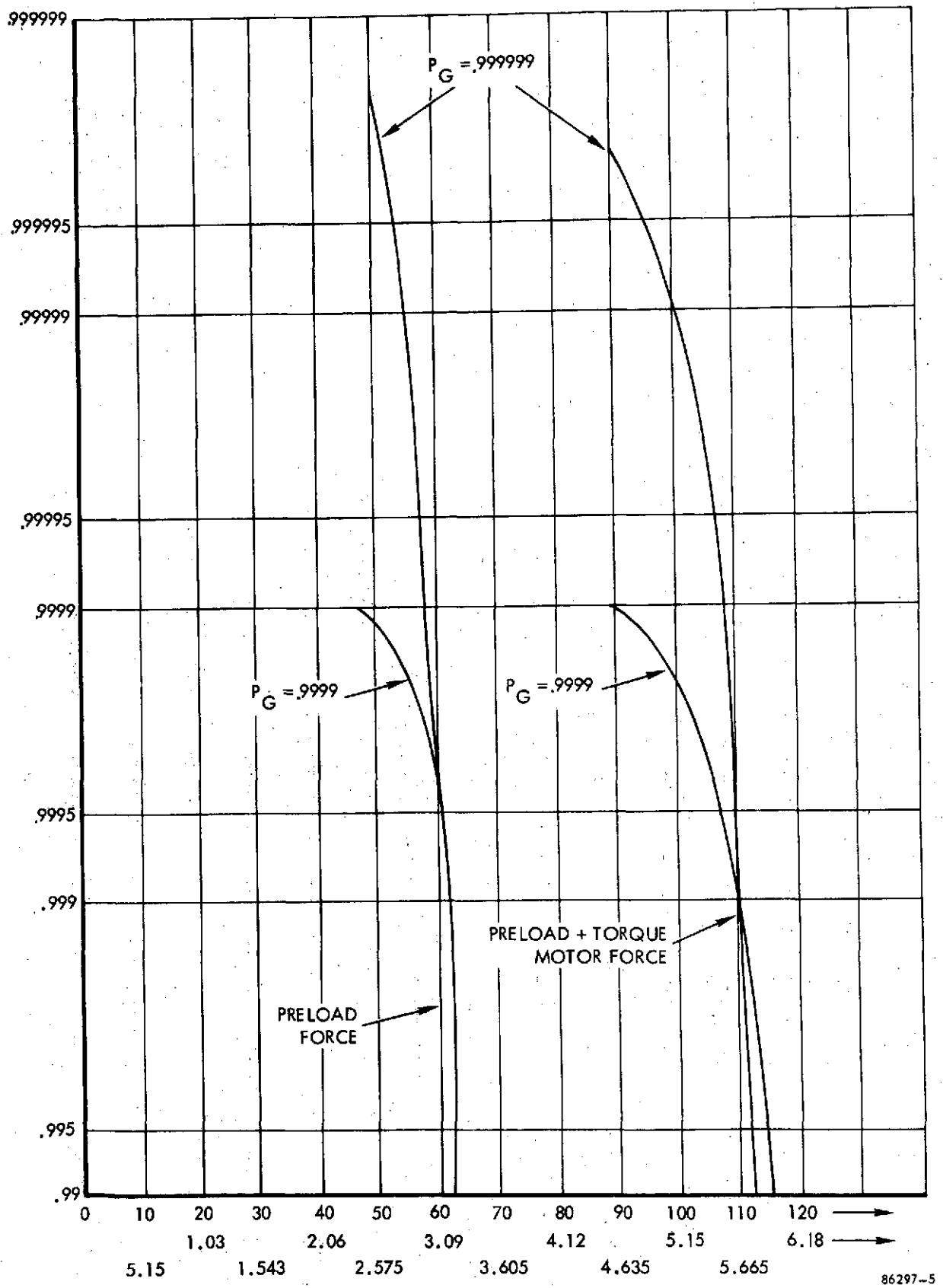


Figure 4.5.2-2. Probability of Antenna Deployment (P) Versus Restraint Force (K)

Conclusions

The present design with redundant guillotines and preload and torque motor forces acting to free the antenna ribs, possesses a probability of deploying greater than .999. This conclusion assumes a priori that all other events necessary for antenna deployment will occur with probability one.

4.5.3 Probability of Successful Deployment

From the previous section, P was conservatively estimated at 0.9999 where

P = the probability that the cable will be cut and all 12 ribs will be released.

Combining this estimate with the results for the MDS from Paragraph 4.5.1 yields

$$P_s = 0.9999 (0.9926) = 0.9925$$

Where P_s is the probability of successful operation of the MDS and deployment of the antenna ribs.

Conclusion

Based on the above analyses, the probability of successful deployment of the antenna is estimated conservatively at 0.9925.

SECTION 5.0
APPLICATIONS STUDIES TASK

5.0 APPLICATIONS STUDIES TASK

The objective of the Applications Studies Task was to investigate the applicability of the 12.5-foot deployable reflector to the requirements of the Tracking and Data Relay Satellite (TDRS) Program. To accomplish this investigation, the following subtasks were conducted:

- Establish baseline system parameters
- Select and analyze two practical feed concepts
- Perform typical link analyses
- Establish pointing error budgets and perform servo analyses
- Develop relationship of reflector weight and surface accuracy as a function of antenna diameter

The following paragraphs describe the results of these activities. However, the applicability of the 12.5-foot reflector design to the TDRS Program is, undoubtedly, best demonstrated by the fact that the reflector design (with only slight modifications) has been cited as the selected baseline design by both contractors in the recently completed TDRSS Definition Phase Studies (see References 2 and 3 and Figure 5.0).

5.1 Baseline Systems Parameters Definition

The first subtask of the Applications Studies Task was the definition of the baseline system parameters on the basis of NASA furnished data. This data was received and evaluated with respect to the antenna system. This section includes a summary of the NASA data, link tables, and an assessment of user satellite antenna gains required to support various data bandwidths for a range of TDRS Ku-band and S-band sizes.

The pertinent antenna parameters may be classified as RF or mechanical. The RF parameters (performance) are fixed by link analyses and required link performance. The mechanical parameters are developed from the selected pointing philosophy, required tracking accuracy, and TDRS and user spacecraft ephemeris and attitude accuracies. The antenna RF parameters supplied by NASA are:

● Transmit Frequency	13.4 → 14.2 GHz
● Receive Frequency	14.4 → 15.35 GHz
● Bandwidth	20 MHz
● Receiver Sensitivity (G/T)	≥10 dB/K (Boresight)

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TDRS BASELINE CONFIGURATION

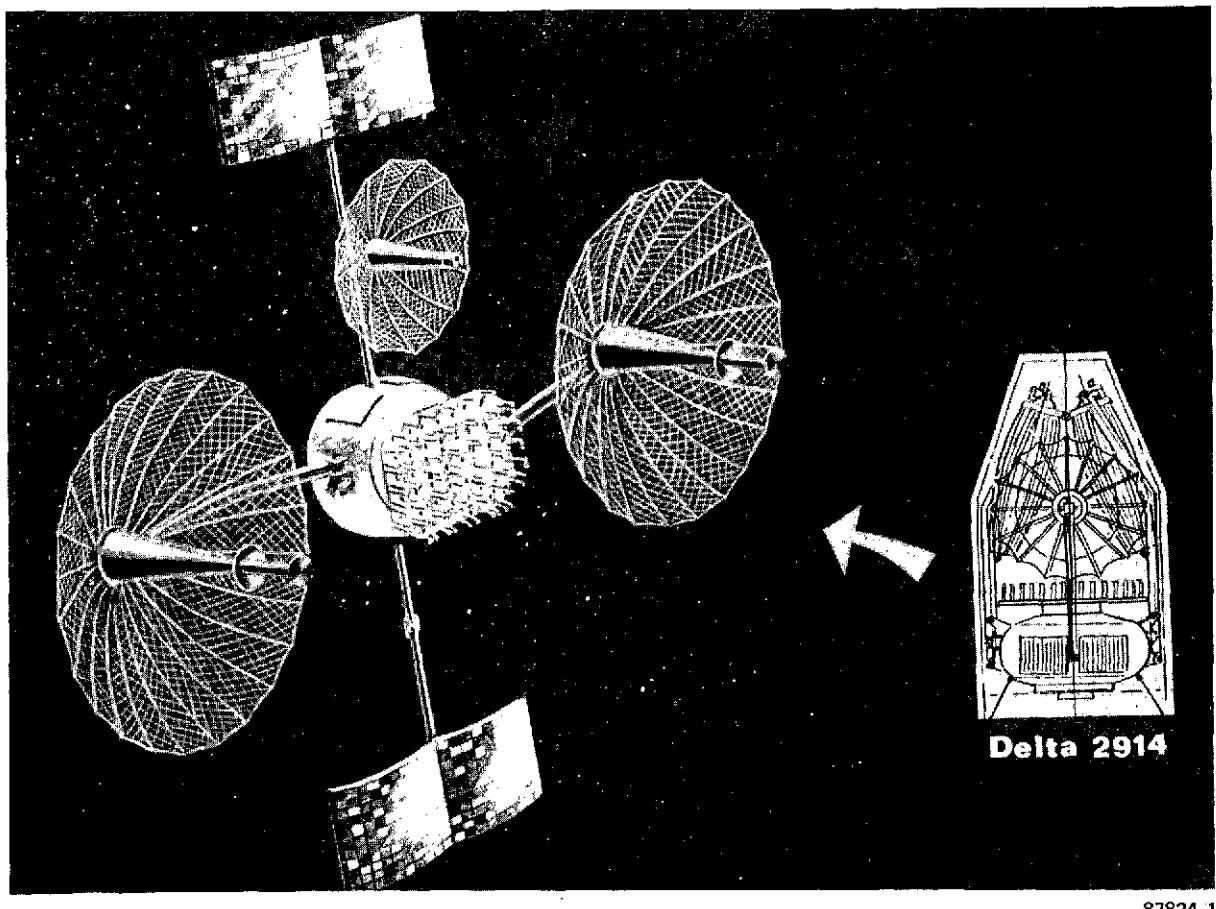


Figure 5.0. TDRS Baseline Configuration

• Effective Radiated Power	40 dBW
• Power Output	20 watts
• Transmit Losses	2.0 dB
• Pointing Loss	≤ 1.0 dB

Assuming that solid state Ku-band receivers will be used on the TDRS, the noise temperature will be approximately 1000° K or $30 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$. The minimum antenna gain required, assuming 1 dB circuit losses, is therefore 41 dB and the effective radiated power is 52 dBw with a 20 watt RF source and 2.0 dB losses. The 42 dB gain corresponds to an antenna diameter of approximately 3 feet. As illustrated in Table 5.1, a 3-foot dish provides sufficient margin to support a 20 Mb link to the ground. A conservative noise temperature for a ground based receiving system is 500° K and the $28 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$. The G/T shown in Table 5.1 reflects such a temperature. For completeness, the links corresponding to a range of TDRS antennas are shown for both the TDRS ground and TDRS user satellite links in Table 5.1, although the 3-foot reflector would probably be dedicated to the ground link.

The parameter values shown in Table 5.1 represent gross estimates and this table is included to illustrate the difficulty of maintaining a 20 Mb link between the TDRS and the user satellites.

The NASA supplied user satellite parameters are:

• Antenna Gain	16 dB
• Transmitter Power	6 dBW
• Transmitter Losses	2 dB
• Pointing Loss	≤ 1.0 dB
• Receiving Temperature (assumed)	$30 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$

Radiation's assumptions which are reflected in this table are:

• TDRS Receiver Noise Temperature	$30 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$
• User Satellite Noise Temperature	$30 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$
• Ground Station Noise Temperature	$27 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}$

Table 5.1. Ku-Band TDRS Link Tables

13.5 GC \ Dish Diameter Down-Link \ Link -	3'		6'		12'		20'	
	Gnd	User	Gnd	User	Gnd	User	Gnd	User
Antenna Gain (dB)	39.5	39.5	45.5	45.5	51.5	51.5	56.0	56.0
Transmitter Power (20 watts) (dBw)	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Transmitting Circuit Losses (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Transmitter EIRP (dB)	51.5	51.5	57.5	57.5	63.5	63.5	68.0	68.0
Space Loss (dB)	207.26	207.9	207.26	207.9	207.26	207.9	207.26	207.9
Receiver Antenna Gain (dB)	56.0	16.0	56.0	16.0	56.0	16.0	56.0	16.0
Receiver Temperature (dB ° K)	27.0	30.0	27.0	30.0	27.0	30.0	27.0	30.0
Receiver Losses	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Receiver G/Ts dB/° K	+28.0	-15.0	+28.0	-15.0	+28.0	-15.0	+28.0	-15.0
P/KT (dB/Hz)	100.84	57.2	106.84	63.2	112.84	69.2	117.34	73.7
Margin @ ZOMB and Eb/No = 9.6	+18.24	-25.4	+24.24	-19.4	+30.24	-13.4	+34.74	-8.9
User Dish Rqd.	41.4 dB~4'		35.4 dB 2'		29.4 dB 1'		24.9~3"	
15.0 GC \ Dish Diameter Up-Link \ Link -	3'		6'		12'		20'	
	Gnd	User	Gnd	User	Gnd	User	Gnd	User
Transmitter Antenna Gain (dB)	57.0	17.0	57.0	17.0	57.0	17.0	57.0	17.0
Transmitter Power (dBw)	10.0	6.0	10.0	6.0	10.0	6.0	10.0	6.0
Transmitting Circuit Losses (dB)	1.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	1.0	3.0
Transmitter EIRP (dBw)	66.0	20.0	66.0	20.0	66.0	20.0	66.0	20.0
Space Loss (dB)	208.18	208.82	208.18	208.82	208.18	208.82	208.18	208.82
Receiver Antenna Gain (dB)	40.5	40.5	46.5	46.5	52.5	52.5	57.0	57.0
Receiver Temperature (dB ° K)	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Receiver Losses (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Receiver G/Ts (dB ° K)	9.5	9.5	15.5	15.5	21.5	21.5	26.0	26.0

Table 5.1. Ku-Band TDRS Link Tables (Continued)

15.0 GC Up-Link Link -	Dish Diameter	3' Gnd	User	6' Gnd	User	12' Gnd	User	20' Gnd	User
P/KT dB/Hz Margin @ 20 MB and Eb/No = 9.6 dB		95.92 13.32	59.28 -23.32	101.92 19.32	65.28 -17.32	107.92 25.32	71.28 -11.32	112.42 29.82	75.78 - 6.82
User Dish Rqd.			39.32~2.5'		33.32~1.25'		27.32~7.5"		27.82

- Ground Station Maximum Space Loss at 15 GHz 208 dB
 (Assumes 65° longitude separation and Wallops Island ground station latitude)
- User Satellite Maximum Space Loss at 15 GHz 209 dB
 (Assumes 3000 mile altitude orbit and a 5° cutoff angle)
- Required Bit Error Rate 10^{-5}

Because of the negative link margins for the TDRS User Satellite Links, Figure 5.1-1 was developed to illustrate the bit rate that can be supported with the specified 16 dB gain user satellite antenna for a range of TDRS antenna diameters as well as the additional channel capacity resulting from increased user satellite antenna gain. Because the TDRS antenna system will support many users it is probably advantageous to place most of the link gain requirements on that antenna rather than on the users.

In a similar manner, the possible support of user satellites at S-band frequencies is shown parametrically in Figure 5.1-2. The user satellites are baselined with a 1.5-foot dish, a 10 watt power amplifier and a 500°K noise temperature. The supportable bit rate is shown as the TDRS antenna diameter is increased from 3 feet to 20 feet and the user satellite antenna diameter is increased from 1.5 feet to 6 feet. As in the previous link analysis, the link parameters values represent preliminary estimates and assumptions, and the actual link tolerances are probably in the neighborhood of ±3 to 6 dB. The assumptions made to develop Figure 5.1-2 are:

- TDRS S-band Noise Temperature 500°K (27 dB-°K)
- User Satellite S-band Noise Temperature 500°K
- TDRS S-band Power Output 40 watts
- User Satellite S-band Power Output (Expandable to 40 watts) 10 watts
- Maximum User Satellite Antenna Diameter 6 feet
- Required E_b/N_o (Corresponding to 10^{-5} Bit Error Rate) 9.6 dB

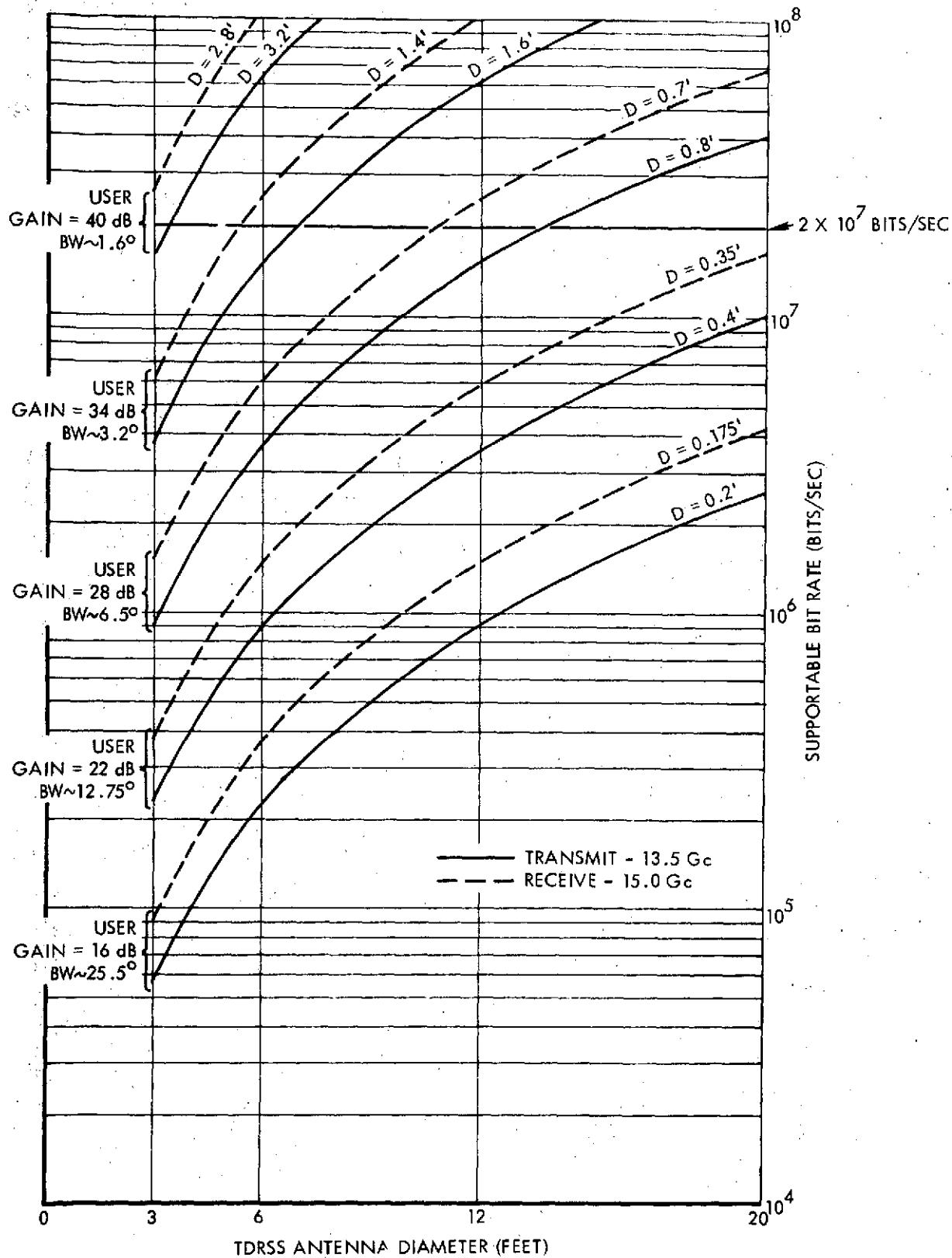


Figure 5.1-1. Supportable Bit Rate at Ku-Band as Function of Antenna Diameters

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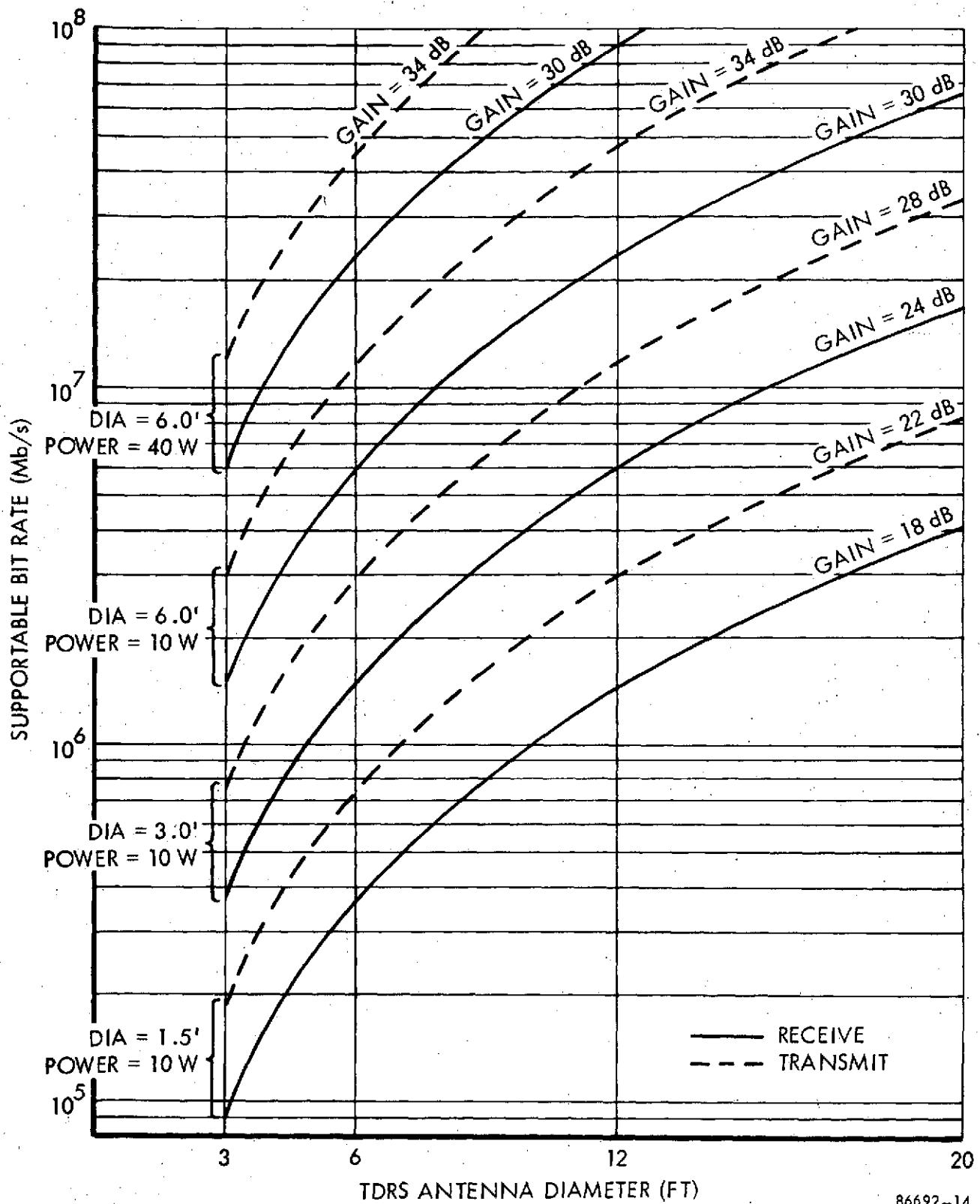


Figure 5.1-2. Supportable Bit Rate at S-Band as Function of Antenna Diameters

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RF Feed Analysis

Two antenna feed concepts have been selected and analyzed which are compatible with the established baseline parameters. Both concepts provide for dual-frequency operation, at Ku- and S-band, and have the following basic characteristics:

- Compatible with 12.5-foot rib-and-mesh reflector
- Single beam direction at a given time determined by reflector steering
- Full duplex operation
- Self-tracking at Ku-band
- Programmed tracking at S-band
- Circular polarization

The analysis was extended to include dual-frequency operation with the cognizance of the NASA Contract Technical Officer. The decision was based on indications that this operation is compatible with and required in the anticipated operation of the TDRS.

The basic characteristics indicated for the selected feed concepts are based on the baseline parameters and other constraints. Although some effort is being expended by NASA to develop feed/reflector concepts which allow multiple frequency, multiple beam and tracking operations simultaneously in a single dish, concepts of this nature were beyond the scope of this program. Hence, only concepts which allow boresight beams and steering by movements of the dish are considered. Full duplex operation, simultaneously receiving and transmitting in the antenna, can be obtained by,

- a. Transmitting and receiving in either one of the bands
- b. Transmitting in one band and receiving in the other

In most cases, effective use of the latter is obtained only when transmission occurs at S-band frequencies and reception at Ku-band. This allows the narrow Ku-band beam to be utilized for tracking.

The tracking requirement of a 12.5-foot antenna is fundamentally a function of the frequency of operation and the attendant beam width. At S-band frequencies the half-power beam width is relatively large at approximately 2.5° ; therefore, a programmed tracking mode is accurate and reliable enough and probably cost-effective for this band. On the other hand, the 3 dB beam width for the Ku-band frequencies is on the order of 0.4° indicating the probable need for self-tracking for the Ku-band. Consequently, concepts having these tracking characteristics have been selected.

Possible applicable self-tracking schemes include analog and digital monopulse implementations and step-track implementations. Both schemes are used in the two concepts presented in this section.

Inasmuch as all requirements for the TDRS system are not fully defined at this time, the two concepts selected for analysis cannot be considered optimum configurations. They are, however, important candidate types meeting the requirements as known and therefore allow meaningful modeling of the system for performance of the overall applications study and in particular, the pointing study task. In addition, the two concepts offer enough contrast to give insight over a relatively broad range of variation in operational requirements of the system. For example, the concepts allow for programmed, monopulse, and step tracking, and right- and left-hand circular polarization are available including like and orthogonal polarization for the receive and transmit signals of a given band. The concepts employ up-to-date, yet proven, techniques for obtaining the required performance for the TDRS antenna.

In the following paragraphs full descriptions of the two selected feed concepts are presented along with analytical projections of gain and efficiency budgets for each.

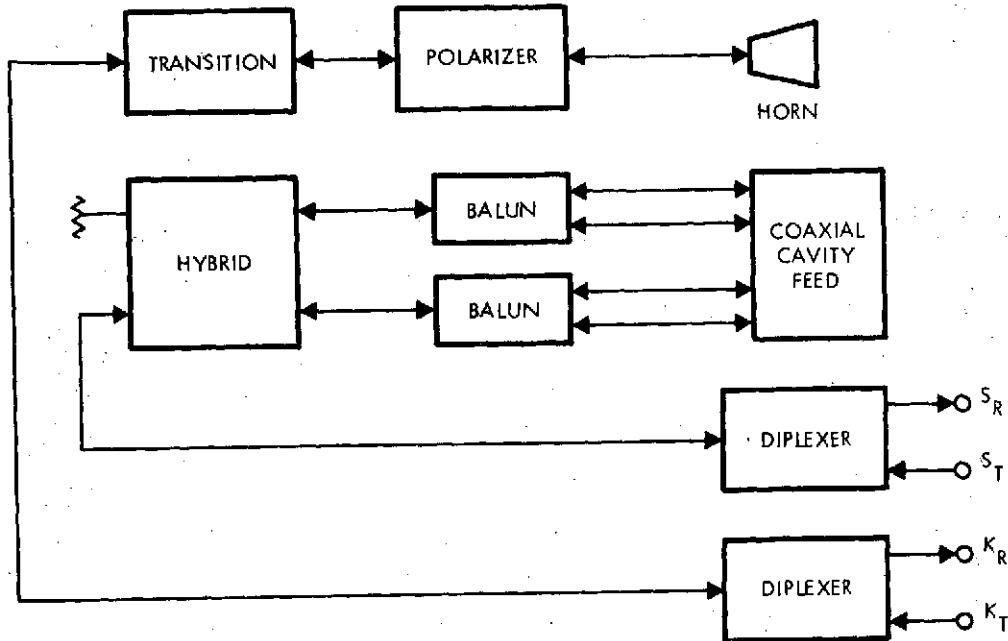
5.2.1 Monopulse Tracking Cassegrain Ku-Band/Programmed Tracking Apex S-Band Feed

A dual frequency feed concept is described in this paragraph employing pseudo-monopulse tracking Cassegrain Ku-band and programmed-tracking apex S-band implementations. A frequency sensitive dichroic lens subreflector is used in the configuration. The feed is configured to mate with a 12.5-foot rib-and-mesh reflector.

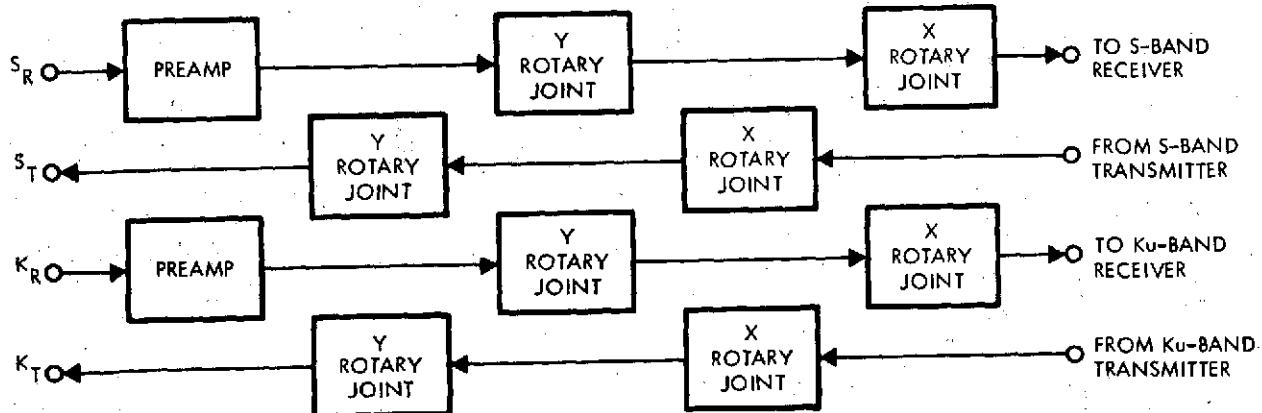
Description

The feed system consists of the components shown in the block diagram, Figure 5.2.1-1, and the sketch of the feed layout, Figure 5.2.1-2. These include an apex-mounted S-band cupped helix antenna which illuminates the 12.5-foot reflector through a frequency-sensitive or dichroic subreflector. The dichroic subreflector operates in the transmissive mode at the S-band frequencies and reflective mode at Ku-band frequencies. The cupped helix provides either right- or left-hand circular polarization for both transmit and receive channels depending on the winding direction of the helix. A low-loss cable interconnects the cupped helix and diplexer required for separating the receive and transmit channels. The received signals are amplified in a preamplifier, probably a tunnel diode or uncooled preamp. Both S-band channels are transmitted through rotary joints on the x-y mount. In the system four identical noncontacting, rotary joints are used, each having a center section of circular waveguide choke-flange coupled through the joint. The S-band channel is concentric to the circular waveguide. The design provides separation of the transmit and receive channels to opposite sides of the gimbal system to maintain good isolation.

The dichroic lens or subreflector is an important component in the concept. This type of subreflector has been developed and demonstrated by test on several programs to exhibit



(A) MICROWAVE SUBSYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



(B) ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS REQUIRED

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Figure 5.2.1-1. Tracking Cassegrain Ku-Band, Nontracking Apex S-Band Feed

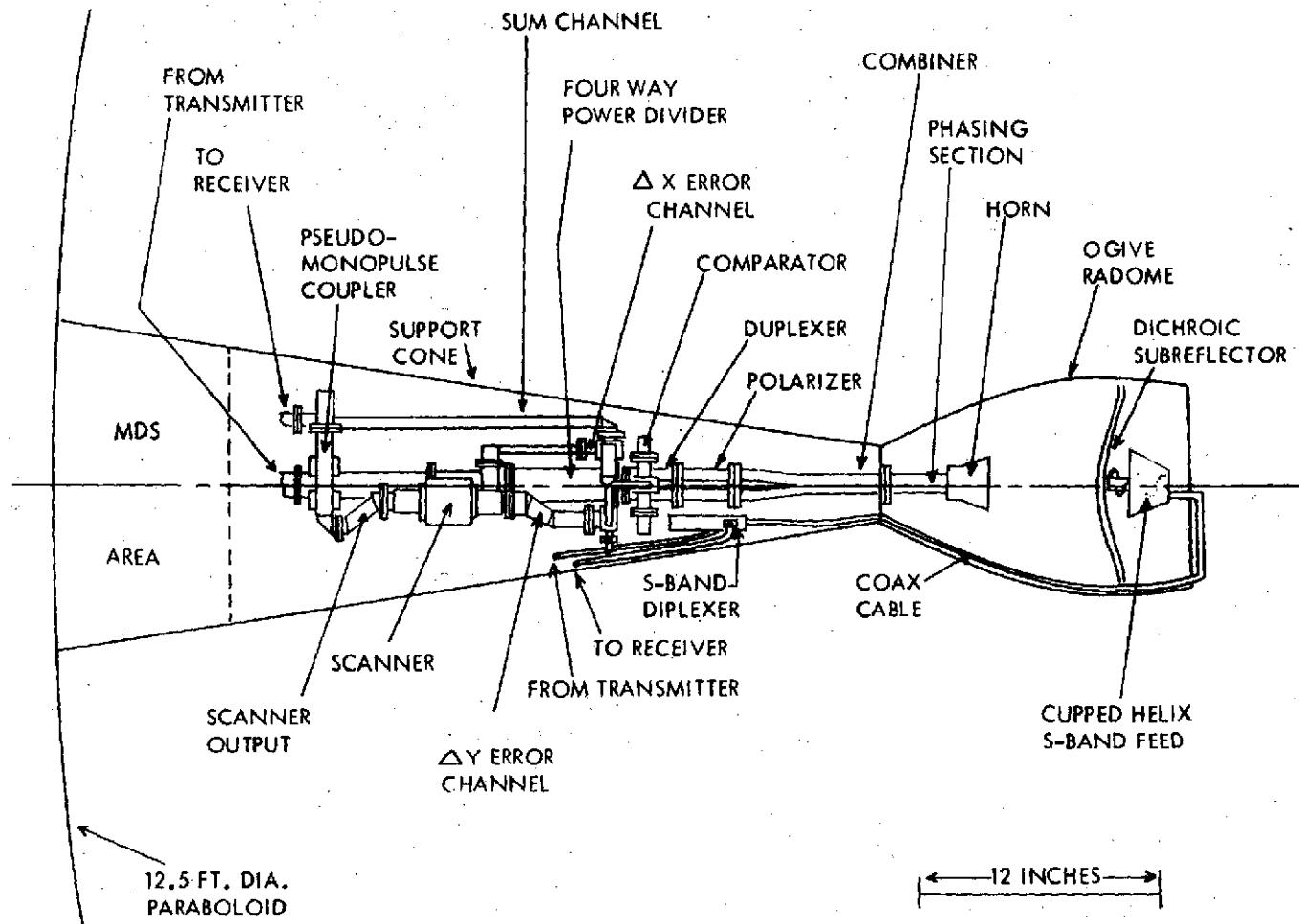


Figure 5.2.1-2. Tracking Cassegrain Ku-Band, Nontracking Apex S-Band Feed Layout

no greater than 0.3 dB loss in the reflective band (Ku-band) and less than 0.1 dB loss in the transmissive band (S-band). The design is amenable to subreflector shaping (as opposed to maintaining a conventional hyperboloid) to achieve greater spillover/amplitude taper (η_{sp} , η_{at}) efficiency. Spillover/amplitude taper efficiencies in excess of 80 percent have been measured with this technique.

The Ku-band system features the 13-wavelength diameter, dichroic, shaped subreflector mentioned above and a single channel (pseudomonopulse) tracking waveguide circuit in which the received sum channel is modulated sequentially by the x- and y-axis error signals via an electronic scanner. The error signals are subsequently demodulated at the receiver and used for pointing the antenna.

As shown in the block diagram, the transmit signal is coupled through the rotary joints to a power splitter and then to orthomode transducers (duplexers) which serve to maintain about 20 dB isolation between the transmit and receive signals presented to the comparator. This isolation mainly results from the orthogonality of the two polarizations of the receive and transmit signals. An additional 80 to 100 dB of isolation can be provided in the bandstop filter located ahead of the preamplifier. The transmit signals are properly polarized, that is right- or left-hand circular, and then presented to the four-part choked, or corrugated, horn feed.

The received signals present in the four channels are passed through the polarizers and diplexers and presented to the comparator. The comparator develops a sum channel comprised of the sum of the four received signals, and two difference channels corresponding to the difference between the signals in the x and y directions. The scanner sequentially gates the difference channels onto the sum channel via the coupler which consequently modulates the sum channel by the error, or difference, signal. After bandpass filtering the modulated received signal is amplified in a preamplifier, typically a parametric amplifier, and presented at the output connector through the rotary joints.

Several variations on this general concept are possible. For example, the preamplifier may not be necessary in the final configuration, the rotary joints may be replaced by flexible cables especially at S-band frequencies, full monopulse requiring three channels with three receivers may be used instead of the pseudomonopulse, and only two up-down channels (one at S-band and one at Ku-band) may be desired with the result that the duplexers and diplexers may be deleted from the diagram. However, the configuration presented is a likely candidate and will be analyzed in the following section.

Gain and Efficiency Budgets

In Table 5.2.1 budgets for both S-band and Ku-band receive and transmit channel gain and efficiency are presented. The values presented include all elements of the antenna including the rotary joints for the x-y gimbal.

Table 5.2.1

Efficiency Factors	S-Band		Ku-Band	
	Rec	Xmit	Rec	Xmit
Spillover/Amplitude Taper Efficiency	.650	.650	.800	.800
Primary Phase Efficiency	.970	.970	.980	.980
Blockage Efficiency	.957	.957	.981	.981
Primary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	.998	.998	.990	.990
Secondary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	.978	.978	.999	.999
Dichroic Loss Efficiency	.980	.980	.940	.940
<hr/>				
A. Illumination Efficiency	.577	.577	.715	.715
<hr/>				
Surface Tolerance Efficiency	.999	.999	.870	.870
RF Reflectivity	.995	.995	.980	.980
<hr/>				
B. Reflector Efficiency	.994	.994	.853	.853
<hr/>				
Horn and Polarizer Loss Efficiency	--	--	.978	.978
Diplexer Loss Efficiency	--	--	.994	.994
Four-Way Power Divider Loss Efficiency	--	--	--	.985
Comparator Loss Efficiency	--	--	.982	--
Coupler Loss Efficiency	--	--	.937	--
Bandpass Filter Loss Efficiency	--	--	.966	--
Rotary Joint Loss Efficiency	--	.978	--	.955
Waveguide Loss Efficiency	--	--	.946	.995
Diplexer Loss Efficiency	.933	.933	--	--
Coaxial Cable Loss Efficiency	.938	.938	--	--
Cupped Helix Feed Loss Efficiency	.995	.995	--	--
Mismatch and Axial Ratio Loss Efficiency	.970	.970	.978	.978
<hr/>				
C. Loss Efficiency	.845	.826	.799	.890
<hr/>				
Overall Efficiency (A x B x C)	.485	.474	.487	.542
<hr/>				
Midband Gain (dB)	35.2	35.8	52.3	52.1
<hr/>				
Half-Power Beam Width (Degrees)	2.64	2.42	0.36	0.39

5.2.2 Nested Ku-Band and S-Band Apex Feed

A dual frequency feed concept is described in this section employing apex-mounted Ku-band and S-band nested feeds. Single channels are implemented for both bands. The feed is configured to mate with a 12.5-foot rib- and mesh-reflector.

Description

The feed system consists of the components shown in the block diagram of Figure 5.2.2-1 and the sketch of the feed layout, Figure 5.2.2-2. The Ku-band horn is mounted within the S-band coaxial-cavity feed at the apex. The four ports of the S-band feed are phased and summed in a hybrid and balun network to provide a single channel which may be right- or left-hand circular polarized. A diplexer separates the received signal from the transmitted signal allowing a preamplifier to be placed in the receive channel ahead of the long coaxial cable run and the rotary joints. The transmitted signal is also passed through the rotary joints and low-loss coaxial cable. The rotary joints for this concept are identical to those described for the other feed concept.

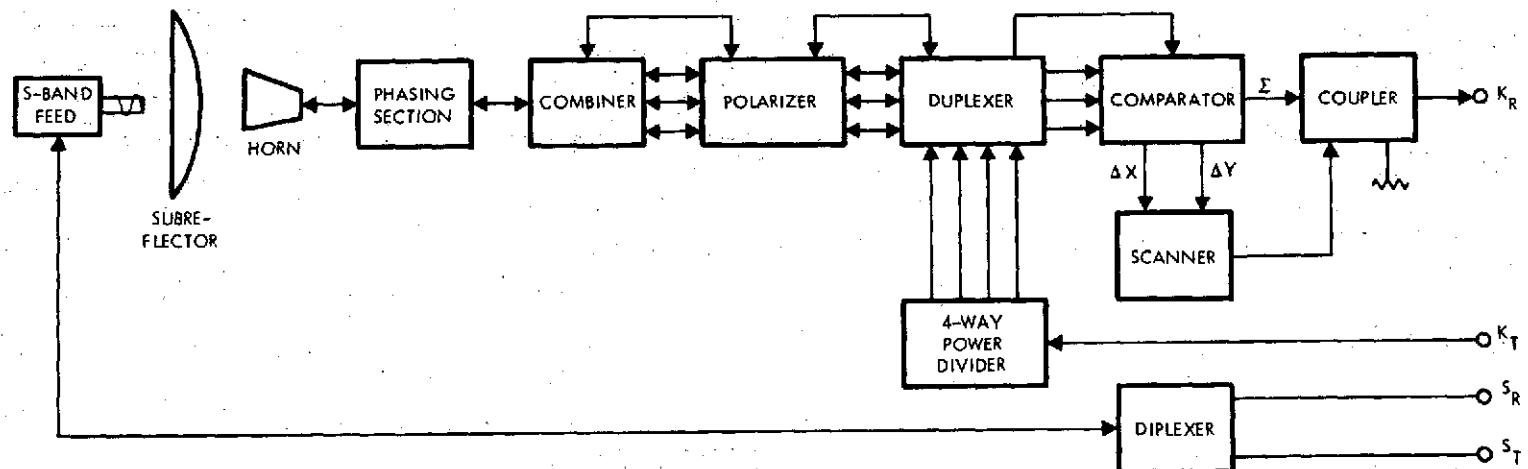
The Ku-band system is similarly configured. A choked horn and polarizer is connected to a waveguide diplexer where the transmit and receive signals are separated. Right- or left-hand polarization may be obtained. A preamplifier is provided ahead of the rotary joints and waveguide runs.

It is intended in this concept that self-tracking in the Ku-band be accomplished through the use of a step-tracking technique. Such a technique has been extensively studied at Radiation and utilized in ground antenna systems. The technique consists basically of sensing the change in received signal amplitude which occurs when the antenna is steered in small increments, both in the x and y direction, and developing the necessary tracking signals. Stepping algorithms can be developed for maximizing the tracking capability under the expected operational constraints.

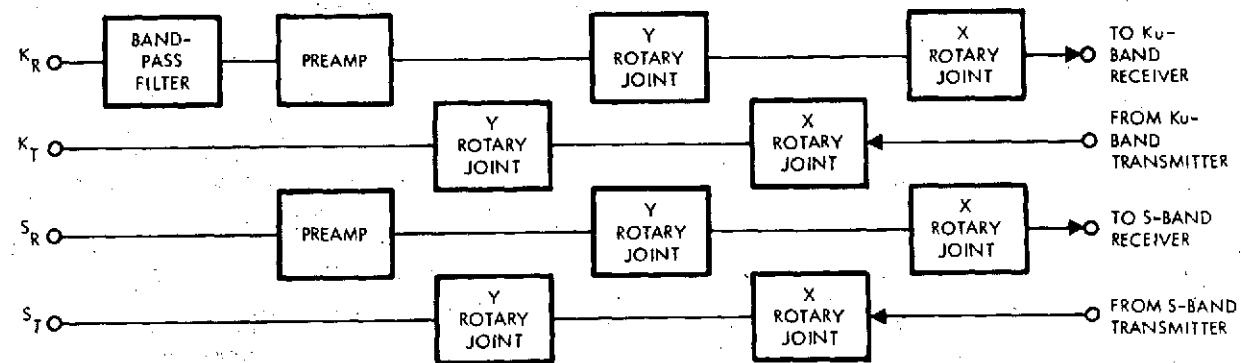
Several variations on this basic configuration are also possible. Orthogonal transmit and receive polarizations may be obtained at Ku-band by providing a waveguide duplexer at the output of the horn and polarizer, and at S-band by simply taking both polarizations from the 3-dB hybrid instead of terminating the unused one. However, this involves doubling the number of cables and waveguide leading to the feed, therefore, increasing the feed blockage losses. The preamplifier may not be necessary in the final configuration and the rotary joints may possibly be replaced by flexible cables. The configuration described above will be considered in the following section where its gain and efficiency budgets are presented.

Gain and Efficiency Budgets

Table 5.2.2 presents a tabulation of the gain efficiency budgets for the nested Ku- and S-band apex feed system described above. The performance of the transmit and receive channels for both frequency bands is detailed.



(A) MICROWAVE SUBSYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



(B) ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS REQUIRED

86748-2

Figure 5.2.2-1. Nested Ku- and S-Band Apex Feed

Table 5.2.2

Efficiency Factor	S-Band		Ku-Band	
	Rec	Xmit	Rec	Xmit
Spillover/Amplitude Taper Efficiency	.680	.680	.620	.620
Primary Phase Efficiency	.970	.970	.970	.970
Blockage Efficiency	.957	.957	.957	.957
Primary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	.998	.998	.998	.998
Secondary Cross-Polarization Efficiency	.978	.978	.978	.978
<hr/>				
A. Illumination Efficiency	.616	.616	.562	.562
<hr/>				
Surface Tolerance Efficiency	.999	.999	.870	.870
RF Reflectivity	.995	.995	.980	.980
<hr/>				
B. Reflector Efficiency	.994	.994	.853	.853
<hr/>				
Feed Loss Efficiency	.991	.991	.995	.995
Diplexer Loss Efficiency	.933	.933	.985	.985
Waveguide Loss Efficiency	---	---	.940	.940
Coaxial Cable Loss Efficiency	.938	.938	---	---
Rotary Joint Loss Efficiency	---	.978	---	.955
Phasing Network Loss Efficiency	.912	.912	.990	.990
Mismatch and Axial Ratio Loss Efficiency	.960	.960	.978	.978
<hr/>				
C. Loss Efficiency	.759	.743	.892	.852
<hr/>				
Overall Efficiency (A x B x C)	.465	.455	.428	.408
<hr/>				
Midband Gain (dB)	35.0	35.7	51.7	50.8
<hr/>				
Half-Power Beamwidth (degrees)	2.64	2.42	0.37	0.40

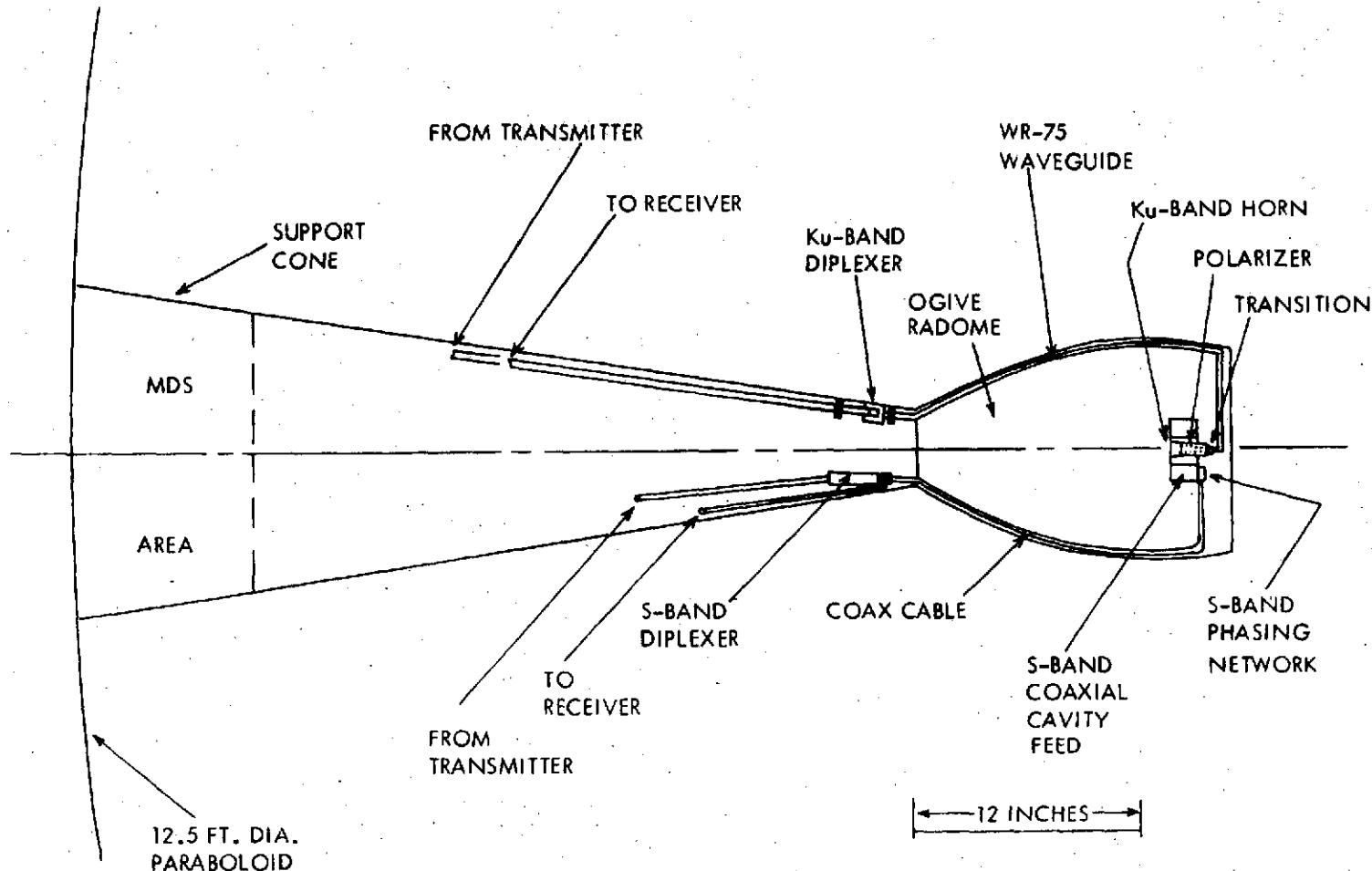


Figure 5.2.2-2. Nested Ku- and S-Band Apex Feed Layout

5.3

Pointing Mechanism Study

This section describes a candidate gimbal design approach for a dual-frequency, dual-tracking, S- and Ku-band antenna system. The dual frequency system utilizes a 12.5-foot diameter antenna with open loop (or program) tracking in S-band and closed loop (pseudomonopulse) tracking in Ku-band. The gimbal design utilizes the TDRS location and ephemeris patterns to minimize the "keyhole" problem and thus simplify the design. The design requirements and the candidate design and its associated control and torquing devices are described in the following paragraphs.

5.3.1 Design Performance Considerations

5.3.1.1 Viewing Angle Requirements

Figure 5.3.1.1 shows the kinematic information relating to the TDRS performance. The maximum viewing angle at 10,000 km (5400 nmi) is 24° from nadir and represents a total field of view cone of 48° . An x-y gimbal configuration, with the axes of rotation at right angles to one another and to the nominal LOS, is preferred for these viewing requirements. Such an x-y mount totally eliminates the "keyhole" problem and does not require unlimited angular freedom. This is an important feature since it eliminates the requirement for slip rings to provide gimbal control signals and power on the outer gimbal on the antenna.

5.3.1.2 Antenna Rates

The basic angular rates linking the TDRS to the user spacecraft are low (on the order of 0.75 radian per hour). Conditions which can increase these rates are slewing and improper choice of the gimbal configuration. Slewing is required when the antenna must sign off one satellite and acquire another. Since the minimum potential communication time to a user satellite is approximately 37 minutes, rapid slewing is not of great importance. A reasonable slew rate is about 0.1 radian per second. This rate allows the entire field of view to be scanned in 10 seconds.

An unknown in the determination of the maximum drive rates is the angular motion of the TDRS spacecraft and the deflections in the antenna support structure. These rates are assumed to be less than the 0.1 radian per second allowed for slewing.

5.3.1.3 Antenna Accelerations

An evaluation of the antenna accelerations and their effects was made based on an antenna inertia of 1.5 feet/pound/second² and a peak acceleration during slew of 0.1 radian/second². These values yield a peak torque requirement of 0.15 foot/pound or 1.8 inches/pound. Coulomb friction is estimated to add 1.0 inch/pound to this torque requirement. The inertial torque

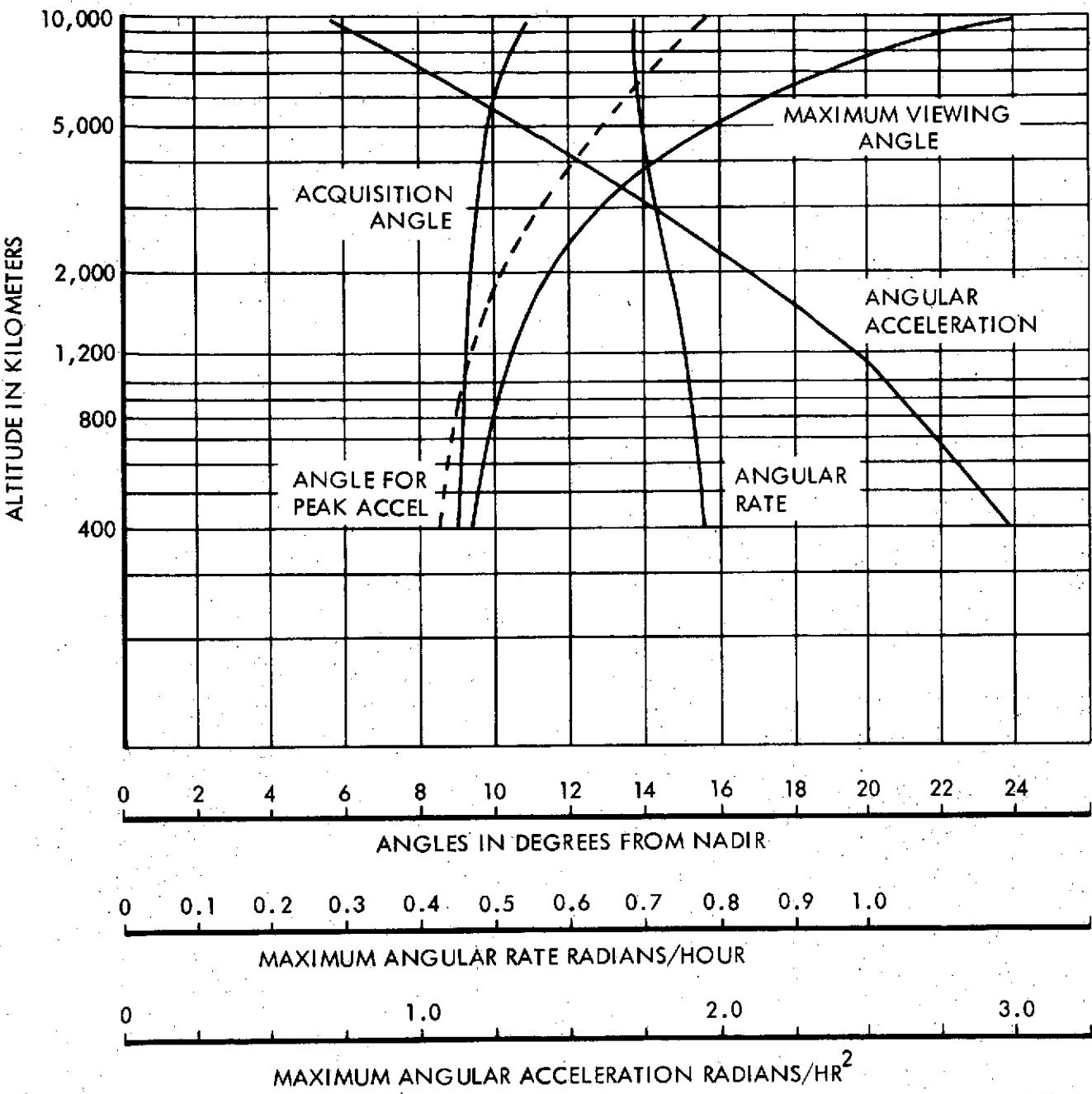


Figure 5.3.1.1. Tracking Data Relay Satellite Kinematic Information

should have negligible effect on support structure bending. This is significant in that support structure bending is therefore almost exclusively a function of the spacecraft motion.

5.3.1.4 Drive Requirements

The gimbal drive requirements were based on the following parameters:

Maximum Torque: 2.5 inches/pound

Maximum Velocity: 0.1 radian/second

The use of a gear train is favored for this combination of torque and speed. The drive may be provided by a dc motor, an ac motor, or a stepper motor. The characteristics of these approaches are shown in Table 5.3.1.4.

Table 5.3.1.4. Candidate Drive System Characteristics
(Requirements are Per Axis for Nonredundant System)

Parameter	DC Motor	AC Motor	Stepper	
Power	5	5	10	Watts
Weight				
Motor	2.3			Ounces
Tach	2.3	2.0	3.0	Ounces
Gear Train	4.0	7.0	6.0	Ounces
Total	8.6	9.0	9.0	Ounces
Gear Ratio	40:1	4500:1	1500:1	

The life of the motor brushes in the dc motor and the life of the ac motor and stepper motor gear train are on the order of 5 years in currently available hardware (from firms making space qualified hardware). Since it is entirely likely that a failure may occur in this time span, redundancy should be given some consideration. The prime wear points on the dc motor are the brushes, and any rotation of the motor causes wear, even if the motor is not operating. A method of achieving redundancy in any of these configurations is a differential gear and brake arrangement.

5.3.1.5 Antenna Pointing

The antenna must be pointed prior to acquisition. The transmission 3σ pointing requirements for a 6.5-foot diameter dish are 0.33° at 15 GHz. The acquisition 3σ pointing requirements are somewhat wider at 0.5° . In order to point the antenna within the accuracy requirements, errors such as TDRSS position and attitude uncertainty, user satellite position uncertainty, and support structure deflection must be held under strict control. Providing these errors can be held to less than the pointing requirement, then some form of angular position transducer may be used to point the antenna.

Potentiometers, synchros, shaft encoders, and stepper motors may be used to perform this function. Potentiometers are easily implemented, however, wear characteristics limit their useful life to about two years in this application. Also, the angular accuracy of potentiometer systems is limited to about 0.3° (1σ). Synchros offer good accuracy and wear is limited to low power slip rings. The primary disadvantage of synchro systems is the electronic complexity required for digital-to-synchro conversion.

Optical encoders are currently the most accurate shaft position transducers and have no mechanical wear problem. The primary problem with optical encoders is light source life and, in general, the light source must be turned off when the antenna is not in a pointing mode. In this way, it is possible to achieve a useful life of 5 years. Stepper motors may be used to point antennas in that each step is angularly precise. The design used for the drive requirements portion of this section has a step size of 0.03° while maintaining a slew rate capability of greater than 6° per second. The disadvantages of stepper motors is their poor efficiency and interaction with structural resonance which exist in the zero to 200 pulse per second stepping range.

5.3.1.6 Unaided Acquisition

The normalized receiving and tracking gain curves for candidate antennas are shown in Figure 5.3.1.6. This figure shows that the acquisition beam width is about 30 percent wider than the 3 dB receiving beam width. The pointing requirements for the antenna are shown in Table 5.3.1.6-1. The acquisition half angle is the peak error which may occur. It should be noted that a 2° TDRSS attitude uncertainty will not be adequate for this approach. A TDRSS attitude uncertainty of 0.1° peak will allow the system to be pointed accurately with a budget of 0.182° for a 12-foot dish.

Table 5.3.1.6-1. Dish and Pointing Parameters

<u>12-Foot Dish</u>		
Gain	53 dB	15 GHz
3 dB Beam Width	0.32°	
Acquisition Half Angle	0.208°	

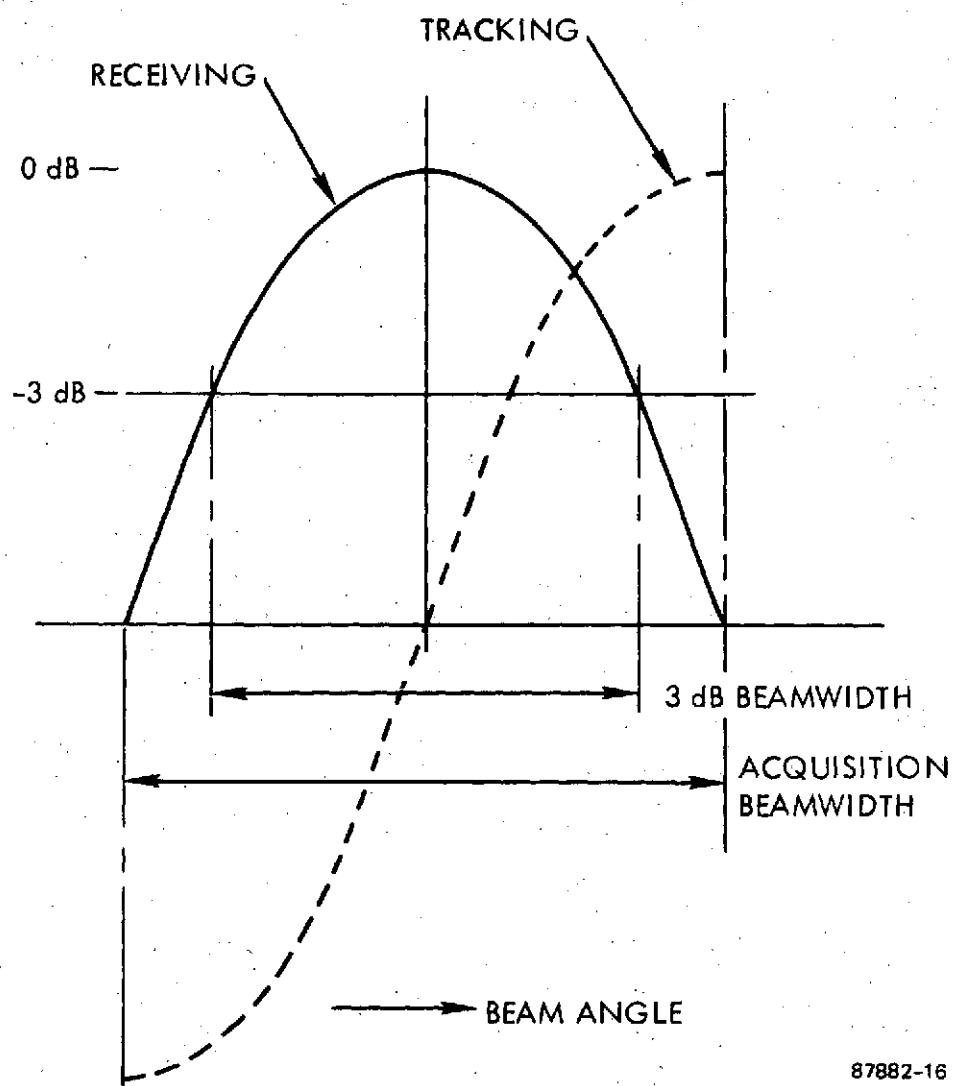


Figure 5.3.1.6. Normalized Receiving and Acquisition Curves

A candidate budget for the 12-foot dish pointing system would be:

User Uncertainty	0.10° (Ephemeris)
TDRSS Position Uncertainty	0.05°
Antenna Deflections and Servo	<u>0.14°</u>
RSS	0.182°

Total servo uncertainties can be held to 0.086° (peak) with a 13-bit encoder or a synchro with 5 minutes (peak) error. Both of these devices are well within the state-of-the-art with the synchro having the edge for long life space use.

A remaining consideration is the control power necessary for the 12-foot dish. True, the inertia of the antenna approximates between the square and the cube of the diameter, however, the inertia loads are insignificant at the angular rates considered for the TDRSS as shown in Tables 5.3.1.6-2 and 5.3.1.6-3. It should also be kept in mind that the frictional loads on the antenna system are on the order of 5 to 10 ounces/inch.

Table 5.3.1.6-2. TDRSS Operation

<u>Orbital Altitude</u>	<u>100 nmi</u>	<u>250 nmi</u>	<u>500 nmi</u>
TDRSS Viewing Angle	17.86°	18.60°	19.90°
TDRSS Acquisition Angle	8.82°	8.93°	9.03°
Single TDRSS Availability	48.5%	54.0%	58.4%
Maximum TDRSS Rate	$0.00626^\circ/\text{sec}$	$0.00618^\circ/\text{sec}$	$0.00567^\circ/\text{sec}$
Approximate Maximum Acceleration	$5.85 \times 10^{-6}^\circ/\text{sec}^2$	$5.15 \times 10^{-6}^\circ/\text{sec}^2$	$4.64 \times 10^{-6}^\circ/\text{sec}^2$

Table 5.3.1.6-3. Antenna Torque Loads

	<u>12-Foot Dish</u>
Inertia	1100 oz/in/sec^2
Acceleration	$10^{-7} \text{ radians/sec}^2$
Torque	$1100 \times 10^{-7} \text{ oz/in}$

S-Band Aided Acquisition

A second method of acquisition using S-band in place of the Ku-band for acquisition has good overall qualities as shown in Table 5.3.1.6-4.

Table 5.3.1.6-4. S-Band Dish and Pointing Parameters

<u>12-Foot Dish</u>		
Gain	37.4 dB	
3 dB Beam Width	1.92°	2.5 GHz
Acquisition Half Angle	1.25°	

The 12-foot antenna requires TDRSS uncertainties on the order of 1° and defocusing will be required to broaden the acquisition half angle to greater than 2.25°. This defocusing is easily accomplished at the 37.4 dB gain level.

5.3.2 Description of Candidate Design

One candidate design for the TDRSS antenna is a stepper motor (such as Kearfott or MPC) in a braked differential configuration. This approach offers minimum electronic complexity at the expense of increased power. Figures 5.3.2-1 through 5.3.2-4 show block diagrams for both the servo approach and the stepper motor (open loop) approach. Figure 5.3.2-5 shows the proposed x-y gimbal configuration. If the stepper motor is used redundantly in this configuration, an overall weight for the gimbal structure of 6 pounds is projected.

An accompanying dual redundant electronics package is required to provide the necessary drive and is preferably mounted back on the spacecraft proper. The weight of this unit is approximately 7.5 pounds. The unit controls both the x and y axes.

The power for the stepper motor approach is 8 watts to drive each motor, 4 watts to release the differential brake, and 4 watts dissipation in the electronics. This results in a total power requirement of 24 watts.

The slewing requirements of the antenna introduce a maximum momentum transfer to the spacecraft of 0.15 foot/pound/second for a maximum of 10 seconds (at which time a cancelling momentum impulse occurs). In a passive spacecraft with a moment of inertia of 230 feet/pound/second² this represents an angular offset of 0.3°.

The stepper motor approach allows the antenna to be stopped and effectively braked when the power is removed from the drive mechanism.

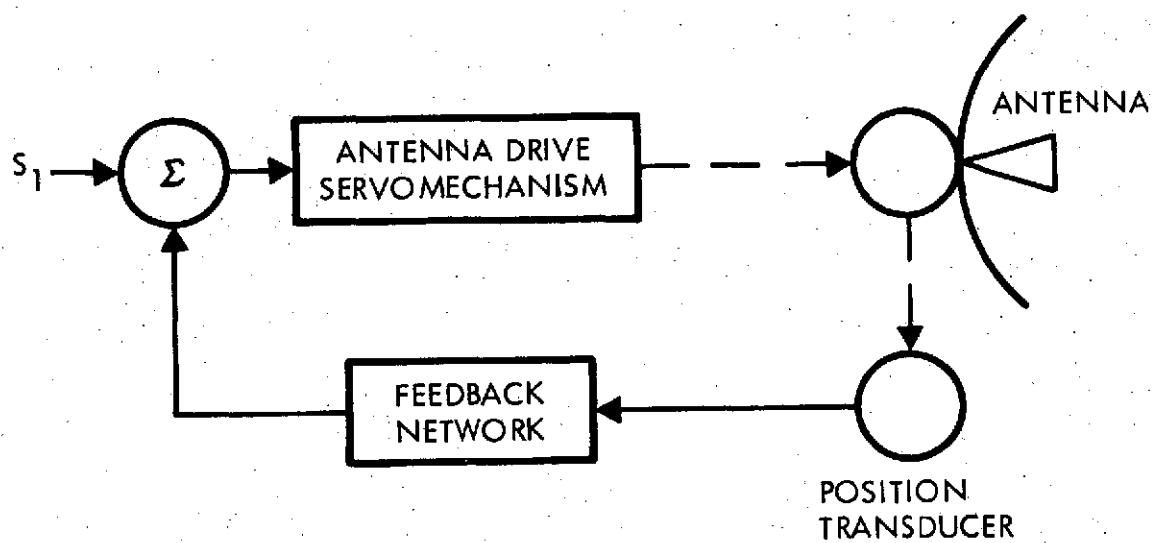
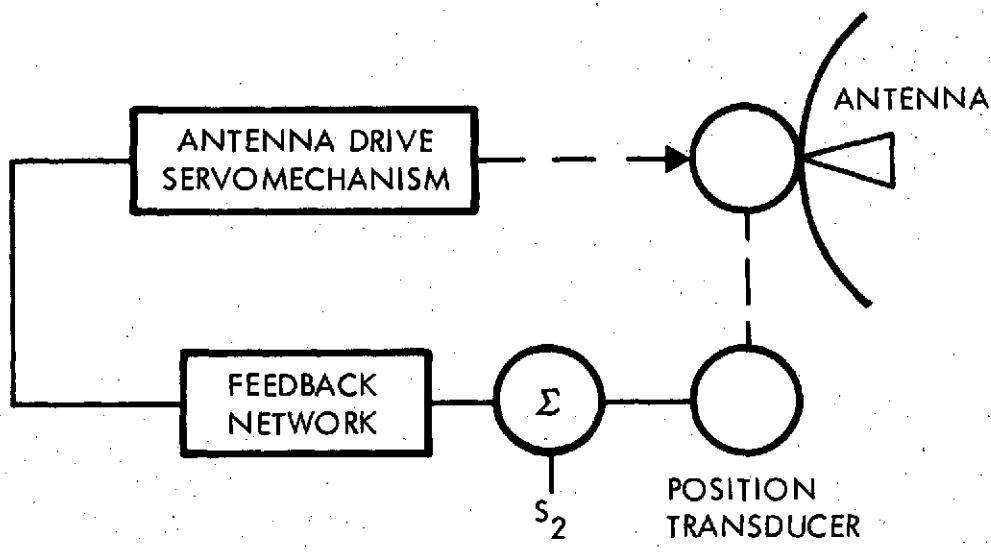


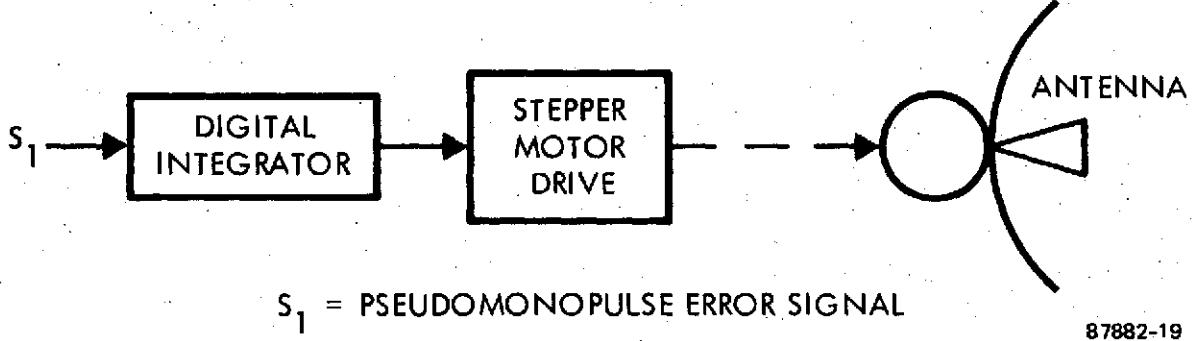
Figure 5.3.2-1. Block Diagram for Antenna Servo in the Tracking Mode



S_2 = EXTERNALLY GENERATED POINTING
COMMAND

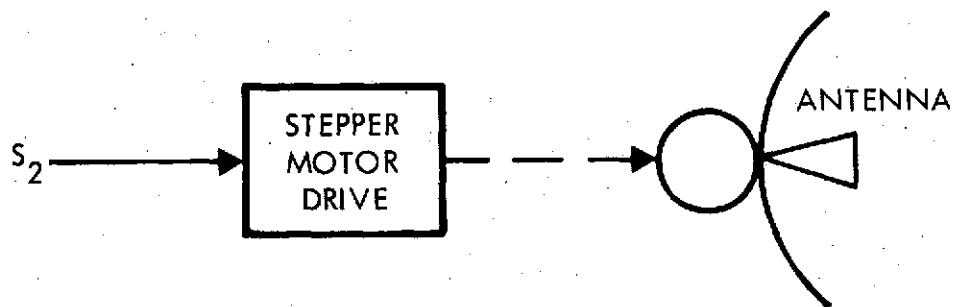
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Figure 5.3.2-2. Block Diagram for Antenna Servo in the Pointing Mode



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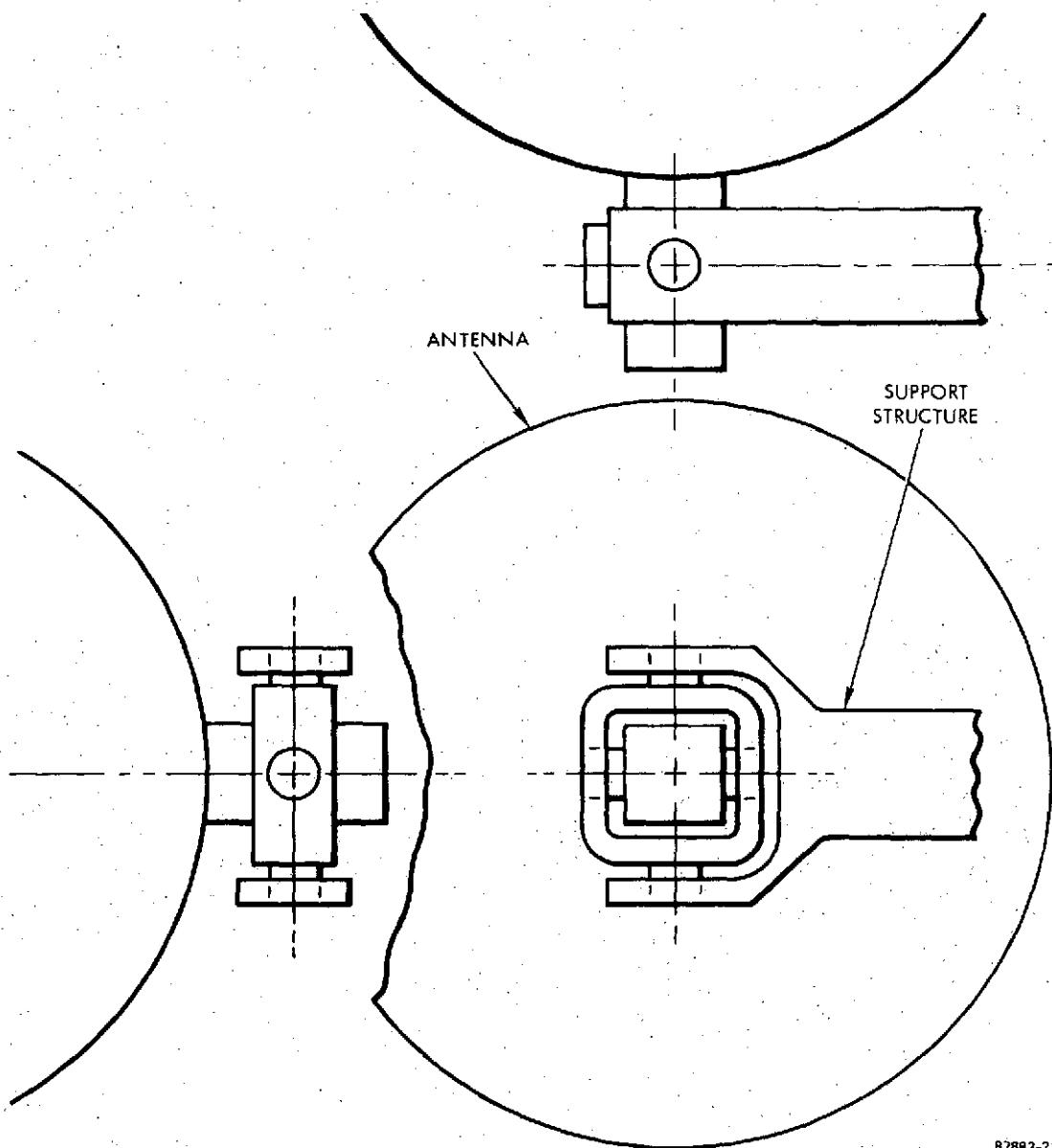
Figure 5.3.2-2. Block Diagram for Stepper Motor in Tracking Mode



S_2 = EXTERNALLY GENERATED POINTING COMMAND

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Figure 5.3.2-4. Block Diagram for Stepper Motor in Pointing Mode



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Figure 5.3.2-5. Gimbal Configuration

5.4

Reflector Weight and Surface Accuracy

Based on the measured results achieved on the present program, weight and surface error values were developed for reflectors from six (6) to thirty (30) feet in diameter.

Figure 5.4-1 presents rms surface error as a function of reflector diameter for reflectors up to 30 feet in diameter. The surface error values shown represent the total rms surface error for the orbital condition. These values are based on analyses of the thermal and gravity associated errors and an extrapolation of the manufacturing error based on rib stiffness, mesh stiffness, and number of ribs.

Figure 5.4-2 presents weight as a function of reflector diameter for the double mesh design. The weight values shown represent an extrapolation of the present 12.5-foot diameter design to the larger and smaller diameters.

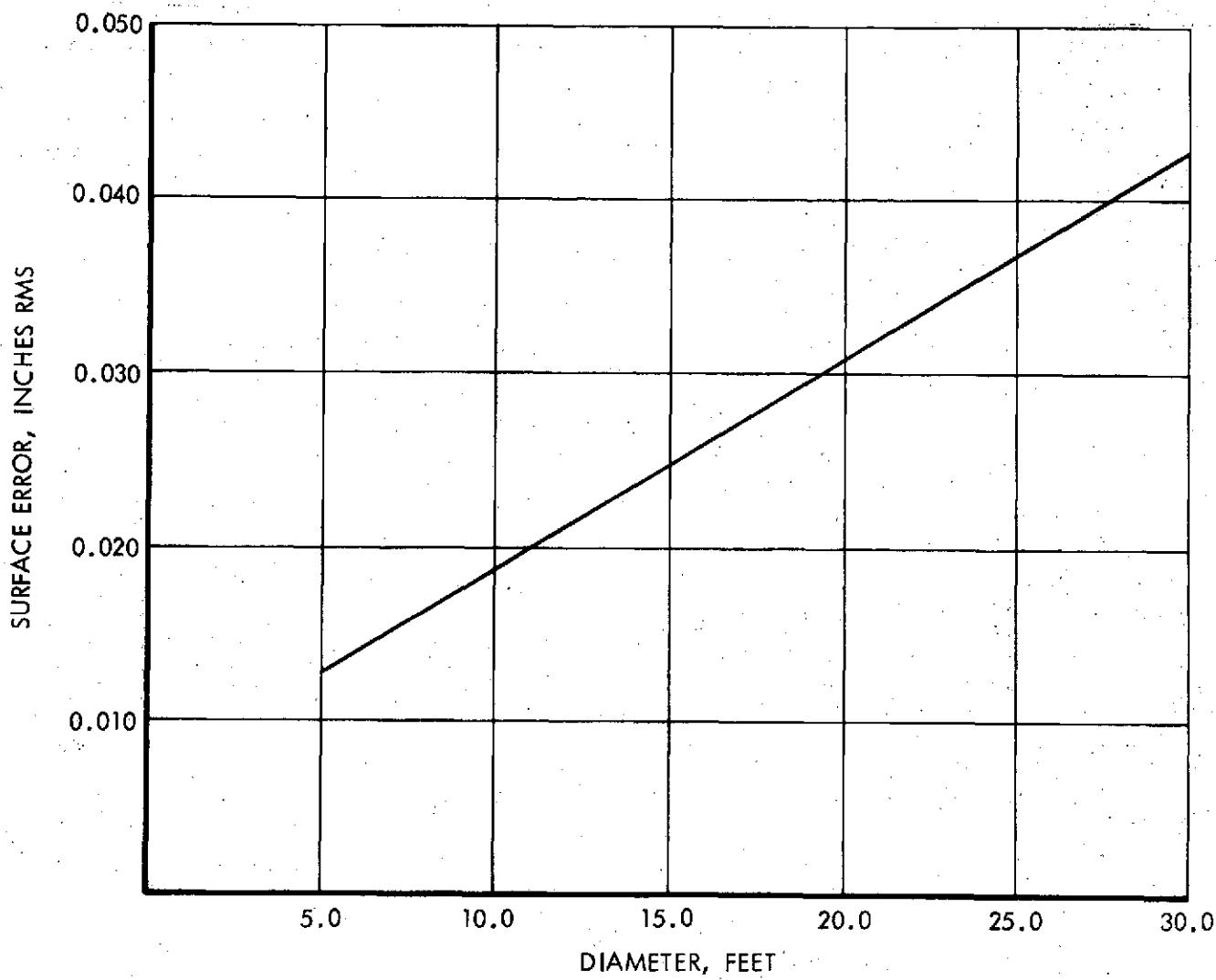


Figure 5.4-1. Orbital RMS Surface Error as a Function of Reflector Diameter

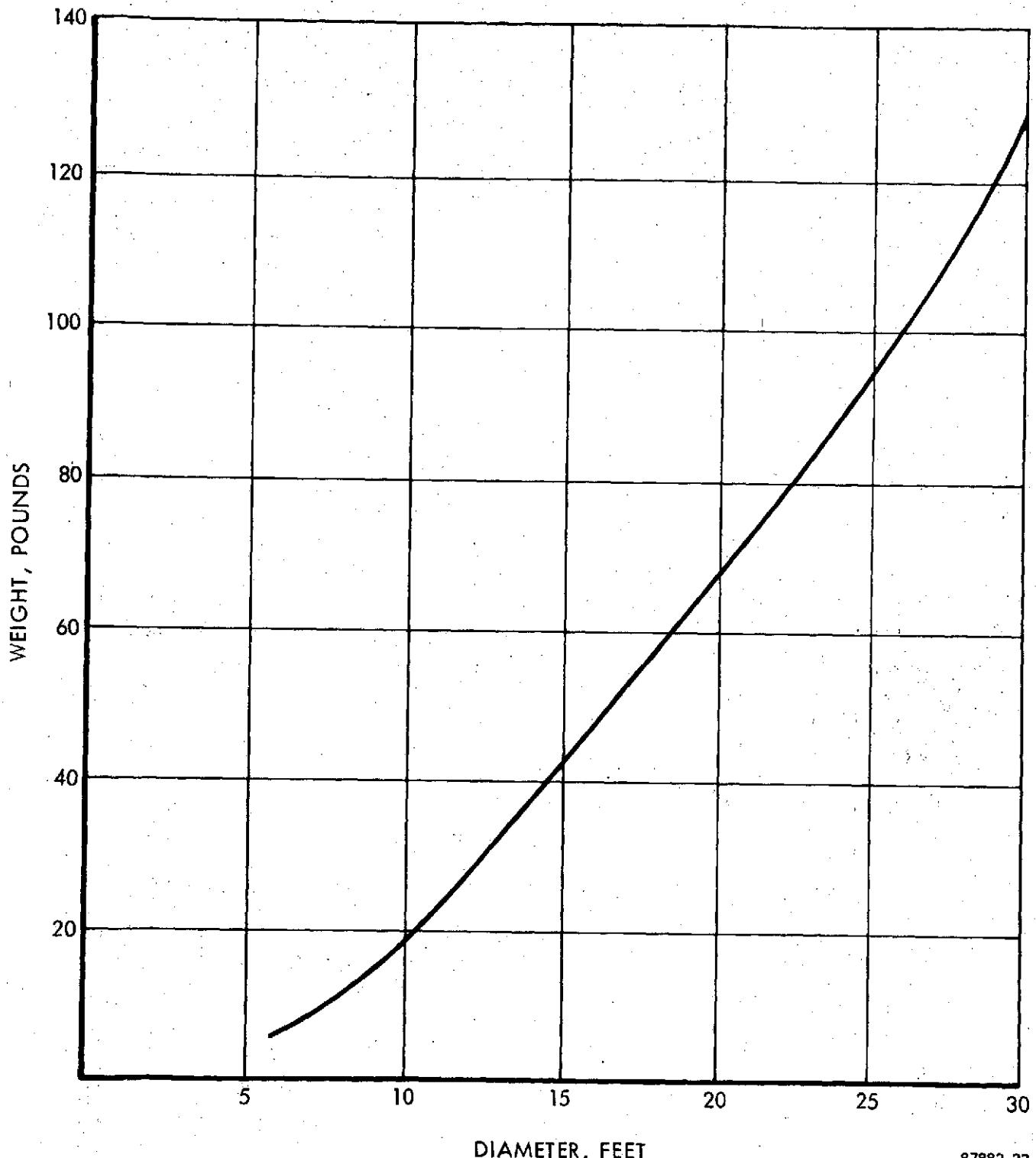


Figure 5.4-2. Antenna Weight (Excluding Feed) as a Function of Reflector Diameter

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SECTION 6.0
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.0

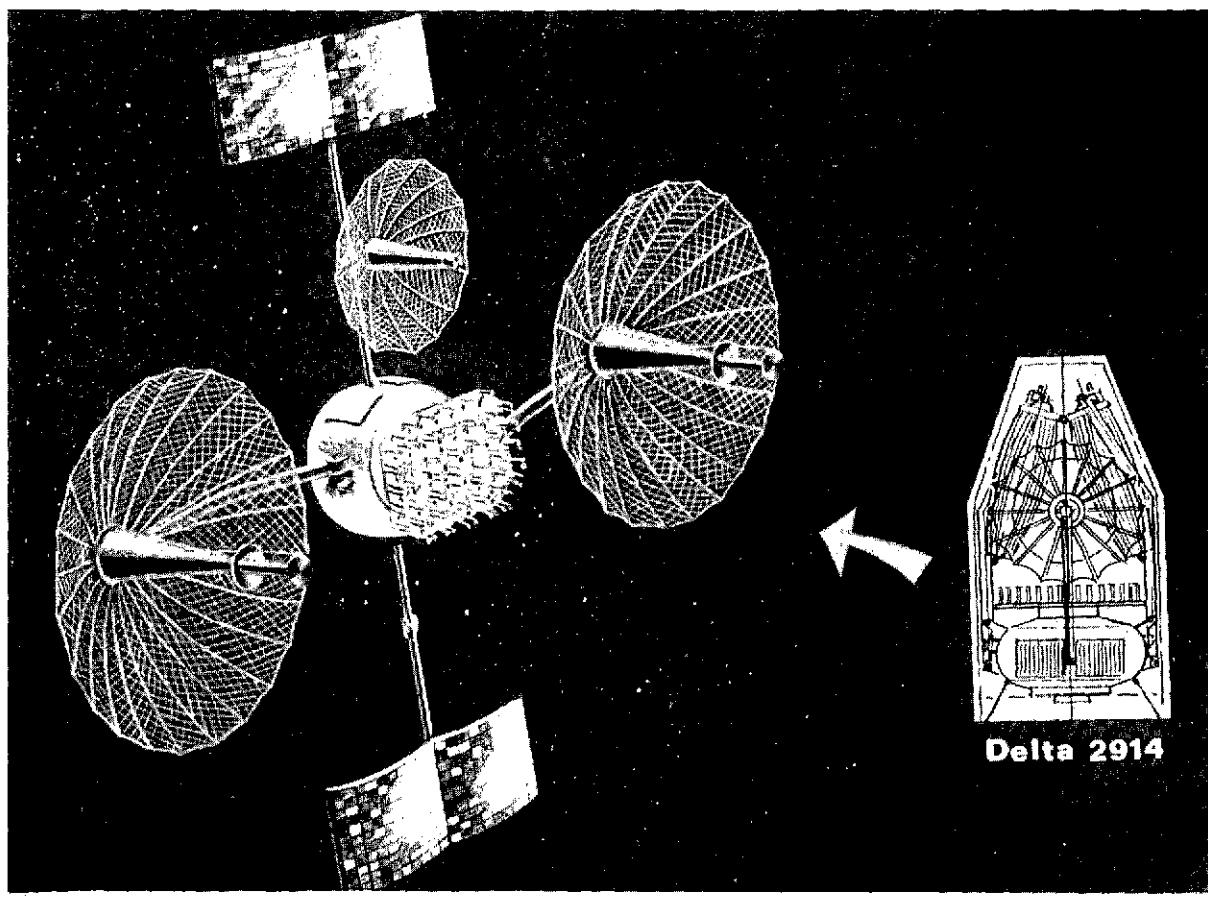
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This program has demonstrated that the "rib-dominated" rib-and-mesh deployable reflector design concept is a viable approach for mission applications requiring deployable reflectors. The "double mesh" technique allows the achievement of surface accuracies consistent with Ku-band operation with lightweight (previous technology would have resulted in a reflector weight of no less than twice that achieved).

The test program conducted (RF, deployment, surface accuracy, and vibration) has resulted in a nearly "flight-qualified" design. The solar-thermal-vacuum tests planned by NASA after the reflector delivery will essentially complete the qualification. The high stiffness exhibited by the design in both the stowed and deployed conditions allows users to procure the reflector as a component, thereby reducing both analysis and test costs on applicable programs. The applicability of the design is demonstrated by its selection as the baseline design by both contractors in the recently completed TDRSS Definition Phase Studies (see References 2 and 3) and Figure 6.0.

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TDRS BASELINE CONFIGURATION



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Figure 6.0. TDRS Baseline Configuration

REFERENCES

1. "Delta Launch Vehicle Interface and Environment," December 1970.
2. Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System Configuration and Tradeoff Study - Part II Final Report, Hughes Aircraft Company, Space and Communications Group, 1 April 1973.
3. Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System Configuration and Tradeoff Study, Part II, Final Report, Space Division, Rockwell International, April 1973.

APPENDIX A
DETAIL FABRICATION DRAWINGS

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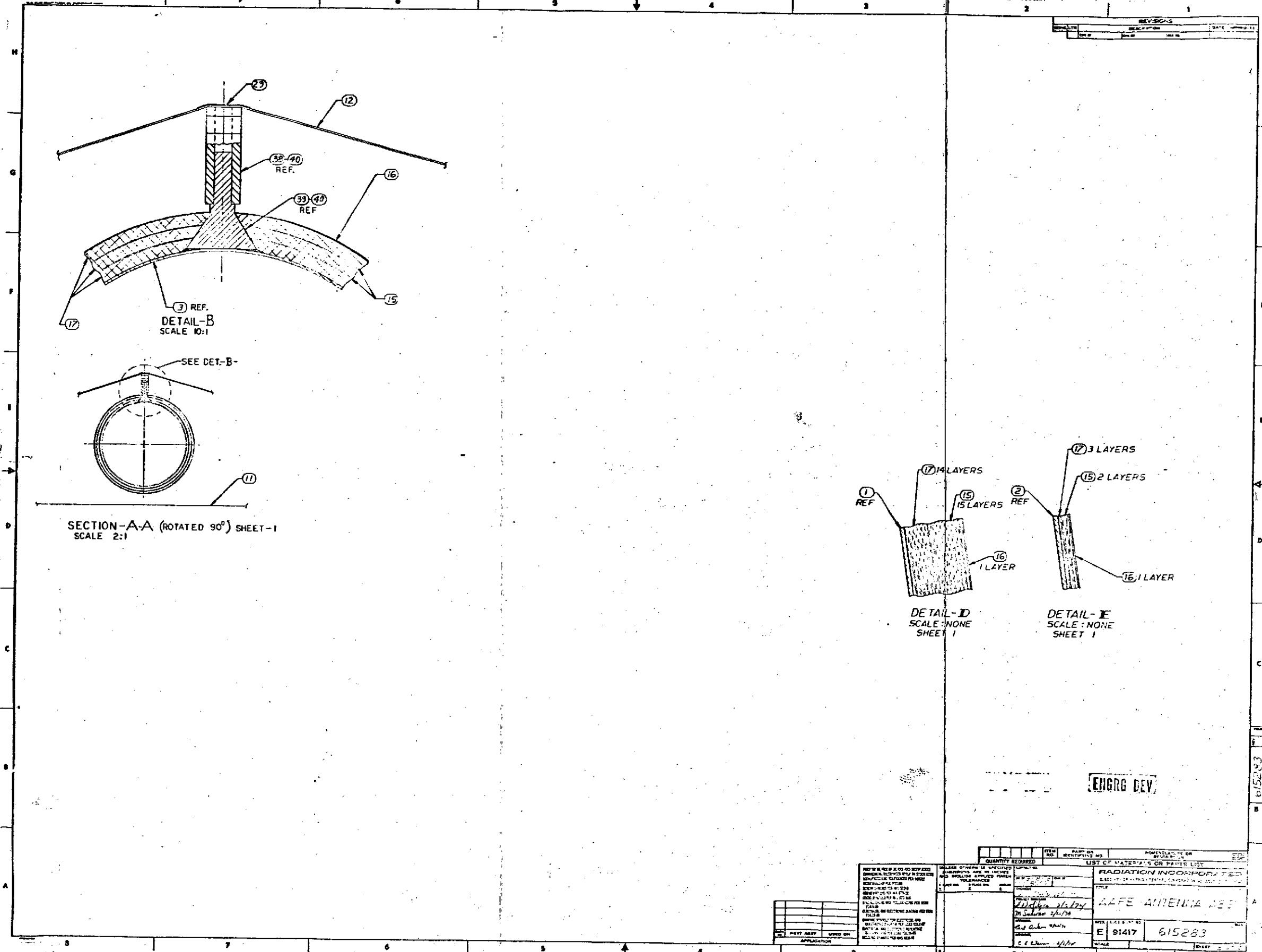
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309061	Standoff	211 of 356
309059	Tee	212 of 356
309062	Standoff, Tee	213 of 356

Page too big to scan

(Place holder)

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE

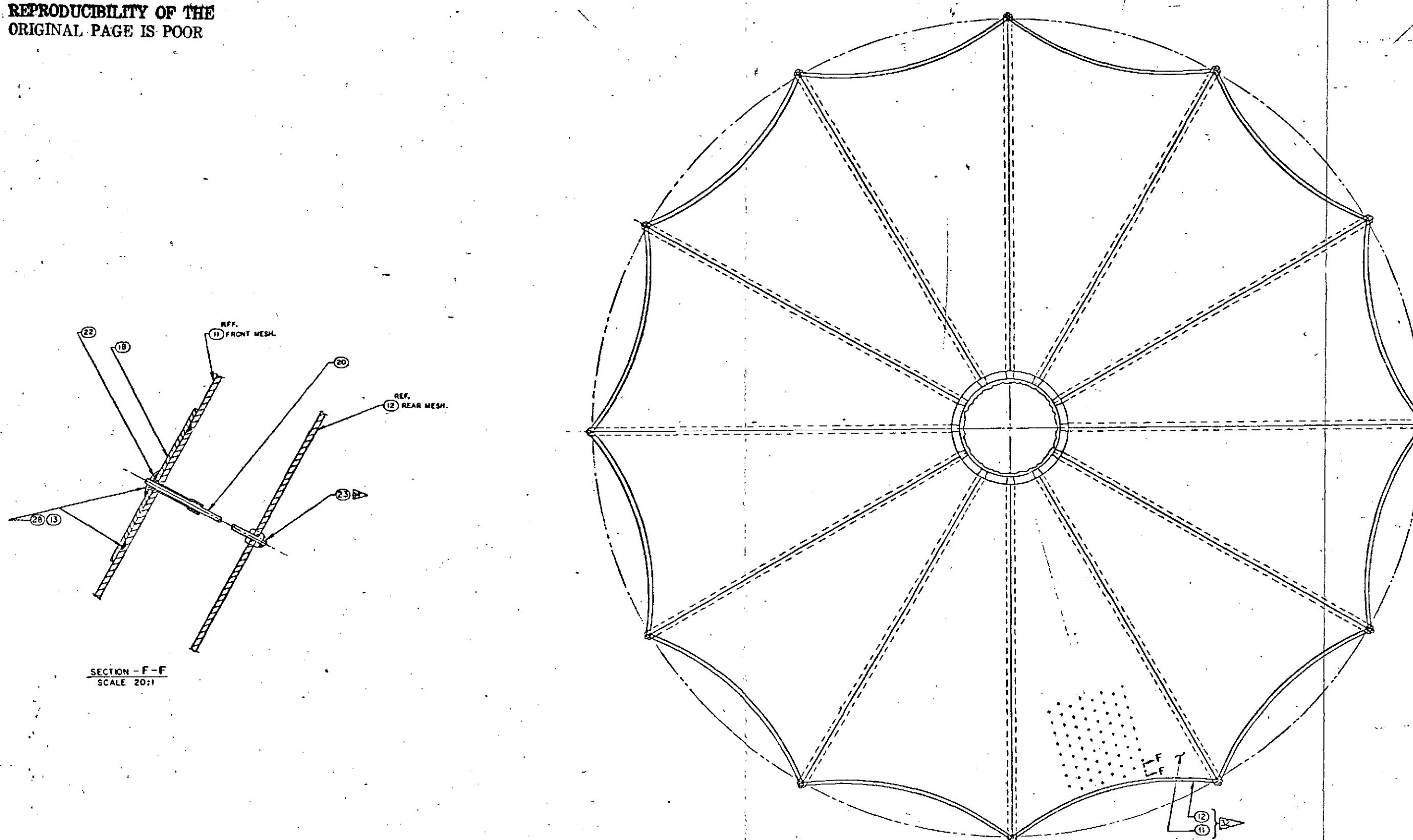


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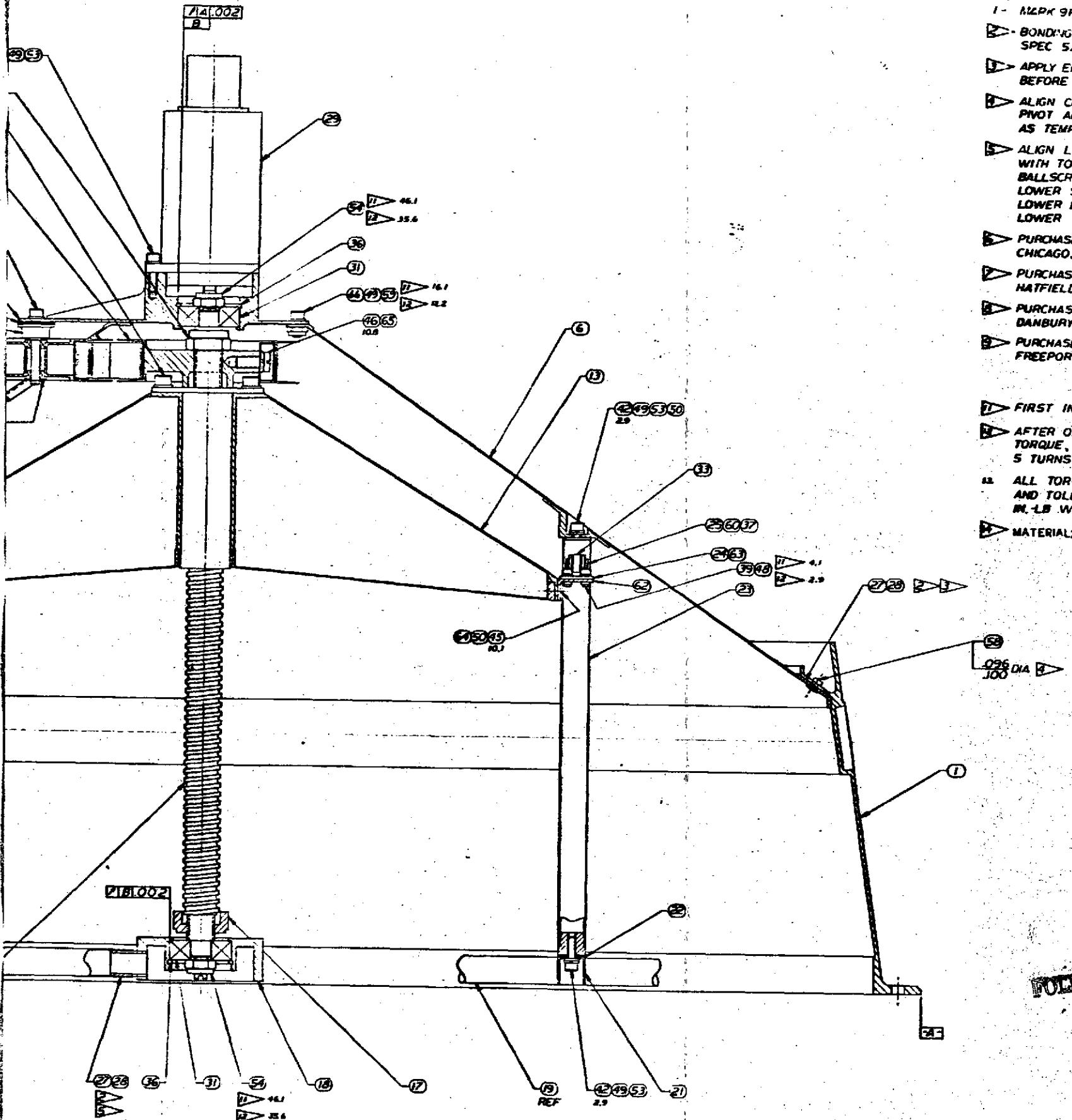
TELEGRAM

FOLDOUT FRAME 1

VIEW-C-C, SCALE 1:3
VIEW OF ANTENNA IN A DEPLOYED POSITION.

ENGRG DEY

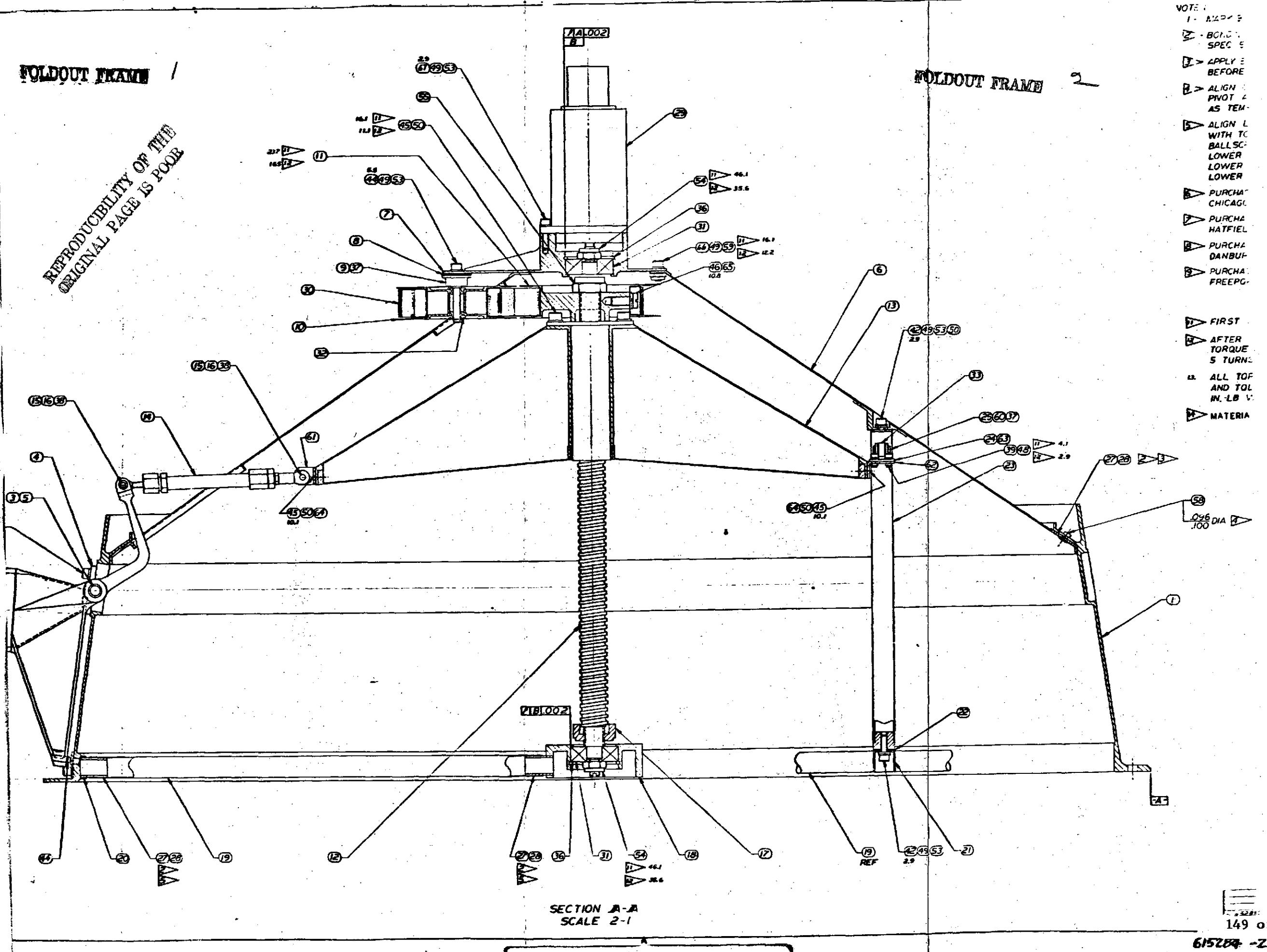
1000		DATE ISSUED	EXPIRATION DATE	TYPE OF WORK	RADIATION INCORPORATED
					AAFE ANTENNA ASSY.
					615283
					01417
					ITEM NO.
					1-10-65

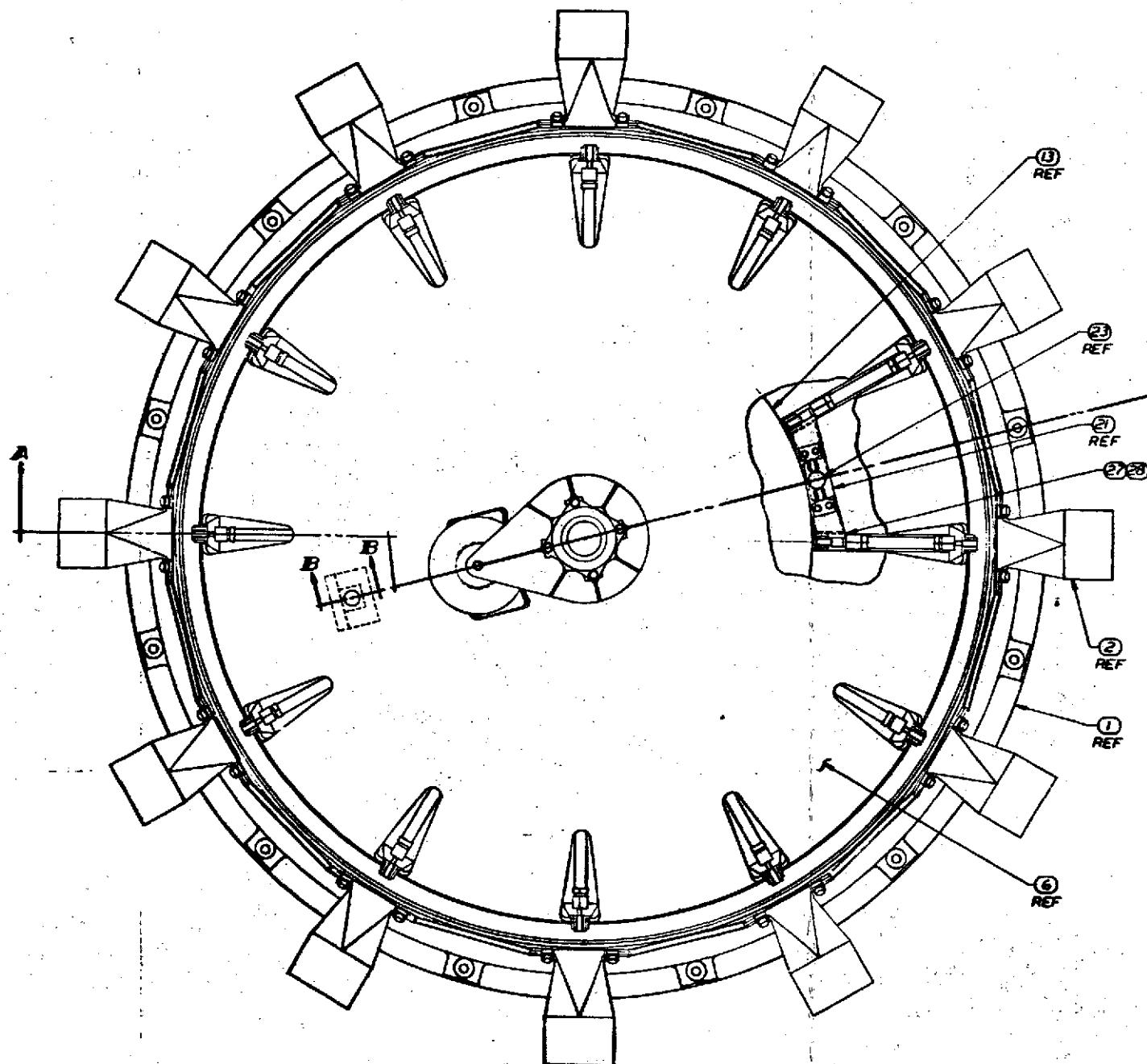


SECTION A-A
SCALE 2-1

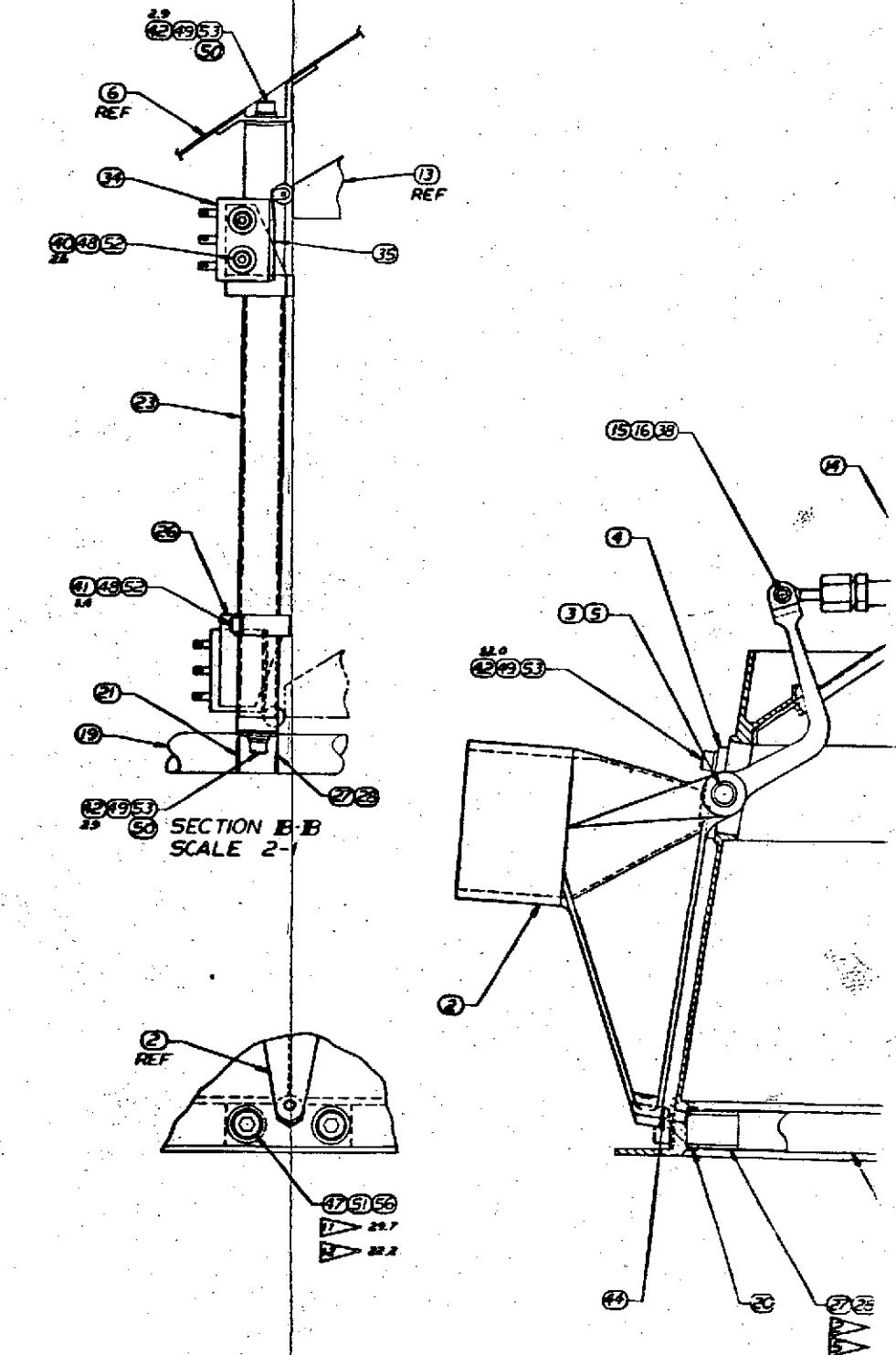
- NOTE:**

 - 1 - MPC 94117-515281G1 PER MIL-STD-130.
 - 2 - BONDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCESS SPEC 5762.
 - 3 - APPLY EPOXY ITEMS 27 & 28 TO JOINTS BEFORE RIVETING.
 - 4 - ALIGN CUTOUTS IN CONE (ITEM 6) WITH PIVOT ARMS (ITEM 2). USING CONE (ITEM 6) AS TEMPLATE DRILL HOLES FOR RIVETS. SEE RAD-SPEC.7905
 - 5 - ALIGN LOWER BEARING SUPPORT (ITEM 18) WITH TOP BEARING PLATE (ITEM 7) USING BALLSCREW (ITEM 12) BEFORE BONDING LOWER SUPPORT TUBE (ITEM 19) TO LOWER BEARING SUPPORT (ITEM 18) AND LOWER SUPPORT PADS (ITEM 20). SEE RAD-SPEC.7905
 - 6 - PURCHASED FROM MPC PRODUCTS CORP., CHICAGO, ILL.
 - 7 - PURCHASED FROM HUNTER SPRING CO., HATFIELD, PENN.
 - 8 - PURCHASED FROM BARDEX CORP., DANBURY, CONN.
 - 9 - PURCHASED FROM MICRO SWITCH, FREEPORT, ILL.
 - 10 - FIRST INSTALLATION TORQUE VALUE.
 - 11 - AFTER OBTAINING FIRST INSTALLATION TORQUE, BACK OUT SCREW MINIMUM OF 5 TURNS AND RETORQUE TO NEW VALUE.
 - 12 - ALL TORQUE VALUES TO BE IN IN.-LBS AND TOLERANCE TO BE $\pm 10\%$ OR .50 IN.-LB WHICHEVER IS LESS.
 - 13 - MATERIAL: CORROSION RESISTANT STEEL WITH A TENSILE OF 170,000 PSI.



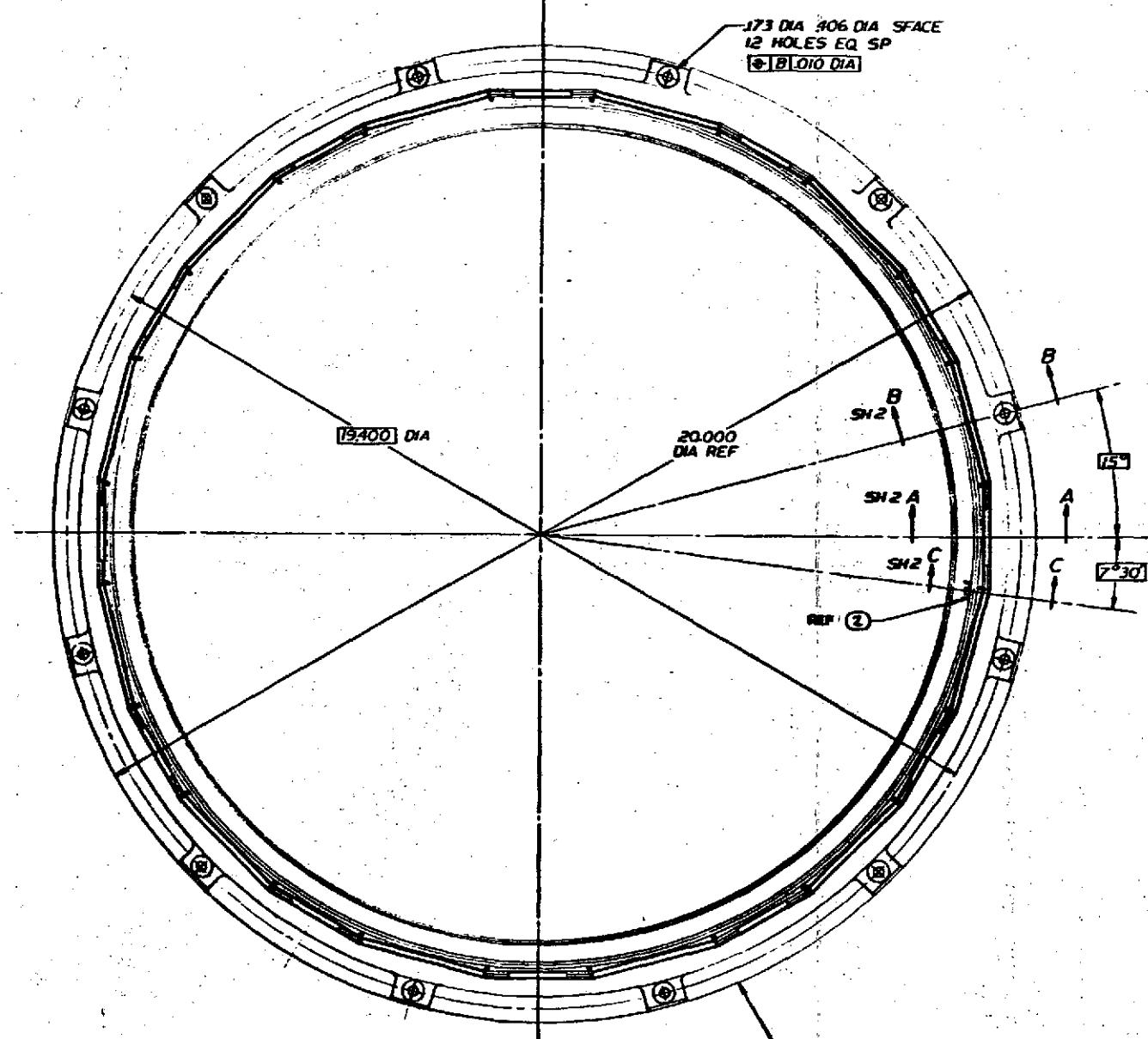


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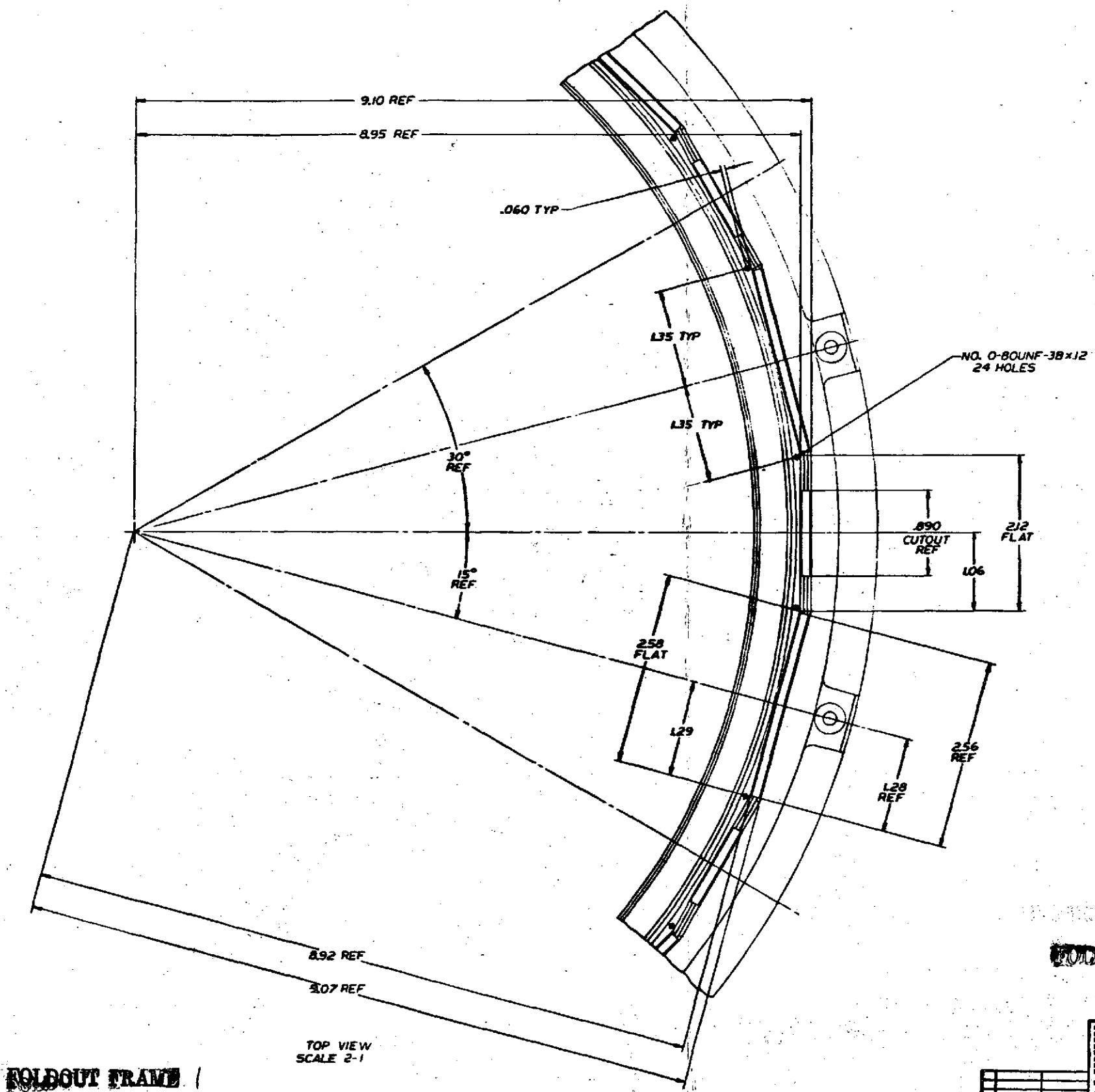
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① MATL: AL ALY
6061-T6 PER QQ-A-250
FINISH: CHEM FILM
PER MIL-C-5541 TYPE I,
GRADE C, CLASS 1

QUANTITY RECORD		LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	
RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY, NEW YORK, NY			
1	1	1	HUB
1	2	2	NUT-FLOATING
1	1	1	PLUG
1	1	1	615216-1 HUB
1	2	2	615216-3 PLUG
1	2	2	615216-4 NUT-FLOATING
1	1	1	615216-5
1	1	1	615216-6
1	1	1	615216-7
1	1	1	615216-8
1	1	1	615216-9
1	1	1	615216-10
1	1	1	615216-11
1	1	1	615216-12
1	1	1	615216-13
1	1	1	615216-14
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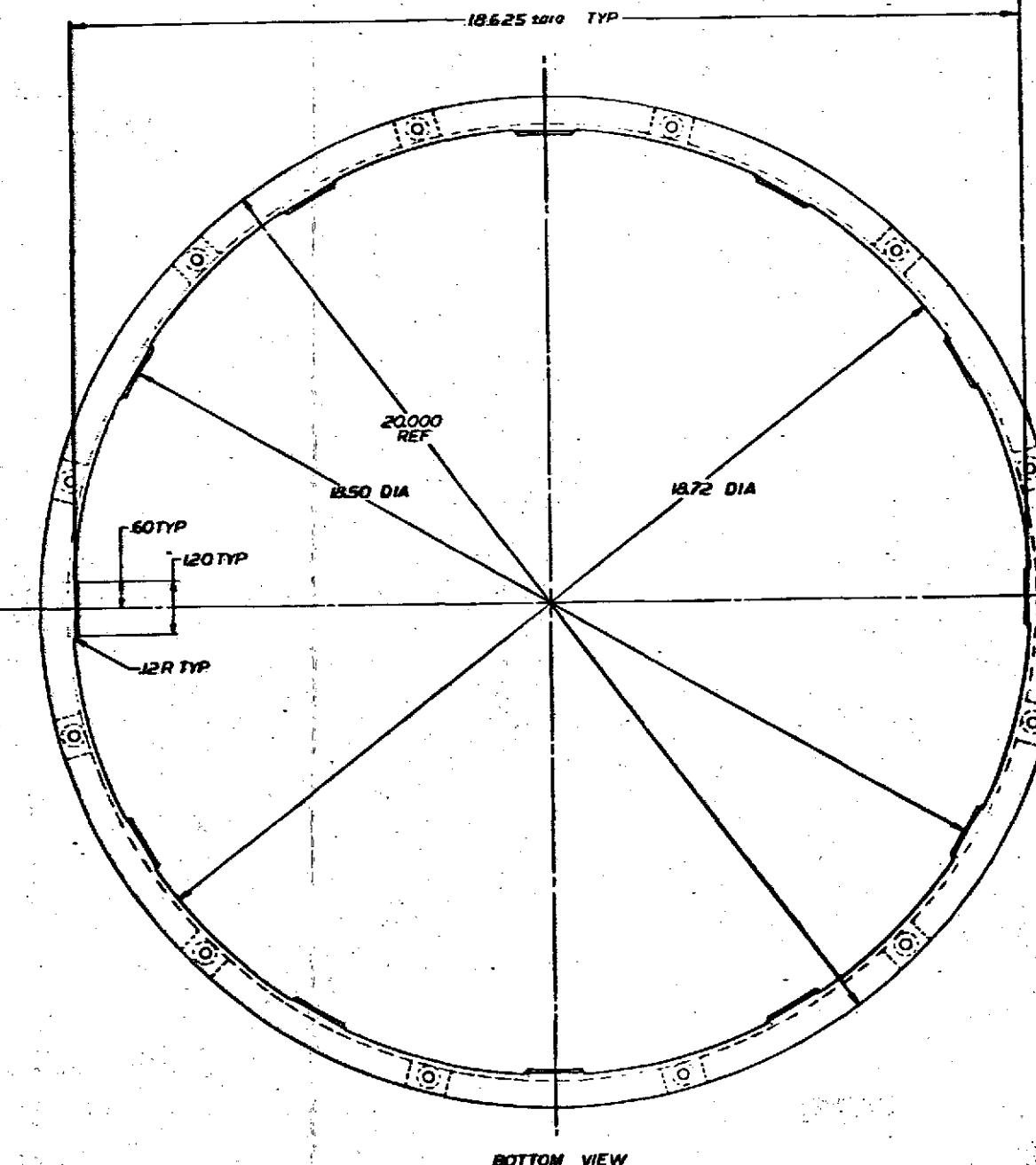


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TOP VIEW
SCALE 2-1

GOOLGOOT TRAIN

ENGRG DEV

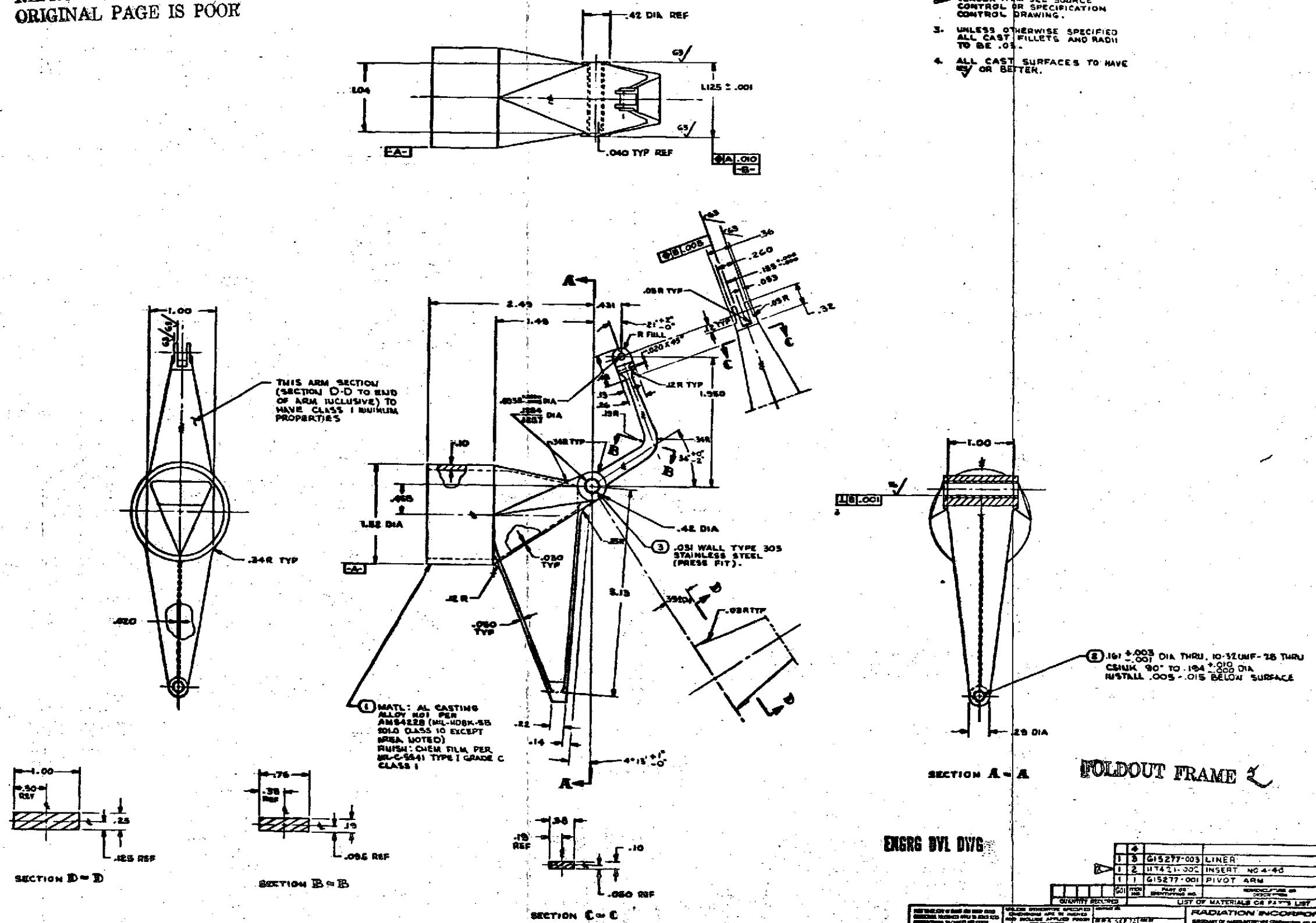


EMRG DEV

STICKOUT FRAME

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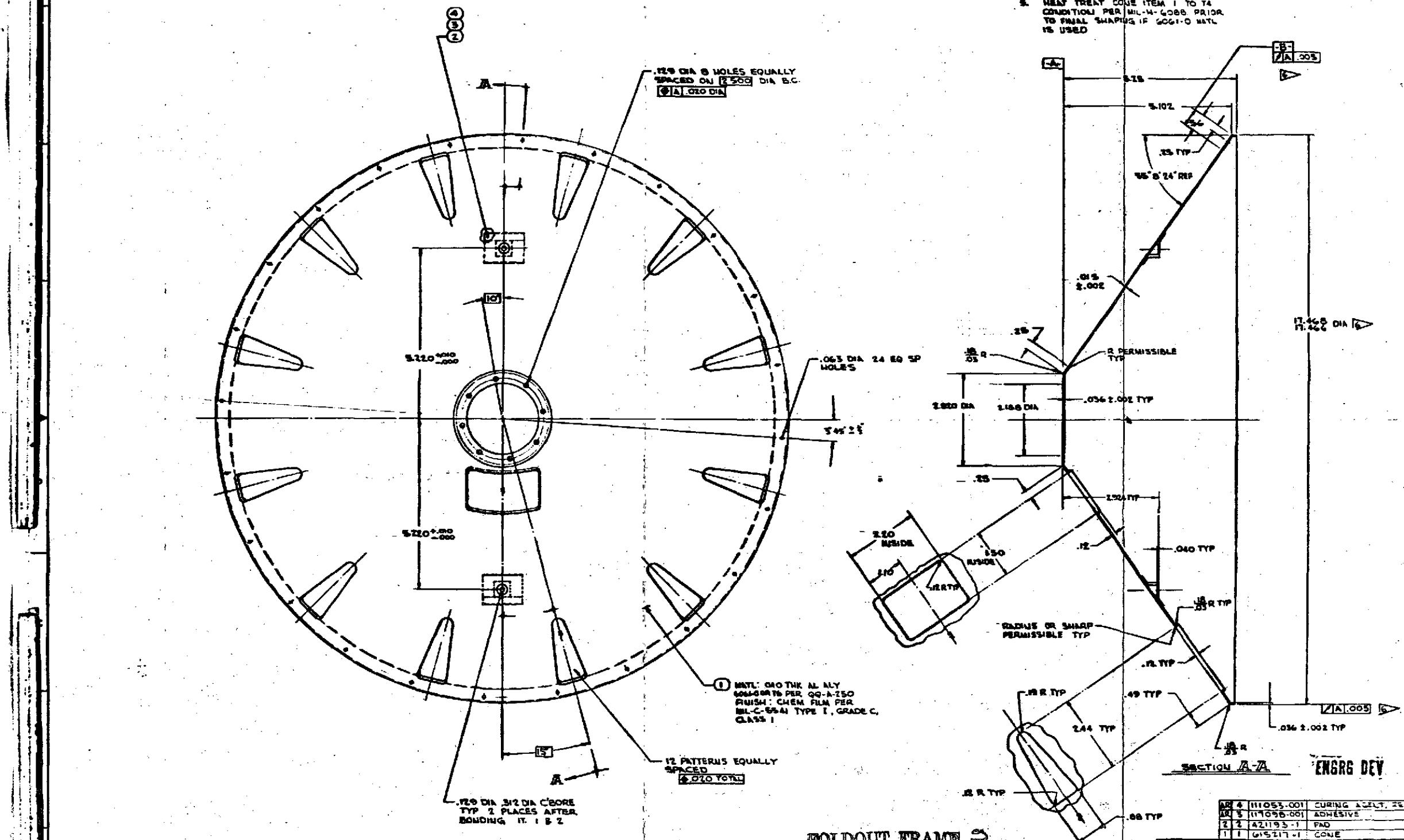
REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

THESE TOLERANCES APPLY ONLY WHEN
ITEM 1 CONE IS BEING RESTRAINED
AT DATUMS A- [] & B- []

REVISIONS				
NUMBER	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DATE	INCHANGED
130	PRINT	PRINT	1-1-68	
	PRINT	PRINT	1-1-68	

NOTES:

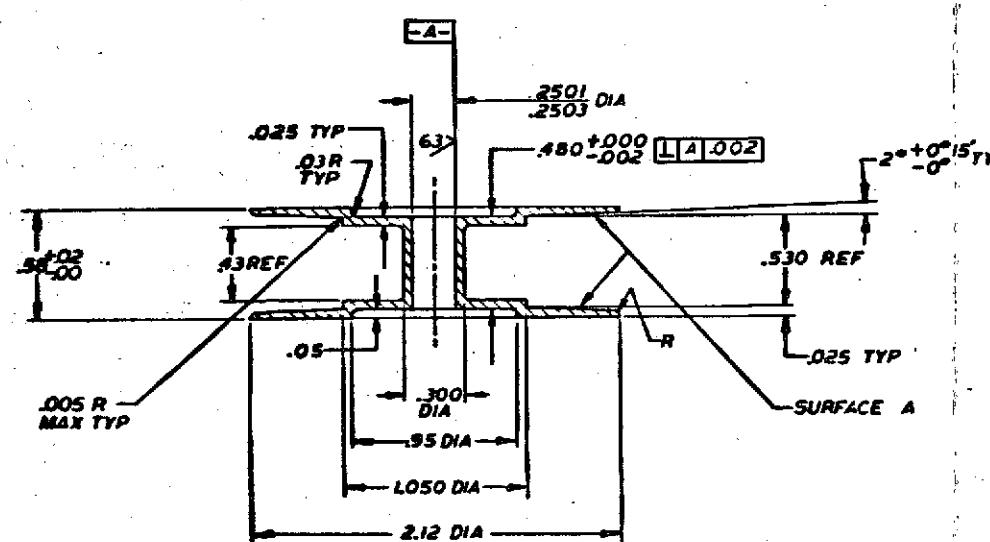
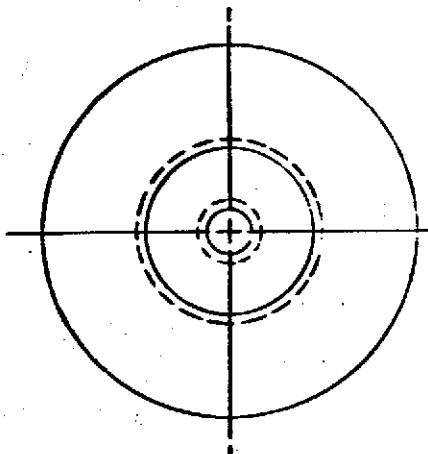
1. MARK 91417-61921 GI PER MIL-STD-130
(T65)
2. CHEM. MILLING MAY BE USED
TO ACHIEVE .005 ± .002 WALL THK
3. THERE SHALL BE NO NOTICEABLE
TOOL MARKS OR INDENTATIONS ON
SURFACE OF CAGE.
4. BOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH
PROCESS SPEC 5762
5. NEVER TREAT CAGE ITEM 1 TO TA
CONDITION PER MIL-H-4206B PRIOR
TO FINAL SHAPING IF SGCG-1-O MATEL
IS USED



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REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR



FOLDOUT FRAME

NOTES:

1- ¹²⁵ ALL OVER UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2- MARK 91417-534090-1 PER MIL-STD-130. (TAG)
3- MATL: AL ALLOY 6061-T6.
4 FINISH: SURFACE 'A' ONLY, COAT WITH .003[±].001
THK 'TUFRAM' BY GENERAL MAGNAPLATE CORP.
ALL OTHER AREAS TO BE CHEMICAL FILM PER
MIL-C-5541 TYPE-1, GRADE-B, CLASS -1.

REVISIONS				DATE	APPROVED
REVISION	DESCRIPTION				
REV A	INITIAL	ISSUE DATE	EXPIRE DATE		

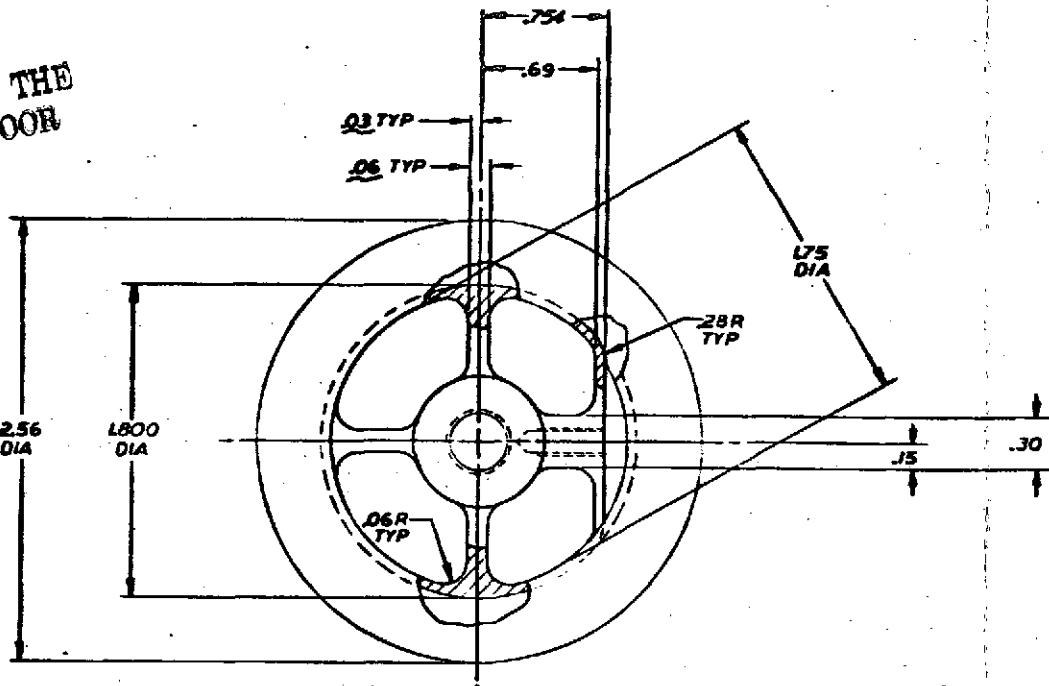
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ENRG DEV

1	615284	1030
SEARCHED		
SERIALIZED		
INDEXED		
FILED		
APPLICATIONS		

		ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	INNOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE EIGHT
QUANTITY REQUIRED		LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
<p>OTHERWISE SPECIFIED SIZES ARE IN INCHES. INCLUDE APPLIED PRECISION TOLERANCES</p> <p>1 POUND 2.005</p> <p>CONTRACT NO. <u>100-1-22</u> DATE <u>10-12-72</u> DESCRIPTION <u>SLUG</u> EXPIRE DATE <u>10-12-72</u> PURCHASED BY <u>F.E. Schutte</u> RECEIVED BY <u>M. Schutte</u> INITIALS <u>C.G.</u> APPROVAL <u>F.E. Schutte</u> DATE <u>10-13-72</u></p>					
<p>RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF KABER-INTERTECH CORPORATION, MIAMI, FLORIDA</p> <p>TITLE <u>DRUM TAKE-UP SPRING MOTOR</u></p> <p>SIZE CODE EIGHT NO. <u>D 91417</u> EIGHT NO. <u>534090</u></p> <p>SCALE <u>2-1</u> EIGHT NO. <u>534090</u></p>					

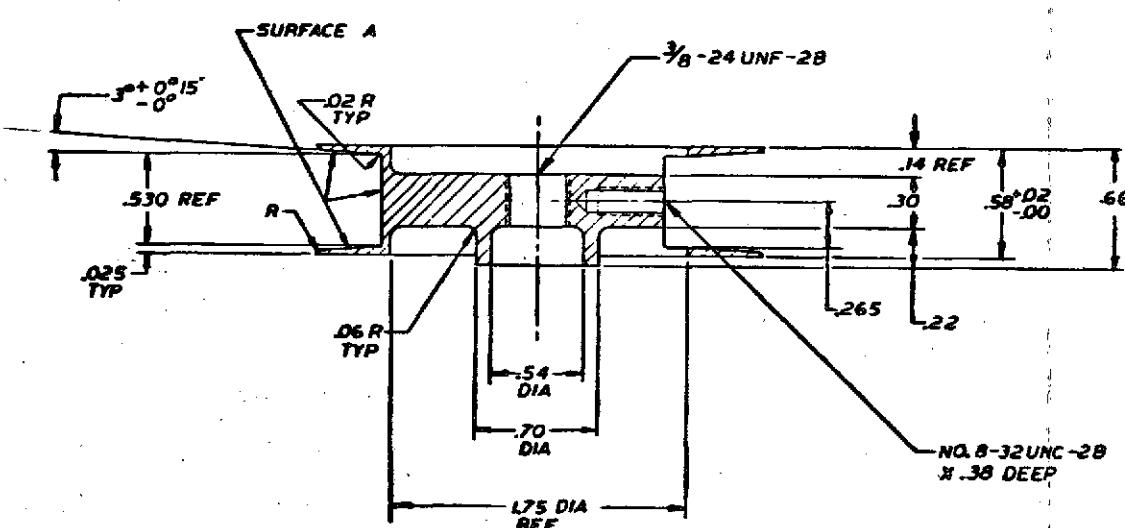
**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR**



NOTES

- 1 - MARK 91417-534091-1 PER MIL-STO-130
(BAG OR TAG).
 - 2 - 125 ALL SURFACES.
 - 3 - MATL: AL ALLOY 6061-T6.
 - 4 - FINISH: SURFACE A ONLY, COAT WITH .003±.001
THK "TUFRAm" BY GENERAL MAGNAPLATE CORP.
ALL OTHER AREAS TO BE CHEMICAL FILM PER
MIL-C-5541 TYPE-1, GRADE-B, CLASS-1.

REVISIONS				
LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED	
A	REVISED PER EDC	100-0217925	12A	12A



FOLDOUT FRAME 2

ENRG DEV

			ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
		QUANTITY REQUIRED			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	
<p>NOT TO EXCEED .005 INCHES AND DEEP DRILLS ADDITIONAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES SPECIFICATIONS TOLERANCES PER DRAWING MACHINING TOLERANCES PER DRAWING SUCH THREADS PER ASME-Y14.5-84 SPECIFICATIONS FOR G10-10-12 SUCH STURDS FOR G10-10-12 SPECIFICATIONS AND TOLERANCES FOR G10-10-12 TOLERANCES FOR G10-10-12 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS FOR G10-10-12 TOLERANCES FOR G10-10-12</p> <p>STUDS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS FOR G10-10-12 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DELETIONS FOR G10-10-12 WELDING STURDS FOR G10-10-12</p>		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES 2 PLACE DEC. 3 PLACE DEC. APPROX. ±.01 ±.005 ±	CONTACT NO.		RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	TITLE
1	615284	1000			DRUM - OUTPUT SPRING MOTOR	REV A
ITEM NO.	PRINTED NAME	USED ON			D 91417	534091
APPLICATION				SCALE 2-1	SHEET	

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

- ASSY TO HAVE 58 MIN ROCKWELL C HARDNESS
 - BALLSCREW THREADS, NUT THREADS, & BALL RETURNS TO BE LUBRICATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DWG 307611
 - PITCH DIA OF BALLSCREW USED AS REF DIA FOR RUN OUT TOLERANCE CALLOUTS.

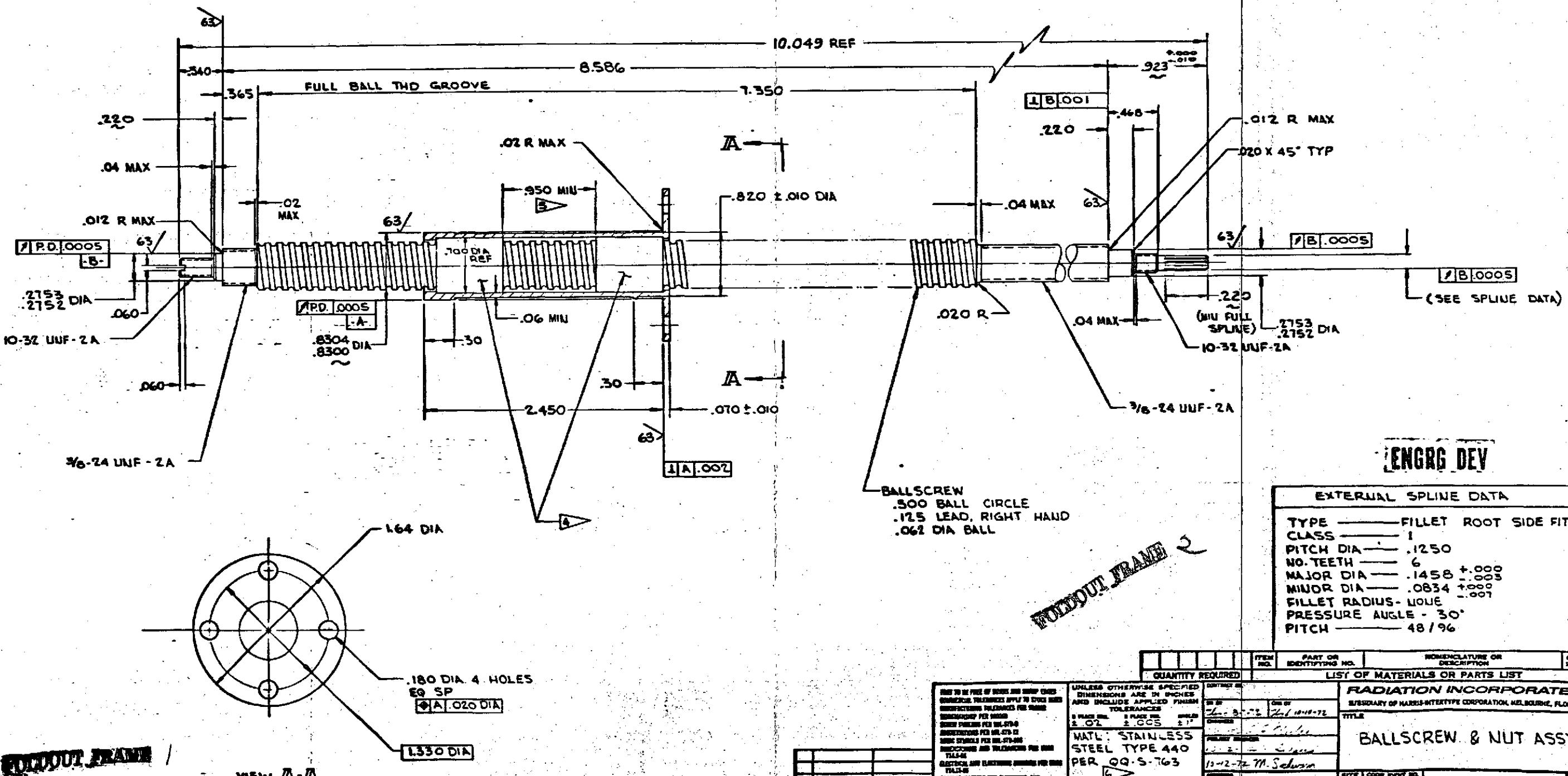
NOTE¹

- NOTES:**

 1. MARK 91417 - 53406661 PER MIL-STD-13
(TAG)
 2. BALLSCREW THREADS TO BE CLOSE CONFORMITY GROUND.
 3. DOUBLE NUT ASSY TO BE PRE-LOADED TO 15 LB.

**4 EACH UNIT TO HAVE MINIMUM OF
35 CIRCUITS OF BALLS.**

DISTANCE BETWEEN NUTS.



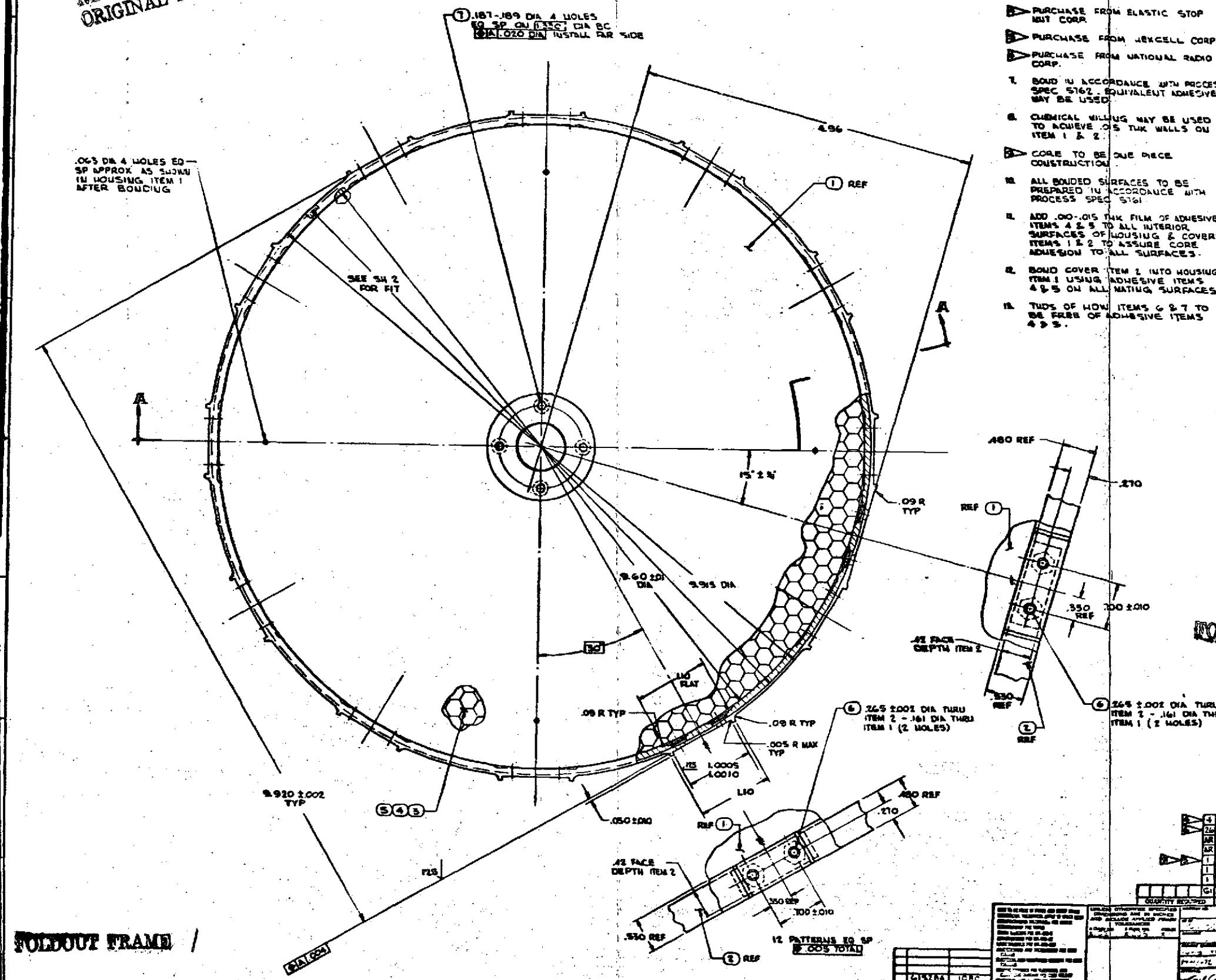
ENGRG DEV

EXTERNAL SPLINE DATA

TYPE _____ FILLET ROOT SIDE FIT
CLASS _____ 1
PITCH DIA ____ .1250
NO. TEETH ____ 6
MAJOR DIA ____ .1458 +.000
MINOR DIA ____ .0834 +.000
FILLET RADIUS - NONE
PRESSURE ANGLE - 30°
PITCH ____ 48 / 96

		ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NONMATERIALS OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT
QUANTITY REQUIRED		LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
1000 TO BE PAIRED WITH 1000 SUSPENDED TRAVERSE ASSEMBLY TO STOCK SIZE MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-194 MANUFACTURERS PER MIL-STD-194 SUSPENDED FOR MIL-STD-194 SUSPENDED FOR MIL-STD-194 SUSPENDED AND TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-194 TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-194 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES PER MIL-STD-194 TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-194 SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLIES PER MIL-STD-194 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLIES SPECIFICATIONS FOR MIL-STD-194 RELAYS SOURCES FOR MIL-STD-194		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES 1 PLATE SIZE 2 PLATE SIZE 3 PLATE SIZE ± .02 ± .005 ± .01			RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTEK CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA TITLE BALLSCREW & NUT ASSY SIZE CODE EXHIBIT NO. D 91417 534066 B
615284 1080 NETTY ASSY USED ON					

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR



- NOTES:**

 - L MARK 91417-61528751 PER
MIL-STD-130 (TAG)
 - MATEL AL ALT 6061-T6 PER
QQ-A-250
 - FINISH: CHEM FILM PER
MIL-C-5541 TYPE I, GRADE C,
CLASS 1
 - PURCHASE FROM ELASTIC STOP
NUT CORP.
 - PURCHASE FROM JEXCELL CORP
 - PURCHASE FROM NATIONAL RADIO
CORP.

7. BOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCESS
SPEC S162. EQUIVALENT ADHESIVES
MAY BE USED.

8. CHEMICAL WELDING MAY BE USED
TO ACHIEVE .015 THK WALLS ON
ITEM 1 & 2.

► CORE TO BE ONE PIECE
CONSTRUCTION.

10. ALL BONDED SURFACES TO BE
PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
PROCESS SPEC S161.

11. ADD .010-.015 THK FILM OF ADHESIVE
ITEMS 4 & 5 TO ALL INTERIOR
SURFACES OF HOUSING & COVER
ITEMS 1 & 2 TO ASSURE CORE
ADHESION TO ALL SURFACES.

12. BOND COVER ITEM 2 INTO HOUSING
ITEM 1 USING ADHESIVE ITEMS
4 & 5 ON ALL MATING SURFACES.

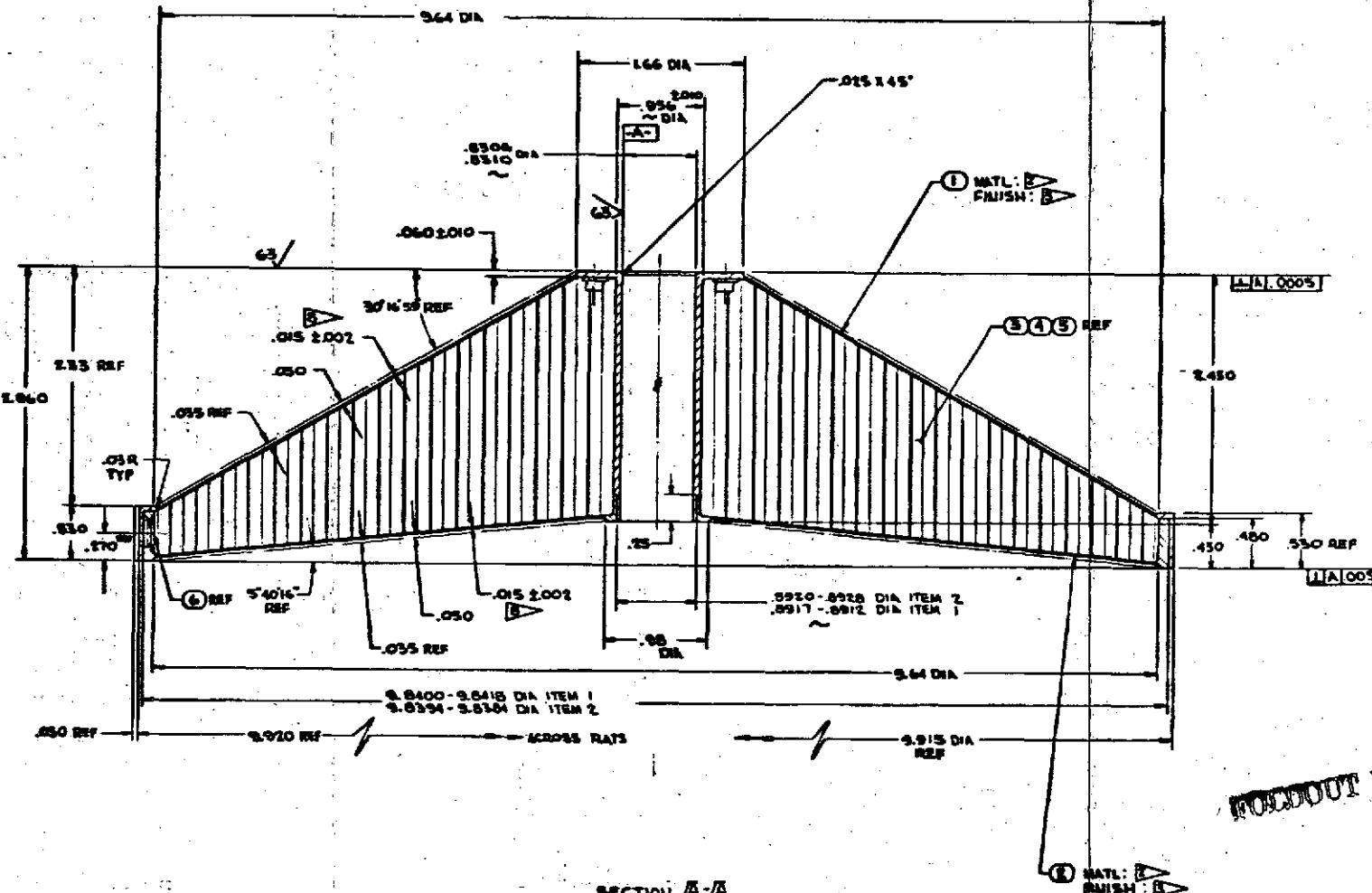
13. TUDS OF HOUSING ITEMS 6 & 7 TO
BE FREE OF ADHESIVE ITEMS
4 & 5.

FOLDOOUT FRAME 5

EMGR6 DEY

**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
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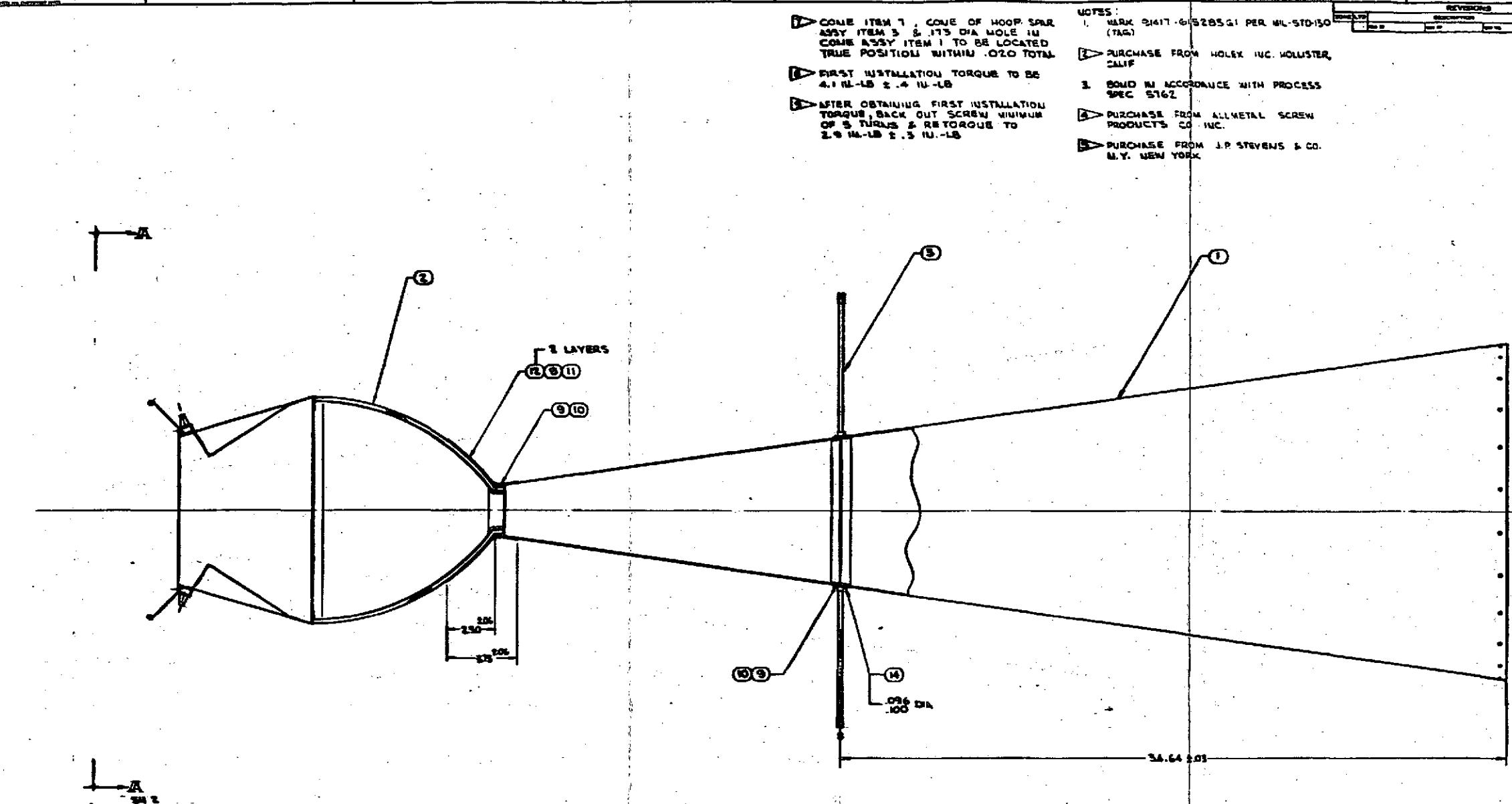
REVISIONS		DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
S-1	A	ALL CARS 3/25/51	1951-03-25	
S-2	B	ALL CARS 5/20/51	1951-05-20	
S-3	C	ALL CARS 3/25/52-1952 7/1	1952-07-01	
S-4	D	ALL CARS 3/29/53	1953-03-29	
S-5	E	ALL CARS 3/29/53-1953 7/1	1953-07-01	



FUGITIVE FRAME

ENGRG DEV

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY RECORDED	ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY RECORDED
STURMANSKIE SIGHTS ARE IN STOCK AND CAN BE SHIPPED TODAY.			RADIATION INCORPORATED. SUBDIVISION OF RADIATION INCORPORATED, CLEVELAND, OHIO.		
10-15-78 J. A. S.			TITLE CARRIER		
10-15-78 M. Johnson					
Carl Parker			ITEM NUMBER E 61417 RECEIVED 1/1		
10-15-78			615237 2/2/		



FOLDOUT FRAME

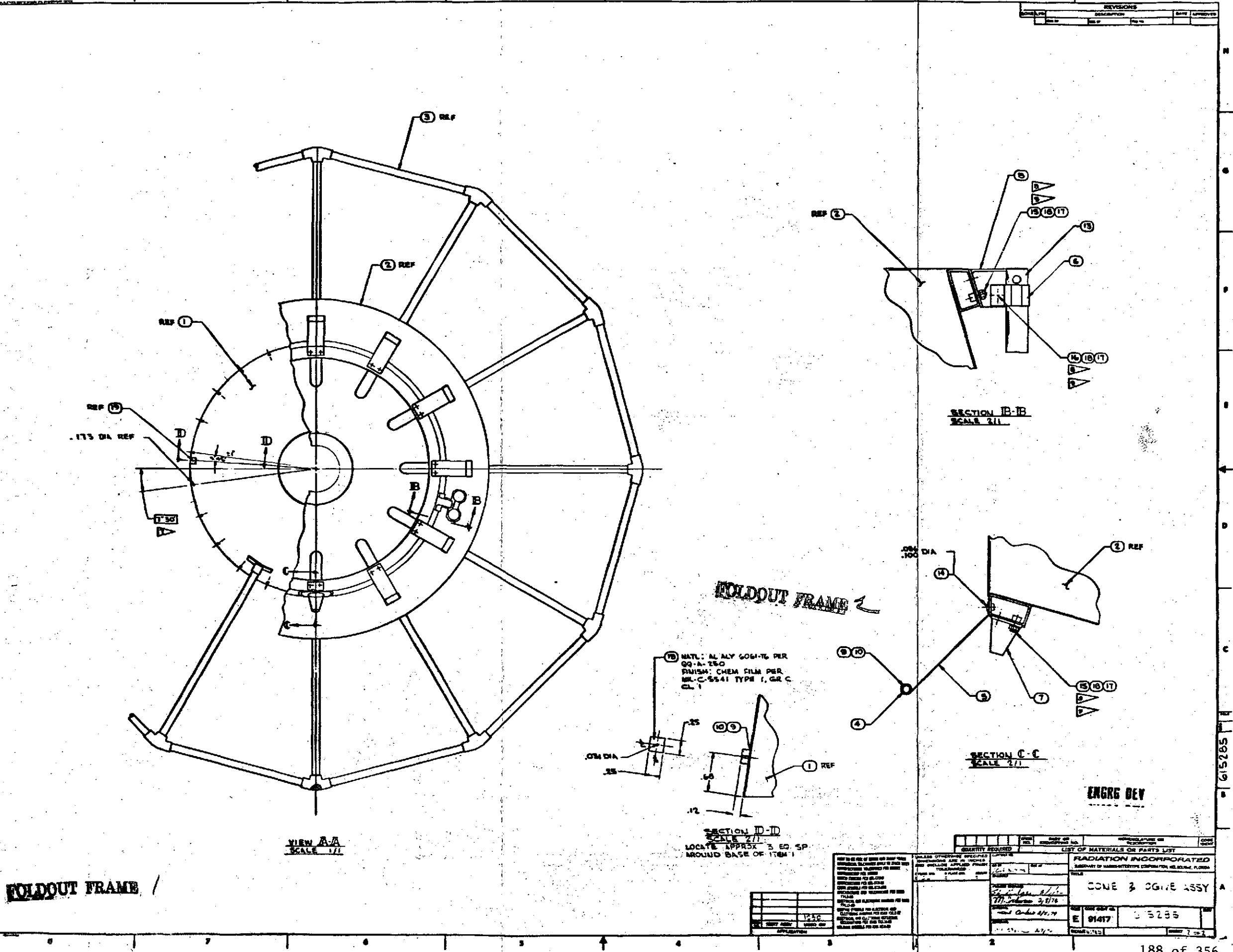
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	REVISIONS
1	MARK 31417-6 5285 GI PER MIL-STO-150 (TAG)	1	
2	PURCHASE FROM MOLEX INC. MOLISTER, CALIF	1	
3	BOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCESS SPEC 5162	1	
4	PURCHASE FROM ALLMETAL SCREW PRODUCTS CO. INC.	1	
5	PURCHASE FROM J.P. STEVENS & CO. N.Y. NEW YORK	1	

ENRG DEV

FOLDOUT FRAME

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DESCRIPTION AND IN INCHES NOTES	PRINTED DATE
ITEM NO. 31417-6 5285	REV. A
DATE 1/1/84	1/1/84
MANUFACTURER	REVISION
ALLMETAL SCREW PRODUCTS CO. INC.	E
1/1/84	1/1/84
1/1/84	1/1/84
1/1/84	1/1/84

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DESCRIPTION AND IN INCHES NOTES	PRINTED DATE
ITEM NO. 31417-6 5285	REV. A
DATE 1/1/84	1/1/84
MANUFACTURER	REVISION
ALLMETAL SCREW PRODUCTS CO. INC.	E
1/1/84	1/1/84
1/1/84	1/1/84
1/1/84	1/1/84

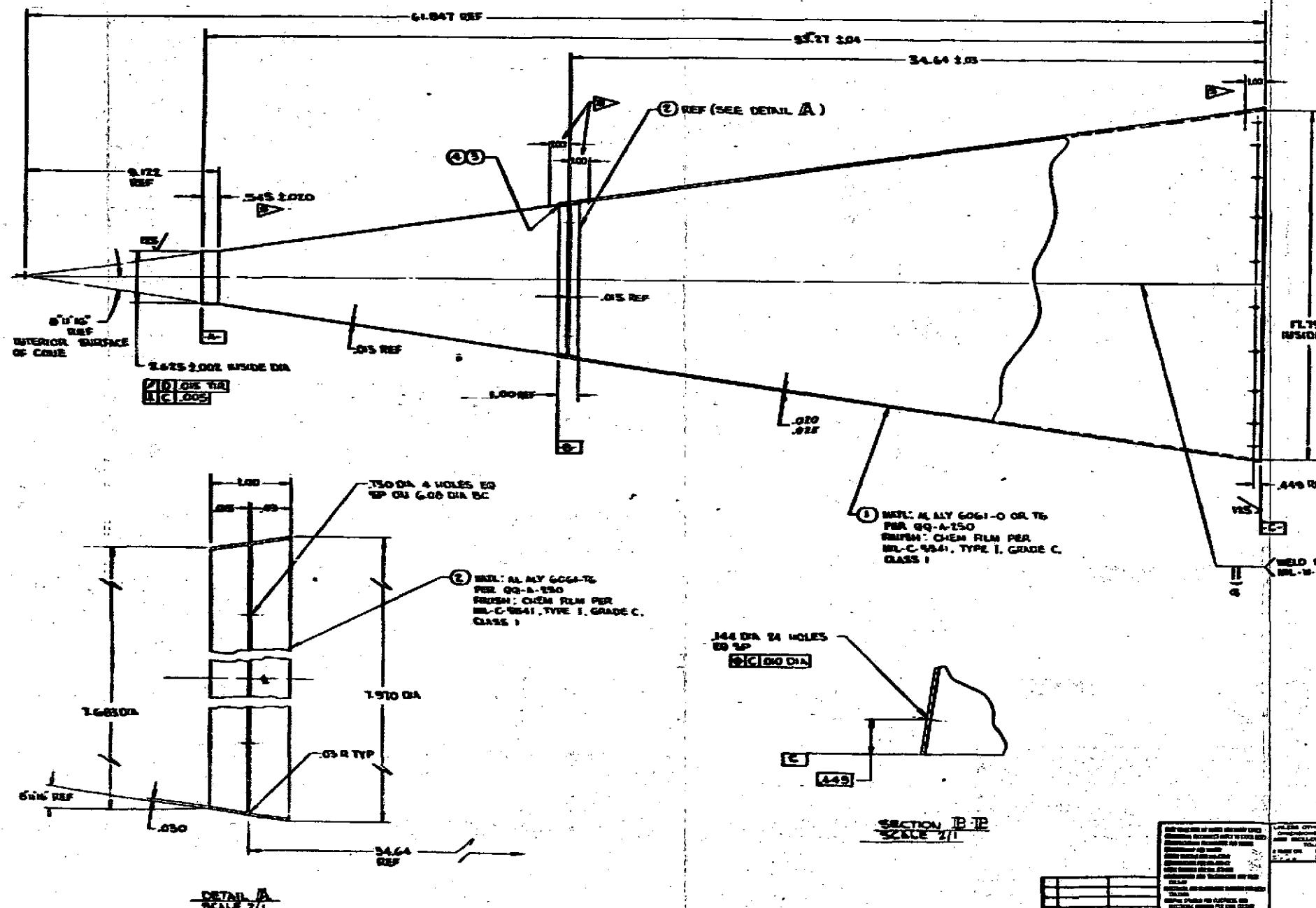


FOLDOUT FRAME

NOTES:

1. WALL THICKNESS OF CONE MAY BE CHEMICALLY WELLED TO .015 IN. FROM DATUM A TO DATUM B AND .020 IN. FROM DATUM B TO DATUM C.
2. THERE SHALL BE NO NOTICEABLE TOOL MARKS OR INDENTATIONS ON EXTERIOR OF CONE.
3. INTERIOR TO BE BLACK ANODIZED TYPE II.
4. MIX BY WEIGHT- 100 PARTS ITEM 5 TO 12 PARTS ITEM 6.
5. INSIDE SURFACE OF CONE ITEM 1 IN AREAS DESIGNATED TO HAVE .25% OR BETTER % ALL WELDS GROUNDED FLUSH.
6. HEAT TREAT CONE ITEM 1 TO T6 CONDITION PER MIL-H-9005 PRIOR TO FINAL SHAPING.
7. BOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCESS SPEC ST62.

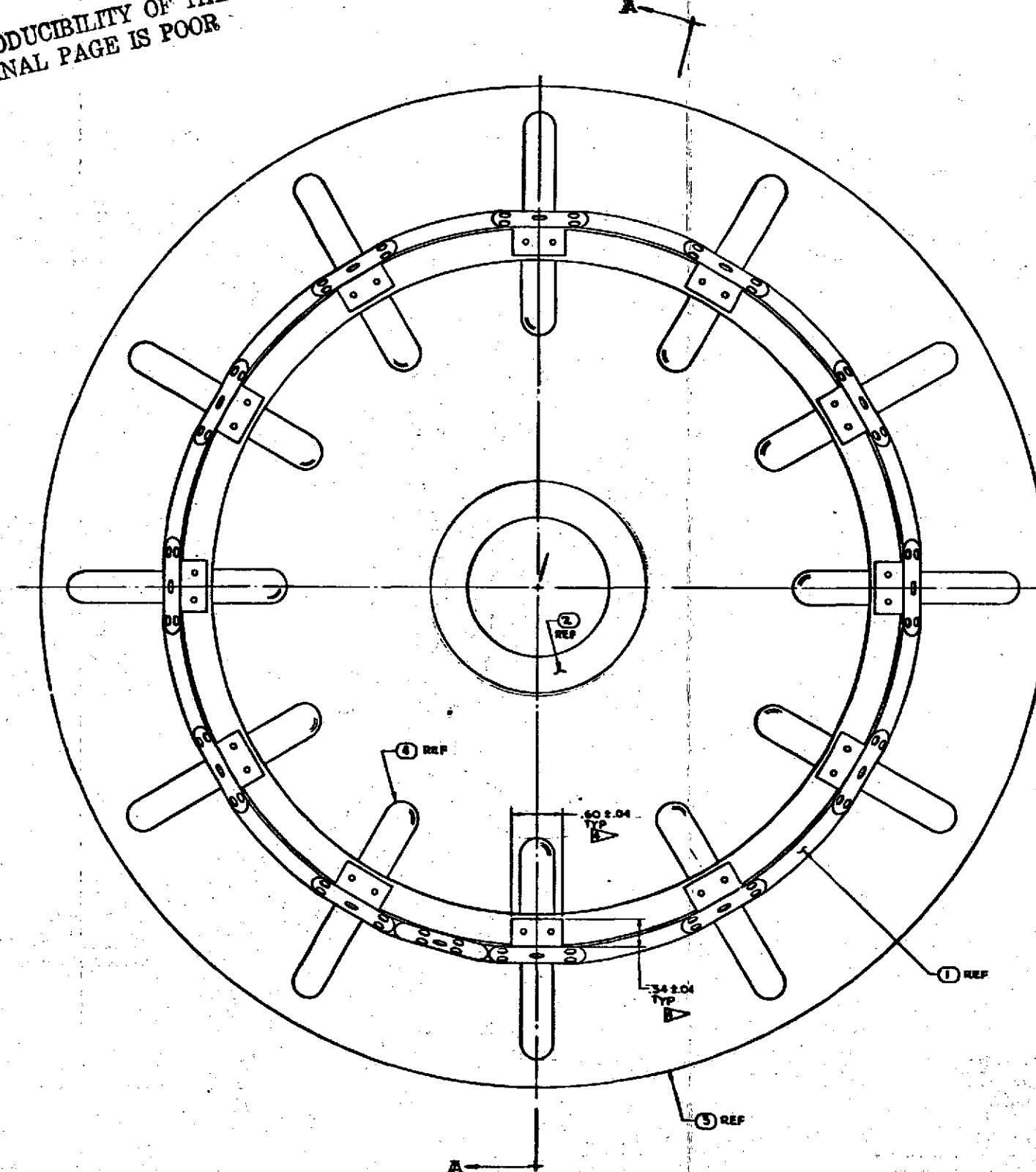
FOLDOUT FRAME



CONE ASSY		LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY REQUIRED	CORE NUMBER
1	CONICAL SHAPE	1	1
2	CHM FILM	1	2
3	WELD	1	3
4	ANODIZE	1	4
5	CHM FILM	1	5
6	WELD	1	6
7	ANODIZE	1	7

ENGR'D

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR



FOLDOUT FRAME

NOTES:

1. VARL. 91417 - G15279-G: PER MIL-STD-150 (TAS)
2. MTL: PRE-IMPERFORATED FABRIC ERS T551 / JOHN BB FROM FERRO CORP HUNTINGTON BEACH, CALIF
3. MTL: FIBERGLASS CLOTH NO 16116 FROM J.P. STEVENS CO.
4. NO FIBERGLASS IN THESE AREAS.
5. USE ITEMS 6, 7 & 8 AS FILLER TO ACHIEVE SMOOTH RADII AROUND CUTOUT TYP 12 PLACES
6. BOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCESS SPEC ST62
7. ALL LAYUP MTL TO BE REMOVED FROM ACCESS HOLES ON RING STEM 1

REVISED		REVISIONS	
REV 1	REV 2	REV 3	REV 4

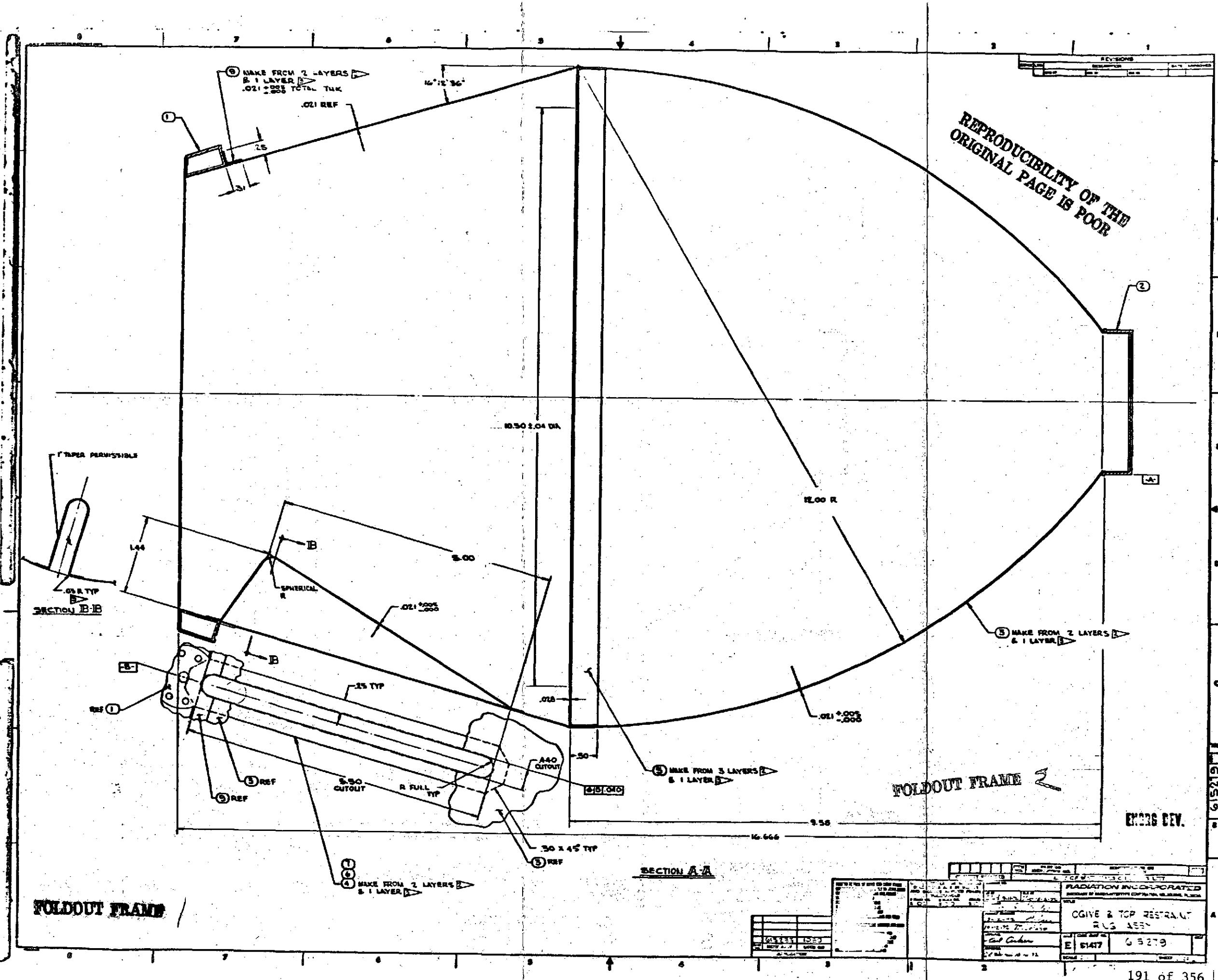
FOLDOUT FRAME

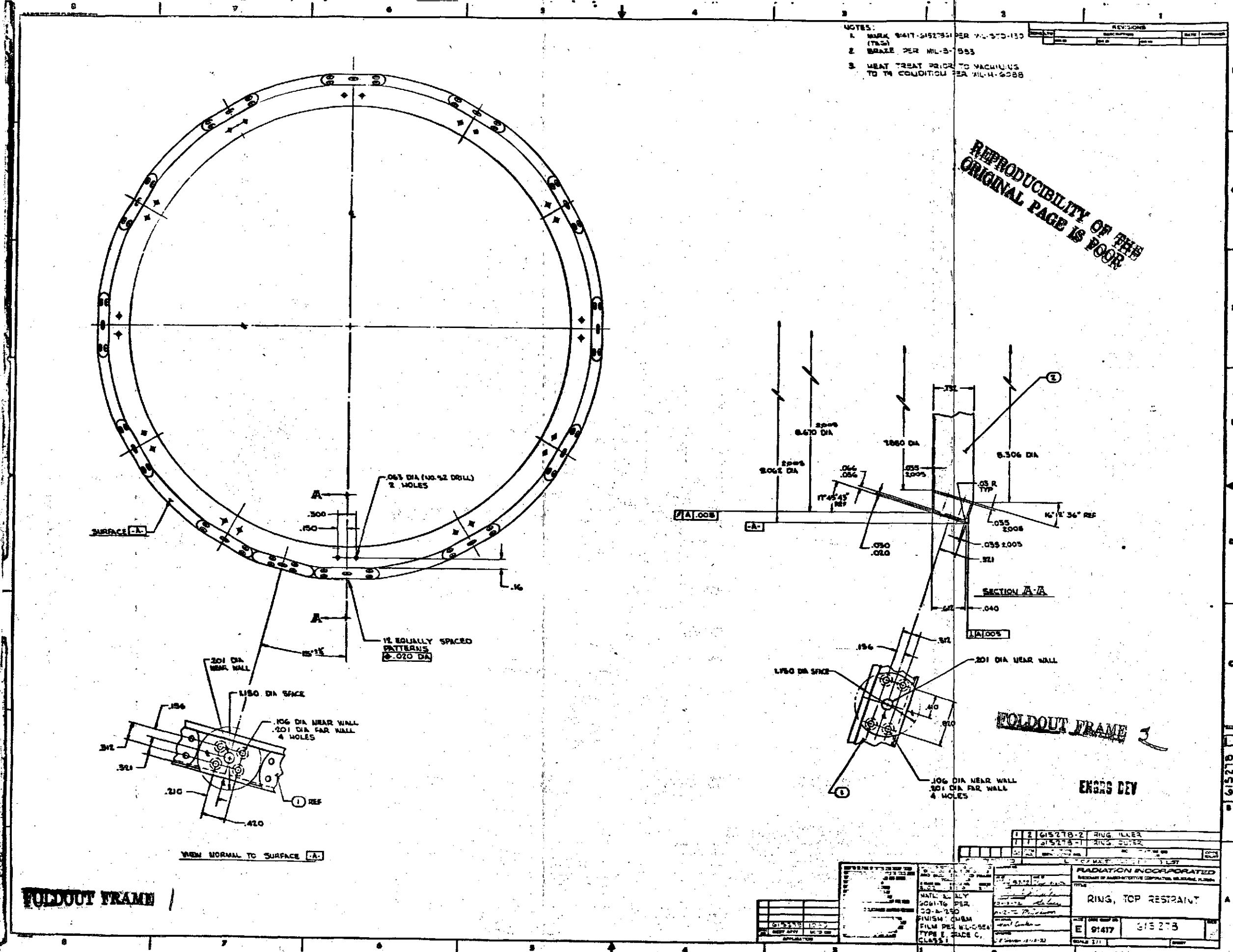
ENGRS REV

AR	8	106368-001	PIGMENT, PULVERIZED SILICA
AR	7	111053-001	CURING AGENT, RESIN
AR	6	111053-001	ADHESIVE
I	5	615279-5	ANGLE
I	4	615279-4	COVER
I	3	615279-3	OGIVE
I	2	421190-1	COLLAR
I	1	615279-G	RING, TOP RESTRAINT

ITEM NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	
1	615279-G	1	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY, HOMOS, FLA.
2	615279-1	2	OGIVE & TOP RESTRAINT RING ASSY
3	615279-2	3	421190-1
4	615279-3	4	615279-3
5	615279-4	5	615279-4
6	615279-5	6	615279-5
7	111053-001	7	111053-001
8	106368-001	8	106368-001

**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR**

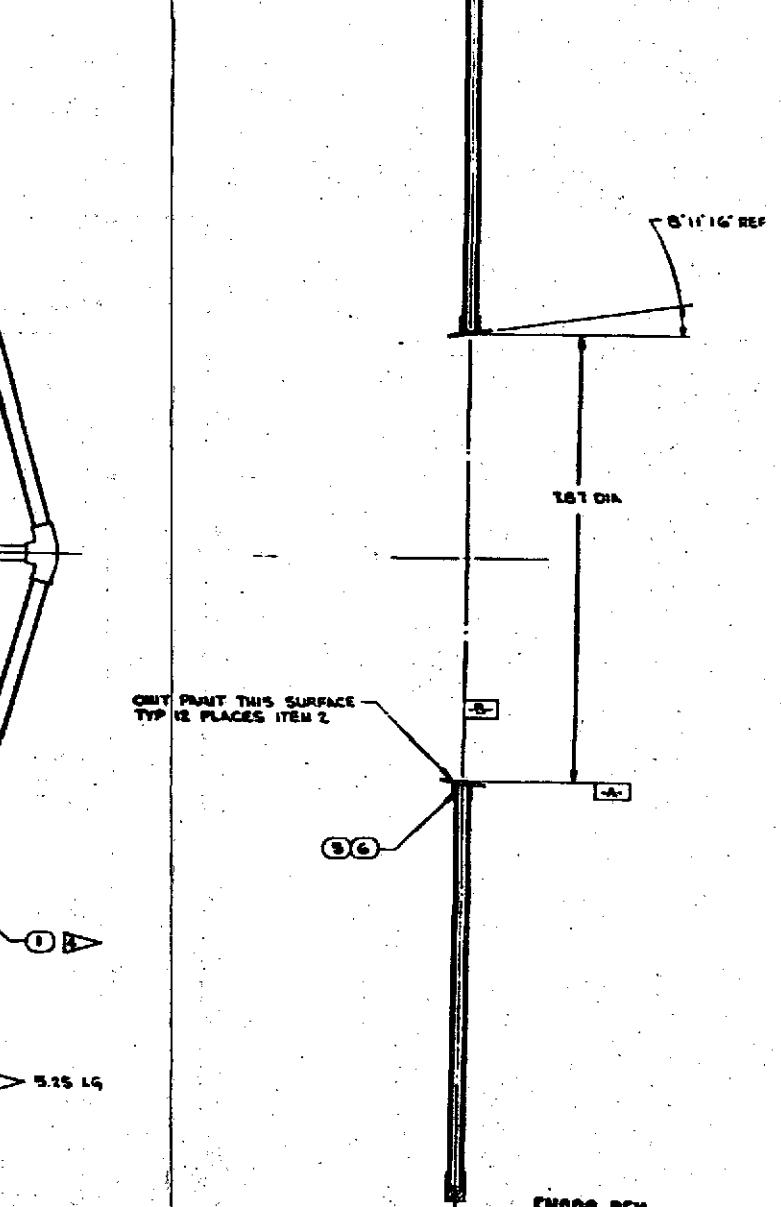




NOTES:
 1 MARK QW117-1621USG1 PER MIL-STD-130
 2 FINISH COAT WITH S-25 PER
 PAD SPEC 7741

► MATEL: 244±0.01 O.D. x 0.06±0.005
 WALL POLYGLU WOVEN FIBERGLASS
 TUBE FROM POLYGLU PLASTIC CO.
 VALKERTON, INDIANA (1.5x10⁶ MODULUS
 IN)

► ITEMS 1, 2 & 3 TO BE LOCATED
 STAB 320 TOTAL



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY REQUIRED	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		COST
			ITEM	DESCRIPTION	
AR 6	111053-001 CURING AGENT RESIN				
AR 5	111053-001 ADHESIVE				
PZ 4	615215-4 HOOP				
PZ 3	615215-3 SPAR				
PZ 2	420819-1 PAD				
PZ 1	430210-1 SOCKET				
RADIATION INCORPORATED LEVEL OF INTEGRITY: TYPE: OPERATIONAL, FUNCTIONAL					
HOOP-SPAR ASSY					
E 91477	615215	A			

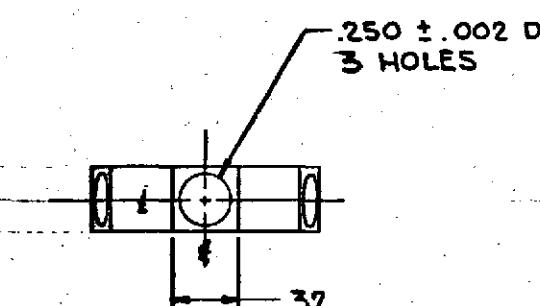
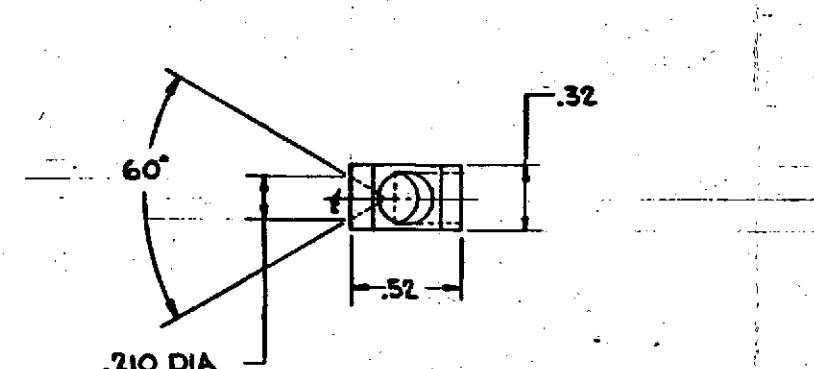
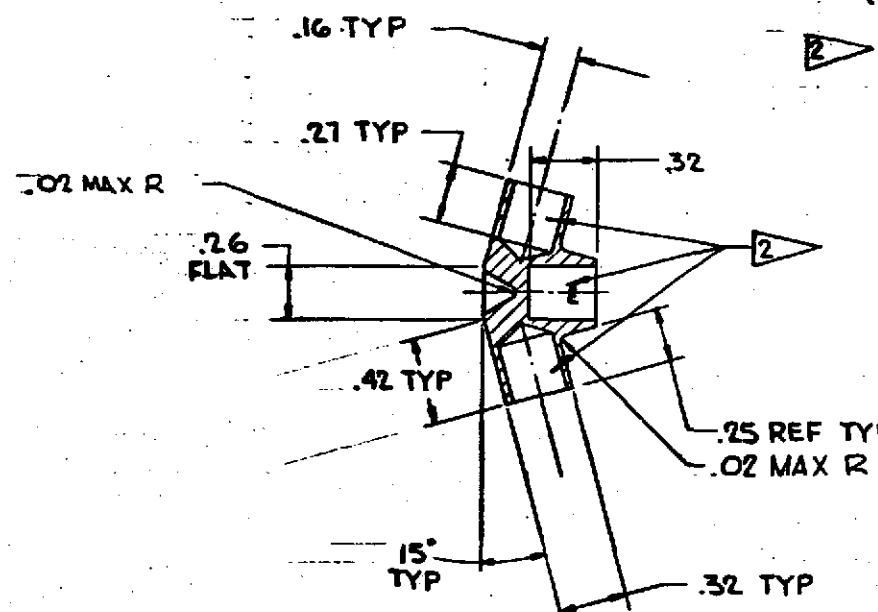
FOLDOUT FRAME

A	ENG 417930 10-19-72	CNTR BY	EDO NO 0217930	REVISED PER EDC
---	---------------------	---------	----------------	-----------------

NOTES

1. MARK 91417-420820-1 PER MIL-STD-130
(BAG)

2) OMIT FINISH ON THESE SURFACES.



ENRG DEV

FOLDOUT FRAME

FOLDOUT FRAME

615215	1080
NIKTY ASSY	USED ON
APPLICATION	

PRINT TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES
COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130
WORKSMANSHIP PER MIL-STD-900C
SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-90
ABBREVIATIONS PER MIL-STD-12
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808
DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER MIL-STD-130
TIA-568
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-130
TIA-568
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-130
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
CONVENTIONS PER MIL-STD-130
WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS A2.0-56

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH
TOLERANCES
2 PLACE DIM. 3 PLACE DIM. ANGLE
 $\pm .01$ $\pm .005$ $\pm 1^\circ$
MATERIAL: AL ALY
6061-T6 PER
QQ-A-250
FINISH: ANODIZE
PER MIL-A-8625
TYPE III CL 1

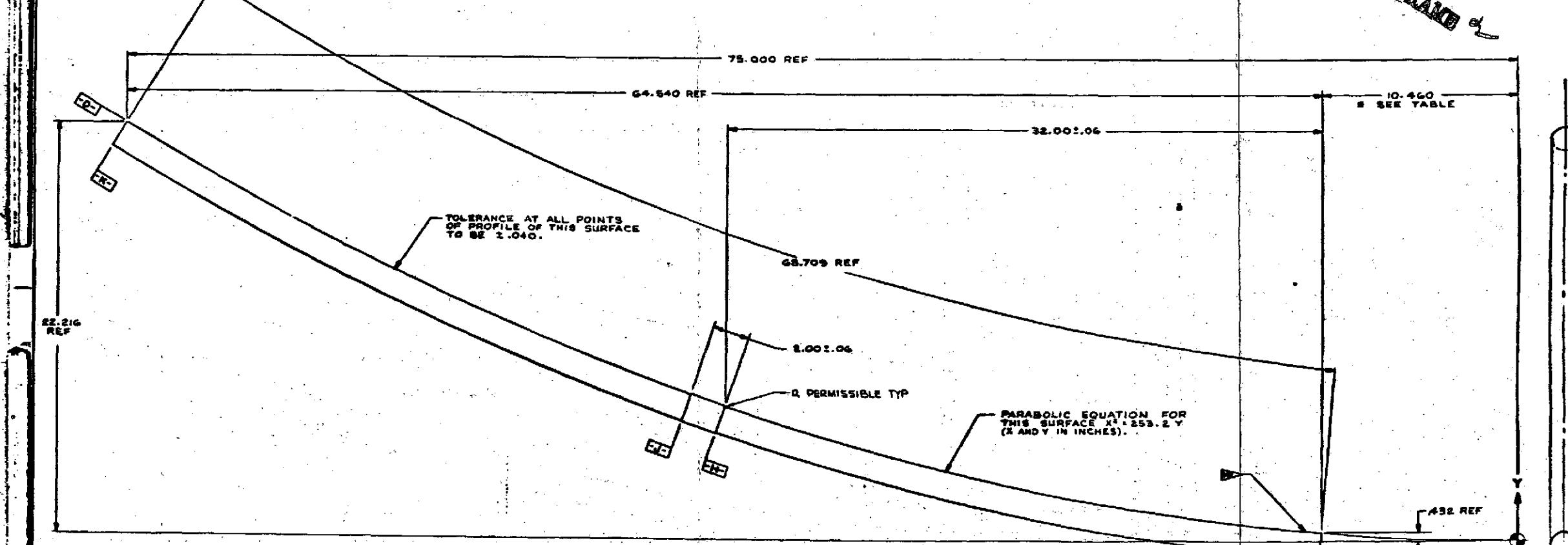
QUANTITY REQUIRED	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST				
RADIATION INCORPORATED				
SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA				
1	C	91417	420820	A
2	3	4	5	6

SOCKET, HOOP-SPAR

MF 10-19-72 1 195 of 356

PARABOLIC COORDINATES					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
0.000	0.000	23.500	2.259	41.000	6.833
1.000	0.204	23.500	2.81	41.500	6.932
2.000	0.408	24.000	2.275	42.000	6.967
3.000	0.612	24.500	2.371	42.500	7.134
4.000	0.816	25.000	2.468	43.000	7.303
5.000	0.999	25.500	2.548	43.500	7.473
6.000	1.162	26.000	2.670	44.000	7.646
7.000	1.314	26.500	2.773	44.500	7.821
8.000	1.455	27.000	2.879	45.000	7.998
9.000	1.586	27.500	2.987	45.500	8.176
10.000	1.715	28.000	3.096	46.000	8.357
10.500	1.835	28.500	3.208	46.500	8.540
11.000	1.948	29.000	3.321	47.000	8.724
11.500	2.052	29.500	3.437	47.500	8.91
12.000	2.153	30.000	3.555	48.000	9.100
12.500	2.247	30.500	3.674	48.500	9.290
13.000	2.337	31.000	3.795	49.000	9.485
13.500	2.420	31.500	3.919	49.500	9.677
14.000	2.494	32.000	4.044	50.000	9.874
14.500	2.559	32.500	4.172	50.500	10.072
15.000	2.689	33.000	4.301	51.000	10.273
15.500	2.849	33.500	4.432	51.500	10.475
16.000	3.011	34.000	4.562	52.000	10.679
16.500	3.175	34.500	4.701	52.500	10.886
17.000	3.341	35.000	4.838	53.000	11.094
17.500	3.510	35.500	4.977	53.500	11.304
18.000	3.680	36.000	5.118	54.000	11.517
18.500	3.852	36.500	5.262	54.500	11.731
19.000	4.020	37.000	5.407	55.000	11.947
19.500	4.182	37.500	5.554	55.500	12.165
20.000	4.340	38.000	5.703	56.000	12.385
20.500	4.490	38.500	5.854	56.500	12.608
21.000	4.640	39.000	6.007	57.000	12.832
21.500	4.792	39.500	6.162	57.500	13.058
22.000	4.942	40.000	6.319	58.000	13.286
22.500	5.093	40.500	6.478	58.500	13.516

* FOR REFERENCE ONLY

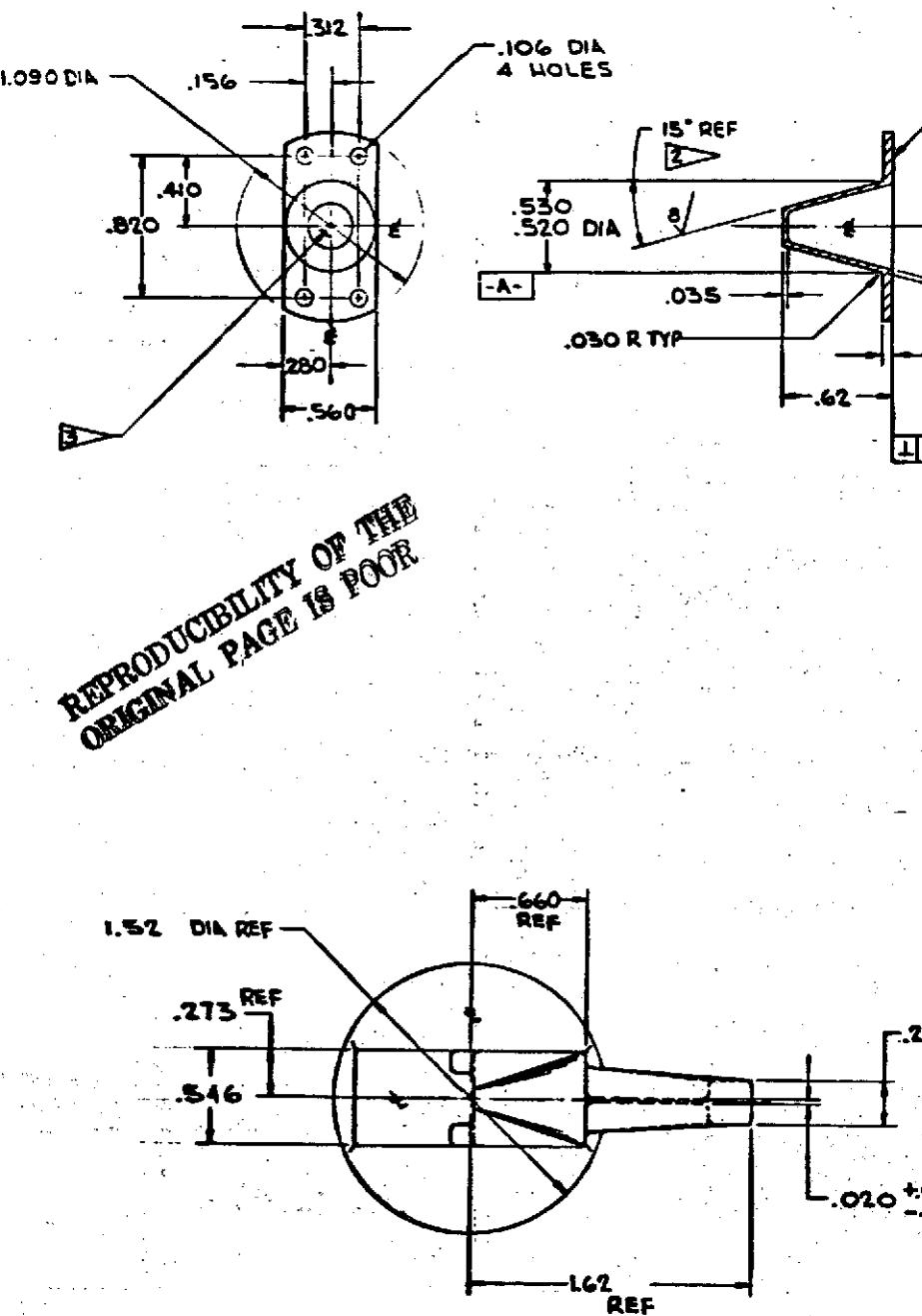


FOLDOUT FRAME

- NOTES CONT.
1. DIMENSIONS IN THE TABLE ARE BASIC.
2. TERM "NORMAL TO SURFACE" AS USED ON THIS DRAWING MEANS A THEORETICAL LINE PERPENDICULAR TO SURFACE D (PARABOLIC CURVE) AT ANY GIVEN POINT ON THAT CURVE.
3. FORMED TUBE TO BE ROUND WITHIN .100 TOTAL FULL LENGTH OF TUBE.
4. SHARP BENDS, DISCONTINUITIES OR INDENTATIONS NOT PERMITTED.
5. WALL THICKNESS OF TUBE TO BE CHEMICALLY MILLED TO THE FOLLOWING PROFILE: UNIFORMLY TAPERED FROM .009 IN. (DATUM G) TO .013 ± .001 (DATUM H); CONSTANT THICKNESS OF .020 ± .001 FROM DATUM H TO J; AND UNIFORMLY TAPERED FROM .013 ± .001 (DATUM J) TO .007 ± .001 (DATUM K).
6. THERE SHALL BE NO NOTICEABLE TOOL MARKS OR INDENTATIONS ON EXTERIOR SURFACE OF TUBE.

REVISIONS	
REV. A	DATE APPROVED
REV. B	REASON FOR CHANGES

QUANTITY REQUIRED	PRINT OF IDENTIFICATION NO.	DESCRIPTION OR DESIGNATION	CODE IDENT.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
RADIATION INCORPORATED			
SUBSTITUTE FOR RADIO ATTENUATION CAPACITOR, MEDIUM PLATE			
TITLE			
MATERIAL AL ALLOY TUBE .500 O.D. X .022 WALL THICKNESS .001 ± .001 TG PER WW-T-700.			
RIB			
E 81477	G15274	A	



**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR**

VIEW A-A

WEDDING FRAMES

② MATL: AL ALY GOGI-TG PER
QQ-A-250
FINISH: ANODIZE PER MIL-A-862
TYPE III, CLASS I

NOTES:
I. MARK 91417-534379 GI PER
MIL-STD-130 (BAG)

-  LAP FINISH ITEM 1 WITH ITEM 2
AFTER ANODIZE TO ASSURE
MATCHED CONIC SURFACES.
 -  ELECTRIC ETCH IN AREAS SHOWN
USING $\frac{1}{16}$ HIGH CHARACTERS
TO ASSURE IDENTIFICATION OF
MATCHED SETS.
 - 4. ALL FILLETS & RADII TO BE .03
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
FOR ITEM 1

This technical drawing shows a cross-sectional view of a mechanical part. Key dimensions include:

- Left side: .216 DIA, .110, .140, .860, .175, .035, 45°.
- Top center: .660, .018 REF, .035.
- Right side: 15°, .478 DIA, .488, .44, 18°, .035, .020, .04, .090, .25, 1.68.

A note at the bottom left says "OMIT FINISH THIS SURFACE".

MATL: AL ALY CASTING K01
PER AMS422B (MIL-HDBK-5B
Z01.0 CLASS 10)
FINISH: ANODIZE PER
MIL-A-8625 TYPE III, CLASS
EXCEPT SURFACES NOTED

ING KOI I
WORK-SA
OMIT FINISH ALL

132

FOLDOUT FRAME

A technical drawing of a mechanical assembly. The top part shows a circular component with a central hole and a slot, labeled "R FULL". A dimension line indicates a width of ".31 TYP". Below this is a vertical tube with a flared bottom, also labeled "R FULL". A dimension line indicates a height of ".31 R TYP 1.00". The bottom part shows a rectangular base plate with a central hole and a slot, labeled "R FULL". A dimension line indicates a width of ".31 TYP". A dimension line at the bottom indicates a total height of "250". To the left of the base plate, there is a note "40 UUC-1B". On the left side of the drawing, there is a vertical note "0.010" above "-0.005".

ENRG.DEV

1	2	534379-2	CONE
1	1	534379-1	PLUG, RIB
GI	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NON-ENCLOSURE OR DESCRIPTION
D			CODE LOCN
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTEK CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA TITLE: RIB TIP RESTRAINT			
9-1-72 <i>Code No.</i> <i>Thru 10-10-72</i> <hr/> <i>12-6-72 J.L.S.</i> <hr/> <i>7-72 M.Schwarz</i> <hr/> <i>7-72 M.Schwarz</i>		SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"	REV
10-10-72 <i>Code No.</i> D 91417		534379	REV
		SCALE 7/16"	REV
		SCALE 7/16"	REV

4	3	2	1																
<p>NOTES:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. MARK 91417-420847-GI PER MIL-STD-130 (TAG) 2. BRAZE PER MIL-B-7883 3. HEAT TREAT TO T4 CONDITION PER MIL-H-6088. <p>REVISIONS</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>ZONE</th> <th>LTR</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> <th>DATE APPROVED</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>CHE BY 55 10-10-72</td> <td>CHE BY ECO NO. 0217931 10-10-72</td> <td>10-10-72</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">REVISED PER EDC</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED	A	CHE BY 55 10-10-72	CHE BY ECO NO. 0217931 10-10-72	10-10-72	REVISED PER EDC							
ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED																
A	CHE BY 55 10-10-72	CHE BY ECO NO. 0217931 10-10-72	10-10-72																
REVISED PER EDC																			
<i>REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR</i>																			
<p>MATERIALS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. MATL: AL ALY 6061-T6 PER QQ-A-225 2. MATL: .020 THK AL ALY 6061-T6 <p>DIMENSIONS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .15 R .03 X 45 TYP .04 MAX .25 .50 .12 .25 1.562 3.54 .25 DIA .312 DIA .1251 .1254 DIA .100 63/ <p>NOTES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> B-32 UNC-1A P.D. CONCENTRIC TO DATUM A WITHIN .002 5/16 -18 UNC-1A 																			
<p>FOLDOUT FRAME 21</p> <p>ENGRG DEV</p> <p>LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>ITEM NO.</th> <th>PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> <th>CODE IDENT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>420847-2 SUPPORT</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>420847-1 TUBE</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>G1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA</p> <p>SUPPORT, MIDPOINT</p> <p>420847</p>				ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT	1	2	420847-2 SUPPORT		1	1	420847-1 TUBE		G1			
ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT																
1	2	420847-2 SUPPORT																	
1	1	420847-1 TUBE																	
G1																			
<p>NOTES:</p> <p>THIS DRAWING IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND IS NOT DRAWN TO ANY SPECIFIC SCALE.</p> <p>DO NOT USE FOR FABRICATION.</p> <p>PRINTED ON 10-10-72</p> <p>PRINTED BY 10-10-72</p> <p>CHIEF DESIGNER 10-10-72</p> <p>PROJECT ENGINEER 10-10-72</p> <p>APPROVAL 10-10-72</p> <p>INITIALS 10-10-72</p> <p>REVISIONS 10-10-72</p> <p>SCALE 2/1</p> <p>REV A</p>																			

FOLDOUT FRAME 1

615283	1080
NEXT ASSY	USED ON
APPLICATION	

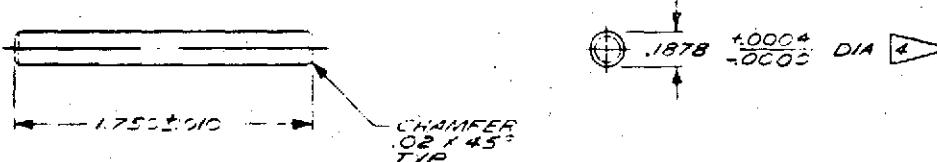
REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

308389

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-308389-1 PER MIL-STO-130. (BAG)
2. MAKE FROM PIC DESIGN CAT. NO. AS-17, TO BE STRAIGHT WITHIN .0001 PER IN. TO BE .18725-.1878 DIA. AND MADE FROM TYPE 303 CPES, CLEAR PASSIVATED.
3. FIN O.D. SHALL BE LLEPICTED WITH CUBECO # 905 IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAC DWG. NO. 207610.
4. DIMENSION APPLIES AFTER COATING PER NOTE 3.

REVISI0NS			
ZONE LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
CNC BY	CNC BY	ECO NO.	



ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	DESCRIPTION	CONFIDENTIAL
QTY RECD	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES 1 PLACE BEHIND ANGLE 2 PLACES BEHIND DECIMAL 3 PLACES BEHIND FRACTION RADIATION INCORPORATED <small>SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTEK CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA</small>			
SHAFT, PIVOT <small>10-12-72 J. Schwan</small>			
<small>PRINTED IN U.S.A.</small> <small>10-12-72 J. Schwan</small>		SIZE	CODE IDENT NO.
		B	91417 308389 REV
		SCALE 2/1	SHEET

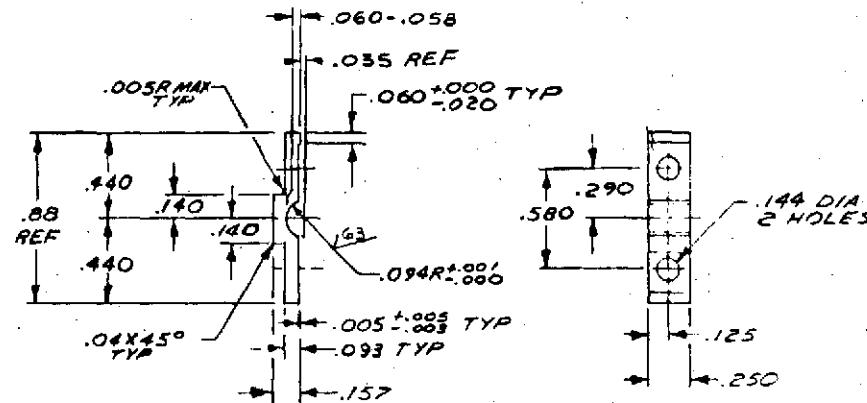
PART TO BE FREE OF DUNES AND SHARP EDGES COMINGEAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO SIZES SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-12	DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.S. TIA-515-6 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-15-66
WORKMANSHIP PER MIL-STD-12	GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-2-67
SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-12	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-18-63
ABBREVIATIONS PER MIL-STD-12	
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-12	
WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS ALG-56	

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

REVISIONS			
ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CND BY	CHE BY	ECO NO	

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-308391-1 PER MIL-STD-130 (BAG)
2. MATL: AL ALY 6061-T6 PER QQ-A-250
3. FINISH: CHEMICAL FILM PER MIL-C-5541 TYPE I, GRADE C, CLASS 1
4. 125/ ALL OVER UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER 900002 WORKSHOP PER 900004 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-96 ABBREVIATIONS PER MIL-STD-12 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808 WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS A2.56	
DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A. T14.5-56 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A. T14.15-54 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A. T17.2-47 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A. T32.16-65	
DASH NO	615284
NEXT ASBY	1080
USED ON	
APPLICATION	

ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT.
QTY REQ'D	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDES TAPPED HOLES EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFIED 1 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLES	CONTRACT NO	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA		
MATERIAL:	OP BY	10-12-72 100-100-100-100 EN-ENTERED 10-12-72 100-100-100-100 TITLE		
FINISH:	PRINTED ENGINEER 10-12-72 [Signature] APPROVED Carl Carlson	SIZE	CODE IDENT. NO.	REV.
	APPROVED C. Carlson 10-12-72	B	91417	308391
		SCALE	2/1	SHEET

308396

REV

2

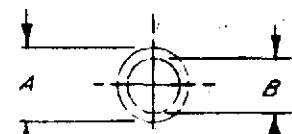
1

1

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-308396 PER
MIL-STD-130. (BAG)2. RT/5813 DUROID-ROGERS
CORP., ROGERS, CONN.

REVISIONS		DATE APPROVED
ZONE/LTR	DESCRIPTION	
CNR BY	CHE BY	ECO NO



.015 ± .002

PART NO.	DIM A	DIM B
308396-1	.196 DIA	.53 DIA
308396-2	.145 DIA	.129 DIA
308396-3	.250 DIA	.379 DIA
308396-4	.42 DIA	.200 DIA

-4	615284	1080
-3	615284	1080
-2	615284	1080
-1	534385	1080
REAR	NOTE ABY	USED ON
		APPLICATION

PART TO BE FREE OF RUSTS AND SHARP EDGES.
CONVENTIONAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES.
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130.
PRINTING TOLERANCE PER MIL-STD-130.
SCHEN TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130.
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-130.
WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS A2.5-58

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER UGS
T14.5-66
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER UGS
TIA Z3-66
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER UGS Y12.47
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC PRINTING
DESIGNATIONS PER UGS Y12.48

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST				
RADIATION INCORPORATED				
CLOUDY RAY HARRIS INTELLIGENT CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA				
CONTRACT NO. 104-A 26-1-315-21 100-1000-1000 EX-1000				
2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLE				
PROJECT ENGINEER C. H. Hulse 10-12-72 M.Schum				
APPROVAL E. C. Cahn				
LAPNOVA C. E. Cahn 10-12-72				
SIZE	CODE IDENT NO.	REV		
B	91417	308396		
SCALE 4/1 SHEET				

AF 10-17-73-1

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

NOTES:
1. MARK 91417-421193-1 PER MIL-STD-130
(BAG)

ENGR'D DEV

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	IDENTIFYING NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE DRAWN
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST				
QUANTITY REQUIRED	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE DRAWN
1	91417	421193	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF MARSH-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MIAMI, FLORIDA	10-12-72
			TYPE	
			PAD	
			DATE CHECKED	
			10-12-72 M. Johnson	
			INITIALS	
			C. C. Carlson	
			DATE APPROVED	
			10-12-72	
			SCALE	
			2:1	
			REMARKS	

4 3 2 1

615217 105C
READY TO USE
LEADERS FOR ONE READING

421193-1 PER MIL-STD-130
DRAWN BY: C. C. Carlson
APPROVED BY: M. Johnson
DATE: 10-12-72
REVISION: 1

1.00 .25 .50 .25 .50

.14 .69 .25 .76 .040

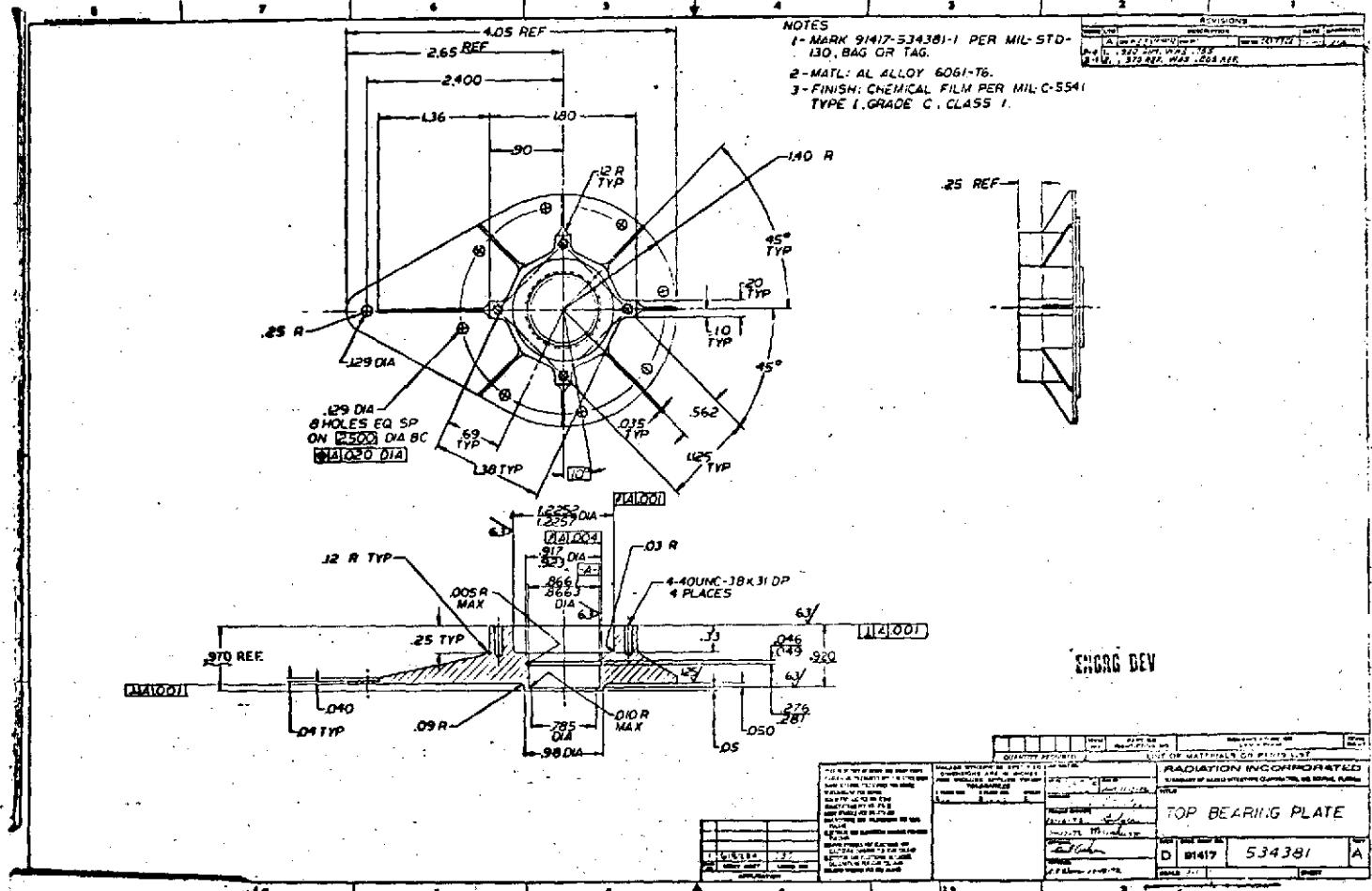
.910 R

1.00 .25 .50 .25 .50

.25 .50

91417 421193

AF 10-17-72

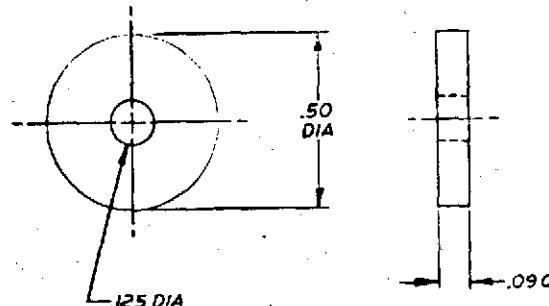


308384

NOTES:

- 1-MARK 91417-308384-1, PER MIL-STD-130.
(BAG)
2-MATL: LAMINATED SHIM STOCK PER
MIL-S-22499 COMPOSITION-1, TYPE-1,
CLASS-1.

REVISONS			
ZONE LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
	CNC RT	CNC RT	ECO NO.



ENGRS DEV

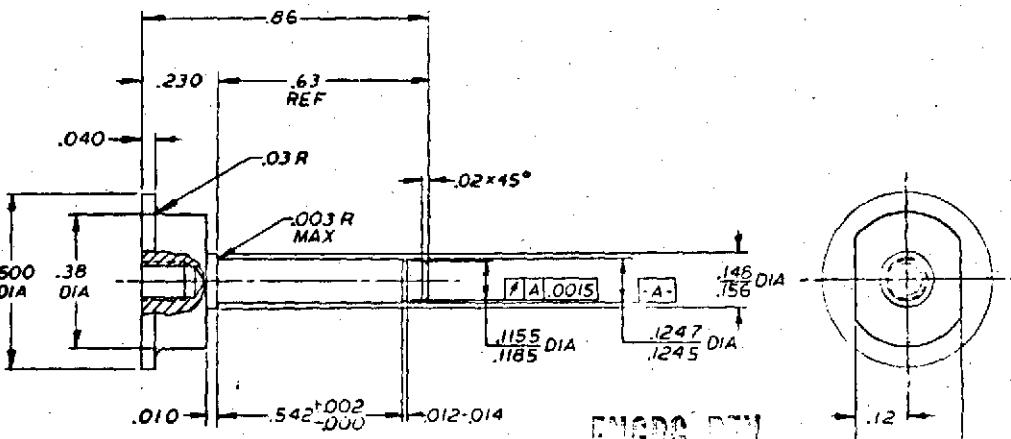
ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NON-TECHNICAL OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT
QTY REQD	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, CONTRACT NO.		RADIATION INCORPORATED	
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES		SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
AND INCLUDES CALLED PARTS		DR BY OF 24 MI CMC RT	10-12-72 M.Schwarz
EXCEPT AS FOLLOWS		DR BY T. J. GRIFFIN	TITLE
2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLE		ENGINEER / /	SHIM - TAKE-UP SHAFT
.06 ± .010		PROJECT ENGINEER	10-12-72 M.Schwarz
		APPROVAL	SIZE CODE IDENT NO.
		Carl Carlson	B 91417 308384
		APPROVAL	REV
		C.E.Johnson 10-12-72	
		SCALE 4-1	CHEET
		MF 10-17-72	

POINT TO BE FREE OF HURTS AND SHARP EDGES	
COLLUMNAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES	
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130	
MANUFACTURE PER 90269	
SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9	
ACCELERATIONS PER MIL-STD-16	
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808	
HELMING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808	
APPLICATION	
NEXT ASSY	
UNITED KINGDOM	

308383

NOTES:
 1-MARK 91417-308383-1 PER MIL-STD-130, BAG.
 2-MATL: STAINLESS STEEL TYPE 303.
 3-FINISH PASSIVATE PER QQ-P-35.

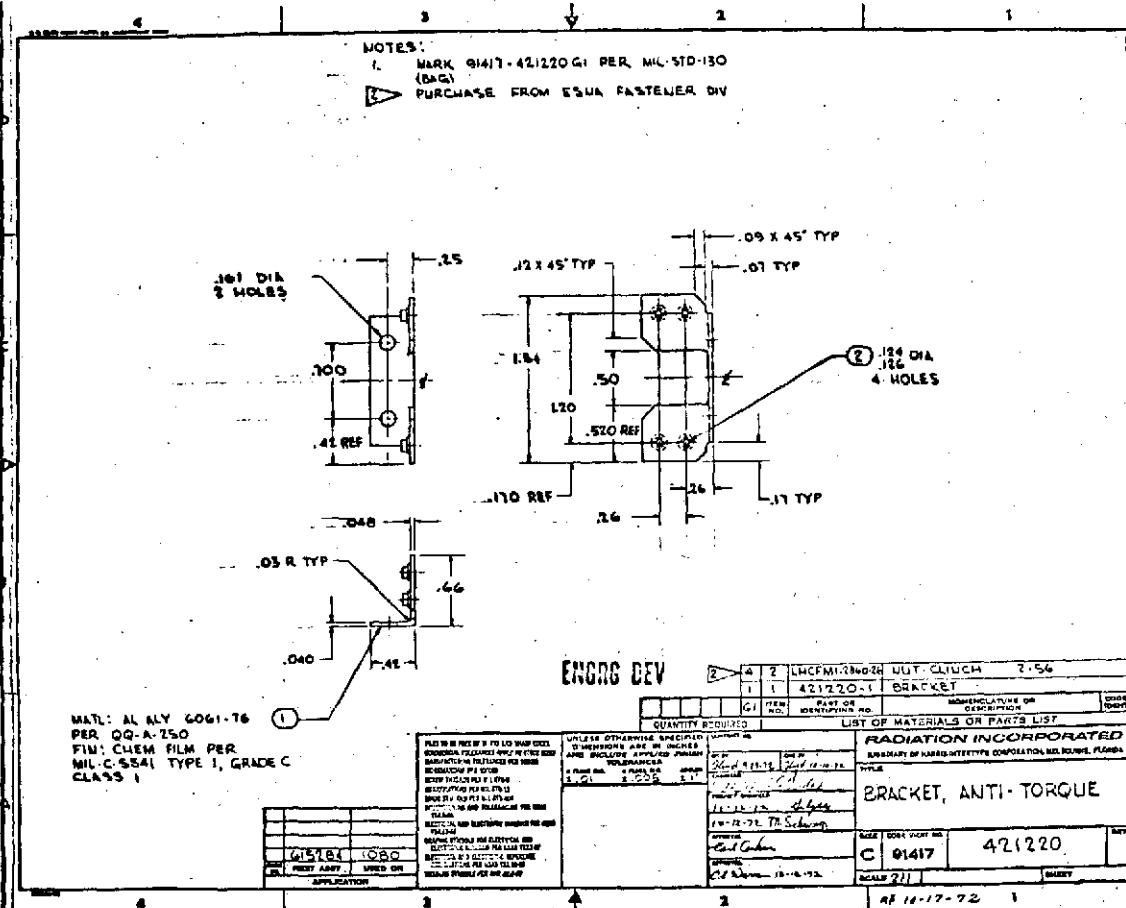
REVISIONS		DATE	APPROVED
ZONE	ltr	DESCRIPTION	
CNS BY	CNS BY	CCO NO.	

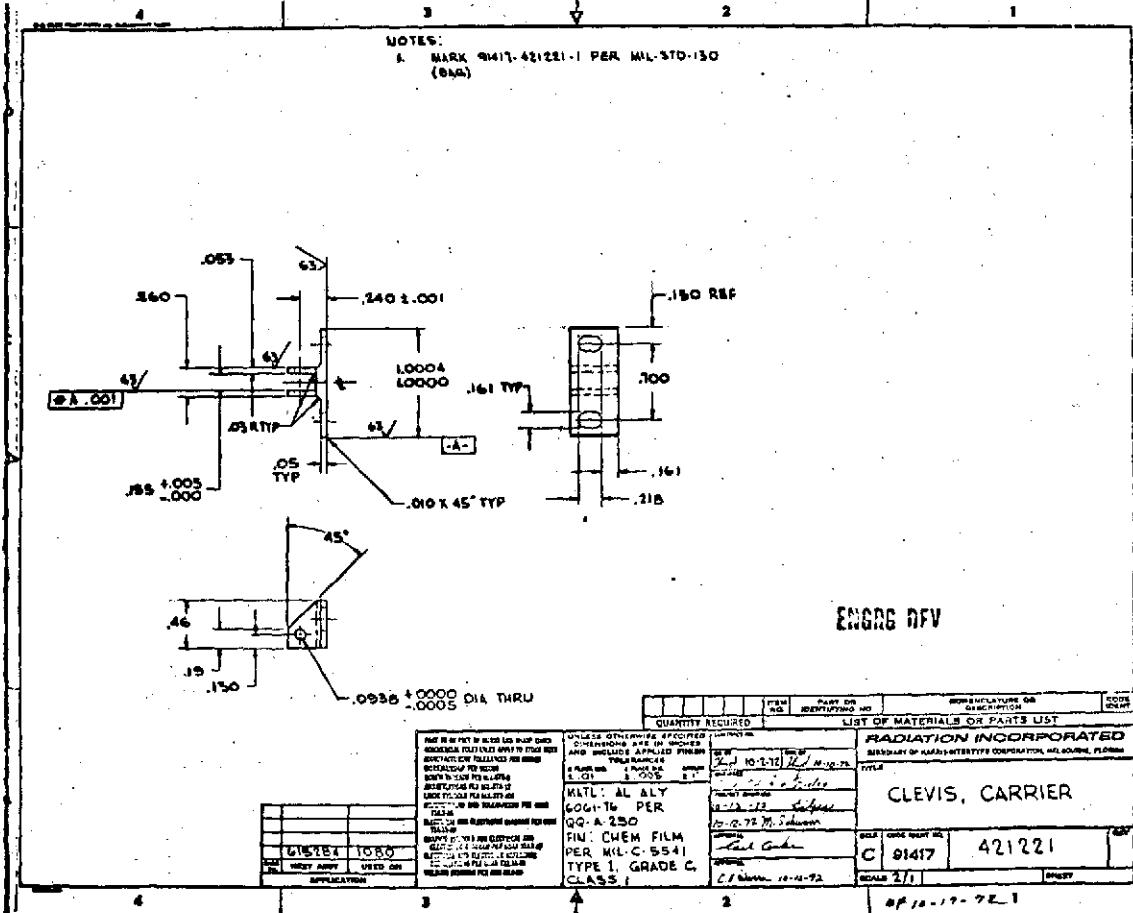


ENGRG DEV

QTY REQD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
			CONTRACT NO.	RADIATION INCORPORATED	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED PRECISION 2 PLACES 3 PLACES ANGLES $\pm .005^\circ$					
1	615284	1080	DR BY 2-24-72 CMC W 2 PLACES 3 PLACES ANGLES $\pm .005^\circ$	SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTELE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
			PROJECT ENGINEER: J. L. Berger 12-12-72 M. APPROVAL: C. E. Carlson APPROVAL: C. E. Carlson APPROVAL: C. E. Carlson APPROVAL: C. E. Carlson	TITLE: SHAFT-TAKE-UP DRUM REV: B SIZE: 91417 CODE IDENT NO: 308383 SCALE: 4-1 SHEET: 1	

PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER DRAWING INSPECTION PER DOD-STD-100		WORKINGS AND TOLERANCING PER DRAWING MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46 MIL-S-46	
1	615284	1080	APPLICATION





7	6	5	4	3	2	1																								
<p>NOTES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ► PURCHASE FROM NEW HAMPSHIRE BALL BEARING INC. PETERBOROUGH, NEW HAMPSHIRE. 2. SECURE ITEM 1 TO ITEM 4 AND ITEM 3 TO ITEM 6 USING ITEM 2. ► SPHERICAL SURFACE OF BALL TO BE GRANULATED WITH GUBECO 1000 IN ACCORDANCE WITH RADIATION DWG 307010. 4. MARK B1417-534385-G01 PER MIL-RTO-136. (BAG OR TAG). 																														
<p>MATERIALS FROM PART NO. P-2</p> <p>FINISH: ▶</p>																														
<p>ENRDS DVL DWG</p>																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33.33%;">ITEM</td> <td style="width: 33.33%;">GRADE AA LOCITE PER MIL 9-22673/22681</td> <td style="width: 33.33%;">DESCRIPTION</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>93333-1001</td> <td>ROD END</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>32333-1024</td> <td>ROD END MINIATURE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>32333-32</td> <td>LOCK WASHER</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>32333-32-23</td> <td>RETAINER</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>32333-32</td> <td>DISCREW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>32333-32</td> <td>SPRING LOCKING</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>42101-001</td> <td>TUBE</td> </tr> </table>							ITEM	GRADE AA LOCITE PER MIL 9-22673/22681	DESCRIPTION	1	93333-1001	ROD END	2	32333-1024	ROD END MINIATURE	3	32333-32	LOCK WASHER	4	32333-32-23	RETAINER	5	32333-32	DISCREW	6	32333-32	SPRING LOCKING	7	42101-001	TUBE
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3	32333-32	LOCK WASHER																												
4	32333-32-23	RETAINER																												
5	32333-32	DISCREW																												
6	32333-32	SPRING LOCKING																												
7	42101-001	TUBE																												
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5	42101-001	RADIACTION INCORPORATED																												
<p>COMPRESSIVE ROD ASSEMBLY</p>																														
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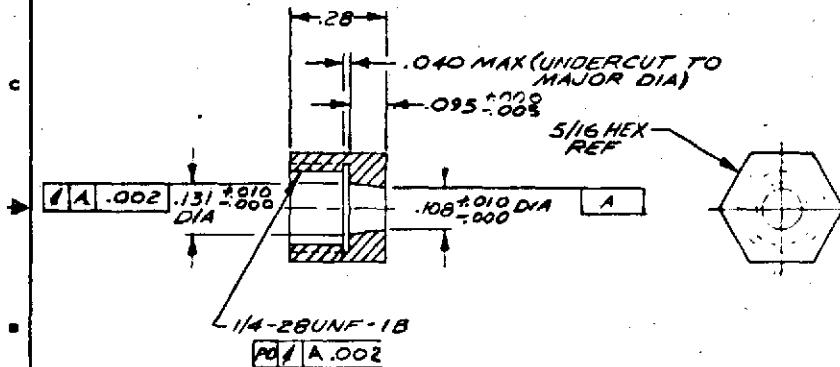
4	1	3	↓	2	↑	1																				
NOTES: 1. MARK 91417 421196-001 PER MIL-STD-180. (BAG OR TAG). ▲ MATL: HEX AL ALLOY 2024-T4 PER QQ-A-225. ▲ FINISH: ANODIC COATING PER MIL-A-8625, TYPE III, CLASS I.						DRAWING NO. 91417-421196 DATE 10-17-72 REV. A																				
ENGRG DVL Dwg																										
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">QUANTITY REQUIRED</th> <th rowspan="2">ITEM NO.</th> <th rowspan="2">PART NO.</th> <th rowspan="2">DESCRIPTION</th> <th colspan="2">CROSS REF.</th> </tr> <tr> <th>IDENTIFYING NO.</th> <th>INVOICE NUMBER</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="6" style="text-align: center;">LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						QUANTITY REQUIRED	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CROSS REF.		IDENTIFYING NO.	INVOICE NUMBER	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST												
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LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST																										
RADIATION INCORPORATED <small>SUBSIDIARY OF MARSH-INSTRUMENT CORPORATION, MIAMI, FLORIDA</small> TITLE: TUBE, COMPRESSION ROD DATE: 10-17-72 MATER: 2024-T4 Al Alloy FINISH: .010 A.M.D. / .005 P.M.D. APP: 421196-001 C 91417 421196 REV: A SCALE: 4:1 INCHES																										
<small>PRINT TO BE USED BY OTHERS FOR MANUFACTURE. TO ACCURATELY REFLECT THE DESIGN AS IT EXISTED AT THE TIME OF THIS DRAWING, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE DRAWING NOT BE COPIED OR REDUCED. IF COPIED, THE DRAWING SHOULD BE RECHECKED FOR ACCURACY AND APPROVED BY THE DESIGNER OR ENGINEER. THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF RADIATION INCORPORATED AND IS TO BE RETURNED TO RADIATION INCORPORATED WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED. THIS DRAWING IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND THE CONTRACT WHICH PROVIDED FOR THIS DRAWING. THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF RADIATION INCORPORATED AND IS TO BE RETURNED TO RADIATION INCORPORATED WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED. THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF RADIATION INCORPORATED AND IS TO BE RETURNED TO RADIATION INCORPORATED WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED.</small>																										
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APPLICATION	MANUFACTURER	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY																							
NO. 534-385 1030	T.W. TONK	J. S. GOLDBECK	M. SOLBERG																							
ARMED FORCES	2024-T4	10-17-72	10-17-72																							
ARMED FORCES	Al Alloy	10-17-72	10-17-72																							
ARMED FORCES	1030	1030	1030																							

308393

REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CNS BY	CNS BY	ACG BD	

- NOTES:
1. MARK 91417 - 308393-1, PER MIL-STD-190 (BAG)
 2. MATL: HEX AL ALY 2024-T8 PER QQ-A-225.
 3. FINISH ANODIC COATING PER MIL-A-6625, TYPE III, CLASS 1.



		ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
QTY REQD		LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST				
				VALUES OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES	CONTRACT NO. DATE 10-12-72 CWS BY 24-10-72 26-10-72	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS/INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FL, ORTA
				2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLE EXAMPLE: 0.0021 0.0001 0.0021 0.0001 0.0021 0.0001	TITLE 10-12-72 NUT, LOCKING	
A					APPROVAL Carl Carlson	SIZE CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 308393 REV
					APPROVAL C.E. Wren 10-2-72	SCALE 1/1 SHEET
						MF10-17-72-1

		PART TO BE FREE OF BURNS AND SHARP EDGES CONTINUAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-1900 NOTES: SHARP PER YOGOOG SLOT TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-1900 ABERRATION TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-12 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808 WELLING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808	DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.G.S. T14-56 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.G.S. T14-56 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.G.S. T14-24 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.G.S. T14-45	
A		5345B5 1080		
DASH NO.	NEXT ASSY	USED ON		

APPLICATION

5	4	3	↓	308397	2	1																																				
NOTES: 1. MARK 91417-308397-1 PER MIL-STD-130. (BAG) 2 ▶ MATL: SST TYPE 303 PER QQ-S-763 3 ▶ FINISH: PASSIVATE PER QQ-P-35																																										
REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">ZONE</th> <th style="width: 10%;">LTR</th> <th colspan="2">DESCRIPTION</th> <th style="width: 10%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 10%;">APPROVED</th> </tr> <tr> <th>CNS ST.</th> <th>CNS BY</th> <th colspan="2">ECO NO</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>							ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED	CNS ST.	CNS BY	ECO NO																											
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WELDING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-30																																										
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834385	1080																																									

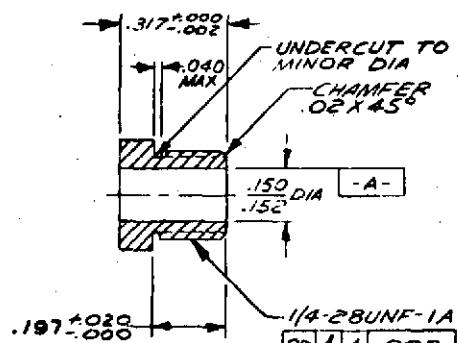
308395

REVISIONS

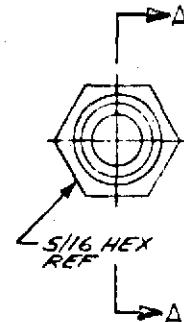
ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
		CHE BY	CHE BY	ECO NO

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-308395-1 PER
MIL-STD-130, BAG.
2. MATL: S/16 HEX AL ALY 2024-T4
PER QQ-A-225.
3. FINISH: ANODIC COATING PER
MIL-A-8625, TYPE III, CLASS 1.



SECTION A-A



QTY REQD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
			CONTRACT NO	RADIATION INCORPORATED	
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST					
			CONTRACT NO: 91417-308395-1 2 PLACES 3 PLACES 4 PLACES 1/4-28UNF-1A	RADIATION INCORPORATED: SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTEK CORPORATION, MIL-STD-130, BAG	
			MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES	TITLE: RETAINER	
			2 PLACES 3 PLACES 4 PLACES 1/4-28UNF-1A	APPROVAL: C. E. Schwan 10-12-92	REV: B
			MATERIAL: S/16 HEX AL ALY 2024-T4 FINISH: ANODIC COATING PER MIL-A-8625, TYPE III, CLASS 1	APPROVAL: C. E. Schwan 10-12-92	SIZE: CODE IDENT NO. 91417 308395
			APPLICATION: 1083	SCALE 4/1	00126 C SHEET

534385	1083
NAME REC'D	NEXT ASSY USED ON

PRINT TO BE FREE OF BLANKS AND SHARP EDGES
CONTINUOUS TOLERANCES PER STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER DRAWINGS
WORKMANSHIP PER DRAWINGS
SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9
ABBREVIATIONS PER MIL-STD-12
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-800
BUILDING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-26

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER UGS
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGS
EIA-366
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGS Y32.42
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER UGS Y32.6-65

308388

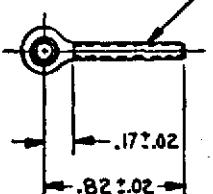
REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CNS BY	CNS BY	SCO BY	

NOTES:

- I. MARK 91417-308388-001
PER MIL-STD-130. (BAG OR TAG).
- MATL: SIMILAR TO NEW HAMPSHIRE BALL BEARINGS INC., PART NO. M-2.
- FINISH: SPHERICAL SURFACE OF BALL TO BE LUBRICATED WITH LUBECO #905 IN ACCORDANCE WITH RADIATION DWG 307G10.

NO. 3-56 UNF-3A REF



ENGRG DVL DWG

001534385	1080
NAME NO.	USED ON
MILITARY ARMY	APPLICATION

PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES
COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130
MATERIALS PER MIL-STD-130
DESIGNATIONS PER MIL-STD-130
LEVEL OF TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130
WELDING SYMBOLS PER AMS 25-65

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.S.
TIA 5-66
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWING PER U.S.A.S.
TIA 25-65
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER U.S.A.S. TIA 24-67
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWING
DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A.S. TIA 16-65

MATL: ►
FINISH: ►

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT.
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	RADIATION INCORPORATED	
			CONTRACT NO.	SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
			DA 410 SEP 72 CNA 17 TIA 25-65 TIA 16-65 TIA 5-66	TITLE	
			2 PLACE 2 PLACE ANGLE	PROJECT ENGINEER	ROD END
			ENGINEER	APPROVAL	Carl Carter
				APPROVAL	10-12-72
				SIZE	CODE IDENT. NO.
				B	91417 308388
				REV	
				SCALE	2/1
				SHRFT	

MF 10-12-72-1

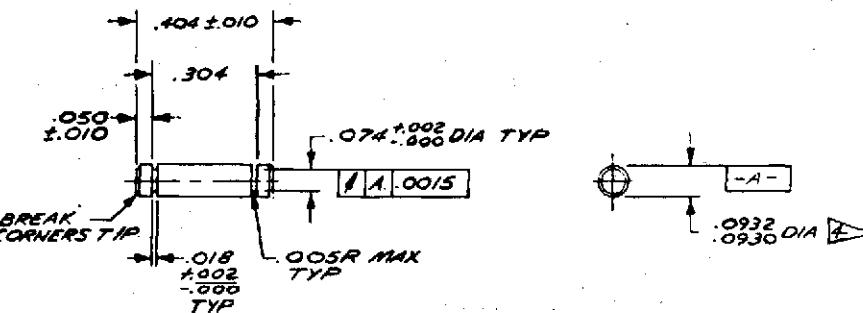
308390

REVISIONS

ZONE/LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CHE-BT	CHE-BT	ECD-40

NOTES:

- 1. MARK 91417-308390-1 PER MIL-STD-130. (BAG)
- 2. MATL: .0924^{.0002} STAINLESS STEEL TYPE 416 PER QQ-S-764A
- 3. PIN O.D. TO BE LUBRICATED WITH LUBECO #905 IN ACCORDANCE WITH RADIATION DWG 303610.
- 4. DIMENSION APPLIES AFTER COATING PER NOTE 3.



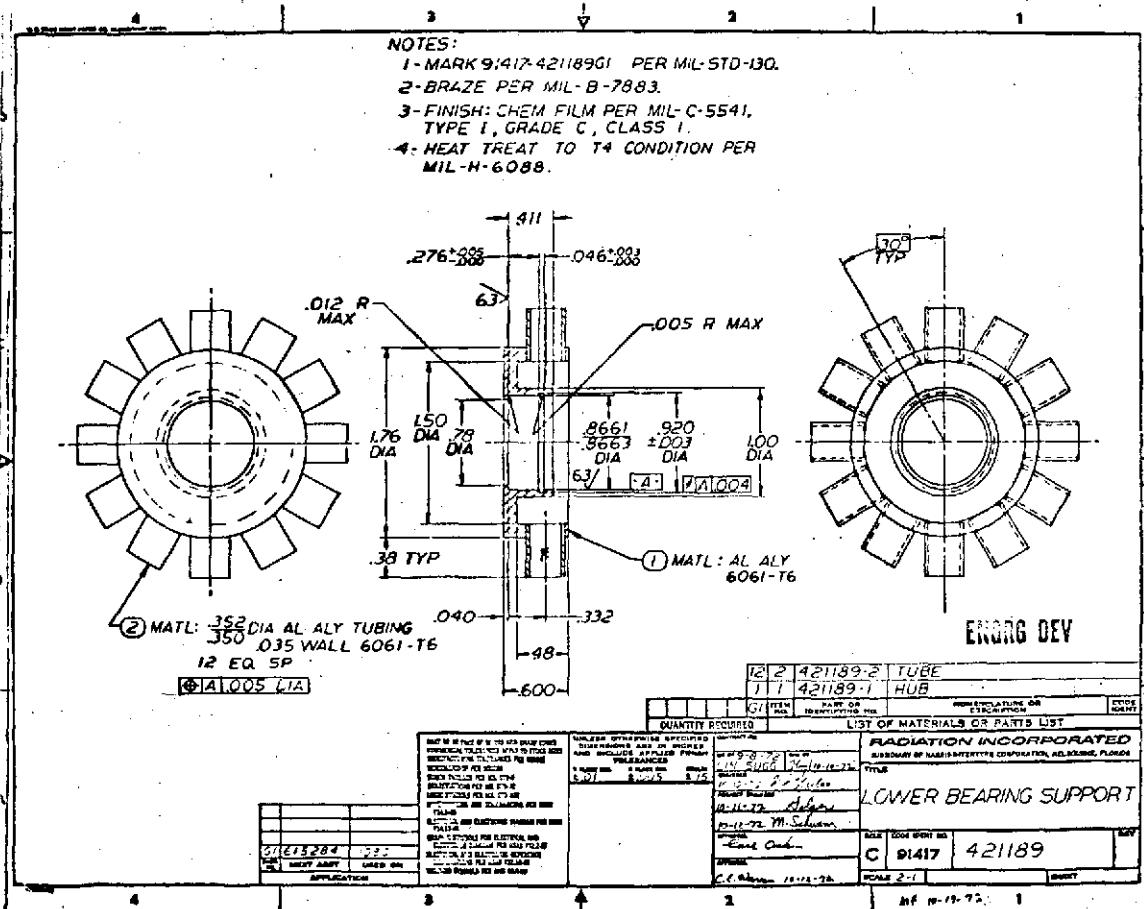
		PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER 90002 WORKMANSHIP PER 90002 SCREEN PRINTS PER MIL-STD-9 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9 LOCK SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-9 WELDING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-9
615284	1080	
QTY NO	NEXT ASSY	USED ON
		APPLICATION

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.
TIA-S-66
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.
TIA-S-66
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER IEC 6532-67
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A. Y1218-63

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		COOF IDENT
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
			UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INC.+.001-.000 FINISH TOLERANCES	RADIATION INCORPORATED 1972 DIV OF HARRIS INTERTYPE CORPORATION NEW YORK, N.Y. C.P. 10-11-72 M. Schlesinger 10-12-72 M. Schlesinger 01-12-73 M. Schlesinger	
			2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLES	TITLE	
			-MATERIAL: FINISH: 3>	SHAFT, ROD END	
			APPROVAL C.E. Weller 10-12-72	SIZE CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 308390 REV	
			APPROVAL C.E. Weller 10-12-72	SCALE 4/1 SHEET	

NP 10-12-72

4	8	2	1																																			
<p>NOTES:</p> <p>6 MARK 91417-421236.G1 PER MIL-STD-130 (846)</p> <p>► MIX BY WEIGHT AS FOLLOWS: 100 PARTS ITEM 3 12 PARTS ITEM 4</p> <p>MATERIAL: 11/16 HEX 303 SS7. PBA: QQ-S-763 FINISH: PASSIVATE PBR QQ-P-35</p> <p>ENG'DG DEV</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">ITEM NO.</td> <td style="width: 10%;">PART OF</td> <td style="width: 10%;">MANUFACTURER OR</td> <td style="width: 10%;">QUANTITY</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AR 4</td> <td>111053-001</td> <td>CURING AGENT, RESIN</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AR 3</td> <td>H1098-001</td> <td>ADHESIVE</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>421236-2</td> <td>PELLET, LOCKING</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>421236-1</td> <td>STOP</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table> <p>QTY OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">ITEM NO.</td> <td style="width: 10%;">DESCRIPTION</td> <td style="width: 10%;">QUANTITY</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>421236-1 STOP</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>421236-2 PELLET, LOCKING</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>H1098-001 ADHESIVE</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>111053-001 CURING AGENT, RESIN</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table> <p>RADIATION INCORPORATED</p> <p>MANUFACTURE OF HAZARDITY INCORPORATION, A/1 SOLINT, PLANO</p> <p>STOP, LOWER</p> <p>DATE: 10-10-72 CAGE: 1481 ITEM NO.: 421236-1 MATERIAL: 11/16 HEX 303 SS7 PBA: QQ-S-763 FINISH: PASSIVATE PBR QQ-P-35 APPLICATOR: 16151BA 1020 METHOD: APPLY LIQUID ON APPLICATION: LIQUID</p>				ITEM NO.	PART OF	MANUFACTURER OR	QUANTITY	AR 4	111053-001	CURING AGENT, RESIN	1	AR 3	H1098-001	ADHESIVE	1	1	421236-2	PELLET, LOCKING	1	1	421236-1	STOP	1	ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	1	421236-1 STOP	1	2	421236-2 PELLET, LOCKING	1	3	H1098-001 ADHESIVE	1	4	111053-001 CURING AGENT, RESIN	1
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1	421236-2	PELLET, LOCKING	1																																			
1	421236-1	STOP	1																																			
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3	H1098-001 ADHESIVE	1																																				
4	111053-001 CURING AGENT, RESIN	1																																				
4	8	2																																				



308386

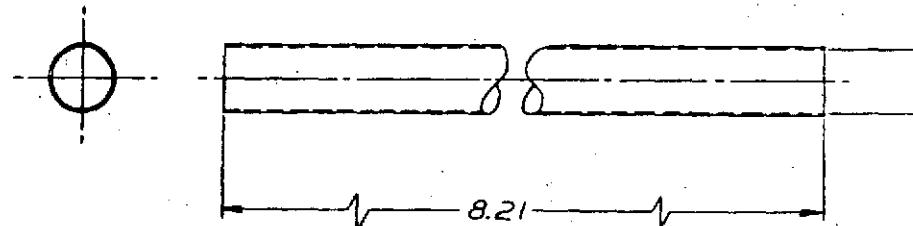
NOTES

1-MARK 91417-308386-1 PER MIL-STD-130.

2-MATL: .010 WALL AL ALY TUBING
6061-T6

3-FINISH: CHEM FILM PER MIL-C-5541
TYPE I, GRADE C, CLASS I.

REVISIONS			
ZONE / LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
CHE BY	CHE BY	ECO NO.	

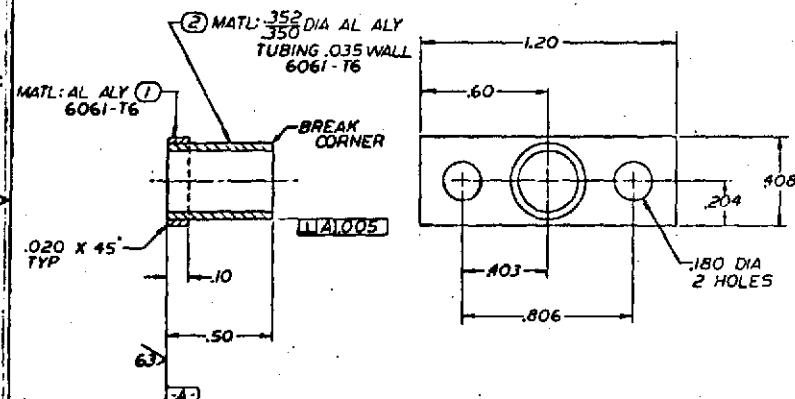
358^{.002}-000 I.D.

ENGRC DEV

QTY. REQD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT.
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
			UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED TOLERANCES ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES 2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLE ± .02 ± .005 =	CONTACT NO. SR INV 308386-1 CHE BY -100- JULY 1972 10-12-72 ENGINEER /	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRISINTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA
1	615284	1030	PRINT TO BE FREE OF RUFFS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130 DRAWINGS ARE IN INCHES SHEET TITLE LINE PER MIL-STD-130 REF STRAPS PER MIL-STD-22 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-888 WIRING SYMBOLS PER ANSI Y32.04	PROJECT ENGINEER 10-12-72 J. Sullivan	TITLE TUBE-LOWER SUPPORT
			DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER MIL Y14.5-6 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL Y14.5-6 WIRING SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-707 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER MIL-STD-845	APPROVAL C. E. Hansen	SIZE CODE IDENT. NO. B 91417 308386 REV
				APPROVAL C. E. Hansen	SCALE 2-1 SHEET

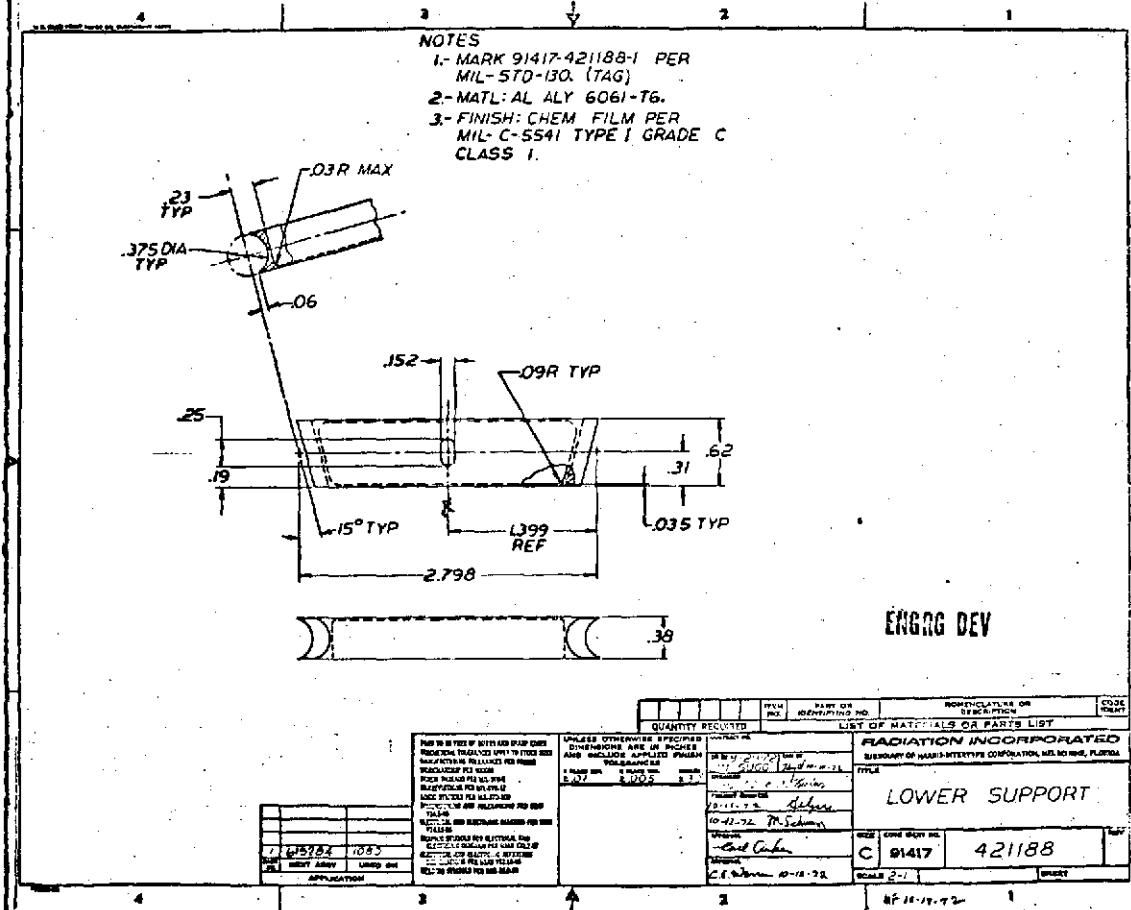
NOTES

1. MARK 91417-421191G1 PER MIL-STD-130.
2. BRAZE PER MIL-B-7883.
3. FINISH: CHEM FILM PER MIL-C-5541,
TYPE I, GRADE C, CLASS I.
4. HEAT TREAT TO T4 CONDITION PER
MIL-H-6088.
5. PART MAY BE ONE PIECE CONSTRUCTION.



ENGRG DEV

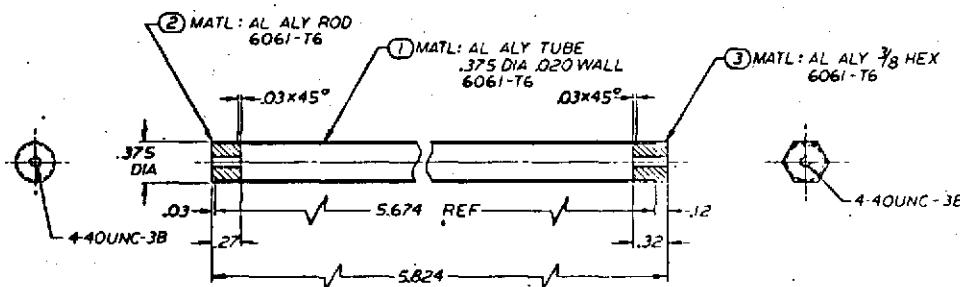
1	2	421191-2	TUBE
1	1	421191-1	PAD
QUANTITY REQUIRED			
ITEM NO. OR IDENTIFICATION NO.			
DESCRIPTION OR SPECIFICATIONS			
OPTIONAL DATA			
RADIATION INCORPORATED			
NARRATIVE OF MANUFACTURER'S CORPORATION, MIAMI, FLORIDA			
ITEM			
PAD - LOWER SUPPORT			
RECEIVED DATE			
C 91417 421191			
REMARKS			
AP 10-19-72			



B	1	4	3	2	1																																																																						
308398																																																																											
NOTES:																																																																											
<p>1. MARK 91417-308398-1 PER MIL-STD-130 (BAG).</p> <p>2. MTL: LAMINATED SHIM STOCK PER MIL-S-22499 COMP. 1, TYPE 1, CLASS 1.</p>																																																																											
REVISIONS																																																																											
ZONE LTR	CIR CT	CIR ST	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED																																																																						
ENGRG DEV.																																																																											
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8	4	3	2	1	MP10-17-72-1																																																																						
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">PART TO BE FREE OF BLINKS AND SHARP EDGES</td> <td style="width: 25%;">MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES</td> <td style="width: 25%;">DRAWINGS AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546</td> <td style="width: 25%;">ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CONTINUOUS THREADS PER MIL-STD-96</td> <td>MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER U.S.A.S. MIL-STD-130</td> <td>ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546</td> <td>GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-247</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-96</td> <td>MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER U.S.A.S. MIL-STD-130</td> <td>ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546</td> <td>LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-96</td> </tr> <tr> <td>APPLICATION</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>RELATION SYMBOLS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546</td> </tr> </table>						PART TO BE FREE OF BLINKS AND SHARP EDGES	MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES	DRAWINGS AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546	CONTINUOUS THREADS PER MIL-STD-96	MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER U.S.A.S. MIL-STD-130	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546	GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER U.S.A.S. TIA-247	SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-96	MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER U.S.A.S. MIL-STD-130	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546	LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-96	APPLICATION			RELATION SYMBOLS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546																																																						
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APPLICATION			RELATION SYMBOLS PER U.S.A.S. TIA-1546																																																																								

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-421186G1
PER MIL STD 130.(TAG)
2. BRAZE PER MIL-B-7893.
3. FINISH: CHEM FILM PER
MIL-C-5541 TYPE I,
GRADE C, CLASS 1.
4. HEAT TREAT TO CON-
DITION T4 PER MIL-
H-6088.



ENGRG. DEV

1	3	421186-3	END PLUG
1	2	421186-2	END PLUG
1	1	421186-1	TUBE

QUANTITY REQUIRED	ITEM NO.	PART OR OPERATING NO.	MANUFACTURER OR DESCRIPTION	ORIGIN IDENT
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	
			RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HAMM-INTERTECH CORPORATION, KALISPELL, MONTANA	
			TITLE: TUBE - ANTI - TORQUE	
			DATE: APR 14-72	REV: 1
			APPROV: C 91417 421186	SIGNATURE: [Signature]
			SCALE: 2:1	UNIT: INCHES

THIS IS THE FIVE OF EIGHT VIEWS DRAWN
FOR THE DESIGN OF AN ANTI-TORQUE TUBE.
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE INCHES.
TOLERANCES ARE AS SHOWN.
NOTES: 1. THIS DRAWING IS FOR INFORMATION
ONLY AND IS NOT A CONTRACT DRAWING.
2. THIS DRAWING IS FOR INFORMATION
ONLY AND IS NOT A CONTRACT DRAWING.
3. THIS DRAWING IS FOR INFORMATION
ONLY AND IS NOT A CONTRACT DRAWING.

4-40UNC-3B
.03
.27
5.674
5.824
.32
.03x45°
.375 DIA
REF

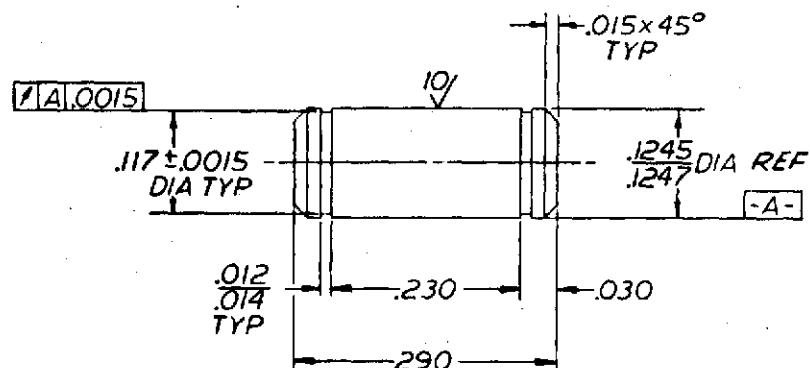
308373

NOTES

1-MARK 91417-308373-1 PER
MIL-STD-130. (BAG)

2 MATL: MAKE 2 SHAFTS FROM
PIC CATALOG NO. AI-10, PIC DESIGN
CORP, RIDGEFIELD CONN.

REVISED		DESCRIPTION		DATE APPROVED
ZONE	LTR	CHE BY	CHE BY	ECO NO.



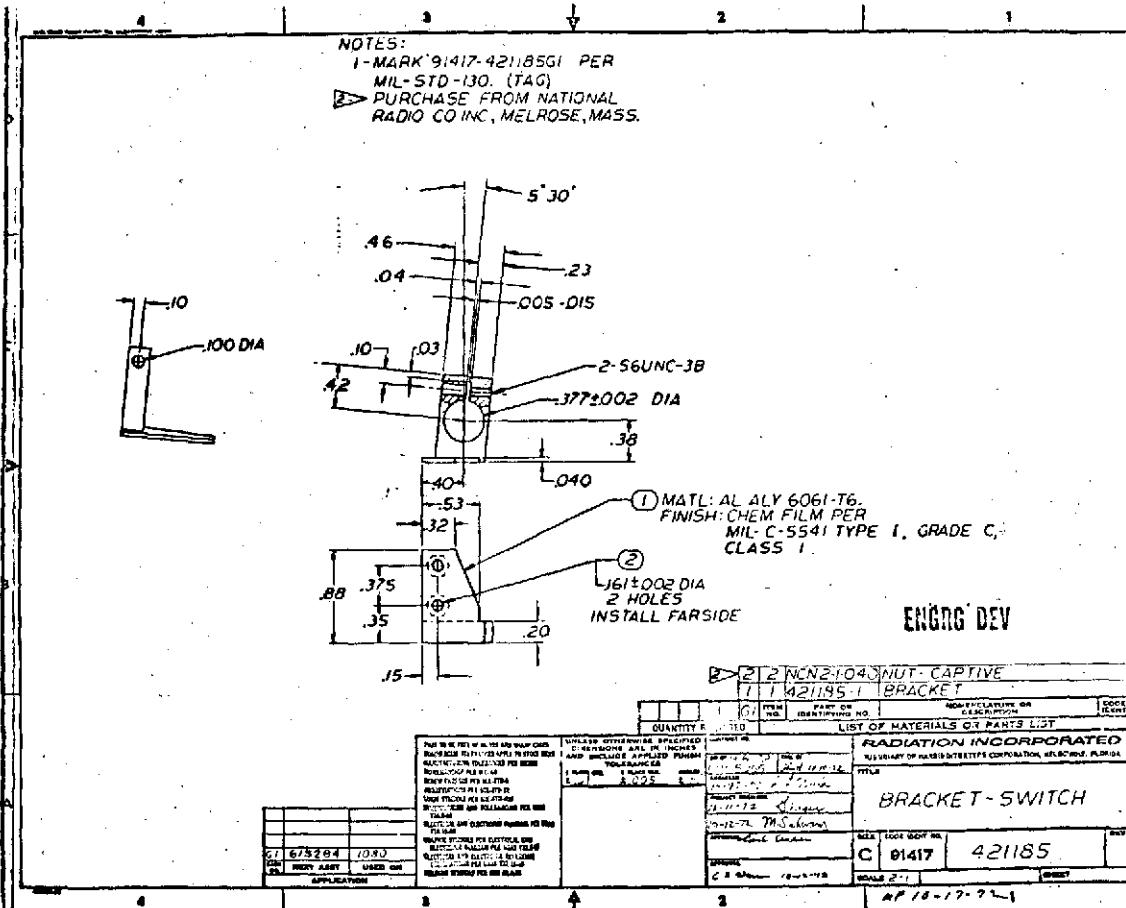
ENGNG DEV

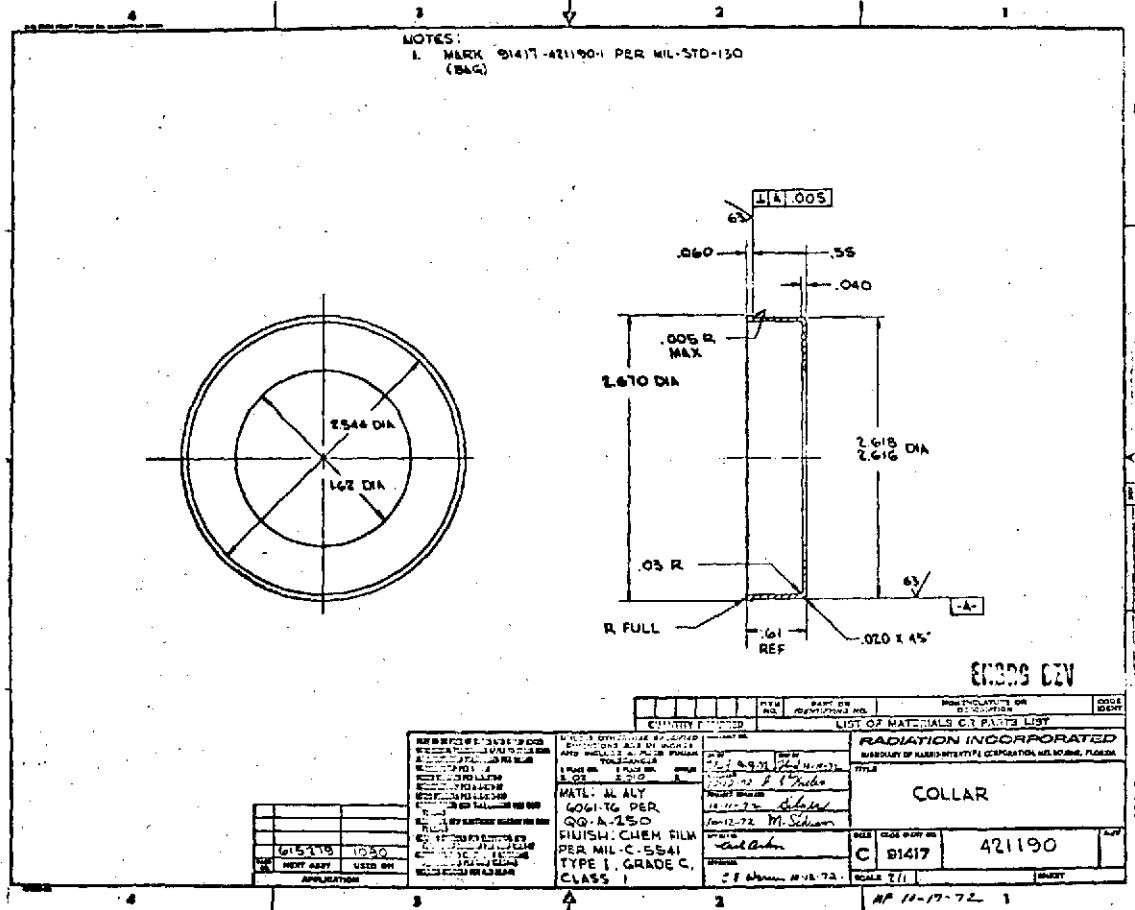
1	615284	1080
DATA NO.	NEXT ASSY	USED ON
		APPLICATION

PRINT TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES.
COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130
WORKMANSHIP PER MIL-STD-130
SCALE IN "INCHES PER MIL-STD-130"
LOGIC STANDARDS PER MIL-STD-130
WELDING STANDARDS PER MIL-STD-130

DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-130
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-130
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-130
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER MIL-STD-130

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT.
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
			UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDES APPLIED FINISH AND ALLOWANCES 2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLES ± .01 ± .005 ± 1	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
			CONTRACT NO. DRAFT BY 5-18-72 CHE BY 5-18-72 ENGINEER 212-10-72 PROJECT ENGINEER 212-10-72 APPROVAL 212-10-72 APPROVED Carl Carlson APPROVED C.E. Carlson 5-18-72	TITLE SHAFT - ANTI - TORQUE	
			SIZE CODE IDENT. NO. 308373	REV.	
	B	91417			
			SCALE 10-1	SHEET	





4 3 2 1

NOTES:

1. MARK QMHT-420819-1 PER MIL-STD-150
(BAG)

ENGRG DEV

QUANTITY REQUIRED	ITEM NO.	PART NO. IDENTIFYING NO.	MANUFACTURE OR DESCRIPTION		STOCK CODE										
			ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION											
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST															
<p>NOTE TO BE MADE ON DRAWINGS AND IN SPECIFICATIONS: EXTERIOR POLISHED SURFACES TO STOCK SIZE INTERIOR SURFACES FINISHED PER SPECIFICATION SIZES 1-6000 AND UP. REINFORCEMENTS FOR SIZING 12 LARGE HOLE SIZES 1-6000 AND UP. HOTTEST, LARGEST AND REINFORCED SURFACES SHALL BE FINISHED PER DRAWING. ELECTRO PLATED SURFACES AND ELECTRO CARBONIZED SURFACES SHALL BE FINISHED PER DRAWING AND REINFORCED SURFACES SHALL BE FINISHED PER DRAWING.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>4557115</td> <td>1080</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">APPROVALS</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">MIL-STD-150 MIL-STD-150B MIL-STD-150C</td> </tr> </table>						4557115	1080	APPROVALS		MIL-STD-150 MIL-STD-150B MIL-STD-150C					
4557115	1080														
APPROVALS															
MIL-STD-150 MIL-STD-150B MIL-STD-150C															
<p>UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND PRECISION TOLERANCES ARE IN THOUSANDS OF AN INCH</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>1.01</td> </tr> </table> <p>MATERIAL AL ALY 6061-T6 PER QQ-A-750 FINISH: CLEW FILM PER MIL-C-5541 TYPE I, GRADE C. CLASS I</p>						1.01									
1.01															
<p>RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF MARSH-INSTITUTE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>10-1-72</td> <td>10-1-72</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10-1-72</td> <td>10-1-72</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">PAD, HOOP-SPAR</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ITEM NO.</td> <td>QTY</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C 91417</td> <td>420819</td> </tr> </table>						10-1-72	10-1-72	10-1-72	10-1-72	PAD, HOOP-SPAR		ITEM NO.	QTY	C 91417	420819
10-1-72	10-1-72														
10-1-72	10-1-72														
PAD, HOOP-SPAR															
ITEM NO.	QTY														
C 91417	420819														
4710-17-72															

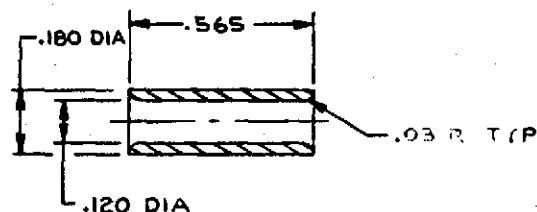
3 1/2 308387

REVISIONS

ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
		CNC BY	CNC BY	ECN NO.

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417 308387-001
PER MIL-STD-130 (BAG)
2. MATL: AL ALLOY ROUND
GOGI-TG PER QQ-A-200
3. FINISH: COAT INSIDE SURFACE
ONLY WITH "TUFRAM" BY
GENERAL MAGNAPLAQUE CO.



ENGRG DVL DWG

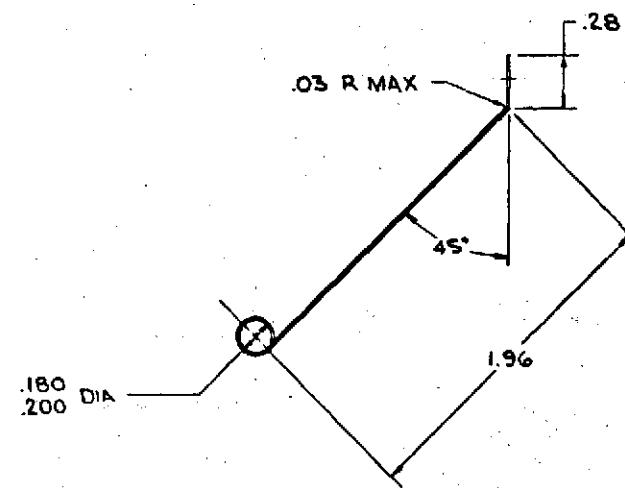
QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
			UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPROPRIATE FINISH TOLERANCES. 2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLES .002 .008	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
		MATERIAL: ▲	PROJECT ENGINEER 10-12-72 [Signature]	TITLE FERRULE	
		FINISH: ▲	APPROVAL Lead Order	SIZE B	CODE IDENT NO. 91417 308387 REV
			APPROVAL C.E. [Signature] 10-12-72	SCALE 4/1	SHEET

		PART TO BE FREE OF BURNS AND SHARP EDGES
		COMMERCIAL TOOL STANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
		CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE STANCES FOR DESIGN
		WORK CLOTHING PER MIL-STD-210
		SECURITY FEATURES PER MIL-STD-18
		ACCENTUATIONS PER MIL-STD-13
		LOCK STAKES PER MIL-STD-104
		RELIEF SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-104
001	615265 1080	INFORMATION AND TOLERANCING PER MIL-STD-1344 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-1345 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER MIL-STD-1347 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER ASME Y14.16-68
DATA	NEXT ASSY	UNIVERSAL DWG
REV.	VERDUE DATE	
	APPLICATION	

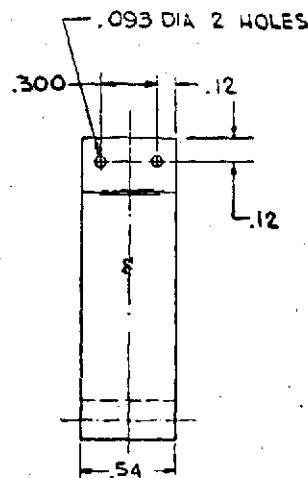
1308372 A

NOTES:

1. MATEL SST TYPE 410 PER QQ-S-766
.008 TUK CLASS 3
2. FINISH: PASSIVATE PER QQ-P-35
3. HEAT TREAT TO 180,000 PSI MIN
TENSILE ULTIMATE PER MIL-H-6875.
4. MARK 91417-308372-1 PER MIL-STD-130
(TAG)



REVISIONS			
ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
A	CHE BY 410-10-75	CHE BY ECO NO. 0217936	10-12-75
D2		HOLE DIA WAS .063	
D3		REVISED NOTE 1	



ENRG DEV

615285	1080
MINT ABST	USED ON
APPLICATION	

PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES.
COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER DRAWING
NOTATION PER SCS-260
SEEN IN EACS PER MIL-STD-4
ABSTRACTIONS PER MIL-STD-13
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-300
RELATION SYMBOLS PER ANSI Y14.4-69

INFORMATION AND TOLERANCING PER UGAS
Y14.5-69
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGAS
Y14.3-69
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGAS Y13.4-69
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER UGAS Y14.4-69

ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
CONTRACT NO. DR PT 10-12-72-1000-1000-1000			
CNC RT 10-12-72-1000-1000-1000			
SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTECH CORPORATION, MCLEODVILLE, FLORIDA			
PROJECT ENGINEER: J. C. Lyles 10-12-72 M. Schmitz			
TITLE: SPRING			
APPROVAL: Carl Parker	SIZE: B	CODE IDENT. NO.: 91417	REV: A
APPROVAL: C. E. Brown	SCALE: 2/1	SHEET: 1	10-12-72

MFG 10-12-72-1

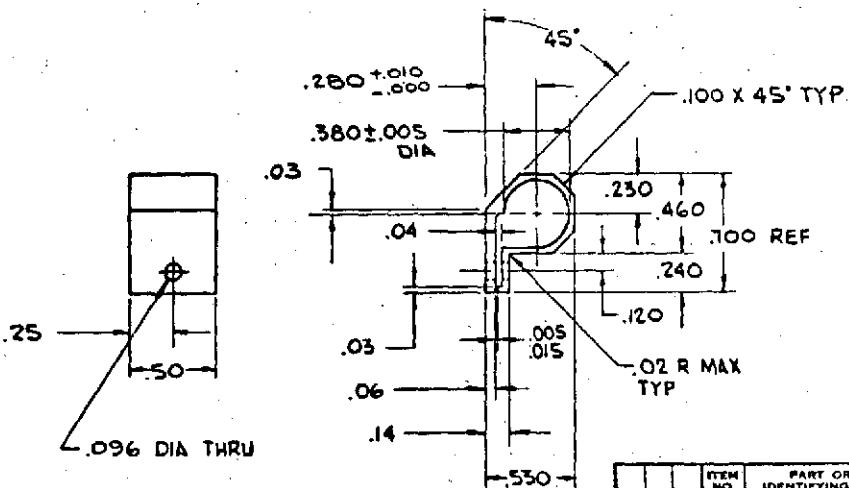
308371

REVISIONS

ZONE	ltr	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CHE	BT	CHE BT	ECO NO.

NOTES:

1. MATL: AL ALY 6061-T6 PER QQ-A-250
 2. FINISH: CHEM FILM PER MIL-C-5541
 TYPE I, GRADE C, CLASS 1.
 3. MARK 91417-308371-1 PER MIL-STD-130
 (BAG)

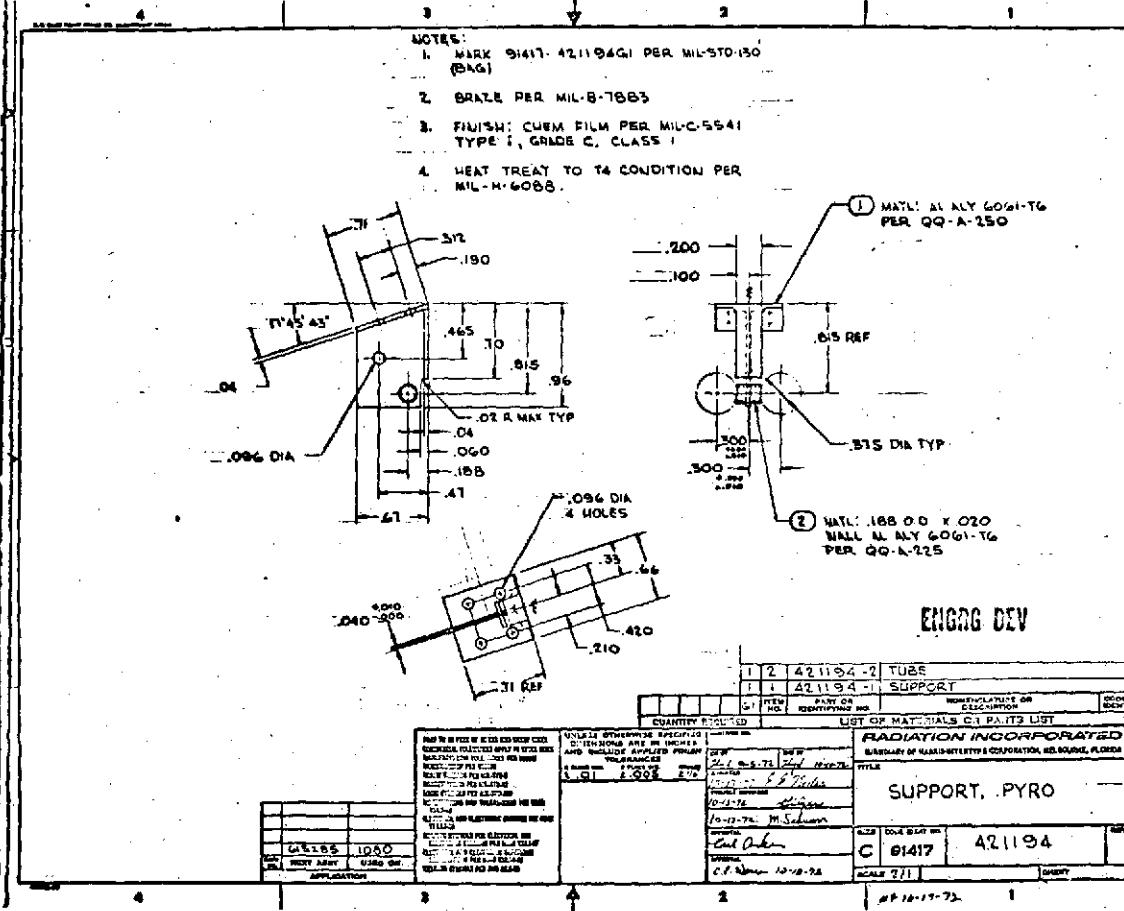


ENGRG DEV

QTY REQD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	CONTACT NO.	
			RADIATION INCORPORATED	21 BY 0-5-74 C.R. 10-12-75	
			SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTEK CORPORATION, DELTONA, FLORIDA		
			TITLE		
		MATL:	CLAMP		
		FINISH:			
			SIZE CODE IDENT NO. REV		
			B 91417 308371		
			SCALE 2/1 SHEET		

6152B5	1080
NEXT ASSY	USED ON
APPLICATION	

PART TO BE FREE OF EDGES AND SHARP EDGES
 EXCEPT TELESCOPES APPLIED TO STOCK SIZES
 IN MILLIMETERS AND INCHES PER DRAWING
 AND AS SPECIFIED
 1. DRAWINGS
 2. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER WORK
 TRADES
 3. GRAPHIC STANDARDS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
 ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER ETS 102.247
 4. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC INTERFACING
 DESIGNATIONS PER ASA Z24.6-65
 5. WELDING SYMBOLS FOR IRIS DRAWINGS



42187-1 AS SHOWN	3	2	1																																													
42187-2 OPP HANO																																																
<p>NOTES:</p> <p>1. MARK 91417-421187-(DASH NO) PER ML-STD-130 (BAG)</p>																																																
<p>.012 MAX TYP</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>ITEM NO.</th> <th>ITEM NAME</th> <th>PART NO. IDENTIFYING NO.</th> <th>INSTRUCTIONS OR SPECIFICATIONS</th> <th>CODE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>PRINT</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">LIST OF MATERIALS & PARTS LIST</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">RADIATION INCORPORATED MANUFACTURE OF RADIONUCLIDE EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">TITLE: CLEVIS, ANTI-TORQUE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">DATE: 10-19-74</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">C 91417 421187</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">SCALE: 1:1</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5">AP 10-19-74</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				ITEM NO.	ITEM NAME	PART NO. IDENTIFYING NO.	INSTRUCTIONS OR SPECIFICATIONS	CODE					PRINT	LIST OF MATERIALS & PARTS LIST					RADIATION INCORPORATED MANUFACTURE OF RADIONUCLIDE EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS					TITLE: CLEVIS, ANTI-TORQUE					DATE: 10-19-74					C 91417 421187					SCALE: 1:1					AP 10-19-74				
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DATE: 10-19-74																																																
C 91417 421187																																																
SCALE: 1:1																																																
AP 10-19-74																																																

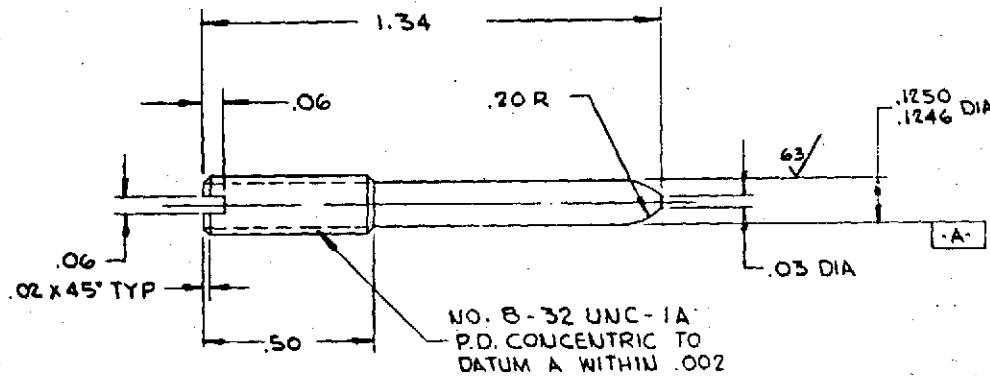
308354

REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
		CHE BY	CHE BY	REQ NO.

NOTES:

1. MARK 91417-308354-1 PER MIL-STD-130 (BAG)
2. MATEL: AL ALY 7075-T6
3. FINISH: ANODIZE PER MIL-A-8625 TYPE II, CLASS I



ENRG DEV

PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES GEOMETRICAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER NUMBER NOT CLASSIFIED PER 90066 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9 ASSEMBLY TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-82 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808 WELDING SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-808	
615263	1080
REAR	USED ON
APPLICATION	

MANUFACTURING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME

T14.5-64

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER ASME

T14.5-65

DRAWING SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND

ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER ASME Y14.2-67

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE

DESIGNATIONS PER ASME Y14.2-65

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.		NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
		CONTRACT NO.	CHE BY	ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	
		DR. BY: P-2-72	CHE BY: DR. BY: P-2-72	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	TITLE: PIN, MIDPOINT	
		10-12-72	10-12-72			
		PROJECT ENGINEER: M. J. G.	APPROVAL: C. E. Parker			
		10-12-72	10-12-72			
		APPROVAL: C. E. Parker	APPROVAL: C. E. Parker			
		10-12-72	10-12-72			
		SIZE: B	CODE IDENT NO: 91417	REV: A	SCALE: 4/1	SHEET: 1
		308354				

308392

NOTES

1- MARK 91417-308392-1 PER MIL-STD-130.

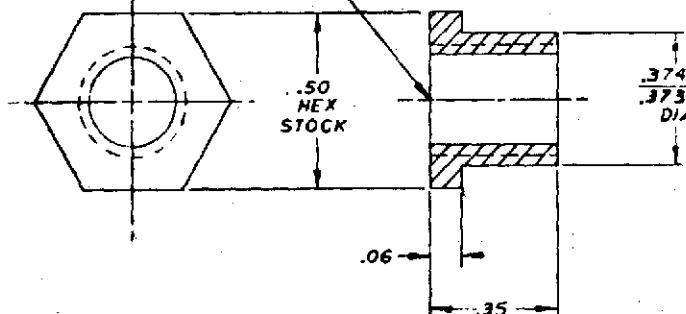
2- MATL: AL ALLOY 6061-T651.

3- FINISH: ANODIZE PER MIL-A-8625
TYPE II, CLASS 7.

REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CMB BY	CMB BY	ECO NO.	

5/16-18UNC-1B



ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
RADIATION INCORPORATED			
SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTELLYTE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA			

ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
RADIATION INCORPORATED			
SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTELLYTE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA			
TITLE			
NUT - MIDPOINT			
CONTRACT NO.			
C-17 10-69-71			
PROJECT NUMBER			
10-1-72-1-1			
PRODUCT NUMBER			
10-2-72-1-5-1			
DRAWING NUMBER			
10-1-72-1-1			
APPROVED			
Karl Cohen			
DRAWN			
C. S. Brown 10-12-72			
SCALE			
4-1			
SHEET			

ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT.
615283	1080	PER TO REF OF NOTES AND DRAWING SUPPORT TO STOCK NUT STAINLESS STEEL MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS MIL-STD-130 MIL-STD-130 MIL-STD-130	
ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	INSTRUCTIONS AND TOLERANCES PER THIS DRAWING ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER EIA-64 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER IEC 60069 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT DESIGNATIONS PER IEC 60069-40	
APPLICATION			

308394

REVISIONS

ZONE / LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
CHE BY	CHE BY	REC'D BY

NOTES:

1- MARK 91417-308394-61 PER
MIL-STD-130.

2 BRAZE PER MIL-B-7883.

Technical drawing showing a cross-sectional view of a component. The top part has a semi-circular profile with a radius of .750R. Below it is a vertical cylindrical section with a diameter of .437 DIA and a thickness of .05. The bottom part is a rectangular sleeve with a diameter of .375 DIA and a height of .50. A dimension of .26 is shown from the bottom edge of the sleeve to the bottom edge of the vertical section. The material is specified as AL ALLOY .020 THK 6061-T6.

(2) MATL: AL ALLOY .020 THK
6061-T6

(1) MATL: AL ALLOY
6061-T6

615283	1080
NEXT ASBY	USED ON
APPLICATION	

PRINT TO BE FREE OF MOLD AND STAMP EDGES
ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO STOCK SIZE
U.S. SYSTEM OF MEASUREMENTS
1 INCH = 25.4 MM
1 FT = 12 INCHES
1 LB = 453.6 GRS
1 LB PER INCH = 0.002205 LB/MM
1000 LB/MM = 453.6 KG/MM

INCHES/ROUND AND TOLZENING PER U.S.A.
TOLERANCING AND ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DESIGNATION PER U.S.A.
TIA/EIA-455
GPO: SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DESIGNATION PER U.S.A.
TIA/EIA-457
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DESIGNATION PER U.S.A. CIE-11-70

LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST	
G/I	ITEM NO. PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.
	NONENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION
CITY REC'D	CODE IDENT. NO.
CONTRACT NO.	
EX-REF	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA
PLATE	TITLE
PLATE	SLEEVE - MIDPOINT
APPROVAL	G/I B CODE IDENT. NO. 91417 308394 RAY
CEILING-10-12-72	SCALE 2-1 SHEET
	44 10-12-72

308369

REVISIONS

ZONE LTR	DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED
	CIR. BY	CIR. BY		ECO NO.

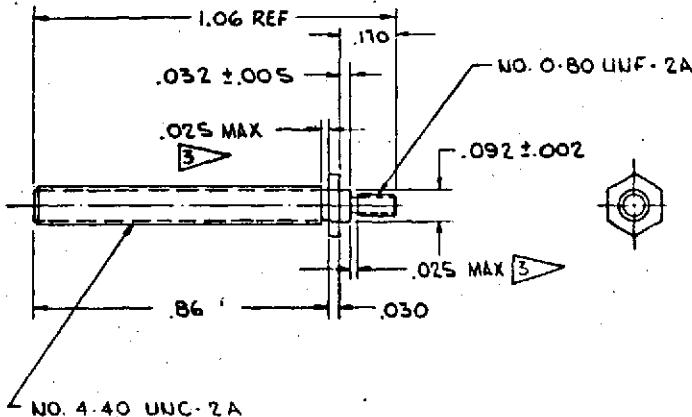
NOTES:

1) MATEL: 3/16 HEX SST TYPE 440 PER
QQ-S-763.

2) FINISH: PASSIVATE PER QQ-P-35.

3) UNDERCUT TO MINOR DIA OF THD.

4. MARK 91417-308369-1 PER MIL-STD-130(BAG)



ENGRG DEV

615203	1080
NEXT ABSTY	USED ON
APPLICATION	

NOTE TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES
DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER STOCK
WEIGHTSHIP PER QQ-C-208
SHEET STANDARDS PER MIL-STD-4
ASSEMBLIES PER MIL-STD-12
LOGO STANDARDS PER MIL-STD-808
DRAWINGS STANDARDS PER MIL-STD-130

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER U.S.A.S.
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWING PER U.S.A.S.
TIA-15-68
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DRAWING PER U.S.A.S. Y122-67
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
NOMENCLATURE PER U.S.A.S. Y122-68

MATEL:
FINISH:
2

QTY REQ'D	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST				
		WHEN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DRAWINGS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES PLATE 30° & 90° ANGLES .02-.010-.1	CONTRACT NO. DP BY 200-9-17 10-10-72 ENGINEERED PROJECT ENGINEER P-12-72 (M. S. E. 10-10-72)	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA
			APPROVAL S. C. C. A. H. 10-10-72	TITLE: STAND-OFF
			APPROVAL C. E. S. J. 10-10-72	SIZE: CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 308369 REV: 1 SCALE 4/1 SHKRT

MF 1074-72-1

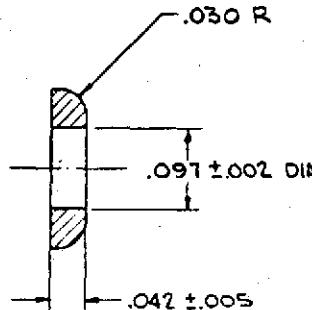
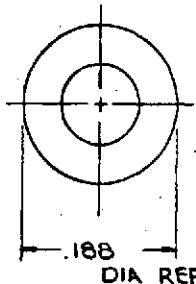
308370

REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	CHE BY	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED

NOTES:

- 1 △ MTL: 3/16 DIA SST TYPE 303 PER
QQ-S-763
- 2 △ FINISH: PASSIVATE PER QQ-P-35.
3. MARK 91417-308370-1 PER MIL-STD-130
(BAG)



ENGRS DEV

ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NONENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST			
QTY REQD	CONTRACT NO.	RADIATION INCORPORATED	
	DR-AH-05-12 10-10-73	SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS INTERTEK CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES AND FINISHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED TOLERANCES	TITLE	
	.000-.005 / .010 ± .005	WASHER	
	1/4-16 UNF	DESIGN ENGINEER: <i>J. J. Green</i>	
	1/4-16 UNF	APPROVAL: <i>M. Schwan</i> 10-12-72	
	1/4-16 UNF	APPROVAL: <i>Karl Baker</i> 10-12-72	REV
	1/4-16 UNF	APPROVAL: <i>C. E. Brown</i> 10-12-72	
	1/4-16 UNF	SCALE 10/1	SHEET

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPROVAL
615283 1080		
NOTE		
PRINTED AREA USED ON		
APPLICATION		

PRINT TO BE FREE OF ROUNDS AND SHARP EDGES
COMPARISON WITH SURFACES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER DRAWING
WORKSHIPS PER 92208
SPECY THE DRAW PER MIL-STD-9
ASSIGNMENTS PER MIL-STD-13
LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-906
WIRING SYMBOLS PER ANSI A2.8-65

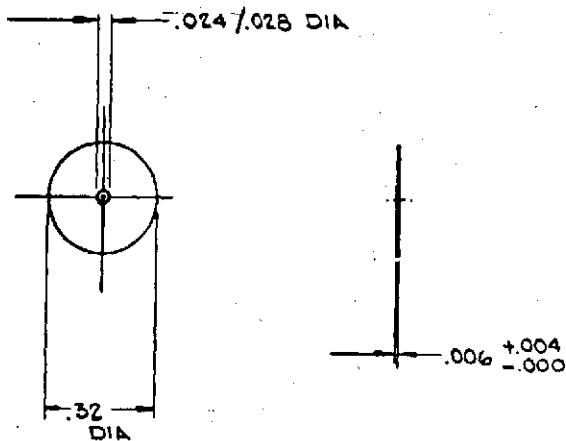
DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME
T14.5-6
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER USAS
T14.5-6A
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER USAS T12.2-47
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER USAS T22.1-65

308611

NOTES:

L MARK 91417 - 308611-1 PER MIL-STD-130
(BAG)

REVISIONS			
ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE APPROVED
		CNC BY	CNC BY



ENRG DEV DWG

		1750
DATE ISSUED	USED ON	
APPLICATION		

PART TO BE FREE OF RIVETS AND CHAMFER EDGES
COLOCICAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER WORKING
RELATIONSHIP PER MIL-STD-9
SHEET THICKNESS PER MIL-STD-9
ACCURACY PER MIL-STD-32
EDGE STRAIGHTNESS PER MIL-STD-888
HOLDING STANDARDS PER AMS REL-A-8

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER UGS
TIA-545
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGS
TIA-1544
GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER UGS TIA-247
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE
DESIGNATIONS PER UGS Y12-14-43

MATERIAL AL ALY
GOGI-TG PER
CQ-A-250
OR EQUIV

DR BY 1/18/73 CNC BY
1 PLACE 2 PLACES INCHES
POLARITIES
ENDNOTES

PROJECT ENGINEER
M. Schurman 2/8/74
APPROVAL
East Andre 2/1/74

APPROVAL
CE Warrin 2/1/74

SIZE	CODE IDENT NO.	308611	REV.
B	91417		

SCALE 4/1 SHEET

MF 02/74

5	4	3	2	1	309061	REV	2
NOTES 1-MARK 91417-309061-1 PER MIL-STD-130(046) 2-MATL: AL ALLOY 6061-T6.				REVISIONS			
				ZONE LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
				CHG BY	CHG BY	S/N NO.	

VIEW A-A

ENGRG DEV DWG

QTY RECD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	CODE IDENT																									
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST																													
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="width: 20%;">UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DEGREES ARE IN INCHES AND DECIMAL POINTS FIFTH TOLERANCES</td> <td colspan="3" style="width: 80%;">RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">8 PLACES 9 PLACES ANALOG .00000000 .00000000</td> <td colspan="3">TITLE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">CIRCLES PROJECT ENGINEER M. Schmitz 2/1/74</td> <td colspan="3">REAR - STANOFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">APPROVAL Carl Arden 4/4/74</td> <td colspan="3">SIZE CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 309061 REV</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">APPROVAL C.E. Wren 3/6/74</td> <td colspan="3">SCALE X-1 SHEET</td> </tr> </table>					UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DEGREES ARE IN INCHES AND DECIMAL POINTS FIFTH TOLERANCES		RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA			8 PLACES 9 PLACES ANALOG .00000000 .00000000		TITLE			CIRCLES PROJECT ENGINEER M. Schmitz 2/1/74		REAR - STANOFF			APPROVAL Carl Arden 4/4/74		SIZE CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 309061 REV			APPROVAL C.E. Wren 3/6/74		SCALE X-1 SHEET		
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DEGREES ARE IN INCHES AND DECIMAL POINTS FIFTH TOLERANCES		RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA																											
8 PLACES 9 PLACES ANALOG .00000000 .00000000		TITLE																											
CIRCLES PROJECT ENGINEER M. Schmitz 2/1/74		REAR - STANOFF																											
APPROVAL Carl Arden 4/4/74		SIZE CODE IDENT NO. B 91417 309061 REV																											
APPROVAL C.E. Wren 3/6/74		SCALE X-1 SHEET																											

NEXT ASSTY	USED ON	APPLICATION	PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES BOTH ACTUATING TOLERANCES PER DRAWING MECHANISM PER NO. 9000 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9 ABERRATIONS PER MIL-STD-12 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-123 BENDING SYMBOLS PER AMS 2230	MANUFACTURING AND TOLERANCING PER VIBS VIBS-44 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER VIBS VIBS-45 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS PER AMS 2247 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER VIBS VIBS-46
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5	4	3	\downarrow	309059	REV	2	1
REVISIONS							
	ZONE LTR	DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED		
		CHG BY	CHG BY	ECO NO.			

NOTES:

- 1 △ MATER: G10 EPOXY BOARD
.117-.132 THICK.
- 2 △ PRIME & PAINT PER 7741
- 3 △ .070 DIA. HOLE & SURFACE INDICATED
TO BE FREE OF PRIMER & PAINT -
(NOTE-2).
4. MARK 91417-309059 PER MIL-STD-
130. (BAG)

ENRG DEV DWG

	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.		NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
QTY REQD	LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST					
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISH TOLERANCES 2 PLACES FOR ANGLES $.002 \pm .005 \pm$		CONTRACT NO. DR BY 9-2-73 CHG BY C.E. Warr 2/19/74		RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA		
PROJECT ENGINEER M. Sieffman 2/22/74		TITLE TEE				
DASH NO.	NEXT ASBY	USED ON	SIZE	CODE IDENT NO.	REV	
APPLICATION			B	91417	309059	
			SCALE 2-1	SHEET		

PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES
 COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES
 MANUFACTURER'S TOLERANCES PER 90002
 WORKMANSHIP PER 90006
 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9
 ABBREVIATIONS PER MIL-STD-12
 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-906
 WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS A2.0-56

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER USAS Y14.5-66
 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER USAS Y13.1-66
 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER USAS Y32.67
 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER USAS Y32.16-65

309062

REV

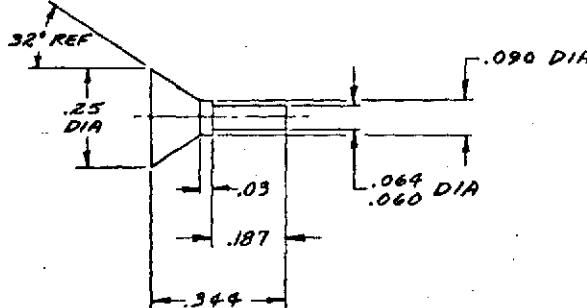
2

1

NOTES:
 1-MARK 91417-309062-1 PER MIL-STD-130 (EN6)
 2-MATL: AL ALLOY 6061-T6.

REVISIONS

ZONE	LTR	DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED
		CHG BY	CHK BY		



ENGRG DEV DWG

QTY REQD	ITEM NO.	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION		CODE IDENT
			LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST		
		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND INCLUDE APPLIED FINISHES TOLERANCES 2 PLACE 3 PLACE ANGLES $.08 \pm .005$	CONTRACT NO. DR BY 7-20-73 CHK BY LM 5006 ENGINEER M. Schram 2/22/74	RADIATION INCORPORATED SUBSIDIARY OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE CORPORATION, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA	
			PROJECT ENGINEER M. Schram 2/22/74	TITLE STAND OFF	
			APPROVAL C.E. Warner 2/21/74	SIZE CODE IDENT NO.	REV
			APPROVAL C.E. Warner 2/21/74	B 91417 309062	
				SCALE 4-1	SHEET

		PART TO BE FREE OF BURRS AND SHARP EDGES COMMERCIAL TOLERANCES APPLY TO STOCK SIZES MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES PER 90002 WORKSHIPSHEW PER 90006 SCREW THREADS PER MIL-STD-9 ASSEMBLY TOLERANCES PER MIL-STD-12 LOGIC SYMBOLS PER MIL-STD-506 WELDING SYMBOLS PER AWS A2.0-58
1	1080	DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER USAS 114.5-66 114.15-66 GRAPHIC SYMBOLS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DIAGRAM PER USAS 132.2-47 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS PER USAS 132.16-45

DASH NO. NEXT ASSY USED ON

APPLICATION

APPENDIX B

TEST PLAN AND PROCEDURES WITH TEST RESULTS

FINAL
TEST PLAN AND PROCEDURES REPORT
FOR
ADVANCED APPLICATIONS FLIGHT EXPERIMENT
NASI-11444
SEQUENCE NUMBER: 4314-01

PREPARED FOR
LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER
PREPARED BY
RADIATION
A DIVISION OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE
P.O. BOX 37
MELBOURNE, FLORIDA 32901

9 FEBRUARY 1973

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Test Engineer

APPROVED BY:
C. E. Warren
Program Manager

APPROVED BY:
L. A. Baugher
Quality Engineer

RAD 7902

APPENDIX B

TEST PLAN AND PROCEDURES WITH TEST RESULTS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Test Plan and Procedure describes the testing program for the 12.5-foot diameter antenna produced during the Advanced Applications Flight Experiment Program.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this test plan is to define a meaningful and efficient evaluation and test program for the deployable antenna. The major objectives of this program are:

1. To determine the various physical and operational characteristics of the deployable antenna and
2. To provide test data for correlation with the analyses performed during this program

1.2 Scope

The scope of this document is to detail the overall test program for the 12.5-foot diameter deployable antenna. Included in this plan is a description of parameters to be measured, the test objectives, test methods, required facilities and equipment, and data to be recorded.

2.0 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

Applicable documents to the test plan development are:

- a. Statement of Work, dated 15 December 1971
- b. Program Plan for Advanced Applications Flight Experiment Program, dated 17 May 1972
- c. Drawing 615283, Antenna Assembly

3.0

VIBRATION TEST

3.1

Test Objective

The primary purpose of this test is to measure the resonant frequencies and response accelerations of the 12.5-foot diameter model antenna in various stowed and deployed configurations.

3.2

Facilities and Instrumentation

The fixtures shall be designed to restrict the motion of the base of the antenna to the specified input. Crosstalk shall not exceed 50 percent of the input and variation of the input across the antenna base shall not exceed a ratio of 2 to 1. Lowest fundamental frequency for the stowed antenna fixtures shall exceed 500 Hz, and for the deployed antenna the frequency shall exceed 50 Hz. These criteria have been verified by tests with a heavier antenna.

Five Endevco Model 2222B, or equivalent, accelerometers will be attached to the antenna at the locations shown in Figures 3.2-1 through 3.2-3. All accelerometer data shall be recorded on magnetic tape. The test setups are shown in Figures 3.2-4 and 3.2-5.

3.3

Test Procedure

3.3.1

Low-Level Sinusoidal Vibration, Stowed Antenna

3.3.1.1

Lateral Axis

- a. Sweep the bandwidth from 10 to 300 Hz in the lateral axis at the rate of one octave per minute using a 0.15 G_{rms} sinusoidal input while recording the output from accelerometers at the locations shown in Figure 3.2-1.
- b. Dwell at up to three selected frequencies as determined by analysis and test data from the sinusoidal sweeps. Input level shall be 0.15 G_{rms}. Read accelerations and phase angles from the five accelerometers.

3.3.1.2

Longitudinal Axis

Conduct a low-level sinusoidal vibration as described in Paragraph 3.3.1.1a. on the stowed antenna in the longitudinal axis. Record the output of accelerometers at the locations as shown in Figure 3.2-2.

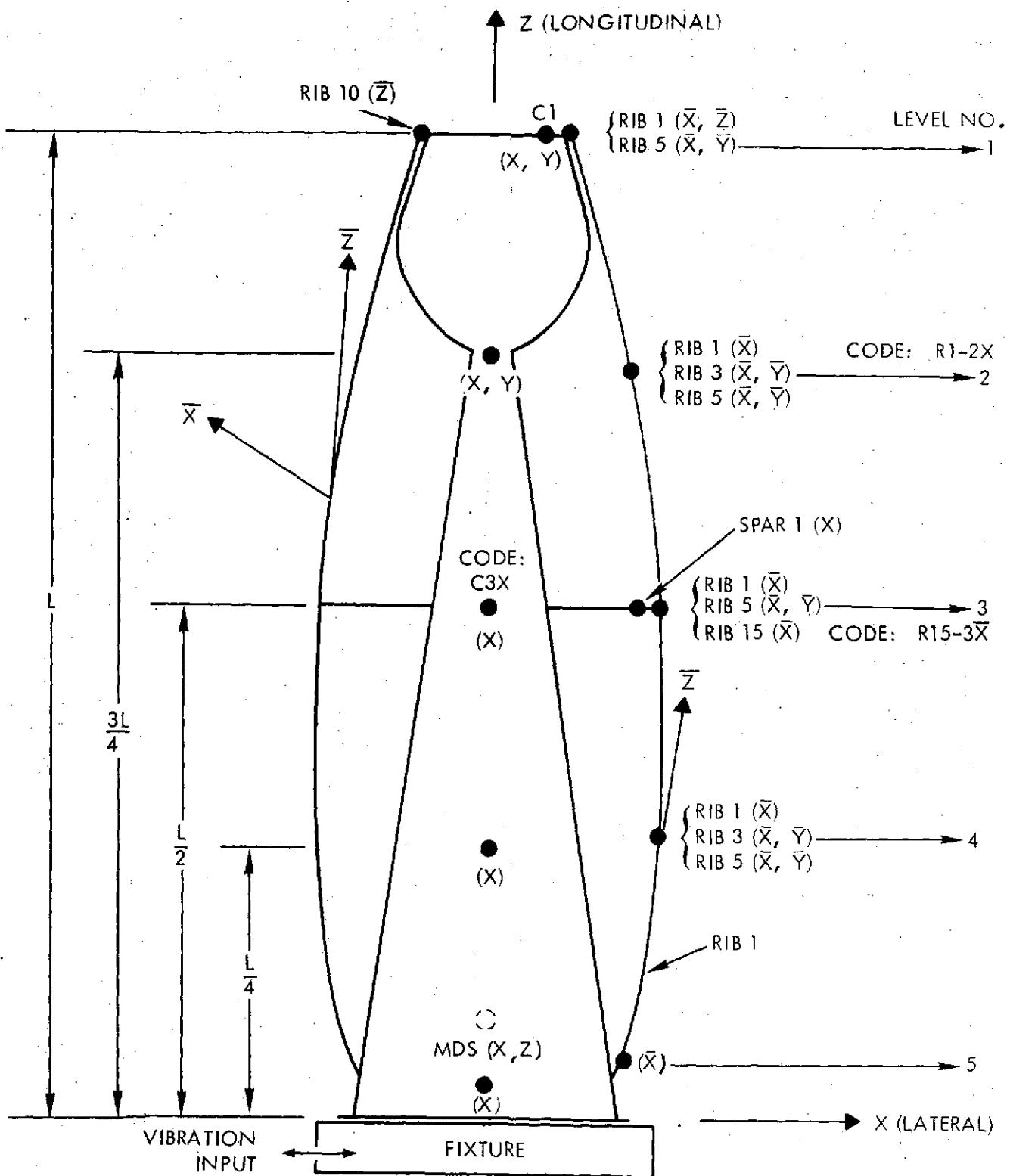
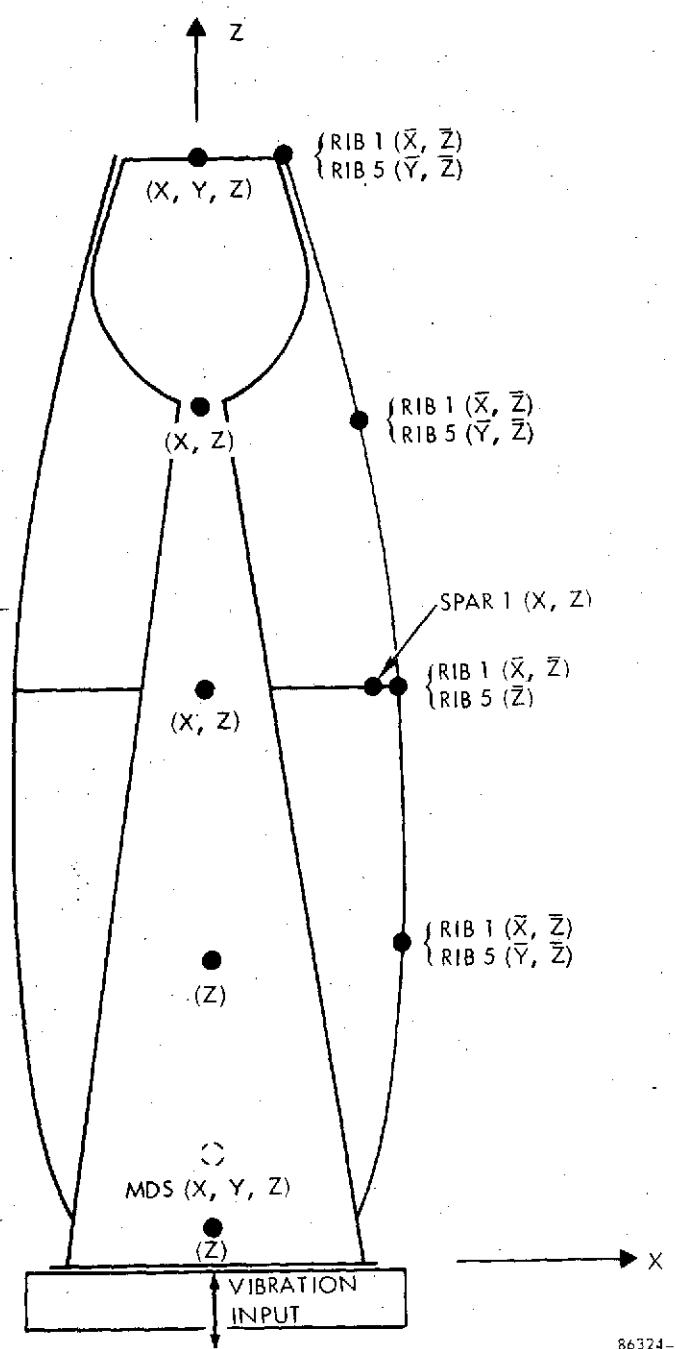


Figure 3.2-1. Accelerometer Locations for the Low-Level Sine Test in the Lateral Axis for the Stowed Antenna



86324-5B

Figure 3.2-2. Accelerometer Locations for the Low-Level Sine Test in the Longitudinal Axis for the Stowed Antenna

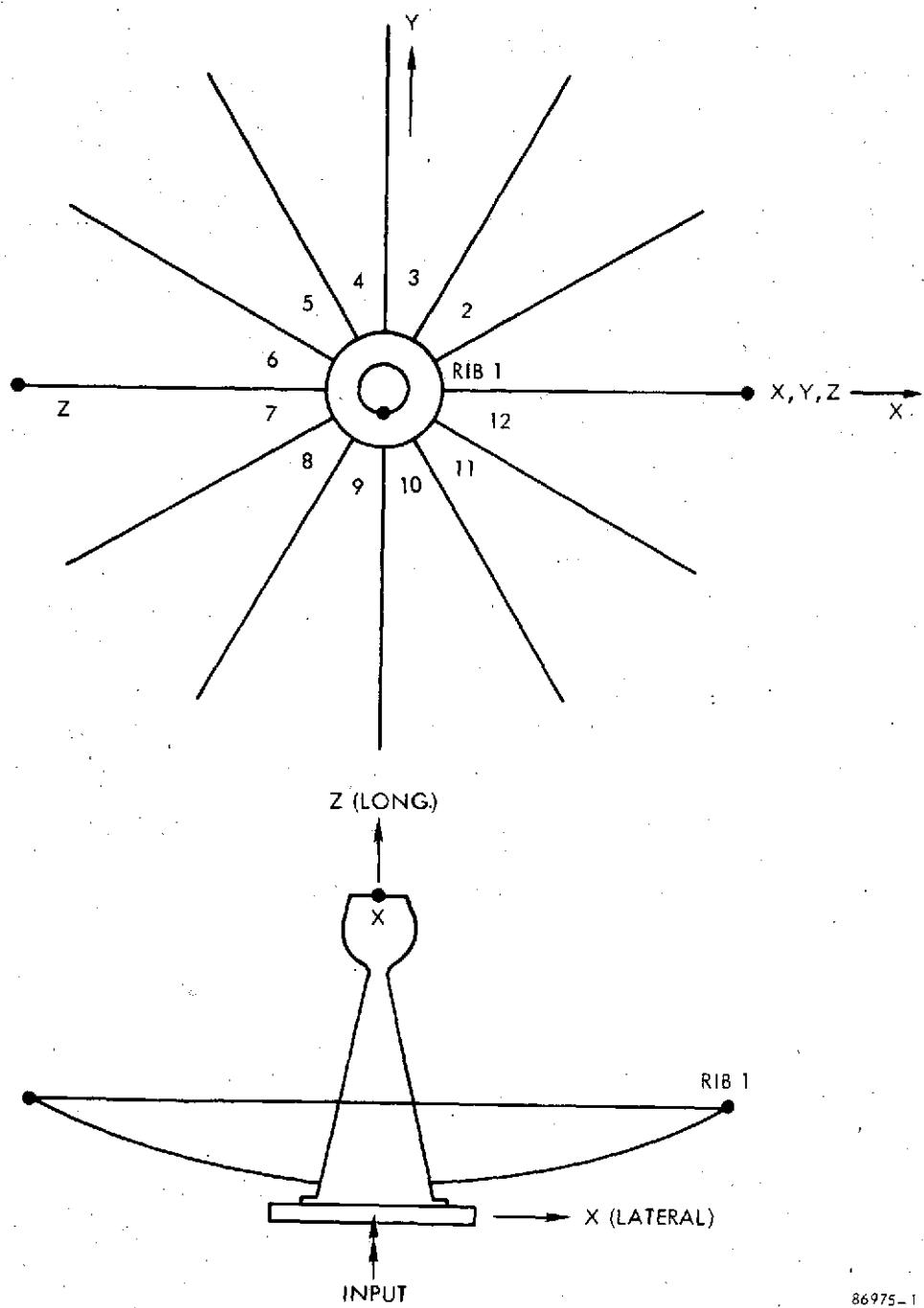


Figure 3.2-3. Accelerometer Locations for the Low-Level Sine Test in the Longitudinal Axis for the Deployable Antenna

1. DRIVE BAR T-6798
2. 6" ADAPTER T-7033
3. ADAPTER 614669G1
4. TEAM BEARINGS

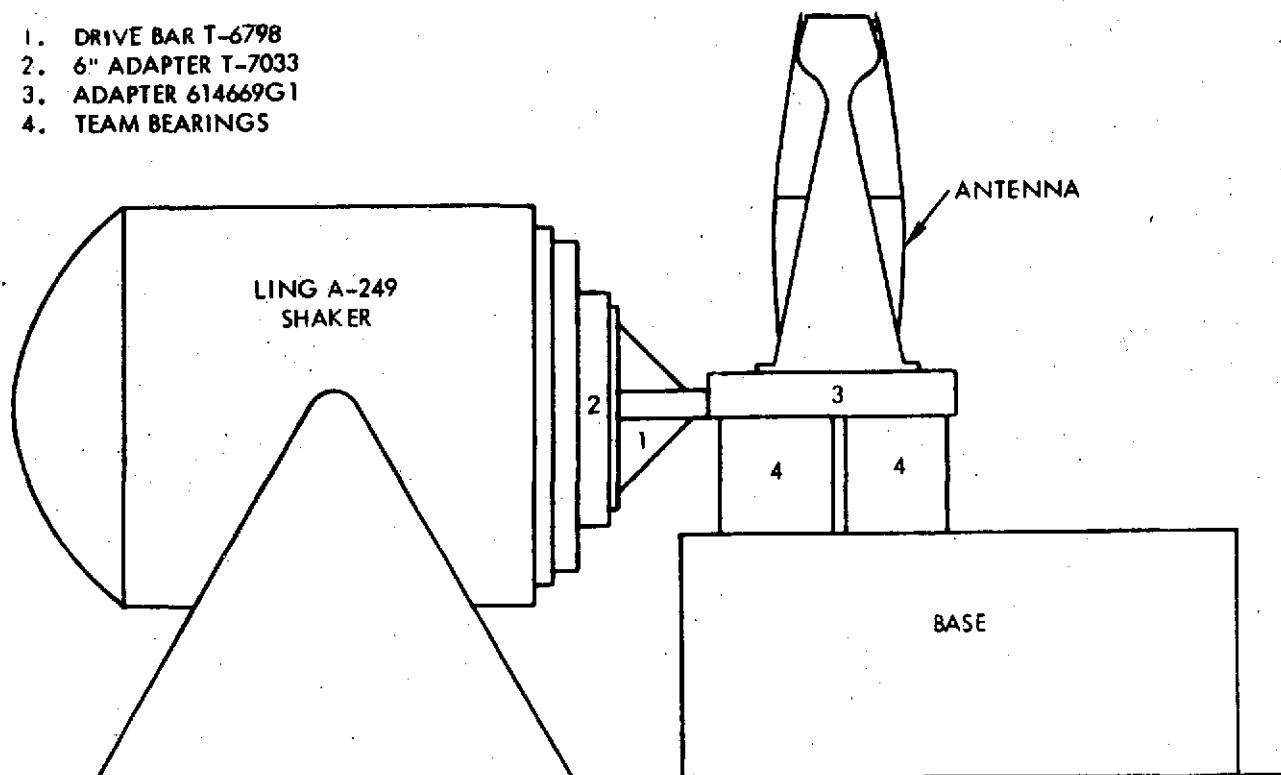


Figure 3.2-4. Setup for Lateral Axis Vibration, Stowed Antenna

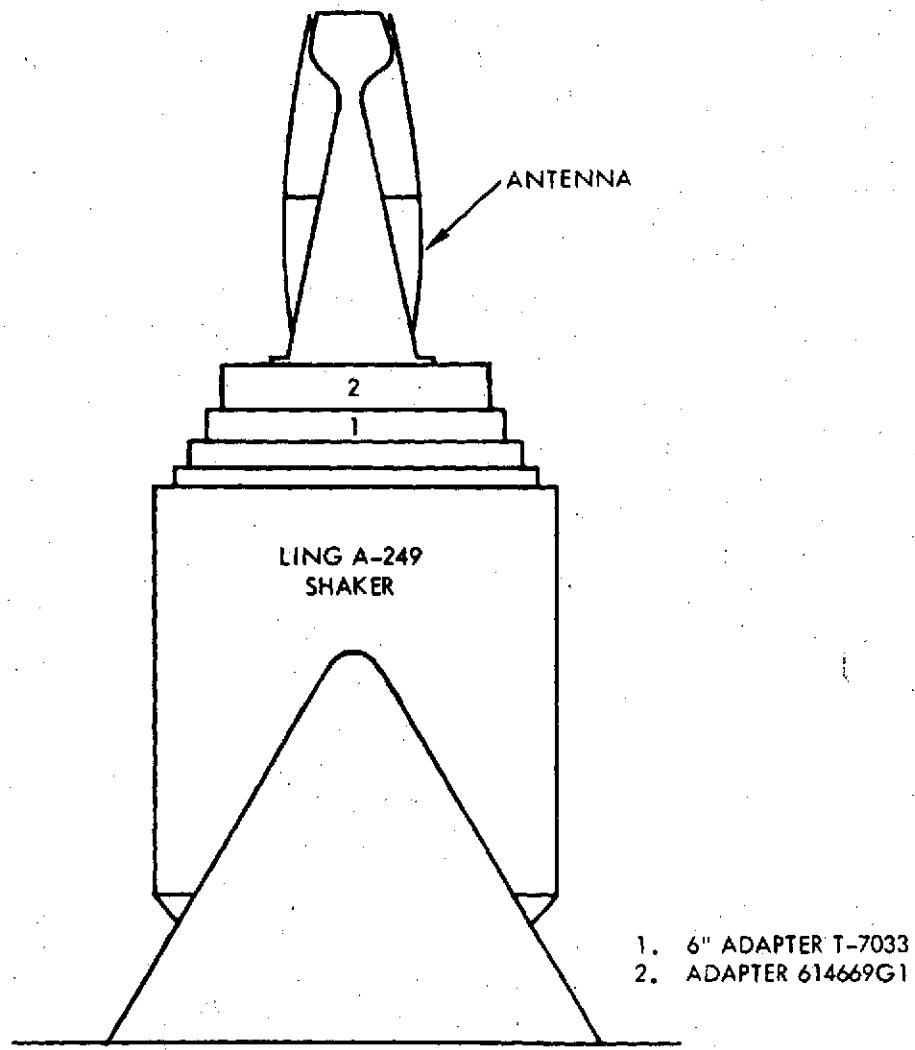


Figure 3.2-5. Setup for Longitudinal Axis Vibration, Stowed or Deployed Antenna

RADIATION

A DIVISION OF HARRIS...FERTYPE CORPORATION

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY - TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

ITEM USED

ITEMS

MANUFACTURER

MODEL NUMBER

SERIAL NUMBER

CALIBRATION
DUE DATE

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	2222B	AB10	3-1-74
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	2222B	AA23	3-1-74
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	2222B	AC66	3-1-74
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	2222B	AB49	3-1-74
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	2222B	XR10	3-1-74

~~NOT USED~~

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO

RADIATION
A DIVISION OF HARRIS-PITERTYPE CORPORATION

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY — TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

ITEM USED	ITEMS	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	CALIBRATION DUE DATE
	VIBRATION SHAKER	LING ELECTRONICS	A-249-1	69	N/A
✓	VIBRATION POWER AMPLIFIER	LING ELECTRONICS	PP-175/240B	35	N/A
✓	VIBRATION CONSOLE	LING ELECTRONICS	SRC-503L	14	N/A
✓	SWEEP OSCILLATOR SERVO	SPECTRAL DYNAMICS	SD114	94	
✓	CLIPPER-MIXER AMPLIFIER	LING ELECTRONICS	CMA-10	166	N/A
✓	SHAKER CUTOFF	RADIATION	T-4040A	2	N/A
✓	LINE AMPLIFIER	LING ELECTRONICS	LA-100	58	N/A
✓	TEKTRONIX OSCILLOSCOPE	TEKTRONIX	RM 564	001141	1-31-74
✓	TEKTRONIX TIME BASE	TEKTRONIX	2B67	013602	1-31-74
✓	TEKTRONIX AMPLIFIER	TEKTRONIX 3A72	3A72	005740	1-31-74
✓	TRUE RMS VOLTMETER	BALLANTINE	320	8181	3-8-74
✓	TRUE RMS VOLTMETER	BALLANTINE	320	4292	3-8-74
NOT USED	X-Y RECORDER	HEWLETT-PACKARD	135		
✓	X-Y RECORDER	HEWLETT-PACKARD	7034A	1128	12-18-73
✓	LOG CONVERTER	HEWLETT-PACKARD	7560A	648-03339	4-2-74
✓	COUNTER	HEWLETT-PACKARD	5512A	548-00119	2-25-74
NOT USED	COMPUTER CONTROLLER	TIME/DATA	1923	137	
✓	AMPLIFIER POWER SUPPLY	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	608PS-1	155	N/A
✓	AMPLIFIER POWER SUPPLY	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	608R	367	N/A
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PCV	2	2-27-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PCV	3	2-27-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PMCVA	3	2-27-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PMCVA	10	2-27-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PMCVA	1	3-26-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PMCVA	2	12-27-73
✓	ACCELEROMETER AMPLIFIER	UNHOLTZ-DICKIE	8PMCV	172	4-22-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	3224C	NC10	2-1-74
✓	ACCELEROMETER	ENDEVCO	3224C	MC48	2-1-74
✓	TAPE RECORDER	CEC	VR3300	9028	N/A
NOT USED	TIMER	DIMCO-GRAY	171		
22					12/12
24					
30					
56					

3.3.2 Low-Level Sinusoidal Vibration, Deployed Antenna, Longitudinal Axis

Sweep the bandwidth from 40 to 5 Hz at a rate of one octave per minute using a 0.15 G_{rms} input while recording the output of accelerometers at the locations shown in Figure 3.2-3.

3.3.3 Mechanical Inspection

At the completion of each test, the antenna shall be visually inspected for any degradation. After all tests are completed, the antenna shall be visually inspected in more detail. Findings are reported in the test record.

3.4 Measurements and Tolerances

All measurements shall be made with calibrated instruments. The maximum allowable tolerances for test conditions shall be as follows:

a. Vibration amplitude

Sinusoidal: ±10%

b. Vibration Frequency

±2% or 1 Hz, whichever is greater

3.5 Test Record

As a minimum, the data obtained during testing shall be presented in the test report as follows:

1. Plots of response acceleration versus frequency for all accelerometer measurements taken for the 0.15 G_{rms} input test
2. Table showing G_{rms} response and relative phase angle for selected accelerometers for resonant dwell tests using a 0.15 G_{rms} input

AAFE Vibration Test Summary

Lateral Axis, Stowed Antenna

The fundamental frequency of the stowed antenna in the lateral axis was 57.0 Hz. The mode shape was lateral bending of the entire antenna. The second resonant frequency occurred at 93.1 Hz and the mode shape was the first bending mode of the stowed ribs. The third resonant

frequency was 245.0 Hz and was the second lateral bending mode of the entire antenna. Figures 3.5-2 through 3.5-6 are acceleration versus frequency plots of the five instrumentation accelerometers.

Longitudinal Axis, Stowed Antenna

There were two primary resonances in the longitudinal axis. The first resonance occurred at 96 Hz and was a rib cage mode combining longitudinal translation (Z-axis) of the rib cage and bending of the ribs. The second resonance was 195 Hz and was the longitudinal mode of the feed support cone-ogive structure. Figures 3.5-7 through 3.5-13 are the acceleration versus frequency slots of the instrumentation accelerometers.

Longitudinal Axis, Deployed Antenna

In the deployed test, there was only one major resonance in the frequency band tested. This was the fundamental bending node of the rib-and-mesh assembly in the longitudinal axis and occurred at a frequency of 8.3 Hz. Figures 3.5-14 through 3.5-19 show the acceleration versus frequency plots of the instrumentation accelerometer.

Post Test Inspection

A complete inspection of the antenna after the completion of all testing showed no signs of any degradations of any parts.

4.0

SURFACE ACCURACY MEASUREMENT TEST

4.1

Test Objectives

The objective of this test is to measure the surface accuracy and deployment repeatability of the deployable antenna using a precise sweep template, and compute the rms surface error. This test is also a demonstration of deployment kinematics of the antenna.

4.2

Test Method

The antenna surface measurement configuration is shown in Figure 4.2. The sweep template consists of an accurately machined track along which a movable micrometer can be positioned. This feature allows any point on the reflector surface to be measured.

Using the sweep template, the surface error of the reflector can be accurately measured. However, some uncertainties exist in predicting the surface error which the reflector would exhibit in a zero-g environment, due to the sag of the mesh between the ribs.

Two techniques for measurement of surface accuracy have been defined for use on the deployable antenna in order to minimize the uncertainty of the gravity error. In both techniques a total of 225 points on the mesh surface are measured, and the surface error is calculated using the paraboloid computer program (Appendix I).

In the first technique, the antenna is placed in a face-side orientation, with the sweep template extending horizontally outward from the antenna axis. The sweep template remains stationary in this position during the entire measurement procedure. Different points on the reflector are measured by rotating the antenna about its central axis until the point to be measured is in the plane of the sweep template. The micrometer is then moved along the template to coincide with the desired point. Using this method, the mesh in the vicinity of the point being measured at any given time is in a vertical plane. In this configuration, the gravity effect on the mesh is reduced, and the surface error calculated from these measurements is an approximation of the actual zero-g error.

In the second technique, the antenna is oriented in a face-side position as in the first technique. However, during the measurement process, the antenna is held stationary while measurements are made by rotating the template about the antenna axis. After all the desired points have been measured in this way, the antenna is then rotated exactly 180° about its central axis. The same points which were measured during the first sweep are then measured a second time, again with the reflector held stationary and the sweep template rotated about its axis. The deviation of each point is averaged for the two readings, and the surface error is computed using the average position of each point.

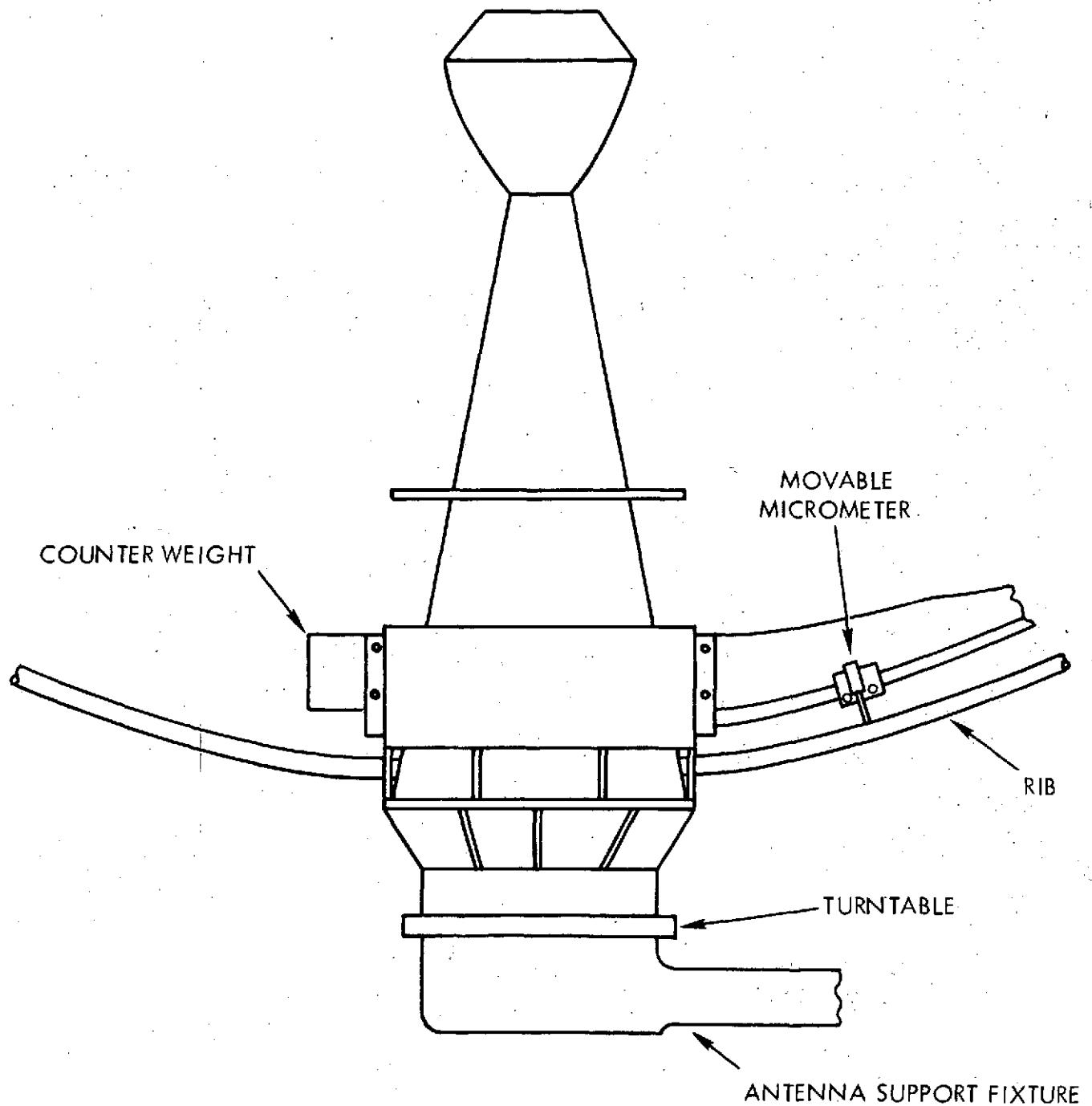


Figure 4.2. Surface Measurement Tooling

86324-3

The surface error determined by the second technique is expected to provide an upper bound for surface error in a zero-g environment. It contains certain additional errors, such as hysteresis in the ribs and effects of the nonlinearity of the mesh spring rate, which result from measuring the reflector in the two opposite orientations. Past experience has shown these effects to be very small.

As part of the surface accuracy measurement test, the antenna is deployed once by activating the pyrotechnic cable cutter. The antenna is refolded and deployed nine more times using the MDS motor drive. Surface accuracy measurements are performed after the first deployment and then after the nine additional deployments.

4.3 Test Procedure

4.3.1 Test Preparation

Mark the antenna surface at each of the 225 points to be measured. There shall be nine points equally spaced along each of 25 equally spaced radial lines. The marking is accomplished by using either tiny pieces of adhesive-backed tape or by using ink dots.

Install the antenna on the mounting fixture. Deploy the antenna by activating the pyrotechnic cable cutting device.

Attach the sweep template to the antenna in the proper measurement configuration.

4.3.2 Surface Accuracy Test Number 1

Position the antenna in a face-side orientation. Position the sweep template such that it extends horizontally outward from the antenna axis.

Using the sweep template, measure the deviation from the theoretical paraboloid of each of the 225 points marked on the reflector surface. During this test the sweep template remains in a horizontal position. The antenna is rotated about its central axis to bring the desired points into the plane of the sweep template. Record the deviation of each point in the data sheet. Input the data to the paraboloid computer program and record the calculated surface error on the data sheet.

4.3.3 Surface Accuracy Test Number 2

Position the antenna in a face-side orientation. Record the angular position of the support fixture turntable.

With the antenna left stationary in this orientation, rotate the sweep template about the antenna axis and measure each of the 250 points marked on the reflector. Record the data on the data sheet.

Rotate the antenna 180° about its axis. Record the angular position of the support fixture turntable. With the antenna left stationary in this orientation, rotate the sweep template about the antenna axis and measure each of the 225 points again. Record the second readings on the data sheet.

Compute the average of the two readings for each of the 225 points. Record these results on the data sheet. Input these results into the paraboloid computer program and record the calculated surface error on the data sheet.

4.3.4 Surface Accuracy Test Number 3

With the sweep template removed, refold and deploy the antenna nine times ending with the antenna in the deployed configuration.

Attach the sweep template to the antenna in the proper measurement configuration.

Position the antenna in a face-side orientation. Position the sweep template such that it extends horizontally outward from the antenna axis.

Using the sweep template, measure the deviation from the theoretical paraboloid of each of the 225 points marked on the reflector surface. During this test the sweep template remains in a horizontal position. The antenna is rotated about its central axis to bring the desired points into the plane of the sweep template. Record the deviation of each point in the data sheet. Input the data to the paraboloid computer program and record the calculated surface error on the data sheet.

VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

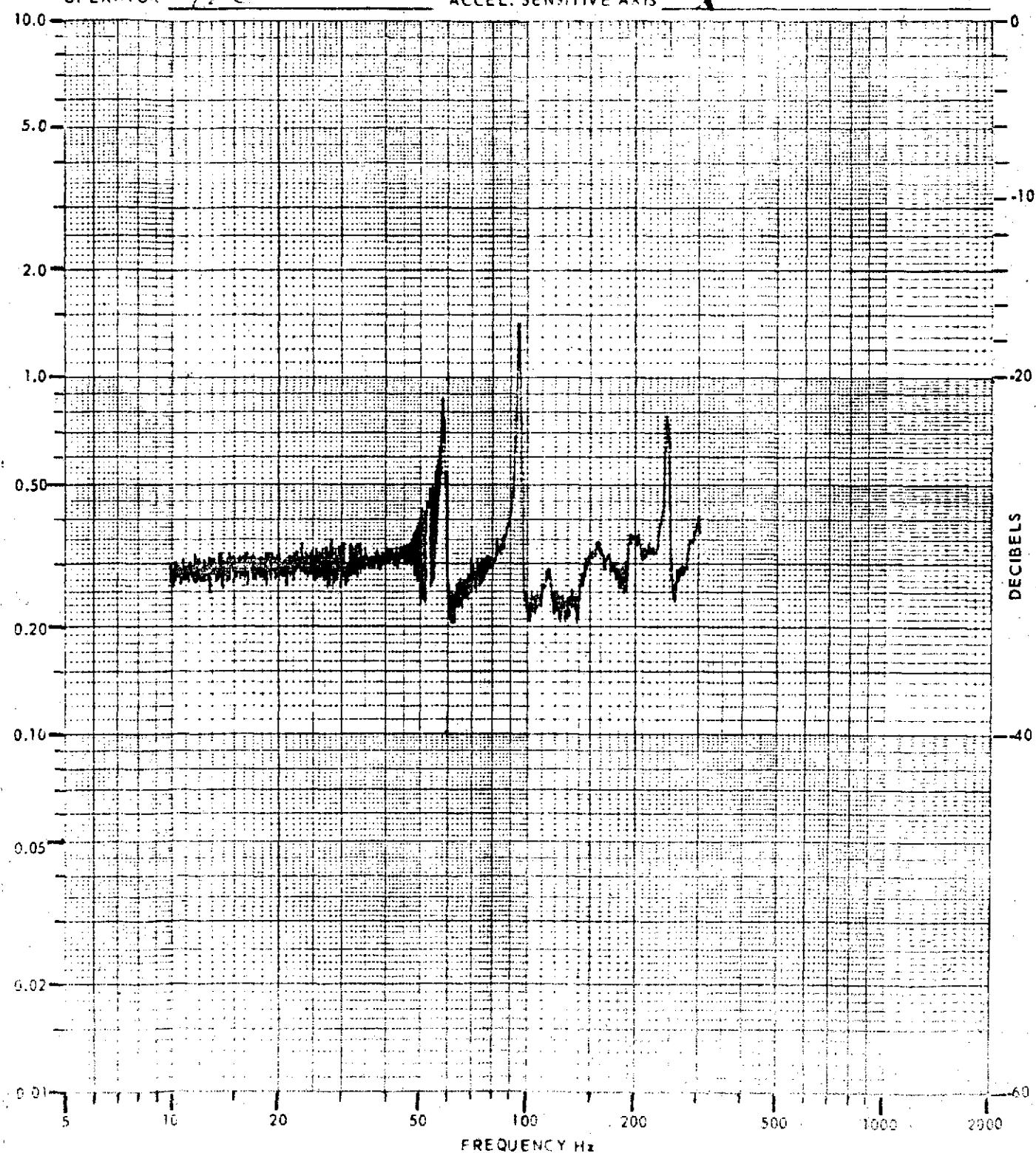
PROJECT 1080INPUT AXIS XTEST ARTICLE AAFC ANTENNAINPUT LEVEL -216.14RUN NO. 2ACCEL. LOCATION 1 XTEST DATE 12-8 73ACCEL. SER. NO. AB1COPERATOR TTCACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

Figure 3.5-2

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE HARD ANTENNA
 RUN NO. 2
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR 720

INPUT AXIS X
 INPUT LEVEL .21G_{0-1%}
 ACCEL. LOCATION 2 X
 ACCEL. SER. NO. A1123
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

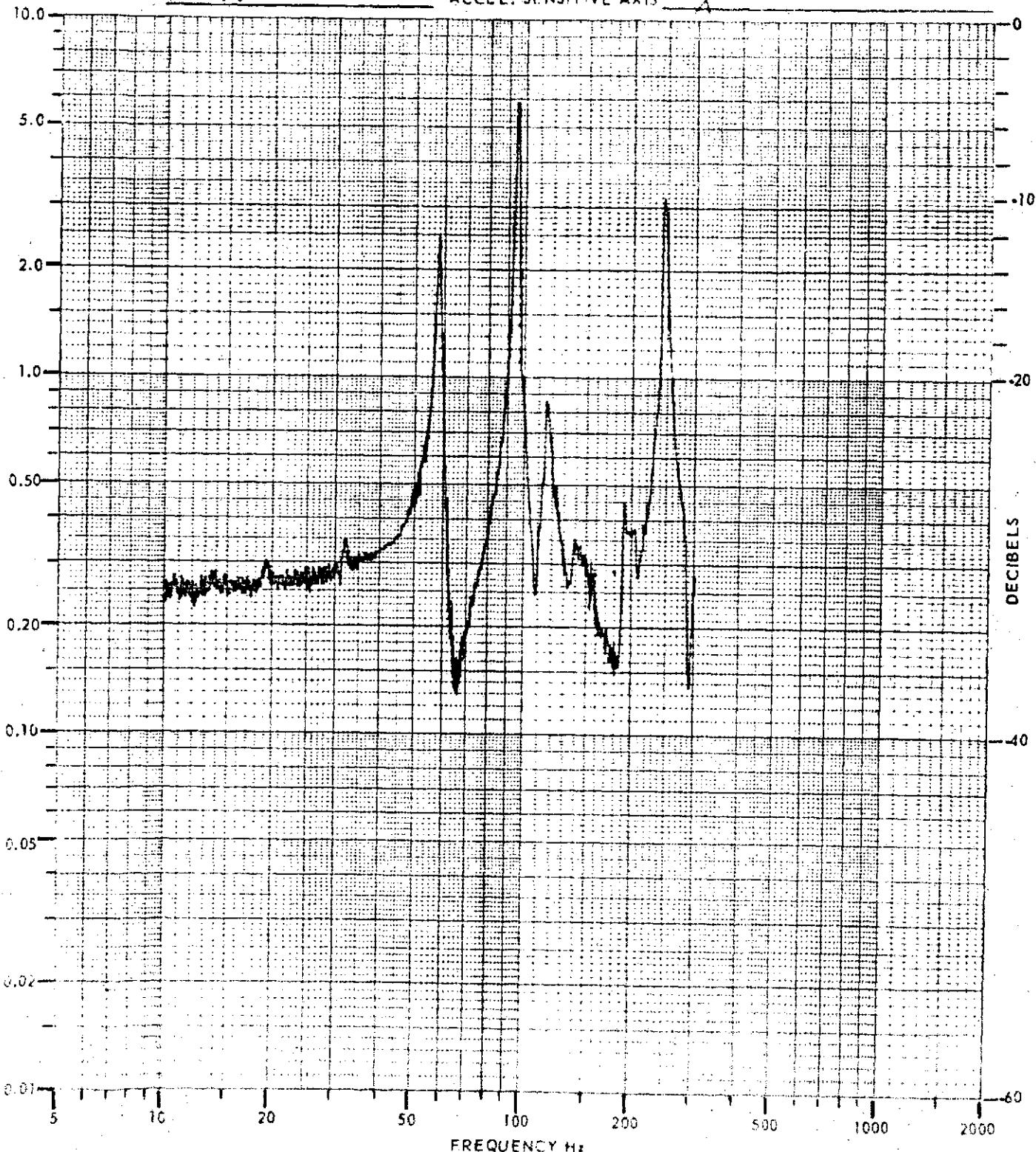


Figure 3.5-3

20
VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE ABFE ANTENNAH
 RUN NO. 2
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR TAC

INPUT AXIS X
 INPUT LEVEL .21 G's-PE
 ACCEL. LOCATION 3X
 ACCEL. SER. NO. AC66
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

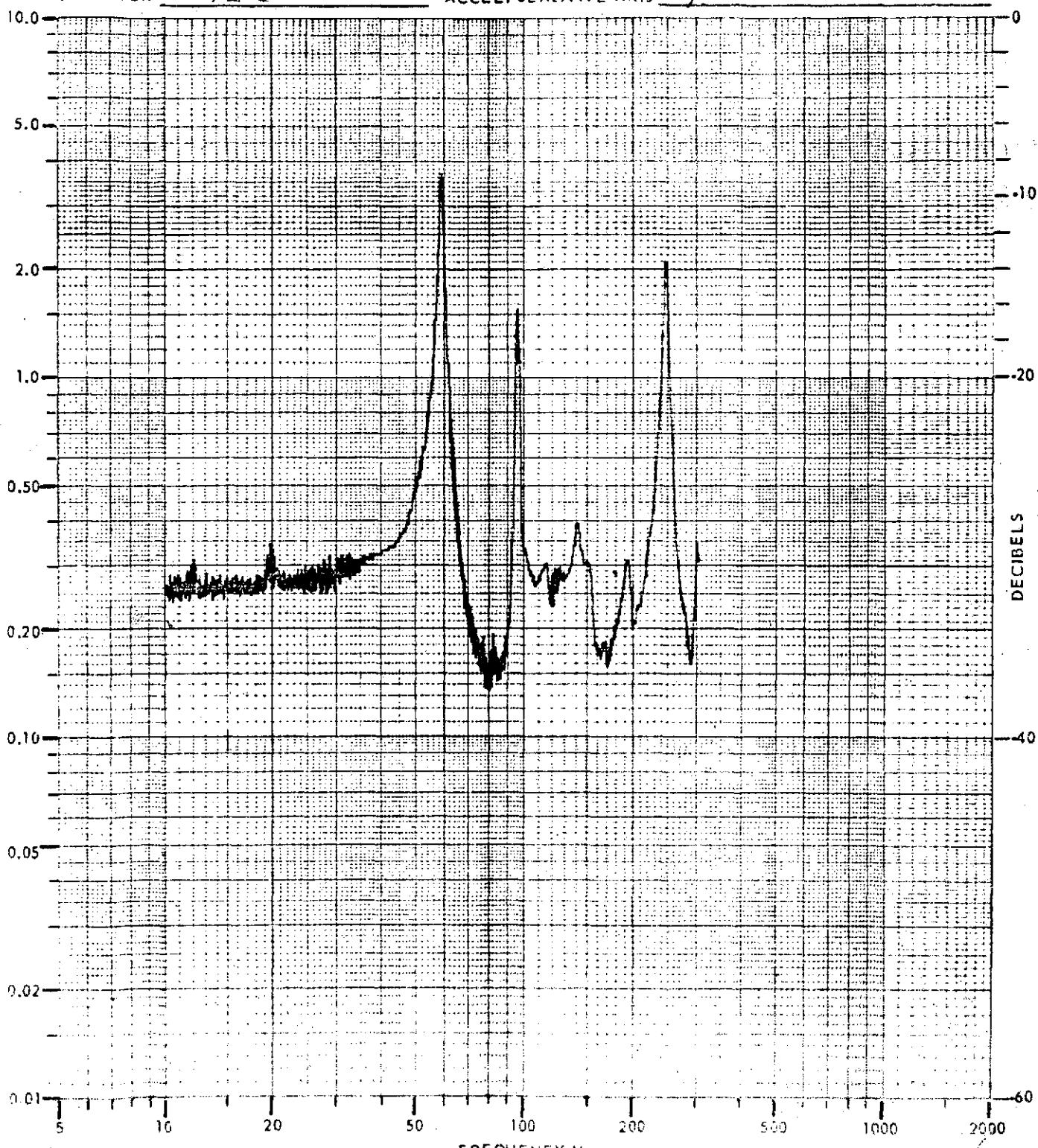


Figure 3.5-4

VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT 1080
TEST ARTICLE RAFE ANTENNA
RUN NO. 61
TEST DATE 12-8-73
OPERATOR JMC

INPUT AXIS X
INPUT LEVEL 5" 1.0G
ACCEL. LOCATION 41
ACCEL. SER. NO. FB 49
ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

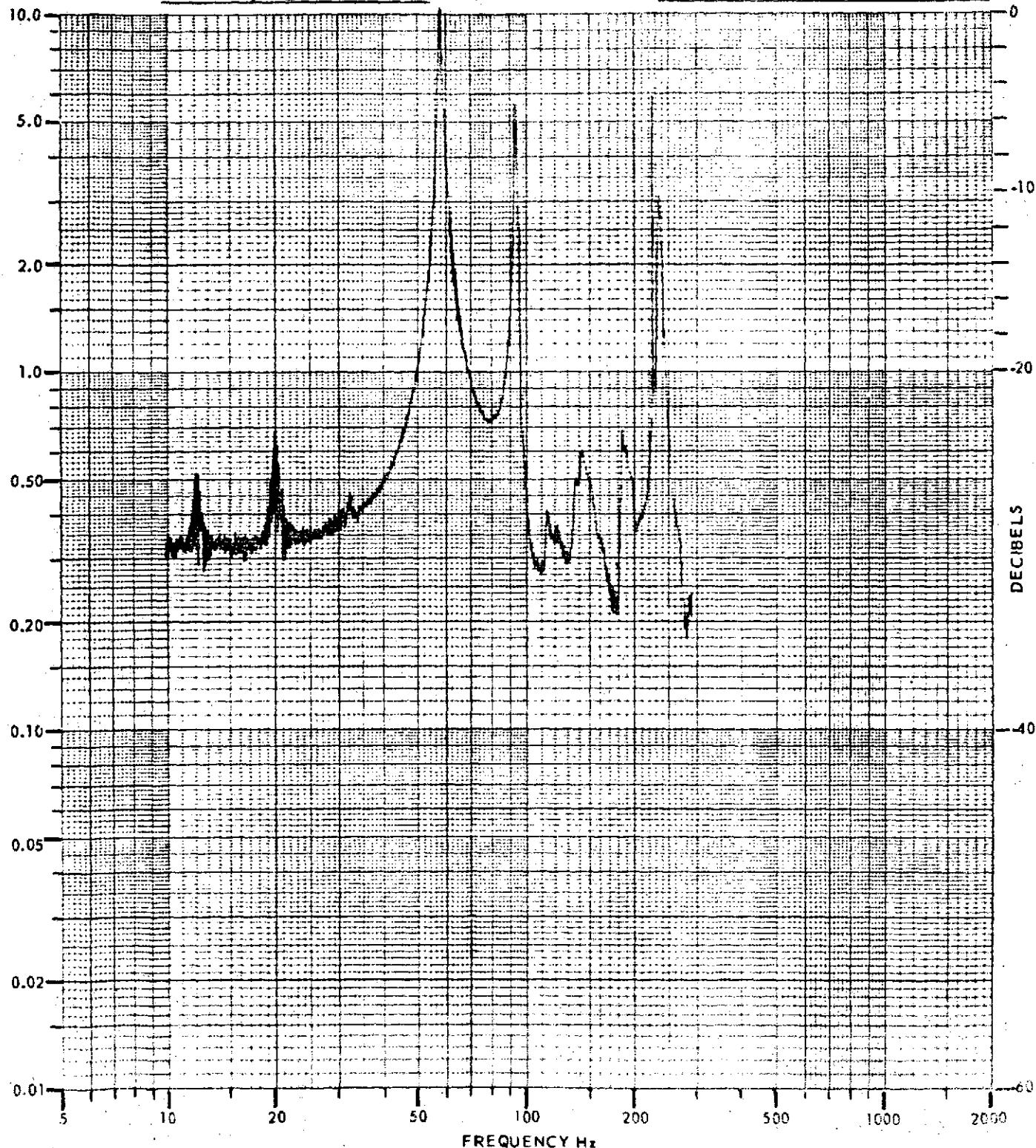


Figure 3.5-5

20
VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE AAFL ANTENNA 11
 RUN NO. 2
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR TCL

INPUT AXIS X
 INPUT LEVEL 21 GOUVE
 ACCEL. LOCATION 5Y
 ACCEL. SER. NO. XR70
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

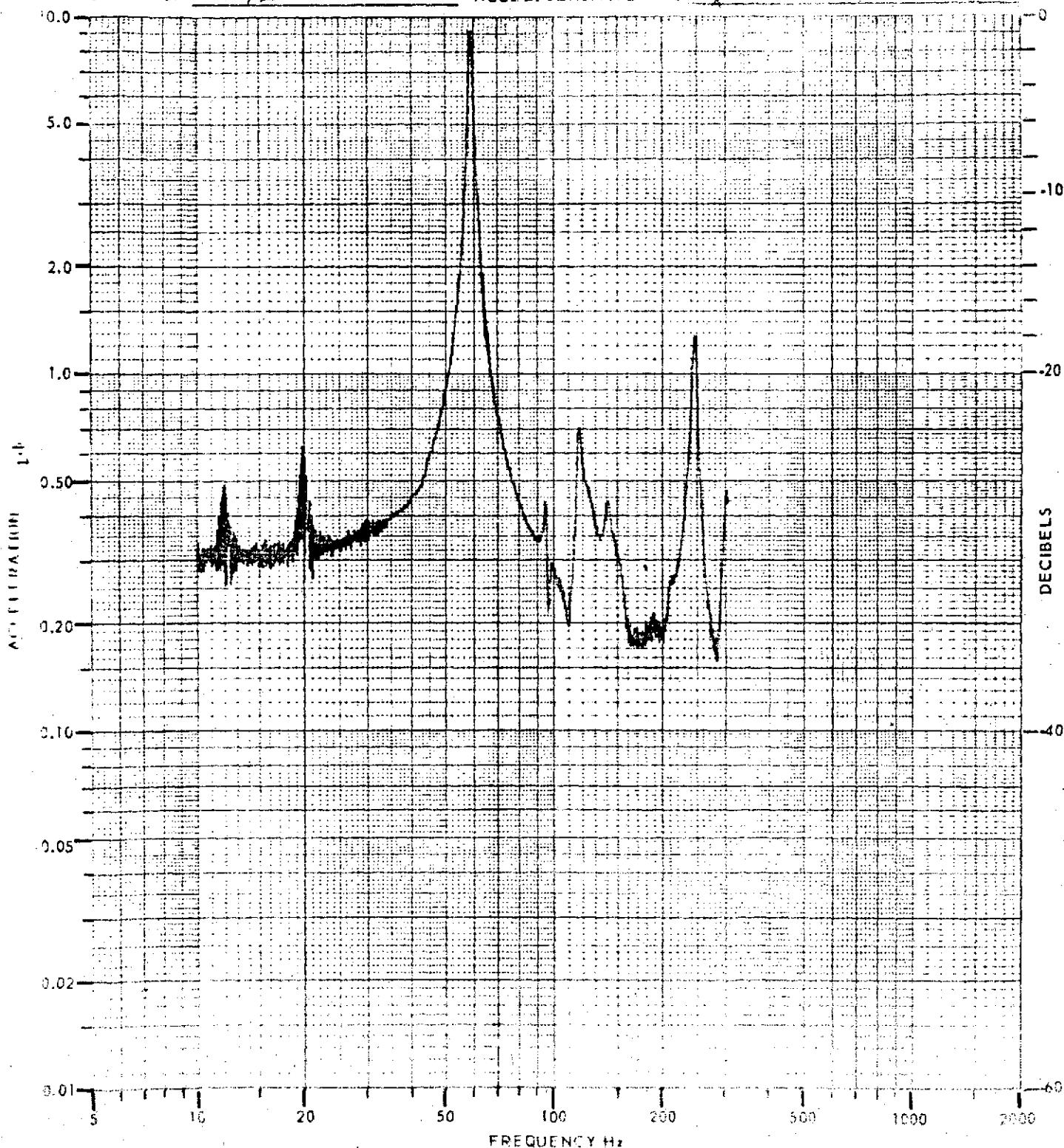


Figure 3.5-6

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE AAFE ANTENNA
 RUN NO. 5
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR TBC

INPUT AXIS Z
 INPUT LEVEL 21.60 g-pe
 ACCEL. LOCATION CONTROL
 ACCEL. SER. NO. NL10
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

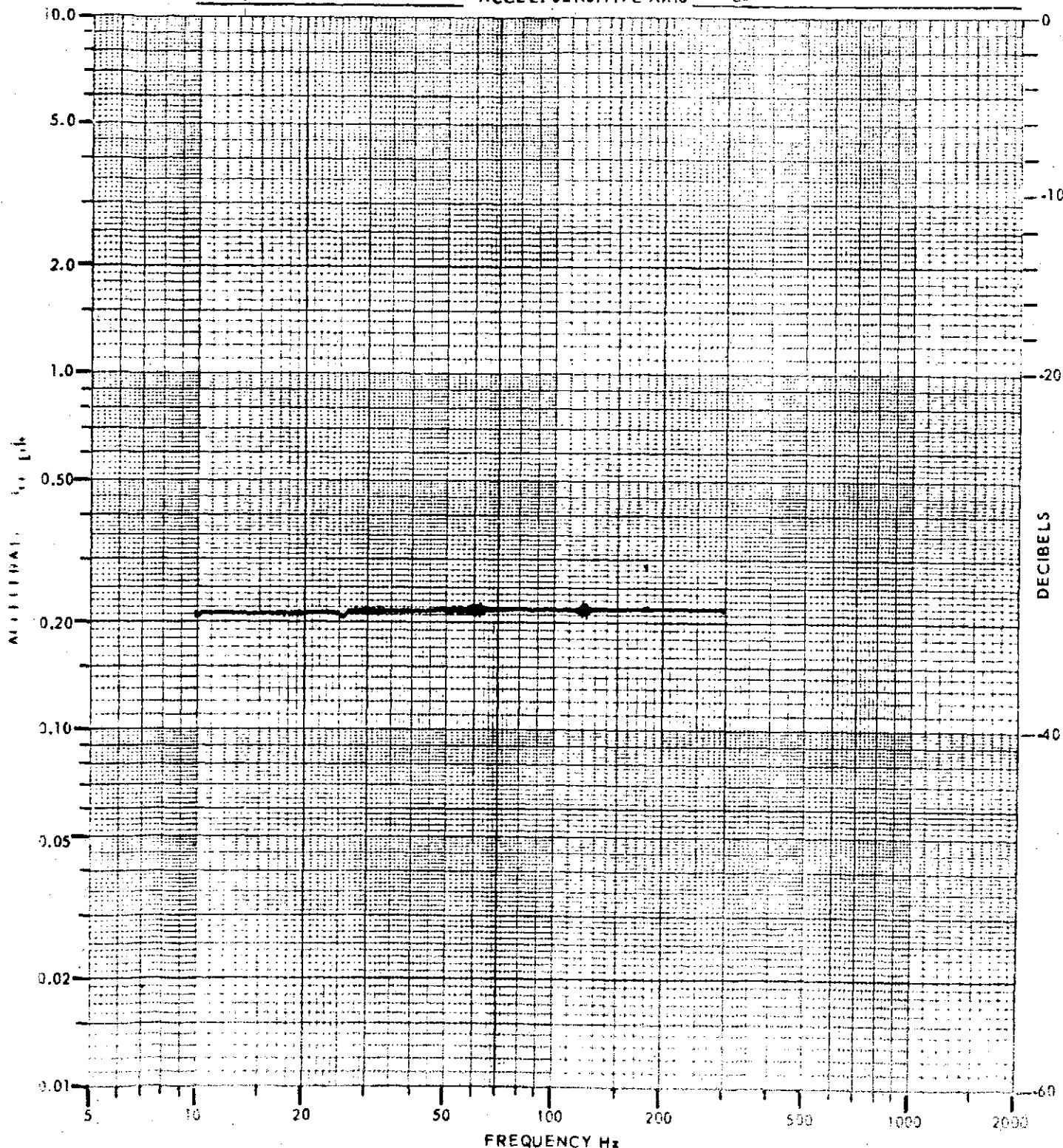


Figure 3.5-7

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

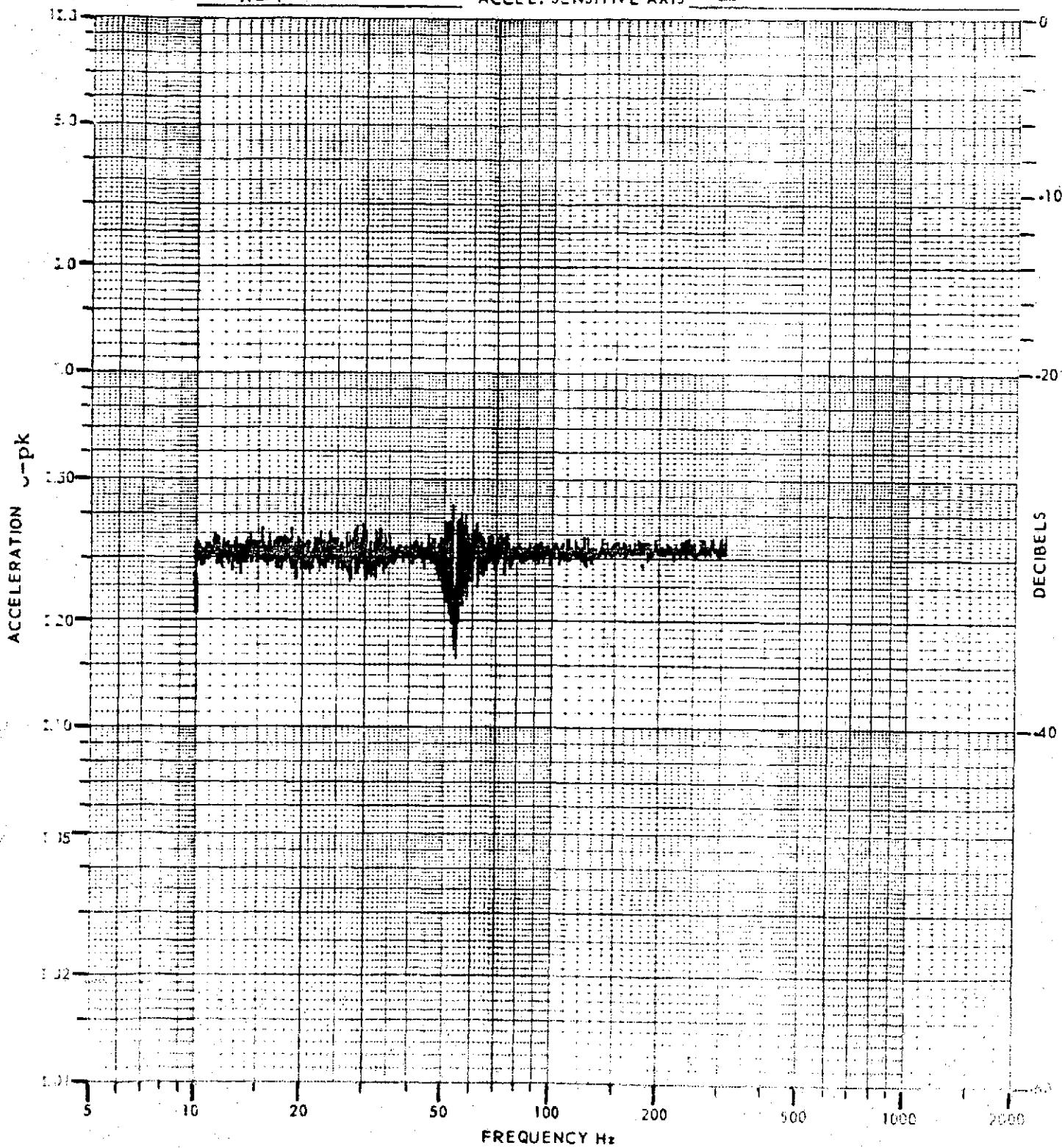
PROJECT 1080INPUT AXIS ZTEST ARTICLE AAFE ANTENNAINPUT LEVEL -21.60-12RUN NO. 5ACCEL. LOCATION 1 ZTEST DATE 12-8-73ACCEL. SER. NO. PA49OPERATOR TFCACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

Figure 3.5-8

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE ANF6 ANTENNA
 RUN NO. 5
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR TEC

INPUT AXIS Z
 INPUT LEVEL .21 G - 140
 ACCEL. LOCATION Z Z
 ACCEL. SER. NO. AC66
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

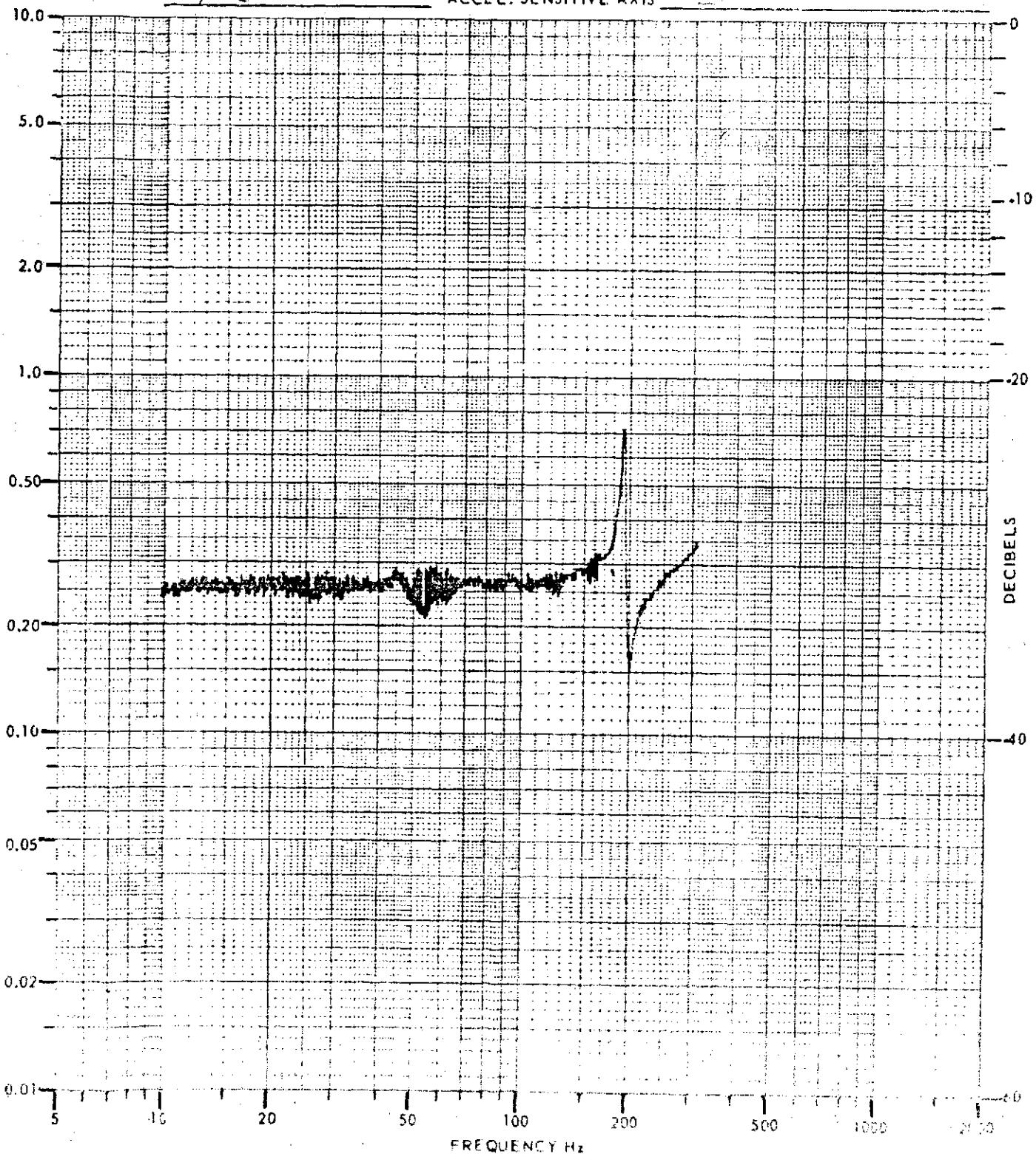


Figure 3.5-9

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT <u>1080</u>	INPUT AXIS <u>Z</u>
TEST ARTICLE <u>APFC ANTENNA</u>	INPUT LEVEL <u>.21 Geyrs</u>
RUN NO. <u>5</u>	ACCEL. LOCATION <u>32</u>
TEST DATE <u>12-8-73</u>	ACCEL. SER. NO. <u>AB10</u>
OPERATOR <u>TEC.</u>	ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS <u>Z</u>

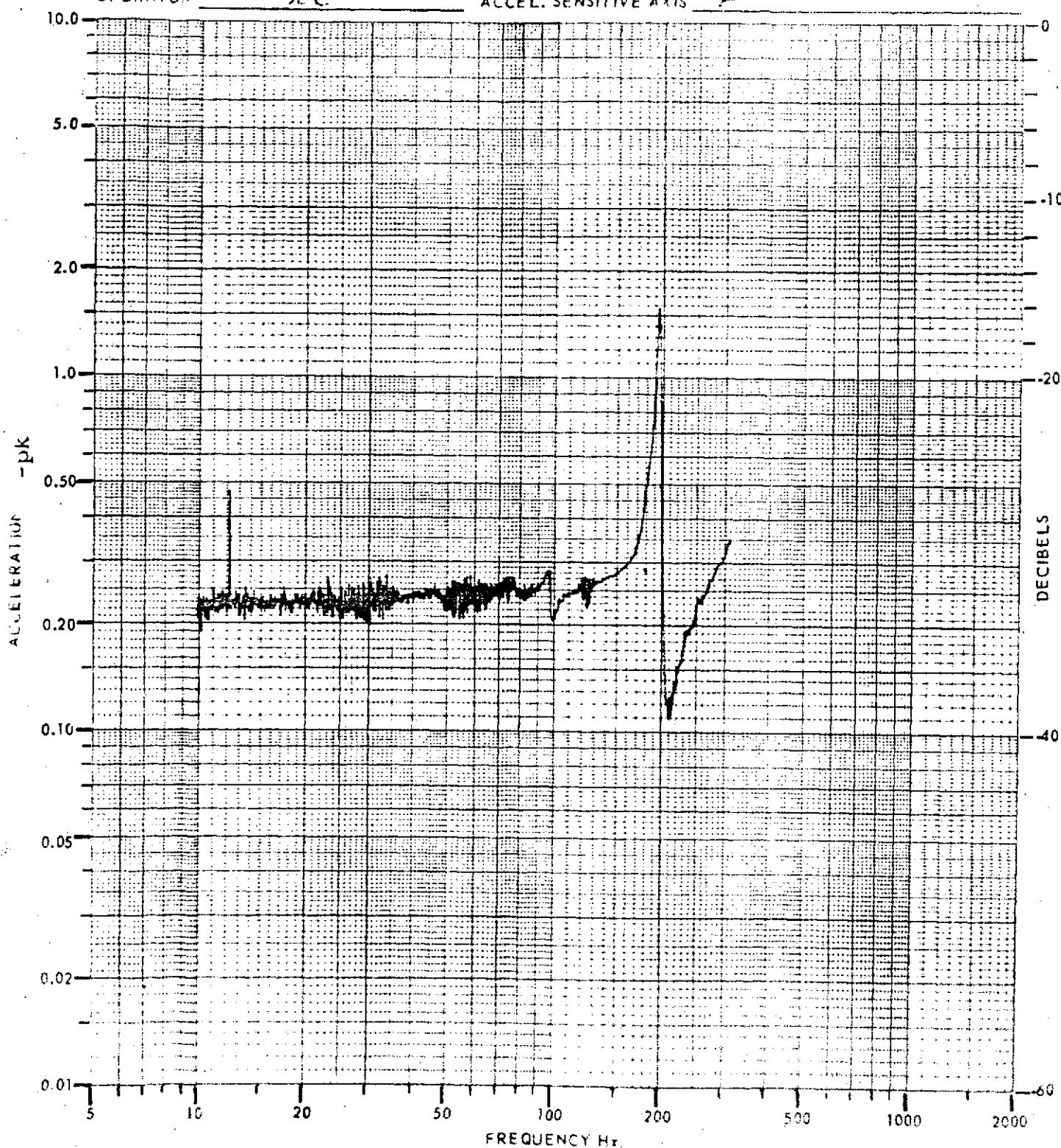


Figure 3.5-10

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080.

TEST ARTICLE AAFE ANTENNA

RUN NO. 5

TEST DATE 12-8-73

OPERATOR TEC.

INPUT AXIS Z

INPUT LEVEL 121 GOF

ACCEL. LOCATION 42

ACCEL. SER. NO. X R 70

ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

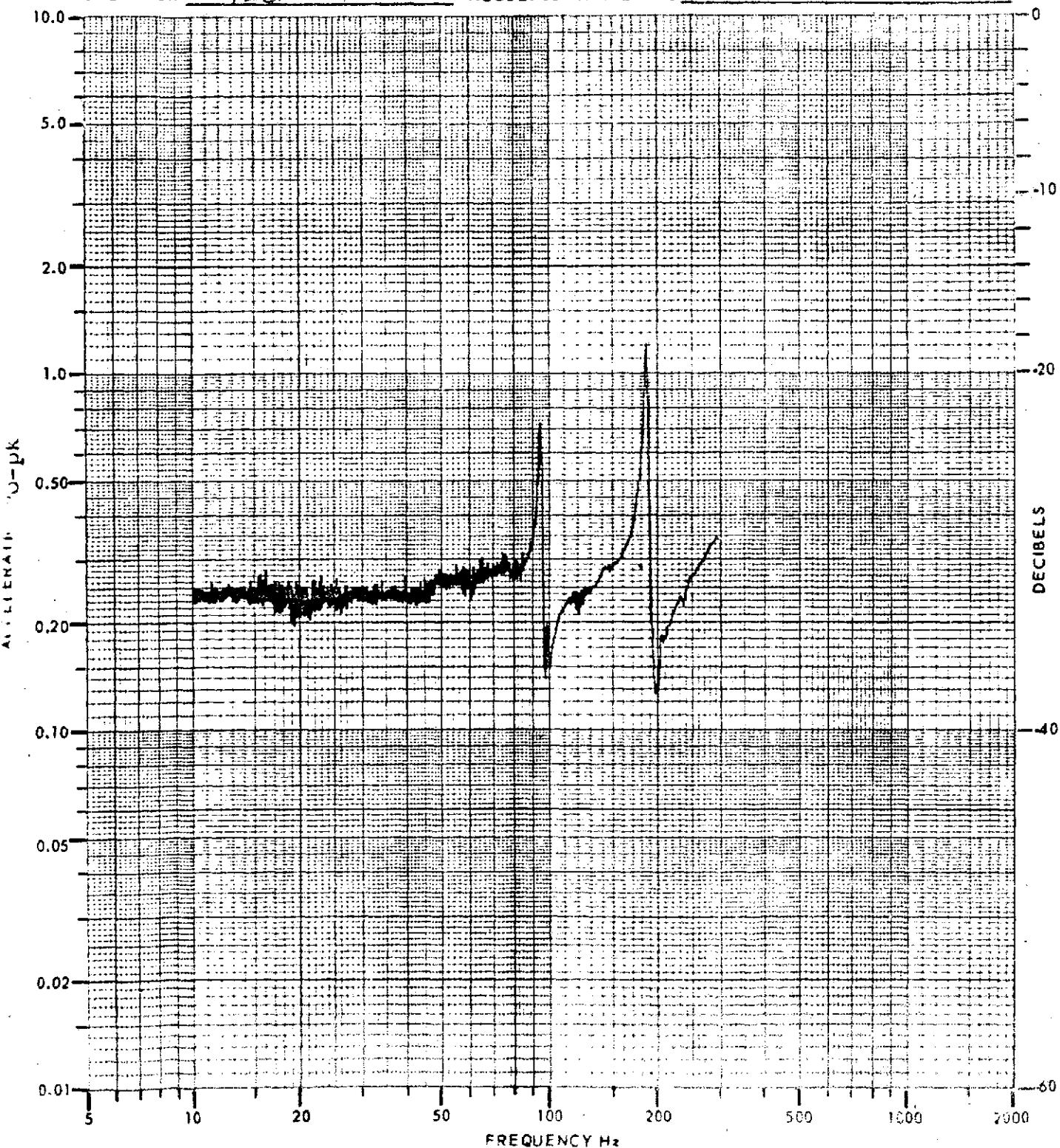


Figure 3.5-11

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE AAFE ANTENNA
 RUN NO. 5
 TEST DATE 12-9-73
 OPERATOR TFC

INPUT AXIS 3
 INPUT LEVEL 21 G-1²
 ACCEL. LOCATION 5X
 ACCEL. SER. NO. XS 34
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X



Figure 3.5-12

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080
 TEST ARTICLE AAFLC ANTENNA
 RUN NO. 6
 TEST DATE 12-8-73
 OPERATOR TTC

INPUT AXIS Z
 INPUT LEVEL 2160 g-fc
 ACCEL. LOCATION CONTINUOUS
 ACCEL. SER. NO. N210
 ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

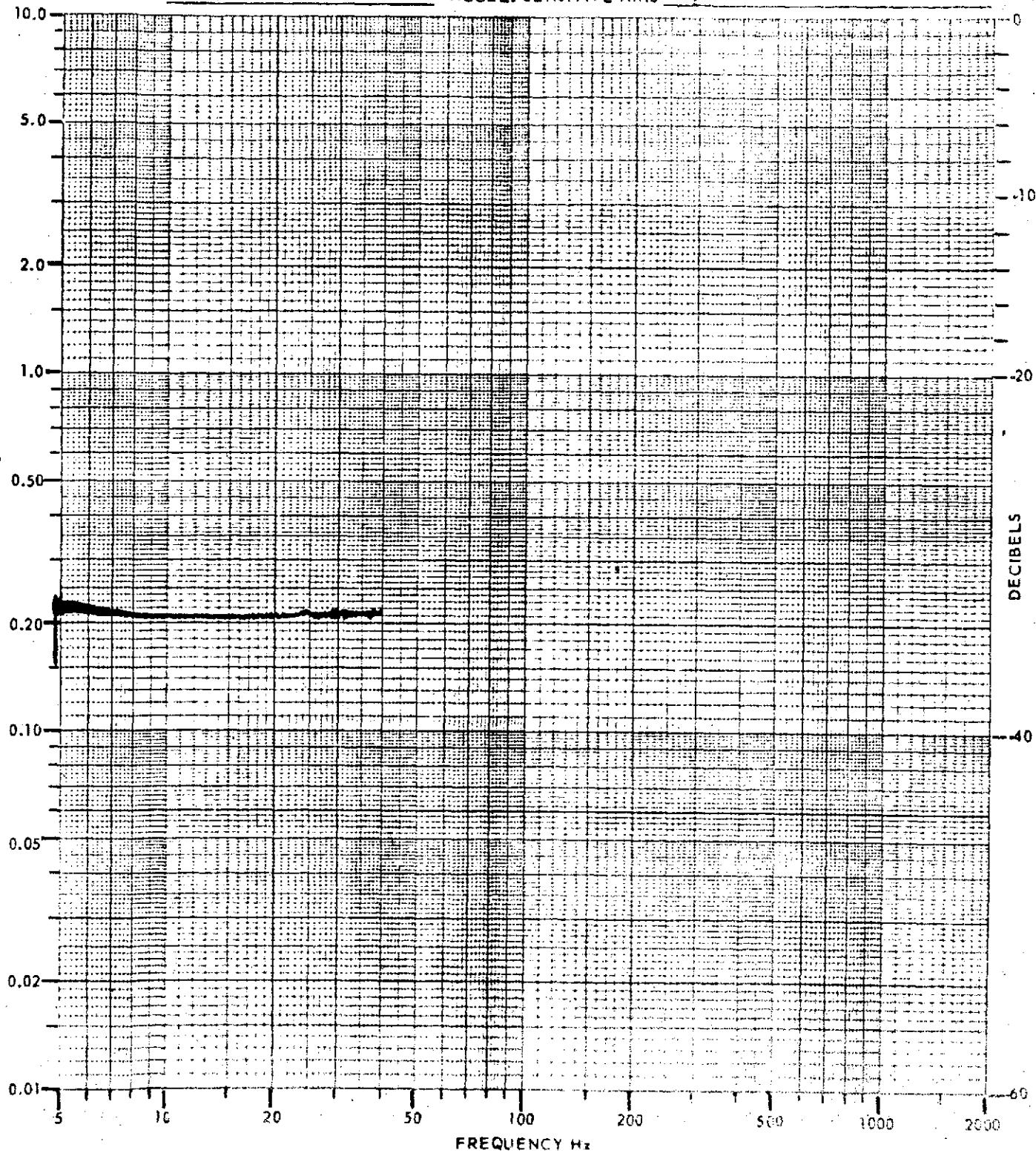


Figure 3.5-13

VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT 1080

TEST ARTICLE AAFC ANTENNA

RUN NO. 5

TEST DATE 12-8-73

OPERATOR TSC

INPUT AXIS Z

INPUT LEVEL 12.6 g-pk

ACCEL. LOCATION 6-Z

ACCEL. SER. NO. AA23

ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

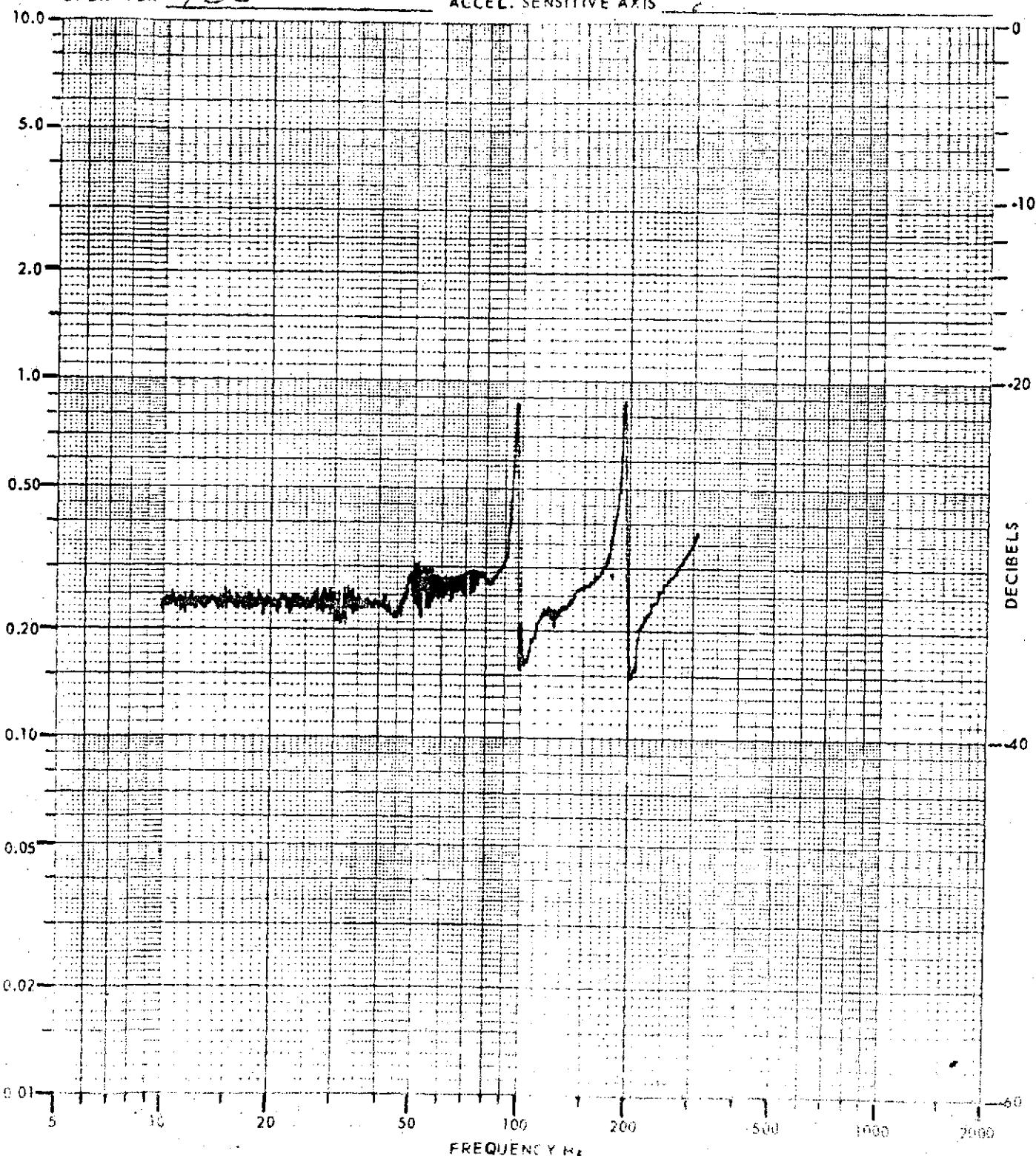


Figure 3.5-14

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT	<u>1080</u>	INPUT AXIS	<u>Z</u>
TEST ARTICLE	<u>APFC ANTENNA</u>	INPUT LEVEL	<u>216.4</u>
RUN NO.	<u>6</u>	ACCEL. LOCATION	<u>1X</u>
TEST DATE	<u>12-8-73</u>	ACCEL. SER. NO.	<u>AA23</u>
OPERATOR	<u>TEC</u>	ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS	<u>X</u>

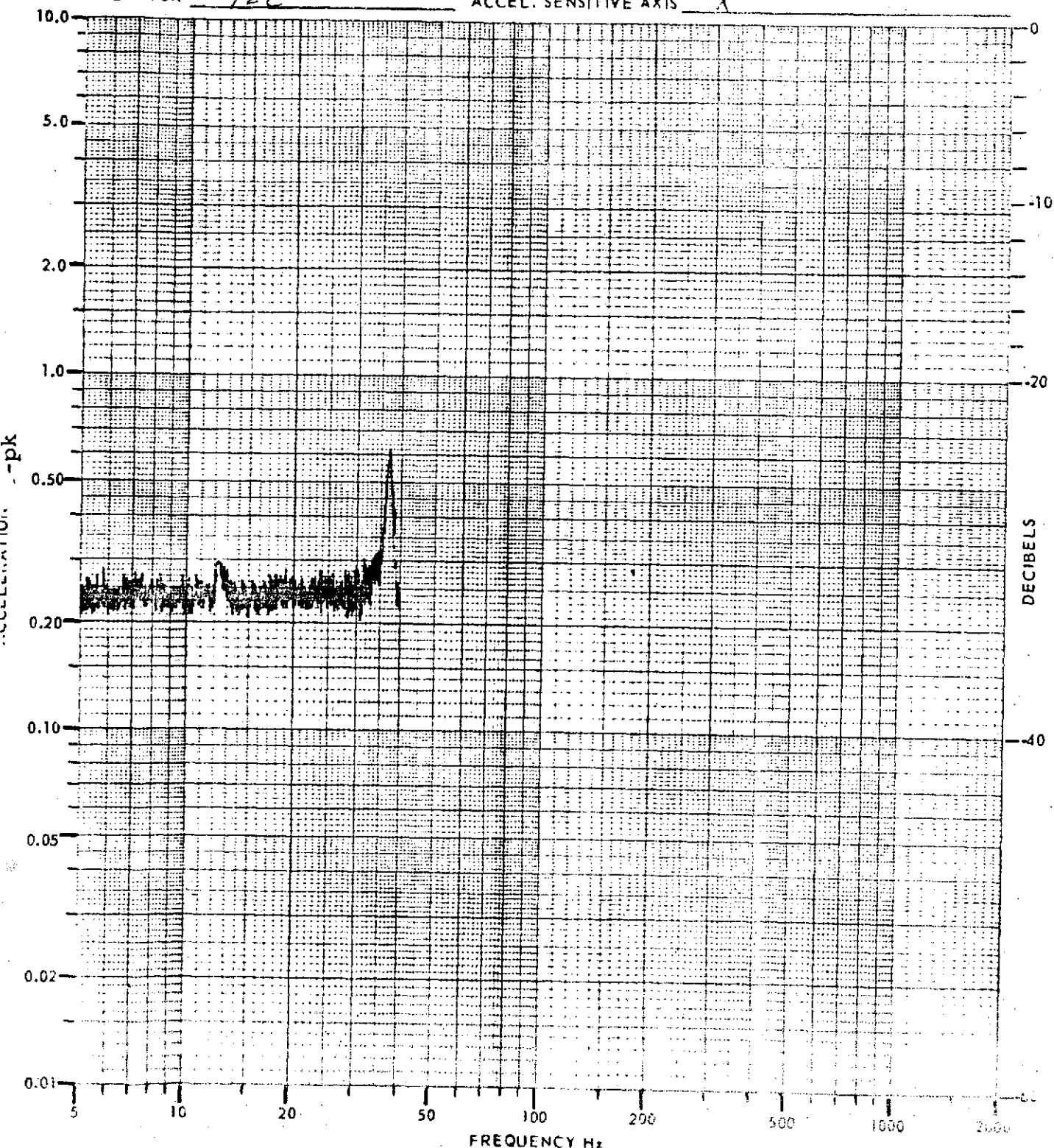


Figure 3.5-15

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1C80 INPUT AXIS Z
 TEST ARTICLE BATC ANTENNA INPUT LEVEL -R1 G-PE
 RUN NO. 6 ACCEL. LOCATION ZX
 TEST DATE 12-6-73 ACCEL. SER. NO. YH78
 OPERATOR TEC ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

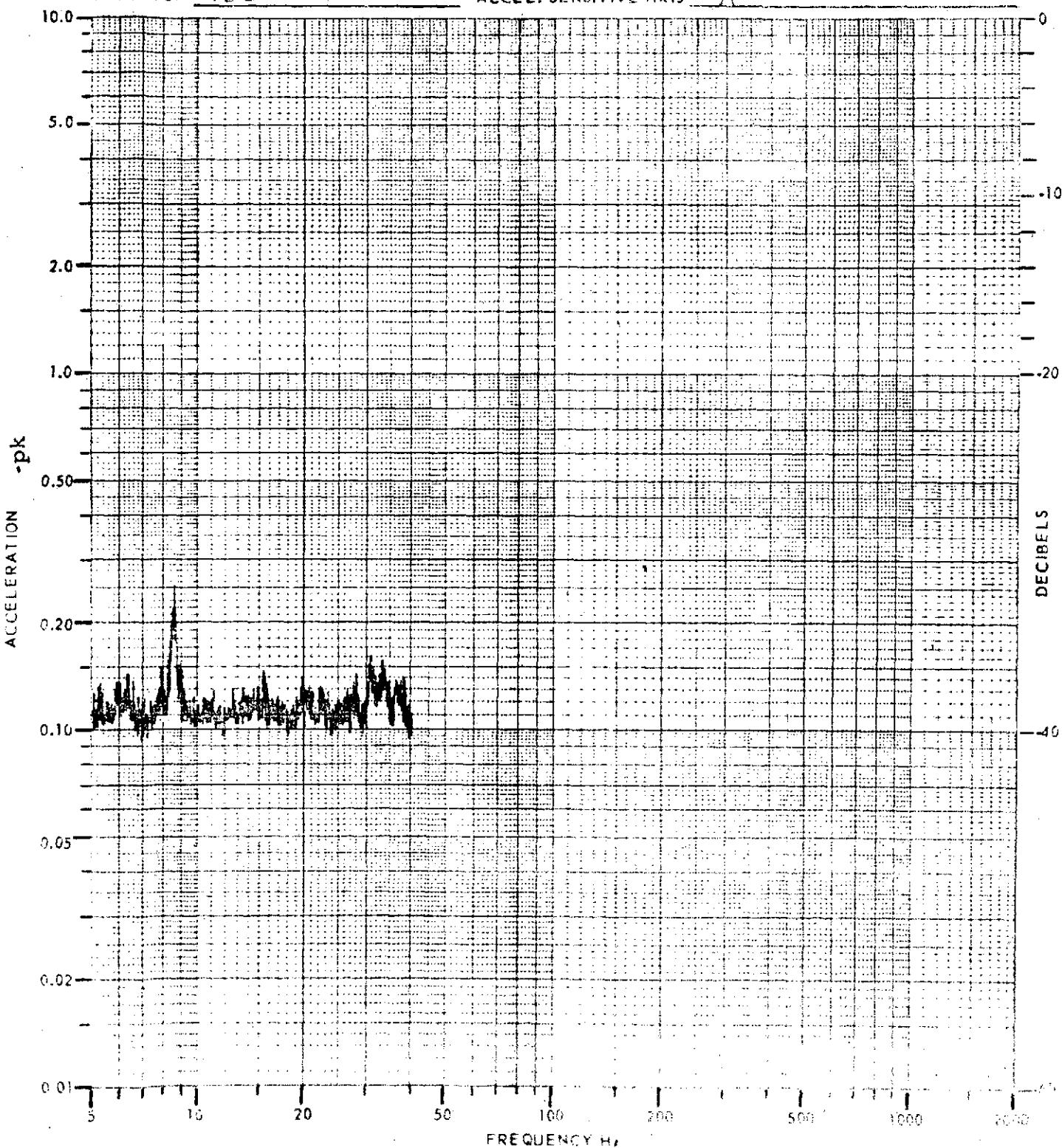


Figure 3.5-16

**VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY**

PROJECT 1080 INPUT AXIS Z
 TEST ARTICLE APFL Antenna INPUT LEVEL 100.00
 RUN NO. 6 ACCEL. LOCATION ZY
 TEST DATE 12-8-73 ACCEL. SER. NO. TC74
 OPERATOR TLC ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS X

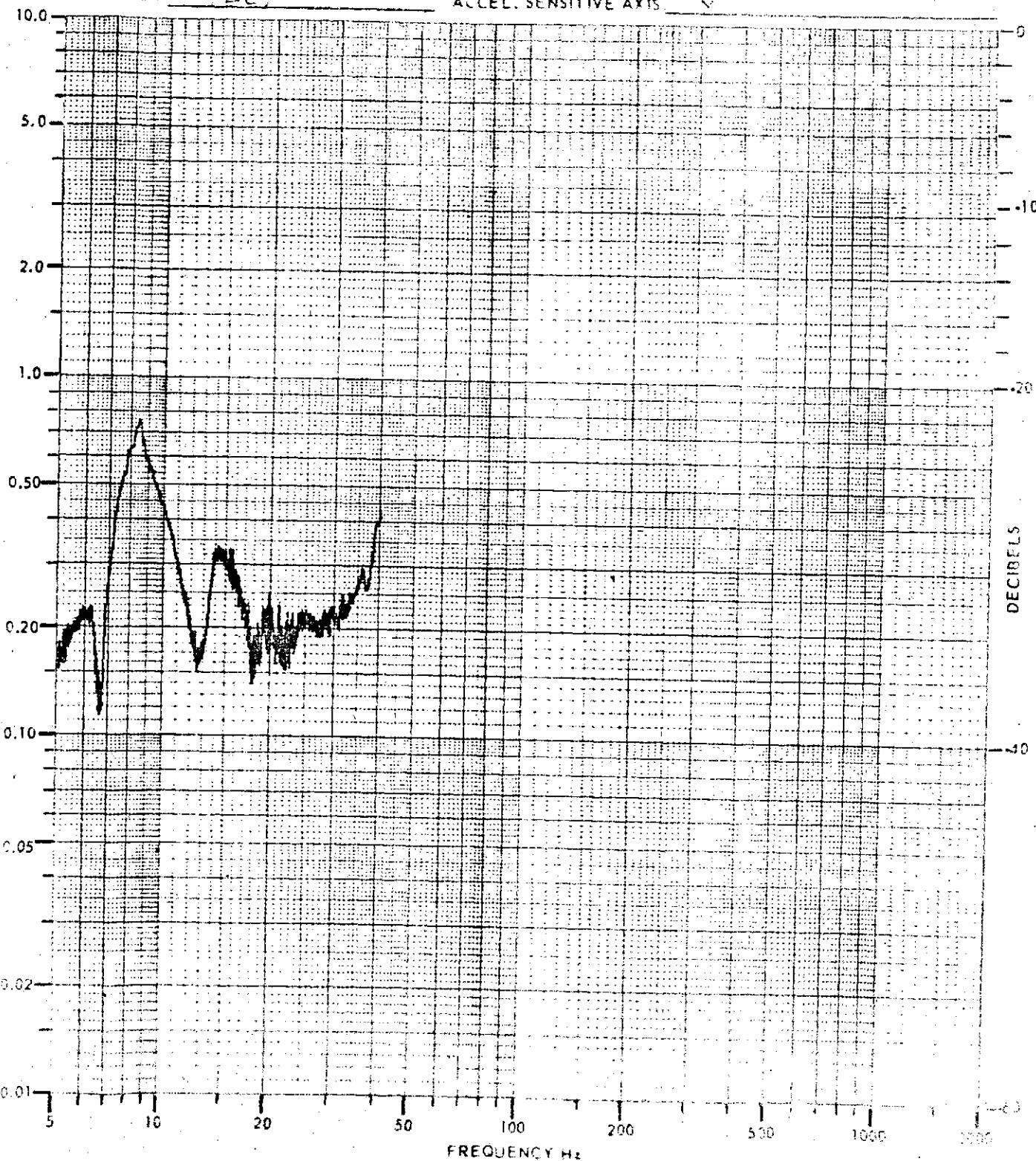


Figure 3.5-17

VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT 1080
TEST ARTICLE APF8 ANTENNA
RUN NO. 6
TEST DATE 12-8-73
OPERATOR TAC

INPUT AXIS Z
INPUT LEVEL -216.1
ACCEL. LOCATION 22
ACCEL. SER. NO. XR 70
ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS Z

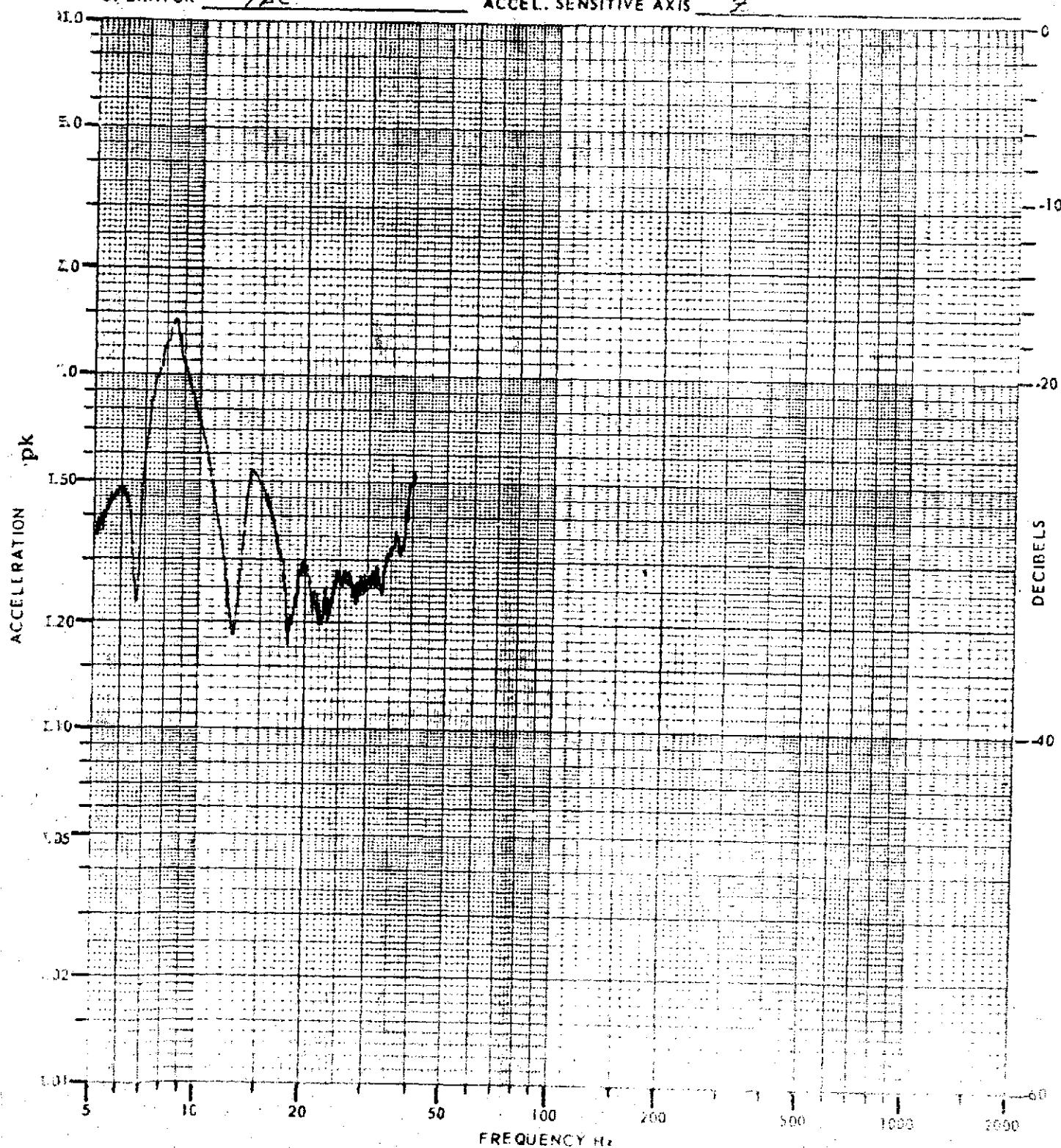


Figure 3.5-18

20
VIBRATION TEST DATA
ACCELERATION VS. FREQUENCY

PROJECT	1080	INPUT AXIS	Z
TEST ARTICLE	PAFE ANTENNA	INPUT LEVEL	216-21
RUN NO.	6	ACCEL. LOCATION	3 Z
TEST DATE	12-8-73	ACCEL. SER. NO.	XK34
OPERATOR	TEC	ACCEL. SENSITIVE AXIS	Z

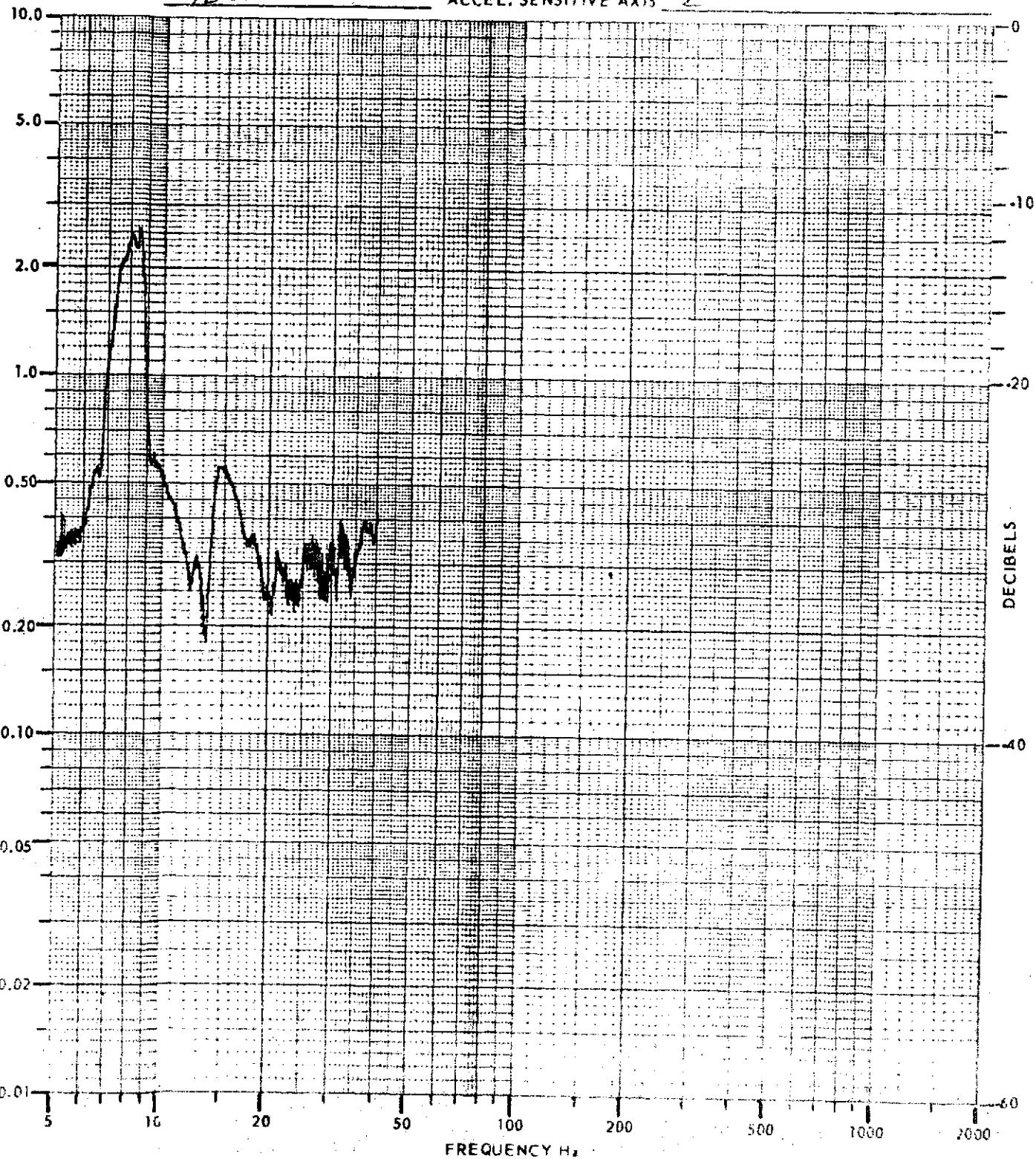


Figure 3.5-19

WITNESS
12-3-73

4.4

Test Record

4.4.1

Surface Accuracy Test No. 1

4.4.1.1

Measurement Data

Surface Deviation (Inches)

Radius (in.) θ°	15.0	21.0	27.0	33.0	39.0	45.0	51.0	57.0	63.0	69.0
14.2	.484	.511	.565	.555	.560	.569	.576	.559	.569	
28.4	.507	.513	.545	.520	.525	.553	.554	.563	.567	
43.2	.493	.515	.527	.528	.534	.558	.560	.557	.520	
57.3	.512	.511	.521	.536	.548	.564	.570	.564	.522	
72.0	.514	.532	.544	.564	.566	.561	.599	.617	.583	
86.4	.515	.480	.520	.531	.557	.582	.565	.590	.598	
100.8	.477	.524	.564	.570	.572	.585	.572	.591	.598	
115.2	.513	.507	.552	.533	.584	.590	.583	.569	.590	
129.6	.503	.522	.545	.568	.589	.614	.615	.604	.619	
144.0	.503	.524	.542	.530	.555	.551	.572	.580	.593	
158.4	.518	.535	.550	.573	.590	.608	.628	.595	.610	
172.8	.520	.524	.537	.552	.560	.543	.556	.578	.585	
187.2	.508	.519	.537	.540	.567	.578	.575	.577	.633	
201.6	.520	.503	.515	.511	.523	.543	.550	.568	.590	
216.0	.517	.537	.539	.540	.560	.558	.580	.608	.611	
230.4	.513	.535	.538	.543	.564	.569	.592	.590	.590	
244.8	.500	.533	.550	.555	.566	.579	.582	.587	.605	
259.2	.488	.530	.540	.559	.555	.555	.570	.584	.595	
273.6	.504	.539	.559	.566	.590	.587	.618	.614	.621	
288.0	.514	.535	.545	.549	.570	.615	.602	.599	.615	
302.4	.528	.550	.576	.574	.575	.541	.565	.581	.600	
316.8	.492	.536	.575	.594	.590	.567	.564	.585	.603	
331.2	.504	.512	.532	.546	.536	.567	.574	.574	.591	
345.6	.490	.503	.532	.517	.532	.565	.574	.593	.623	
360.0	.492	.519	.524	.530	.524	.562	.560	.579	.586	

4.4.1.2 Computer Results

Surface Error: 0.0203-inch rms

Handwritten notes:

Paraboloid Program

PARABOLOID PROGRAM
THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES THE BEST-FIT PARABOLOID
FROM A GIVEN SET OF DATA POINTS.

STRUCTURES SECTION
RADIATION DIVISION
HARRIS INTERTYPE INC.
MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

REVISION DATE OF THIS PROGRAM: AUG-73

BEST-FIT PARABOLOID FOR 150 INCH ANTENNA

4.4.1.1 MEASUREMENT AND SURFACE DEVIATION

JOINT COORDINATES

DEFLECTIONS

DEFLECTED COORDINATES

JOINT #	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z	
1	69.00000	-	0.00000	19.02878	-	.03332	.00000	68.96668	-	0.00000
2	66.85224	17.15960	19.02878	-	.03134	-	.00805	66.80090	17.15155	19.08744
3	60.46916	33.24100	19.02878	-	.00646	-	.00465	60.45670	33.23015	19.04629
4	50.29883	47.23375	19.02878	-	.02535	-	.02380	50.27349	47.20995	19.09182
5	36.97205	58.25063	19.02878	-	.02148	-	.03385	36.95057	58.22478	19.10144
6	21.32217	65.62290	19.02878	-	.01463	-	.04501	21.30754	65.57788	19.11459
7	4.33254	68.86384	19.02878	-	.00297	-	.04724	4.32957	68.81681	19.11459
8	-12.92931	-67.77782	19.02878	-	.00869	-	.04554	-12.92062	-67.73278	19.11284
9	-29.37877	62.43307	19.02878	-	.02487	-	.05200	-29.35430	62.38106	19.13298
10	-43.98229	53.16541	19.02878	-	.02863	-	.03461	-43.95162	53.13081	19.11021
11	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878	-	.04298	-	.03123	-55.77919	40.52596	19.12510
12	-64.15458	25.88060	19.02878	-	.03817	-	.01511	-64.11881	25.34549	19.10321
13	-68.45991	8.64800	19.02878	-	.04373	-	.00805	-68.39218	8.63995	19.14524
14	-68.45991	68.64799	19.02878	-	.04600	-	.00581	-68.40992	-68.64218	19.11284
15	-64.15059	95.80059	19.02878	-	.00984	-	.01973	-64.10474	-75.38085	19.12597
16	-55.82216	40.55717	19.02878	-	.03517	-	.02555	-55.78701	-40.53162	19.10750
17	-43.98226	-43.16541	19.02878	-	.03232	-	.03907	-43.94990	-53.12633	19.12072
18	-29.37878	-62.43306	19.02878	-	.01954	-	.04152	-29.35929	-62.39155	19.11196
19	-12.92932	-67.77782	19.02878	-	.01699	-	.05740	-12.91837	-67.72041	19.13473
20	4.33257	68.86384	19.02878	-	.00349	-	.05543	4.32904	68.80681	19.12480
21	21.32216	65.62290	19.02878	-	.01492	-	.04593	21.30729	-65.57697	19.11634
22	38.47803	65.62463	19.02878	-	.02485	-	.04200	38.40738	-65.62443	19.11637
23	50.29882	47.23376	19.02878	-	.03204	-	.03009	50.26670	-47.20368	19.10844
24	60.46915	33.24102	19.02878	-	.05204	-	.02862	60.41309	-33.21240	19.13648
25	66.85223	17.15962	19.02878	-	.00023	-	.01033	66.79200	-17.14929	19.10408
26	63.00000	-	0.00000	15.86331	-	.02654	.00000	62.97346	-	.00000
27	61.02078	15.66746	15.86331	-	.02745	-	.00705	60.99329	15.66042	15.91998
28	55.20732	30.35048	15.86331	-	.02247	-	.01235	55.18045	30.33813	15.91422
29	45.92502	43.12647	15.86331	-	.02098	-	.01971	45.90404	43.10676	15.92047
30	33.75709	53.19266	15.86331	-	.02470	-	.00443	33.72889	53.14823	15.96701
31	19.46807	69.91656	15.86331	-	.01251	-	.03850	19.45556	59.87806	15.94369
32	3.95580	62.87568	15.86331	-	.00257	-	.04085	3.95321	62.83483	15.94458
33	-11.80502	61.88410	15.86331	-	.00582	-	.03049	-11.79921	61.85361	15.92494
34	-26.82409	57.00410	15.86331	-	.01972	-	.04233	-26.80418	56.98178	15.95620
35	-40.15771	48.54233	15.86331	-	.02466	-	.02980	-40.13705	48.51253	15.98012
36	-50.96807	37.03047	15.86331	-	.03457	-	.02512	-50.93350	37.00536	15.94816
37	-58.57592	23.10185	15.86331	-	.03262	-	.01291	-58.54330	23.17848	15.93297
38	-62.50122	7.89600	15.86331	-	.03436	-	.00434	-62.46886	7.88166	15.93208
39	-62.50323	-7.89599	15.86331	-	.03034	-	.00383	-62.47286	-7.89215	15.92404
40	-58.57592	-23.19184	15.86331	-	.00417	-	.01788	-58.53076	-23.17396	15.95977
41	-50.96807	-37.03046	15.86331	-	.03275	-	.02379	-50.93533	-37.00667	15.94369
42	-40.15772	-48.54233	15.86331	-	.02494	-	.03015	-40.13277	-48.51218	15.94101
43	-26.82410	-97.00410	15.86331	-	.01609	-	.03419	-26.80402	-96.96991	15.93833
44	-11.80503	-61.88409	15.86331	-	.00877	-	.04595	-11.79627	-61.83815	15.95620
45	3.95579	-62.87568	15.86331	-	.00280	-	.04444	3.95299	-62.83124	15.95173
46	19.46806	-99.91656	15.86331	-	.01176	-	.03465	19.45680	-59.88191	15.93545
47	33.75708	-53.19267	15.86331	-	.02073	-	.03266	33.73635	-53.16001	15.94012
48	49.92401	-43.12648	15.86331	-	.02426	-	.02278	49.90075	-43.10369	15.92940
49	55.20731	-30.35050	15.86331	-	.03666	-	.02015	55.17066	-30.35034	15.94637
50	61.02073	-15.66748	15.86331	-	.03442	-	.00884	60.98632	-15.65864	15.93387
51	57.00000	-	0.00000	12.98561	-	.03151	.00000	56.96849	-	.00000
52	55.20924	14.17532	12.98561	-	.02169	-	.00557	55.18755	14.16976	15.03476
53	49.94948	27.45996	12.98561	-	.02180	-	.01198	49.92768	27.44797	15.04021
54	41.58121	39.01918	12.98561	-	.02116	-	.01987	41.53005	38.99932	15.04931
55	30.54213	46.12669	12.98561	-	.02199	-	.03466	30.52013	46.09203	15.07570

X

56	17,61397	54,21022	12,98561	.00833	.02563	.05915	17,60564	54,18459	13,04476
57	3,557906	56,88752	12,98561	.00167	.02979	.06552	3,57719	56,85773	13,05113
58	-10,68073	55,99037	12,98561	.00645	.03380	.07553	-10,67429	55,95657	13,06114
59	-28,26942	51,57514	12,98561	.02630	.00814	.10465	-24,29912	51,53200	13,09026
60	-36,33317	43,91926	12,98561	.01903	.02300	.06552	-36,31410	43,89625	13,05113
61	-46,11397	33,50376	12,98561	.04294	.03119	.11648	-46,07103	33,47257	13,10204
62	-52,99726	20,98310	12,98561	.02159	.00655	.05096	-52,97567	20,97456	13,03657
63	-56,95058	7,14800	12,98561	.03085	.08190	.06825	-56,91968	7,14010	13,09386
64	-56,55054	-7,14399	12,98561	.02057	.00260	.04550	-56,52997	-7,14139	13,03111
65	-52,99726	-20,98309	12,98561	.03084	.01221	.07280	-52,96642	-20,97088	13,05801
66	-46,11397	-33,50375	12,98561	.03046	.02242	.08372	-46,08311	-33,48133	13,06933
67	-36,33317	-43,91925	12,98561	.02167	.02620	.07462	-36,31150	-43,89305	13,06023
68	-24,26943	-51,57514	12,98561	.01342	.02851	.06916	-24,25601	-51,54663	13,05477
69	-10,68074	-55,99037	12,98561	.00839	.04399	.09828	-10,67235	-55,94638	13,08389
70	-3,57905	-56,08752	12,98561	.00266	.04221	.09282	-3,57639	-56,84532	13,07843
71	17,61396	-54,21022	12,98561	.00833	.02563	.05915	17,60563	-54,18459	13,04476
72	30,54212	-48,12670	12,98561	.01466	.02311	.06006	30,52745	-48,10359	13,06567
73	-11,55120	-39,01919	12,98561	.02116	.01987	.06370	41,53004	-38,99933	13,04931
74	-49,94947	-27,45997	12,98561	.02689	.01478	.06730	-49,92259	-27,44519	13,05295
75	-59,20920	-14,17534	12,98561	.02410	.00619	.05460	55,18514	-14,16915	13,04021
76	51,00000	-0,00000	10,39568	.02605	.00000	.08389	50,97395	-0,00000	10,45950
77	-89,39778	12,68318	10,39568	.01938	.00498	.04908	49,37836	-12,67821	10,44476
78	-84,89168	28,56944	10,39568	.01919	.01055	.05371	48,67245	24,55889	10,44939
79	37,17740	34,91190	10,39568	.01761	.01654	.05926	37,15979	34,89536	10,45495
80	-27,32718	-63,06072	10,39568	.01234	.01944	.05649	27,31483	-43,04128	10,45217
81	15,75987	48,50388	10,39568	.00897	.02940	.07593	15,75030	-48,47444	10,47162
82	3,20252	50,89956	10,39568	.00201	.03202	.07871	-3,20030	-50,86738	10,47439
83	-9,55649	90,09665	10,39568	.00637	.03337	.08374	-9,55008	-50,06328	10,47902
84	-21,71474	46,14618	10,39568	.01832	.03894	.10556	-21,69642	-46,10724	10,50129
85	-32,50862	39,29618	10,39568	.01227	.01483	.04723	-32,49639	-39,28134	10,44291
86	-41,25986	29,97705	10,39568	.03298	.02396	.10001	-41,22688	-29,95109	10,49569
87	-47,41860	18,77436	10,39568	.01509	.00590	.03982	-47,40351	-18,74838	10,43550
88	-50,59785	6,39200	10,39568	.02971	.00369	.07223	-50,56864	-6,38831	10,46791
89	-50,59785	-6,39199	10,39568	.01610	.00203	.03982	-50,58174	-6,38996	10,43550
90	-47,41860	-18,77435	10,39568	.02036	.00806	.05371	-47,39828	-18,76629	10,44030
91	-41,25987	-29,97704	10,39568	.02107	.01531	.06389	-41,23880	-29,96173	10,45958
92	-37,50863	-39,29617	10,39568	.01901	.02298	.07315	-32,48962	-39,27310	10,46884
93	-21,71475	-46,14618	10,39568	.00452	.01810	.04908	-21,70423	-46,12807	10,44476
94	-9,55648	-50,09665	10,39568	.00615	.03226	.08056	-9,55030	-50,06439	10,47625
95	-3,20251	-50,89936	10,39568	.00249	.03956	.09723	3,19982	-50,85980	10,49291
96	15,75986	-48,50389	10,39568	.00478	.01472	.03797	15,75507	-48,48916	10,43165
97	27,32716	-43,06073	10,39568	.01355	.02136	.06204	27,31360	-43,03431	10,45773
98	37,17739	-34,91191	10,39568	.01844	.01731	.06204	37,15895	-34,89460	10,45773
99	44,69163	-24,56945	10,39568	.02150	.01182	.06019	44,67013	-24,55763	10,45587
100	49,39774	-12,68320	10,39568	.02267	.00582	.05741	49,37507	-12,67738	10,45310
101	45,00000	-0,00000	8,09353	.02031	.00000	.05646	44,97069	,00000	8,14998
102	43,58624	11,19104	8,09353	.00820	.00210	.02352	43,57805	11,18804	8,11705
103	59,43380	21,67891	8,09353	.01068	.00587	.03388	39,42312	21,67304	8,12740
104	32,80359	30,80462	8,09353	.01184	.01112	.04517	32,79174	30,79350	8,13669
105	24,11221	37,99476	8,09353	.01197	.01886	.06210	24,10024	37,97589	8,15563
106	13,90577	42,79754	8,09353	.00596	.01835	.05364	13,89980	42,77919	8,16716
107	-2,82557	44,91120	8,09353	.00153	.02432	.06775	2,82404	40,88688	8,16128
108	-8,43216	44,20293	8,09353	.00533	.02793	.07904	-8,42683	40,17500	8,17257
109	-19,16007	40,71722	8,09353	.01283	.02726	.08375	-19,14724	40,69996	8,17727
110	-28,68408	34,67310	8,09353	.01187	.01434	.05175	-28,67221	34,65875	8,14528
111	-36,40376	26,45034	8,09353	.02465	.01791	.08469	-36,38112	26,43203	8,17821
112	-41,83994	16,56561	8,09353	.01888	.00748	.05646	-41,82106	16,55813	8,18998
113	-84,64516	5,64000	8,09353	.02250	.00284	.06305	-44,62266	5,63716	8,15637
114	-84,64516	5,63999	8,09353	.00772	.00098	.02164	-44,63744	-9,37902	8,11517
115	-84,64516	-8,83994	8,09353	.01888	.00746	.05646	-41,82106	-16,55812	8,14998

116	36,40577	-26,45033	8,09353	.01753	.01273	.06022	-36,38824	-26,43760	8,1537-
117	-28,68408	-34,67309	8,09353	.01424	.01721	.06210	-28,66984	-34,65588	8,15563
118	-19,16007	-40,71721	8,09353	.00793	.01684	.05175	-19,15215	-40,70037	8,14528
119	-8,47217	-44,20292	8,09353	.00571	.02992	.08469	-8,42646	-44,17300	8,17821
120	2,82556	-44,91129	8,09353	.00149	.02365	.06587	2,82408	-44,88756	8,15939
121	13,90576	-42,79755	8,09353	.00784	.02414	.07057	13,89791	-42,77340	8,16410
122	24,11220	-37,99476	8,09353	.01632	.02572	.08469	24,09587	-37,96904	8,17821
123	32,80358	-30,80463	8,09353	.00888	.00834	.03588	32,79470	-30,79629	8,12740
124	39,43379	-21,67893	8,09353	.00949	.00522	.03011	39,42430	-21,67371	8,12364
125	43,58624	-11,19106	8,09353	.00767	.00202	.02258	43,57837	-11,18904	8,11611
126	39,00000	-8,00000	6,07914	.01637	.00000	.09251	38,98363	.00000	8,13164
127	37,77474	-9,69891	6,07914	.00577	.00148	.01909	37,76898	.0,69743	8,09823
128	34,17596	18,78819	6,07914	.00730	.00401	.02673	34,16866	18,78438	8,10587
129	26,42978	26,69734	6,07914	.00781	.00733	.03437	28,02197	26,69000	8,11351
130	20,89724	32,92879	6,07914	.01021	.01608	.06110	20,88704	32,91271	8,14024
131	12,05166	37,09120	6,07914	.00285	.00877	.02960	12,04881	37,08243	8,10873
132	2,84883	38,92304	6,07914	.00131	.02079	.06683	2,84752	38,90225	8,14596
133	-7,30787	38,30920	6,07914	.00184	.00965	.03150	-7,30603	38,29956	8,11064
134	-16,60539	35,28825	6,07914	.00862	.01831	.06492	-16,59677	35,28900	8,10806
135	-24,85953	30,05002	6,07914	.00569	.00680	.02864	-24,85384	30,04314	8,10778
136	-31,55166	22,92363	6,07914	.01758	.01277	.06969	-31,53408	22,91086	8,14683
137	-36,26128	14,35686	6,07914	.01439	.00570	.04969	-36,26689	14,35116	8,12878
138	-38,69207	4,88800	6,07914	.01181	.00149	.03819	-38,68066	4,88651	8,11732
139	-38,69247	-4,88799	6,07914	.00325	.00041	.01050	-38,68923	-4,88758	8,08964
140	-36,26128	14,35685	6,07914	.01107	.00436	.03819	-38,25022	-14,35247	8,11732
141	-31,55167	22,92362	6,07914	.01035	.00752	.08105	-31,50131	-22,91610	8,12019
142	-24,85954	30,05001	6,07914	.01043	.01261	.05251	-24,84911	-30,03740	8,13164
143	-16,60540	35,28825	6,07914	.00748	.01500	.05633	-16,59792	-35,27236	8,13544
144	-7,30788	-38,30920	6,07914	.00368	.01930	.06301	-7,30420	-38,28991	8,14215
145	2,44882	-38,92304	6,07914	.00092	.01455	.04678	2,44791	-38,90849	8,12592
146	12,05165	-37,09121	6,07914	.00681	.02095	.07065	12,04485	-37,07026	8,14978
147	20,89724	-32,92879	6,07914	.01499	.02362	.08974	20,88225	-32,90517	8,16888
148	28,42977	-26,69734	6,07914	.00998	.00937	.04392	28,41979	-26,68797	8,12305
149	34,17596	-18,78840	6,07914	.00443	.00244	.01623	34,17152	-18,78596	8,09537
150	37,77474	-9,69892	6,07914	.00865	.00222	.02864	37,76609	-9,69670	8,10778
151	33,00000	-8,00000	4,35252	.01658	.00000	.06285	32,98182	.0,00000	8,41537
152	31,96320	8,20677	4,35252	.01112	.00205	.04351	31,95213	8,20391	8,39603
153	28,91812	15,89787	4,35252	.00603	.00332	.02611	28,91209	15,89455	8,37862
154	24,05596	22,59005	4,35252	.00390	.00367	.02031	24,05206	22,58619	8,37282
155	17,68228	27,86282	4,35252	.00601	.00948	.04254	17,67627	27,85115	8,39506
156	10,19756	31,38487	4,35252	.00148	.00485	.01934	10,19598	31,38001	8,37186
157	2,07209	32,93488	4,35252	.00102	.01629	.06188	2,07106	32,91859	8,81440
158	-8,38358	32,41548	4,35252	.00249	.01303	.05028	-6,18110	32,40245	8,40280
159	-14,05072	29,85929	4,35252	.00489	.01039	.04351	-14,04583	29,84891	8,39603
160	-21,03499	25,42694	4,35252	.00683	.00825	.04061	-21,02816	25,41868	8,39313
161	-26,49756	19,39691	4,35252	.01032	.00750	.04835	-26,48724	19,38902	8,40086
162	-30,68262	12,10811	4,35252	.00877	.00347	.03578	-30,67345	12,14064	8,38829
163	-12,73978	4,13600	4,35252	.00936	.00118	.03578	-32,73042	4,13482	8,38829
164	-32,73979	-4,13599	4,35252	.00380	.00048	.01450	-32,73599	-4,13951	8,36702
165	-30,68263	-12,14811	4,35252	.00924	.00366	.03771	-30,67338	-12,14444	8,39023
166	-26,69756	-19,39691	4,35252	.00784	.00570	.03674	-26,68972	-19,39121	8,38926
167	-21,03500	-25,42693	4,35252	.00813	.00983	.04835	-21,02687	-25,41711	8,40086
168	-14,05072	-29,85929	4,35252	.00434	.00923	.03868	-14,04638	-29,85006	8,39159
169	-6,18359	-32,41548	4,35252	.00282	.01476	.05705	-6,18077	-32,40070	8,40057
170	2,07208	-32,93488	4,35252	.00072	.01146	.04351	2,07136	-32,92343	8,39603
171	10,19755	-31,38487	4,35252	.00599	.01644	.07349	10,19156	-31,36643	8,42600
172	17,68228	-27,86283	4,35252	.01025	.01615	.07252	17,67203	-27,84667	8,42504
173	24,05596	-22,59006	4,35252	.00595	.00559	.03094	24,05001	-22,58447	8,38308
174	28,91812	-15,89788	4,35252	.00715	.00393	.03044	28,91098	-15,89395	8,38348
175	31,96320	-8,20678	4,35252	.00642	.00165	.02514	31,95682	-8,20513	8,37766

JOB NO. 1 DEVIATION FROM THE NEUT. FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)

1	= .02529
2	= .02501
3	= .07912
4	= .02049
5	= .01036
6	= .00405
7	= .00081
8	= .00503
9	= .01144
10	= .01437
11	= .00074
12	= .01040
13	= .02261
14	= .02067
15	= .00363
16	= .02683
17	= .00803
18	= .01705
19	= .01560
20	= .01229
21	= .00120
22	= .00574
23	= .00065
24	= .03481
25	= .00528
26	= .02105
27	= .01604
28	= .02300
29	= .01612
30	= .04163
31	= .00914
32	= .00760
33	= .01998
34	= .01623
35	= .00685
36	= .00062
37	= .02060
38	= .02350
39	= .03427
40	= .01040
41	= .00917
42	= .01121
43	= .01262
44	= .01225
45	= .00946
46	= .00772
47	= .00087
48	= .00079
49	= .01392
50	= .00012
51	= .01017
52	= .01355
53	= .00708
54	= .00318
55	= .03376

66	.00543
67	.00011
68	.00982
69	.04243
70	.00716
71	.05224
72	.02875
73	.00920
74	.03748
75	.00467
76	.00897
77	.00100
78	.00604
79	.03115
80	.02684
81	.01140
82	.00784
83	.00112
84	.00529
85	.00851
86	.01362
87	.00323
88	.00211
89	.00804
90	.00377
91	.02505
92	.02455
93	.03002
94	.05394
95	.01610
96	.04369
97	.02806
98	.00862
99	.02988
100	.01387
101	.00168
102	.00992
103	.01693
104	.02139
105	.04269
106	.02440
107	.00562
108	.00752
109	.00705
110	.00515
111	.01401
112	.02282
113	.01112
114	.00125
115	.01450
116	.00890
117	.02348
118	.03469
119	.03830
120	.00065
121	.03439
122	.00325
123	.00970
124	.03761
125	.00150

116	.00496
117	.00869
118	.00205
119	.03642
120	.01662
121	.02353
122	.04111
123	.01478
124	.01766
125	.02506
126	.01765
127	.01868
128	.01026
129	.00214
130	.02659
131	.00886
132	.03094
133	.00905
134	.02635
135	.01474
136	.02913
137	.00612
138	.00724
139	.03813
140	.00794
141	.00467
142	.00835
143	.01327
144	.02158
145	.00492
146	.03238
147	.05463
148	.00556
149	.02373
150	.00920
151	.03570
152	.01531
153	.00326
154	.00967
155	.01369
156	.01179
157	.03291
158	.01956
159	.01132
160	.00722
161	.01456
162	.00030
163	.00031
164	.02351
165	.00114
166	.00018
167	.01291
168	.00311
169	.02351
170	.00991
171	.04296
172	.04291
173	.00058
174	.00030
175	.00518

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 12

-011327	176
-01097	177
-01309	178
-00986	179
-01309	180
-00009	181
-00540	182
-01119	183
-010929	184
-000470	185
-000341	186
-000712	187
-00476	188
-01057	189
-02708	190
-00754	191
-00553	192
-00171	193
-000471	194
-01392	195
-000990	196
-02346	197
-000737	198
-01080	199
-000104	200
-000551	201
-03517	202
-01140	203
-02578	204
-00659	205
-000411	206
-00478	207
-01728	208
-01854	209
-001164	210
-0002711	211
-00591	212
-000995	213
-02298	214
-03487	215
-01826	216
-00764	217
-00710	218
-02885	219
-01413	220
-02983	221
-02738	222
-224	223
-225	224
-222	225
-221	226
-220	227
-219	228
-218	229
-217	230
-216	231
-215	232
-214	233
-213	234
-212	235
-211	236
-210	237
-209	238
-208	239
-207	240
-206	241
-205	242
-204	243
-203	244
-202	245
-201	246
-200	247
-199	248
-198	249
-197	250
-196	251
-195	252
-194	253
-193	254
-192	255
-191	256
-190	257
-189	258
-188	259
-187	260
-186	261
-185	262
-184	263
-183	264
-182	265
-181	266
-180	267
-179	268
-178	269
-177	270
-176	271

IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM
VALUES DX,DY,DZ LOCATE THE VERTEX OF THE BEST FIT PARABOLA TO
OFF AXIS ANGLE, ABSUT ROTATE X AXIS . 1650243335209+001 RADIAN
ANGLE OF ROTATION, ABSUT Z AXIS . 1650243335209+003 RADIAN

C-4
DX = .00521 INCHES

DY = .08564 INCHES

DZ = .01117 INCHES

FOCAL LENGTH OF BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .62,2070 INCHES

RMS WITH RESPECT TO BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .020283 INCHES

12-4-3

2R

4.4.2 Surface Accuracy Test No. 2

4.4.2.1 First Angular Position of Turntable

0 degrees.

4.4.2.2 Sweep No. 1 Measurement Data

Surface Deviation (Inches).

Radius (in.)	15.0	21.0	27.0	33.0	39.0	45.0	51.0	57.0	63.0	69.0
14.4	.464	.491	.524	.511	.503	.508	.504	.484	.507	
20.8	.497	.488	.512	.474	.469	.482	.475	.471	.465	
43.2	.476	.476	.477	.467	.461	.453	.459	.429	.396	
57.6	.497	.480	.474	.483	.460	.448	.431	.420	.407	
72.0	.501	.500	.480	.472	.450	.410	.395	.411	.402	
86.4	.474	.459	.469	.453	.449	.445	.405	.424	.423	
100.8	.460	.495	.547	.483	.456	.425	.377	.368	.406	
115.2	.506	.499	.509	.486	.504	.485	.457	.434	.455	
129.6	.495	.493	.512	.509	.501	.495	.480	.438	.473	
144.0	.497	.500	.506	.485	.491	.476	.474	.460	.470	
158.4	.511	.512	.508	.523	.525	.532	.533	.493	.500	
172.8	.510	.499	.503	.517	.517	.495	.497	.512	.513	
187.2	.513	.508	.505	.524	.561	.564	.554	.545	.603	
201.6	.505	.488	.502	.495	.505	.533	.544	.562	.587	
216.0	.510	.532	.545	.550	.578	.583	.617	.648	.646	
230.4	.504	.543	.545	.542	.593	.615	.652	.664	.677	
244.8	.489	.530	.565	.594	.634	.655	.684	.683	.690	
259.2	.487	.524	.568	.590	.605	.635	.685	.700	.702	
273.6	.502	.534	.590	.614	.655	.682	.711	.728	.738	
288.0	.514	.554	.589	.595	.638	.697	.715	.735	.731	
302.4	.523	.561	.597	.614	.634	.620	.640	.687	.689	
316.8	.483	.539	.590	.629	.630	.639	.644	.649	.665	
331.2	.502	.510	.540	.553	.550	.590	.601	.617	.602	
345.6	.482	.483	.524	.527	.537	.560	.580	.607	.623	
360.0	.477	.499	.508	.515	.507	.532	.526	.543	.549	

4.4.2.3 Computer Results

Surface Error: 0.258 inches rms.



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PARABOLOID PROGRAM
THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES THE BEST-FIT PARABOLOID
FROM A GIVEN SET OF DATA POINTS.

STRUCTURES SECTION
RADIATION DIVISION
HARRIS INTERTYPE INC.
MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

REVISION DATE OF THIS PROGRAM, AUG-73

BEST-FIT PARABOLOID FOR 150 INCH ANTENNA

262 of 356

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JOINT COORDINATES

DEFLECTIONS

DEFLECTED COORDINATES

JOINTS	X	Y	Z	DEFL.	X	Y	Z	DEFL.	X	Y	Z
1	69.00000	0.00000	19.02878	.00338	.00000	.00613	68.99662	.00000	19.03491		
2	66.83224	17.15960	19.02878	.01637	.00420	.03065	66.84861	17.16381	18.99813		
3	60.86516	33.24100	19.02878	.04002	.02420	.09107	60.80918	33.26570	18.93771		
4	50.29883	87.23375	19.02878	.03274	.03075	.088143	50.33158	87.26450	18.94734		
5	46.97205	58.25863	19.02878	.02536	.03996	.08581	46.99741	58.29859	18.94296		
6	21.32217	65.62290	19.02878	.01149	.03537	.06742	21.33366	65.65827	18.94135		
7	4.33255	68.86384	19.02878	.00285	.04531	.08231	4.33540	68.90915	18.94647		
8	-12.92931	87.77782	19.02878	.00407	.02135	.03940	-12.93338	87.79917	18.98937		
9	-29.37877	62.43307	19.02878	.00555	.01180	.02364	-29.38432	62.44487	19.00513		
10	-43.98225	53.16541	19.02878	.00924	.01116	.02627	-43.99149	53.17658	19.00251		
11	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878	.00000	.00000	.00000	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878		
12	-64.15458	25.40060	19.02878	.00584	.00231	.01138	-64.14874	25.39829	19.04016		
13	-68.45591	8.64800	19.02878	.00935	.00623	.09019	-68.40656	8.64176	19.11897		
14	-68.45591	-8.64799	19.02878	.04169	.00527	.07618	-68.41423	.08.64272	19.10496		
15	-64.15458	-25.40059	19.02878	.06556	.02596	.02784	-64.08902	-25.37463	19.15662		
16	-55.82218	-40.55717	19.02878	.06916	.05025	.15499	-55.75302	-40.50693	19.18376		
17	-63.98226	-53.16541	19.02878	.05849	.07071	.16637	-63.92377	-53.09470	19.19515		
18	-29.37878	-62.43306	19.02878	.04154	.08827	.17688	-29.33724	-62.34479	19.20566		
19	-12.92932	-87.77782	19.02878	.02154	.11291	.20840	-12.90778	-67.66491	19.23718		
20	4.33253	-68.86384	19.02878	.00701	.11139	.07227	4.32553	.06.75250	19.23105		
21	21.32216	-65.62290	19.02878	.02821	.08681	.16550	21.29395	.065.53609	19.19427		
22	36.97205	-58.25863	19.02878	.04270	.06728	.04448	36.92934	.058.519135	19.17326		
23	50.29882	-87.23376	19.02878	.03591	.03372	.08932	50.26291	.067.20004	19.11809		
24	60.46519	-33.24102	19.02878	.05163	.02839	.10683	60.41352	.033.21263	19.13560		
25	66.81223	-17.15962	19.02878	.02292	.00589	.04201	66.80931	.017.15374	19.07168		
26	63.00000	0.00000	15.86331	.00720	.00000	.01429	63.00720	.00000	15.04902		
27	61.02074	15.66746	15.86331	.01263	.00324	.02590	61.03337	.05.67071	15.03741		
28	55.20732	30.35048	15.86331	.02798	.01538	.06341	55.23510	.030.36587	15.79990		
29	45.92502	43.12647	15.86331	.02623	.02463	.07145	45.95125	.043.15110	15.79186		
30	33.75709	53.19266	15.86331	.02145	.03380	.07949	33.77854	.053.22646	15.78382		
31	19.46807	50.91656	15.86331	.01056	.03251	.06788	19.47863	.059.94907	15.79503		
32	3.95580	62.87568	15.86331	.00373	.05925	.11789	3.95953	.082.93494	15.74541		
33	-11.80402	61.88410	15.86331	.00556	.02916	.05895	-11.81058	.061.91326	15.80436		
34	-26.82409	57.00410	15.86331	.01187	.02523	.05537	-26.81497	.057.02934	15.80793		
35	-40.15771	40.54233	15.86331	.01147	.01386	.03573	-40.16918	.048.55620	15.82758		
36	-50.96807	37.03047	15.86331	.00255	.00185	.00625	-50.97062	.037.03232	15.85706		
37	-58.57572	23.19185	15.86331	.00502	.00199	.01072	-58.57090	.023.18666	15.87403		
38	-67.11032	7.89600	15.86331	.02008	.00254	.04019	-62.48314	.07.89346	15.90350		
39	-62.50423	-7.89599	15.86331	.02767	.00350	.05537	-62.47556	.07.89249	15.91068		
40	-58.57492	-23.19184	15.86331	.06184	.02451	.13216	-58.51403	.023.16733	15.99549		
41	-50.96807	-37.03046	15.86331	.05968	.04336	.14647	-50.90440	.036.98711	16.00978		
42	-40.15772	-48.54233	15.86331	.05247	.06342	.16344	-40.10525	.048.47891	16.02675		
43	-26.82410	-57.00410	15.86331	.03830	.08139	.17863	-26.78580	.056.92270	16.04194		
44	-11.80503	-61.88409	15.86331	.01922	.10073	.20364	-11.78582	.061.78336	16.06694		
45	3.95579	-62.87568	15.86331	.00664	.10549	.20989	3.94915	.062.77019	16.07320		
46	19.46806	-59.91656	15.86331	.02599	.07999	.16702	19.44207	.059.83657	16.03033		
47	33.75708	-53.19267	15.86331	.04073	.06418	.15094	33.71635	.053.12849	16.01425		
48	45.92501	-43.12648	15.86331	.03836	.03602	.10430	45.88663	.043.09045	15.96781		
49	53.20731	-30.35050	15.86331	.04217	.02319	.09557	55.16514	.030.32731	15.95888		
50	61.02073	-15.66748	15.86331	.01873	.00461	.03840	61.00200	.015.66267	15.90171		
51	37.00000	0.00000	12.98561	.00166	.00000	.00364	56.99834	.00000	12.98925		
52	55.20924	14.17532	12.98561	.01004	.00258	.02275	55.21928	.014.17790	12.96286		
53	49.94048	27.45996	12.98561	.01490	.00819	.03731	49.96438	.027.46815	12.94830		
54	41.85121	39.01918	12.98561	.02086	.01958	.06279	41.57207	.039.03677	12.92282		
55	10.84213	48.12669	12.98561	.02333	.03676	.09559	30.56545	.048.16345	12.89006		

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04
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56	61,597	84,21022	12,98561	.01217	0.	0.08645	17,62614	50,24768	12,89916
57	3,57906	56,88752	12,98561	.00320	.05090	0.01193	3,58226	56,93842	12,87368
58	-10,68073	55,99037	12,98561	.00334	.01751	0.03913	10,68407	56,00789	12,94848
59	-24,26942	51,57514	12,98561	.00353	.00750	0.01820	24,27295	51,58265	12,96741
60	-36,33317	43,91926	12,98561	.00634	.00767	0.02184	-36,333951	43,97692	12,96377
61	-46,11397	33,50376	12,98561	.01107	.00804	0.03003	-46,10290	33,49572	13,01564
62	-52,99726	20,98310	12,98561	.00116	.00046	0.00273	-52,99841	20,98356	12,98288
63	-56,55050	7,14400	12,98561	.02221	.00281	0.04914	-56,52832	7,14119	13,03475
64	-56,55058	-7,14399	12,98561	.01810	.00229	0.04004	-56,53244	7,14170	13,02565
65	-52,99726	-20,98309	12,98561	.04510	.01766	0.10647	-52,95216	-20,96524	13,09208
66	-46,11397	-33,50375	12,98561	.05099	.03704	0.13832	-46,06299	-33,46671	13,12393
67	-36,33317	-43,91925	12,98561	.04863	.05878	0.16784	-36,28454	-43,86047	13,15305
68	-24,26943	-51,57514	12,98561	.03266	.06941	0.16834	-24,23677	-51,50573	13,15396
69	-10,68074	-55,49037	12,98561	.01619	.08594	0.19201	-10,66435	-55,90443	13,17762
70	5,57905	-56,88752	12,98561	.00560	.08897	0.19565	3,57345	-56,79856	13,18126
71	17,61396	-54,21022	12,98561	.02050	.06309	0.14560	17,59346	-54,14713	13,13121
72	30,54212	-48,12670	12,98561	.03199	.05041	0.13104	30,51012	-48,07829	13,11665
73	41,55120	-39,01919	12,98561	.03053	.02867	0.09101	41,52067	-38,99053	13,07752
74	49,94947	-27,45997	12,98561	.02907	.01598	0.07280	49,92041	-27,44399	13,05841
75	55,20924	-14,17534	12,98561	.01044	.00268	0.02366	-55,19879	-14,17266	13,00927
76	51,00000	-0,00000	10,39568	.00302	.00000	0.00741	50,29648	-0,00000	10,40309
77	49,39774	12,68318	10,39568	.00658	.00169	0.01667	89,46432	12,68487	10,37902
78	44,60164	24,56944	10,39568	.01555	.00855	0.04352	44,70719	24,57798	10,35216
79	47,17740	34,91190	10,39568	.01431	.01344	0.04815	37,19171	34,92534	10,34753
80	27,32717	43,06072	10,39568	.01821	.02869	0.08334	27,34537	43,08941	10,31230
81	15,75987	48,50388	10,39468	.00642	.01975	0.05093	15,76628	48,52363	10,34475
82	3,20232	50,89936	10,39568	.00178	.02826	0.06945	3,20409	50,92762	10,32623
83	-9,55645	50,09645	10,39568	.00106	.00556	0.01189	-9,55751	50,10221	10,38179
84	-21,71074	46,14618	10,39568	.00080	.00171	0.00463	-21,71555	46,14789	10,39105
85	-32,50662	39,29618	10,39568	.00578	.00698	0.02222	-32,51040	39,30316	10,37346
86	-41,25986	29,97705	10,39568	.00977	.00710	0.02963	-41,25009	29,96905	10,42532
87	-47,41860	18,77436	10,39568	.00175	.00069	0.00463	-47,42035	18,77505	10,39105
88	-50,59745	6,39200	10,39968	.02584	.00326	0.06389	-50,57201	6,38873	10,45958
89	-50,59745	-6,39199	10,39568	.01236	.00156	0.03056	-50,58549	-6,39043	10,42628
90	-47,41860	-18,77438	10,39568	.02913	.01153	0.07686	-47,38947	-18,76281	10,47254
91	-41,25987	-29,97704	10,39568	.03512	.02552	0.10649	-41,22475	-29,95152	10,50217
92	-32,30863	-10,29617	10,39568	.03730	.04509	0.14353	-32,47133	-39,25108	10,53921
93	-21,71474	-46,14618	10,39568	.02170	.04611	0.12501	-21,69305	-46,10006	10,32069
94	-10,65606	-50,09645	10,39468	.01287	.06749	0.16853	-9,54754	-50,02914	10,54422
95	3,20231	-50,89936	10,39568	.00467	.07422	0.18242	3,19764	-50,82514	10,57811
96	15,71986	-48,50388	10,39568	.01400	.04308	0.11112	15,74586	-48,46080	10,50680
97	27,32716	-43,06073	10,39568	.02812	.04430	0.12871	27,29904	-43,01602	10,52440
98	37,11119	-34,91191	10,39568	.02477	.02326	0.08334	37,15262	-34,88865	10,47922
99	44,60163	-24,56945	10,39468	.02183	.01200	0.06112	44,66980	-24,55105	10,45680
100	49,39774	-12,68320	10,39568	.01170	.00300	0.02963	49,38604	-12,68019	10,42532
101	45,00000	-0,00000	8,09353	.00102	.00000	0.00282	44,99898	.00000	8,09635
102	43,58624	11,19104	8,09353	.01016	.00261	0.02917	43,59640	11,19365	8,06435
103	39,43380	21,67891	8,09353	.01157	.00636	0.03670	39,44537	21,68527	8,05603
104	32,80159	30,80462	8,09353	.00987	.00927	0.03764	32,81346	30,81389	8,05589
105	24,11221	37,99476	8,09353	.00907	.01429	0.04705	24,12127	38,00905	8,04648
106	13,90577	42,79754	8,09353	.00543	.01642	0.04799	13,91110	42,81398	8,04554
107	2,82557	44,91120	8,09353	.00098	.01486	0.04140	2,82651	44,92607	8,05212
108	-8,43216	44,20293	8,09353	.00025	.00133	0.0376	-8,43190	44,20160	8,03720
109	-19,16007	40,71722	8,09353	.00014	.00031	0.00944	-19,15992	40,71691	8,03847
110	-28,68408	34,67310	8,09353	.00194	.00235	0.00847	-28,68602	34,67544	8,04506
111	-36,40576	26,45034	8,09353	.00685	.00497	0.02352	-36,39892	26,44536	8,11709
112	-41,83994	16,56561	8,09353	.00535	.00212	0.01600	-41,83459	16,56349	8,10952
113	-44,64516	5,64000	8,09353	.02048	.00259	0.05740	-44,62468	5,63741	8,15092
114	-84,64516	-5,63999	8,09353	.00168	.00021	0.00470	-44,64348	-5,63978	8,09823
115	-81,83994	-16,56560	8,09353	.02455	.00972	0.07340	-41,81340	-16,55488	8,16692

116	-40577	-26,45033	8,09353	.02547	0 0	.08751	-36,38030	-26,43183	8,18108
117	-28,68408	-34,67309	8,09353	.02891	.03495	.12609	-28,65517	-34,63814	8,21962
118	-19,16007	-40,71721	8,09353	.01513	.03216	.09880	-19,14494	-40,68506	8,19233
119	-8,43217	-44,20292	8,09353	.00983	.05154	.14585	-8,42234	-44,15139	8,23938
120	2,82556	-44,99120	8,09353	.00293	.04662	.12985	-2,82263	-44,86458	8,72338
121	13,90576	-42,79755	8,09353	.01402	.04314	.12609	13,89174	-42,75441	8,21942
122	24,11220	-37,99476	8,09353	.02358	.03715	.12233	24,08862	-37,95761	8,21585
123	32,80358	-30,80463	8,09353	.01234	.01159	.04705	32,79124	-30,79304	8,14057
124	39,43379	-21,67893	8,09353	.01097	.00803	.03482	39,42282	-21,67289	8,12834
125	43,58624	-11,19106	8,09353	.00229	.00059	.00650	43,58394	-11,19047	8,10011
126	39,00000	-0,00000	8,09353	.00327	.00000	.01050	38,99673	.00000	6,08964
127	37,77474	9,69891	6,07914	.00750	.00192	.02482	37,78224	9,70083	6,05431
128	34,17596	18,78839	6,07914	.00861	.00473	.03150	34,18457	18,79312	6,04763
129	28,42978	26,69734	6,07914	.00369	.00346	.01623	28,43346	26,70080	6,06291
130	20,89724	32,92879	6,07914	.00447	.00704	.02673	20,90171	32,93582	6,05241
131	12,05166	37,09120	6,07914	.00432	.01330	.00487	12,05599	37,10451	6,03427
132	2,04883	38,92304	6,07914	.00032	.00505	.01623	2,44915	38,92809	6,06291
133	-7,30787	38,30920	6,07914	.00078	.00409	.01337	-7,30865	38,31330	6,06577
134	-16,60339	35,28825	6,07914	.00114	.00242	.00859	-16,60425	35,28583	6,08773
135	-24,85951	30,05002	6,07914	.00285	.00344	.01432	-24,86238	30,05346	6,08482
136	-31,55168	22,92363	6,07914	.00554	.00402	.02196	-31,54612	22,91960	6,10109
137	-36,26128	10,35686	6,07914	.00070	.00186	.01623	-36,25658	14,35500	6,09537
138	-38,69247	4,88800	6,07914	.00709	.00090	.02291	-36,68539	4,88710	6,10205
139	-38,69247	-4,88799	6,07914	.00148	.00019	.00477	-36,69395	-4,88818	6,07436
140	-36,26128	-14,35685	6,07914	.01384	.00548	.04773	-36,24745	-14,35138	6,12667
141	-31,55167	-22,92362	6,07914	.01493	.01063	.05919	-31,53674	-22,91277	6,13833
142	-24,85954	-30,05001	6,07914	.01783	.02156	.08974	-24,84171	-30,02846	6,16888
143	-16,60340	-35,28825	6,07914	.01440	.02424	.08592	-16,59399	-35,26402	6,16506
144	-7,30788	-38,30920	6,07914	.00636	.03133	.10883	-7,30152	-38,27587	6,16797
145	2,44942	-38,92304	6,07914	.00178	.02622	.09067	2,44705	-38,89482	6,16983
146	12,05165	-37,09121	6,07914	.01067	.03283	.11074	12,04099	-37,05837	6,18988
147	20,89724	-32,92879	6,07914	.02057	.03242	.12315	20,87666	-32,89638	6,20229
148	28,42977	-26,69734	6,07914	.01150	.01080	.05060	28,41827	-26,68655	6,12473
149	34,17596	-18,78840	6,07914	.00704	.00787	.02578	34,16891	-18,78653	6,10491
150	37,77474	-9,69892	6,07914	.00432	.00111	.01432	37,77042	-9,69781	6,09346
151	33,00000	-0,00000	4,35252	.00612	.00000	.02321	32,99388	.00000	6,37572
152	31,96324	8,20477	4,35252	.00296	.00076	.01160	31,96028	8,20600	6,36412
153	28,91812	15,89781	4,35252	.00514	.00283	.02224	28,92326	15,90070	6,33075
154	24,06498	22,59003	4,35252	.00483	.00454	.02514	24,06080	22,59459	6,32735
155	17,60228	27,86282	4,35252	.00273	.00431	.01934	17,68502	27,86713	6,33114
156	10,10744	31,38487	4,35252	.00240	.00752	.02997	10,20000	31,39238	6,32258
157	2,07209	32,97488	4,35252	.00075	.01196	.04545	2,07133	32,92292	6,39796
158	-6,18354	32,41548	4,35252	.00043	.00225	.00870	-6,18315	32,41322	6,36122
159	-14,01072	29,85929	4,35252	.00130	.00277	.01160	-14,04941	29,85652	6,36412
160	-21,03499	25,42694	4,35252	.00098	.00118	.00580	-21,03402	25,42576	6,35832
161	-26,69756	19,39691	4,35252	.00165	.00120	.00774	-26,69591	19,39572	6,36025
162	-30,68262	12,14811	4,35252	.00071	.00028	.00290	-30,68191	12,14783	6,35542
163	-32,73978	4,13600	4,35252	.00127	.00016	.00483	-32,73852	4,13584	6,35735
164	-32,73979	-4,13599	4,35252	.00051	.00006	.00193	-32,73928	-4,13593	6,35045
165	-30,68263	-12,14811	4,35252	.01067	.00423	.04351	-30,67195	-12,14388	6,30603
166	-25,69756	-19,39691	4,35252	.00929	.00675	.04351	-26,68828	-19,39016	6,30603
167	-21,03500	-25,42693	4,35252	.01057	.01277	.06285	-21,02443	-25,41416	6,21537
168	-14,05072	-29,85929	4,35252	.00738	.01569	.06575	-14,04334	-29,84360	6,41827
169	-6,18354	-32,41548	4,35252	.00430	.02255	.08702	-6,17929	-32,39293	6,43054
170	2,07208	-32,93488	4,35252	.000106	.01680	.06382	2,07102	-32,91808	6,41633
171	10,19755	-31,38487	4,35252	.00765	.02353	.09379	10,18991	-31,36134	6,40631
172	17,68228	-27,86283	4,35252	.01230	.01938	.08702	17,66990	-27,80340	6,43954
173	24,05506	-23,59004	4,35252	.00740	.00698	.03868	24,04852	-22,58308	5,39119
174	28,91812	-15,89788	4,35252	.00538	.00295	.02321	28,91275	-15,80493	4,37572
175	31,96324	-8,20678	4,35252	.00198	.00051	.00774	31,96127	-8,20627	4,36025

JOINT DEVIATION FROM THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)

1	,01092
2	,01230
3	,05076
4	,00630
5	,00900
6	,04191
7	,01841
8	,05807
9	,05071
10	,00969
11	,00068
12	,03476
13	,01798
14	,04839
15	,02420
16	,02459
17	,03935
18	,03619
19	,00245
20	,00441
21	,02180
22	,01711
23	,04844
24	,02096
25	,01269
26	,03491
27	,01099
28	,02465
29	,00846
30	,00119
31	,02075
32	,04545
33	,01517
34	,00339
35	,00457
36	,00036
37	,02839
38	,03270
39	,05331
40	,00731
41	,00414
42	,00421
43	,00276
44	,03202
45	,04797
46	,01216
47	,01843
48	,00632
49	,02087
50	,00981
51	,01051
52	,01070
53	,00104
54	,01039
55	,03587

56	,01881
57	,05230
58	,02492
59	,03152
60	,00189
61	,03461
62	,03793
63	,00095
64	,05231
65	,00122
66	,01321
67	,03085
68	,02210
69	,04891
70	,05989
71	,01408
72	,01002
73	,00194
74	,00629
75	,01961
76	,00365
77	,00636
78	,01563
79	,00365
80	,03330
81	,00954
82	,01418
83	,04197
84	,03769
85	,00322
86	,03314
87	,03744
88	,01929
89	,04572
90	,01524
91	,00012
92	,02887
93	,00067
94	,04855
95	,06099
96	,00132
97	,03648
98	,00560
99	,00495
100	,00477
101	,00666
102	,02258
103	,01345
104	,00061
105	,00204
106	,00084
107	,00671
108	,05084
109	,03563
110	,00879
111	,02567
112	,00402
113	,02104
114	,05930
115	,00053

116	,00010
117	,03209
118	,00507
119	,04678
120	,03293
121	,03795
122	,04751
123	,01991
124	,01361
125	,02398
126	,00404
127	,01883
128	,01229
129	,01545
130	,01118
131	,00565
132	,02465
133	,02231
134	,03705
135	,00084
136	,02380
137	,00095
138	,00877
139	,05553
140	,01271
141	,01235
142	,01221
143	,00296
144	,02710
145	,01049
146	,03969
147	,06012
148	,00165
149	,01307
150	,00873
151	,01949
152	,01938
153	,00615
154	,00080
155	,01105
156	,00209
157	,04205
158	,03843
159	,05431
160	,01032
161	,00872
162	,00928
163	,02036
164	,03612
165	,00308
166	,01251
167	,00124
168	,00040
169	,02235
170	,00006
171	,03764
172	,03876
173	,00231
174	,00666
175	,01016

176	,01277
177	,00659
178	,01081
179	,00035
180	,02041
181	,01578
182	,02046
183	,02142
184	,00986
185	,00971
186	,01323
187	,00971
188	,01040
189	,04038
190	,00399
191	,00013
192	,01936
193	,02747
194	,01784
195	,00443
196	,01577
197	,00045
198	,02214
199	,04059
200	,01442
201	,03874
202	,00143
203	,01405
204	,01188
205	,01902
206	,00705
207	,02174
208	,02272
209	,00766
210	,00441
211	,01230
212	,00432
213	,00020
214	,01482
215	,01598
216	,02722
217	,04619
218	,05039
219	,03564
220	,02216
221	,01002
222	,00602
223	,02105
224	,03068
225	,03266

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 17

ANGLE OF ROTATION, ABOUT Z AXIS = ,2785659453681+000 RADIAN
OFF AXIS ANGLE, ABOUT ROTATED X AXIS = ,1108952159107-001 RADIAN
VALUES DX,DY,DZ LOCATE THE VERTEX OF THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID
IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

DX = -.00440 INCHES

DY = -1.23237 INCHES

DZ = -.00307 INCHES

FOCAL LENGTH OF BEST FIT PARABOLOID = 62.3226 INCHES

RMS WITH RESPECT TO BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .025799 INCHES

4-Dec-73

WITNESS

A

4.4.2.3

Second Angular Position of Turntable

180 Degrees

4.4.2.4

Sweep No. 2 Measurement Data

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
 ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

Surface Deviation (Inches)

Radius in. °	15.0	21.0	27.0	33.0	39.0	45.0	51.0	57.0	63.0	69.0
14.4	.456	.489	.553	.541	.547	.559	.568	.552	.568	
20.3	.486	.492	.535	.524	.541	.577	.577	.583	.588	
43.1	.490	.498	.527	.550	.585	.603	.613	.623	.565	
57.3	.495	.514	.535	.572	.592	.612	.639	.654	.654	
72.7	.501	.545	.574	.620	.646	.672	.727	.757	.696	
86.4	.501	.481	.538	.567	.604	.598	.658	.703	.720	
100.3	.467	.525	.577	.612	.646	.674	.693	.733	.710	
115.2	.505	.505	.566	.557	.626	.649	.650	.651	.690	
29.5	.493	.518	.561	.595	.629	.669	.704	.704	.712	
44.3	.491	.519	.546	.547	.578	.590	.615	.628	.634	
58.1	.513	.520	.555	.577	.653	.625	.645	.618	.631	
72.3	.513	.512	.523	.546	.557	.530	.546	.560	.545	
87.1	.506	.500	.498	.512	.538	.538	.524	.523	.575	
201.1	.504	.481	.486	.481	.479	.491	.479	.483	.511	
216.1	.504	.516	.502	.493	.498	.478	.481	.485	.499	
230.1	.497	.517	.502	.492	.496	.479	.478	.460	.464	
244.1	.488	.502	.509	.497	.482	.464	.440	.421	.455	
259.1	.491	.485	.492	.487	.450	.434	.422	.409	.424	
273.1	.495	.496	.512	.484	.476	.452	.423	.411	.438	
288.1	.506	.494	.493	.476	.467	.462	.418	.410	.438	
302.1	.505	.514	.511	.498	.477	.421	.412	.406	.431	
6.1	.472	.495	.512	.519	.489	.442	.426	.471	.451	
31.1	.501	.481	.488	.483	.463	.477	.456	.452	.471	
45.1	.476	.446	.480	.469	.465	.487	.489	.438	.528	
59.1	.478	.493	.501	.508	.502	.525	.523	.536	.538	

Surface Error: 0.032-inch rms

12/4/73

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BEST-FIT PARABOLOID FOR 150 INCH ANTENNA

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

AFTERNOON DEFLECTIONS

**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR**

JOINTS	JOINT COORDINATES			DEFLECTIONS			DEFLECTED COORDINATES		
	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z
1	-69.00000	-10.00000	19.02878	-0.03284	.00000	.05954	68.96716	.00000	19.08832
2	-66.83224	17.15960	19.02878	-0.08117	-.01057	.07706	66.79107	17.10903	19.10583
3	-60.46514	33.24100	19.02878	-0.07751	-.01512	.05692	60.83763	33.22588	19.08560
4	-50.29883	47.23379	19.02878	-0.05022	-.03091	.13485	50.28867	47.18283	19.16363
5	-34.97209	98.25863	19.02878	-0.05072	-.07993	.17163	36.92133	58.17870	19.20046
6	21.32217	65.62290	19.02878	-0.03283	-.10105	.19264	21.28934	65.52185	19.22142
7	-4.33253	60.86384	19.02878	-0.00637	-.10122	.18388	4.32618	60.76242	19.21266
8	-12.92931	67.77782	19.02878	-0.01719	-.09018	.16637	-12.91211	67.68748	19.19515
9	-29.37877	62.43307	19.02878	-0.04360	-.09264	.18564	-29.33517	62.34042	19.21441
10	-43.98229	53.16541	19.02878	-0.04125	-.08987	.11734	-43.94100	53.11555	19.14611
11	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878	-0.05119	-.03719	.11471	-55.77098	40.52000	19.14349
12	-64.15858	29.40060	19.02878	-0.02021	-.00800	.03940	-64.13437	29.39260	19.06818
13	-68.45591	8.68800	19.02878	-0.03594	-.00454	.04567	-68.01098	8.60348	19.09849
14	-68.45591	8.64799	19.02878	-0.00527	-.00067	.00963	-68.45068	8.64732	19.03841
15	-64.15458	-25.00059	19.02878	-0.00049	-.00018	.00088	-64.15501	-25.0076	19.02790
16	-55.82218	-40.55717	19.02878	-0.01407	-.01022	.03152	-55.83624	-40.54739	19.09729
17	-43.98228	-53.16581	19.02878	-0.01385	-.01675	.03940	-43.99612	-53.18215	19.08937
18	-29.37878	-62.43306	19.02878	-0.01563	-.03321	.04655	-29.39041	-62.46627	19.06223
19	-12.92932	-67.77782	19.02878	-0.00561	-.02981	.05429	-12.93493	-67.80723	19.07449
20	4.33253	-60.86384	19.02878	-0.00188	-.02980	.05429	4.93481	-60.89373	19.07849
21	21.32216	-65.62290	19.02878	-0.01030	-.03169	.06042	21.33246	-65.65460	19.06836
22	36.97203	-58.25863	19.02878	-0.0268	-.01994	.00291	36.98872	-58.27862	19.08987
23	50.29882	-87.23376	19.02878	-0.01021	-.00959	.02539	50.30003	-87.24375	19.00338
24	60.46515	-33.24102	19.02878	-0.01185	.00651	.02452	60.45330	-33.23450	19.05329
25	66.83223	-17.15962	19.02878	-0.01778	.00456	.03321	66.81446	-17.19506	19.06205
26	-63.00000	-0.00000	19.86331	-0.02339	.00000	.04644	62.97661	.00000	19.80078
27	61.02074	15.66746	19.86331	-0.03616	-.00928	.07813	60.98458	15.69818	15.03744
28	55.92732	30.35048	19.86331	-0.04848	-.02465	.10986	55.15080	30.32383	15.07317
29	45.92502	43.12647	19.86331	-0.05049	-.04742	.13754	45.87453	43.07905	16.00085
30	33.75709	53.19266	19.86331	-0.06194	-.09760	.22954	33.69515	53.00506	16.09285
31	19.46807	89.91656	19.86331	-0.02826	-.08684	.18131	19.43986	89.82972	16.04062
32	3.705580	62.87568	19.86331	-0.00658	-.10459	.20810	3.94922	62.77149	16.07141
33	-11.80502	61.88410	19.86331	-0.01273	-.06671	.13486	-11.79230	61.81738	15.99817
34	-26.82409	57.00410	19.86331	-0.03907	-.08302	.16220	-26.78503	56.92108	16.04551
35	-40.15771	48.54233	19.86331	-0.03670	-.04436	.11432	-40.12101	48.49797	15.97763
36	-50.96807	37.03047	19.86331	-0.02494	-.03120	.10539	-50.92513	36.99928	15.96870
37	-58.57592	23.19185	19.86331	-0.02569	-.00993	.05359	-58.55082	23.18192	15.91670
38	-62.54122	7.89600	19.86331	-0.01026	-.00130	.02054	-62.49296	7.80470	15.88385
39	-62.54032	-7.89599	19.86331	-0.00759	-.00096	.01518	-62.51081	-7.80695	15.84813
40	-58.57592	-23.19184	19.86331	-0.00627	-.00248	.01340	-58.58219	-23.19432	15.84091
41	-50.96807	-37.03046	19.86331	-0.01456	-.01058	.03573	-50.98263	-37.00104	15.82755
42	-40.15772	-48.54233	19.86331	-0.02265	-.02738	.07056	-40.18037	-48.56971	15.79275
43	-26.82410	-57.00410	19.86331	-0.01745	-.03703	.08128	-26.84153	-57.04113	15.78203
44	-11.80503	-61.88409	19.86331	-0.00750	-.03932	.07949	-11.81254	-61.92302	15.78382
45	3.705670	-62.87568	19.86331	-0.00254	-.04040	.08038	3.95833	-62.91608	15.78203
46	19.46806	-59.91656	19.86331	-0.01307	-.04021	.08396	19.48112	-59.95677	15.77935
47	33.75708	-53.19267	19.86331	-0.01643	-.02620	.06163	33.77370	-53.21887	15.80165
48	45.92501	-43.12648	19.86331	-0.01574	-.01478	.04287	45.94075	-43.14126	15.82044
49	55.92731	-30.35050	19.86331	-0.00867	-.00477	.01965	55.21598	-30.35528	15.84368
50	61.02073	-15.66748	19.86331	-0.01568	-.00403	.03215	61.00505	-15.66305	15.89546
51	57.00000	-0.00000	12.98561	-0.02819	.00000	.06188	56.97181	.00000	13.04749
52	55.20924	14.17532	12.98561	-0.03092	-.00794	.07007	55.17832	14.16778	13.05668
53	89.90948	27.45996	12.98561	-0.04106	-.02257	.10283	49.90842	27.43739	13.08840
54	41.55121	39.01918	12.98561	-0.04201	-.03949	.12649	41.50920	38.97973	13.11210
55	30.54213	48.12669	12.98561	-0.05043	-.07947	.20657	30.49170	48.04722	13.09219

**REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR**

56	61391	50,21022	12,98561	.07024	0.0	14378	17,89373	50,14792	13,12939
57	5,57906	50,88752	12,98561	.00502	.07986	17563	3,57400	50,80766	13,16124
58	-10,68073	55,99037	12,98561	.01165	.06109	13650	-10,66908	50,92928	13,12711
59	-20,26942	51,57514	12,98561	.03601	.07653	18564	-20,23340	51,49861	13,17125
60	-36,33117	53,91926	12,98561	.03039	.03674	10465	-36,30277	43,88252	13,09026
61	-46,11397	33,50376	12,98561	.04860	.03534	13195	-46,06533	33,48882	13,11756
62	-52,99726	20,98310	12,98561	.01773	.00702	04186	-52,97952	20,97608	13,02747
63	-56,55054	7,14400	12,98561	.00987	.00125	.02184	-56,54066	7,14275	13,00745
64	-56,55054	-7,14399	12,98561	.00864	.00109	.01911	-56,55918	-7,14508	12,96650
65	-52,99726	-20,98309	12,98561	.00732	.00290	.01729	-53,00459	-20,98590	12,96832
66	-46,11397	-33,50375	12,98561	.00738	.00536	.02002	-46,12135	-33,50911	12,96559
67	-36,33117	-53,91925	12,98561	.01586	.01917	.05460	-36,34903	-53,93802	12,93101
68	-20,26943	-51,57514	12,98561	.01377	.02926	.07098	-24,28320	-51,60440	12,91063
69	-10,68074	-55,99037	12,98561	.00598	.03136	.07007	-10,68673	-56,02173	12,91554
70	3,57905	-56,88752	12,98561	.00213	.03393	.07462	3,58110	-56,92106	12,91099
71	17,61196	-54,21022	12,98561	.01128	.03470	.08008	17,62523	-54,24493	12,90553
72	30,54212	-48,12670	12,98561	.01644	.02591	.06734	30,55856	-48,15260	12,91827
73	41,55120	-39,01919	12,98561	.01330	.01249	.04004	41,56450	-39,03168	12,94557
74	49,94947	-27,45997	12,98561	.00400	.00220	.01081	49,95747	-27,46217	12,97560
75	55,20920	-14,17534	12,98561	.00920	.00237	.02093	55,20000	-14,17247	13,00654
76	51,00000	-0,00000	10,39568	.02227	.00000	.05463	50,97773	-0,00000	10,45032
77	49,39774	12,68318	10,39568	.02815	.00723	.07130	49,36459	12,67596	10,46699
78	44,69164	24,56940	10,39568	.03407	.01673	.09538	44,65797	24,55070	10,49106
79	37,17740	58,91190	10,39568	.03082	.02894	.10371	37,14658	30,88296	10,49480
80	27,32717	-43,06072	10,39568	.03479	.05482	.15927	27,29277	-43,00590	10,53496
81	15,75497	48,50388	10,39568	.01103	.03519	.09075	15,70487	48,48870	10,48643
82	3,20232	-50,89936	10,39568	.00412	.06556	.16113	3,18019	50,83381	10,55681
83	-9,55645	50,09665	10,39568	.01054	.05525	.13797	-9,54591	50,08140	10,53366
84	-21,71470	46,14618	10,39568	.02716	.05773	.15650	-21,68758	46,08845	10,55218
85	-32,40862	39,29618	10,39568	.02166	.02618	.08334	-32,48696	39,27000	10,47902
86	-41,25986	29,97705	10,39568	.03618	.02774	.11575	-41,22160	29,98071	10,51143
87	-47,41860	18,77436	10,39568	.01053	.00417	.02778	-47,40807	18,77019	10,42348
88	-50,59785	6,39200	10,39568	.01423	.00180	.03519	-50,58767	6,39020	10,43087
89	-50,59785	-6,39199	10,39568	.00337	.00043	.00833	-50,60122	-6,39242	10,48735
90	-47,41860	-18,77435	10,39568	.00772	.00306	.02037	-47,42632	-18,77740	10,37531
91	-41,25987	-29,97708	10,39568	.00641	.00466	.01945	-41,26428	-29,98170	10,37624
92	-32,50861	-39,29617	10,39568	.00866	.01047	.03334	-32,51729	-39,30664	10,36234
93	-21,71475	-46,14618	10,39568	.01061	.02254	.06112	-21,72536	-46,14872	10,33451
94	-9,55646	-50,09665	10,39568	.00340	.01780	.04445	-9,55005	-50,11445	10,35124
95	3,20231	-50,89936	10,39568	.00090	.01032	.03519	3,20321	-50,13368	10,36090
96	15,75986	-48,50389	10,39568	.00922	.02836	.07315	15,76907	-48,53225	10,32253
97	27,32716	-43,06071	10,39568	.01173	.01849	.05371	27,33080	-43,07922	10,34198
98	37,17739	-58,91191	10,39568	.00633	.00594	.02130	37,16372	-54,91785	10,37439
99	44,69163	-24,56945	10,39568	.00430	.00236	.01204	44,49593	-24,57181	10,38364
100	49,39774	-12,68320	10,39568	.00914	.00235	.02315	49,38860	-12,68045	10,41882
101	45,00000	-0,00000	8,09353	.01591	.00000	.04423	44,98409	-0,00000	8,13774
102	43,58624	11,19104	8,09353	.01344	.00345	.03658	43,57280	11,18759	8,13211
103	39,43380	21,67891	8,09353	.02521	.01386	.07998	39,80859	21,64505	8,17351
104	32,80352	30,80462	8,09353	.02270	.02132	.08657	32,78080	30,78350	8,18002
105	24,41121	17,99476	8,09353	.02648	.04173	.13718	24,08573	37,95303	8,23091
106	13,20677	42,79754	8,09353	.01088	.03348	.09786	13,89089	42,76406	8,19139
107	2,82547	84,91120	8,09353	.00310	.04932	.13730	2,82247	44,86188	8,23091
108	-8,43216	44,20293	8,09353	.00799	.04189	.11056	-8,42417	44,16103	8,21209
109	-19,16007	40,71722	8,09353	.01859	.03951	.12139	-19,14108	40,67771	8,21491
110	-28,68408	34,67310	8,09353	.01683	.02034	.07340	-28,66725	34,65275	8,16602
111	-36,40576	26,45034	8,09353	.02547	.01850	.08751	-36,38030	26,43180	8,18108
112	-61,83992	16,56561	8,09353	.01794	.00710	.05364	-41,82200	16,55450	8,14715
113	-44,64916	5,64000	8,09353	.01276	.00161	.03576	-44,63240	5,63839	8,12928
114	-44,64916	-5,63999	8,09353	.00705	.00089	.01976	-44,65221	-5,64008	8,07375
115	-41,83994	-16,56560	8,09353	.00063	.00025	.00188	-41,84057	-16,56565	8,09168

116	.00577	+26,45033	8,09353	.00110	.0	.00376	-34,40686	+26,45113	8,08976
117	+28,68408	+34,67309	8,09353	.00388	.00469	.01694	+28,68797	+34,67779	8,07459
118	+19,16007	+0,71721	8,09353	.00721	.01531	.04705	+19,16728	+0,73253	8,04648
119	+8,43217	+48,20292	8,09353	.00152	.00798	.02258	+8,43369	+0,21090	8,07094
120	2,82556	+88,91120	8,09353	.00070	.01115	.03105	2,82627	+0,92215	8,06247
121	13,90576	+82,79755	8,09353	.00241	.00740	.02164	13,90816	+82,80495	8,07108
122	24,11220	+37,99476	8,09353	.00200	.00314	.01035	24,11419	+37,99791	8,08317
123	32,80358	+30,80463	8,09353	.00913	.00857	.03482	32,81271	+30,81320	8,05871
124	39,43379	+21,67693	8,09353	.01038	.00571	.03293	39,44418	+21,68463	8,08059
125	43,58628	+81,19106	8,09353	.00066	.00017	.00188	43,58558	+11,19089	8,09941
126	59,00000	+0,00000	6,07914	.01220	.00000	.03914	38,98780	+0,00000	6,11828
127	37,77474	+9,69891	6,07914	.00692	.00178	.02291	37,76782	+9,69713	6,10205
128	34,17598	+18,78839	6,07914	.01304	.00717	.04775	34,16292	+18,78122	6,12687
129	28,42978	+26,69734	6,07914	.01562	.01467	.06874	28,41416	+26,68267	6,14787
130	20,89724	+32,92879	6,07914	.01914	.03015	.11456	20,87811	+32,89863	6,19370
131	12,05166	+37,09120	6,07914	.00616	.01896	.06396	12,04550	+37,07224	6,14310
132	+2,44883	38,92304	6,07914	.00209	.03327	.10692	2,44674	38,88977	6,18606
133	+7,30787	+38,30920	6,07914	.00318	.01666	.05442	+7,30464	38,29254	6,13355
134	+16,60539	+39,28825	6,07914	.01200	.02558	.09069	+16,59335	+39,26267	6,16983
135	+29,85953	+30,05002	6,07914	.00892	.01078	.04487	+24,85062	+30,03924	6,12401
136	+31,53166	+22,92363	6,07914	.01854	.01347	.07351	+31,53312	+22,91016	6,15265
137	+36,26128	+18,35688	6,07914	.01273	.00504	.04302	+36,24855	+14,35182	6,12305
138	+38,69247	+9,88800	6,07914	.00354	.00045	.01146	+38,68893	+9,88755	6,09059
139	+38,69247	+0,88799	6,07914	.00561	.00071	.01814	+38,69808	+0,88870	6,06100
140	+36,26128	+14,35685	6,07914	.00194	.00077	.00668	+36,26322	+10,35762	6,07245
141	+31,55167	+22,92362	6,07914	.00193	.00140	.00764	+31,55359	+22,92502	6,07150
142	+29,85954	+30,05001	6,07914	.00057	.00069	.02886	+24,86011	+30,05070	6,07627
143	+16,60540	+35,28829	6,07914	.00185	.00350	.01241	+16,60705	+35,29175	6,06473
144	+7,30788	+38,30920	6,07914	.00089	.00468	.01527	+7,30877	+38,31380	6,06386
145	2,44882	+38,92304	6,07914	.00045	.00713	.02291	2,44927	+38,93017	6,05622
146	12,05165	+37,09121	6,07914	.00018	.00057	.00191	12,05184	+37,09177	6,07723
147	20,89724	+32,92879	6,07914	.00303	.00477	.01814	20,89421	+32,92402	6,09728
148	28,42977	+26,69734	6,07914	.00369	.00346	.01623	28,43346	+26,70081	6,06201
149	34,17596	+18,78840	6,07914	.00809	.00446	.02960	34,18404	+18,79285	6,04954
150	+37,77474	+9,69892	6,07914	.00231	.00059	.00764	37,77243	+9,69832	6,08877
151	+33,00000	+0,00000	4,35252	.01352	.00000	.05125	32,98648	+0,00000	4,00376
152	+31,96324	+8,20677	4,35252	.00865	.00222	.03384	31,95460	+8,20455	4,38636
153	+28,91812	+15,89787	4,35252	.00603	.00332	.02611	28,91209	+15,89455	4,37862
154	+20,05696	+22,59005	4,35252	.00651	.00611	.03384	24,04946	+22,58304	4,38616
155	+17,68228	+27,86282	4,35252	.01011	.01594	.07155	17,67217	+27,86888	4,42407
156	+10,19756	+31,38487	4,35252	.00300	.00922	.03674	10,19497	+31,37965	4,38926
157	+2,07209	+32,93088	4,35252	.00123	.01960	.07409	2,07085	+32,91528	4,02497
158	+6,18358	+32,01548	4,35252	.00315	.01654	.06382	+6,18043	+32,39804	4,01633
159	+14,05072	+29,85929	4,35252	.00642	.01408	.05898	+14,04409	+29,84571	4,41150
160	+21,03490	+25,42694	4,35252	.00748	.00904	.04448	+21,02751	+25,41700	4,39700
161	+26,69756	+19,39691	4,35252	.01135	.00825	.05318	+26,68621	+19,38867	4,00570
162	+30,68262	+12,14811	4,35252	.00545	.00216	.02224	+30,67717	+12,14595	4,37476
163	+32,73978	+4,13600	4,35252	.00051	.00006	.00193	+32,74029	+4,13606	4,35058
164	+32,73979	+0,13599	4,35252	.00354	.00045	.01354	+32,74333	+0,13604	4,33808
165	+30,68263	+12,14811	4,35252	.00047	.00019	.00193	+30,68215	+12,14702	4,35045
166	+26,69758	+19,39691	4,35252	.00041	.00030	.00193	+26,69715	+19,39661	4,35045
167	+21,01500	+25,42693	4,35252	.00146	.00177	.00870	+21,03153	+25,42516	4,36122
168	+14,05072	+29,85929	4,35252	.00087	.00185	.00774	+14,05159	+29,84114	4,34478
169	+6,18359	+32,41548	4,35252	.00057	.00301	.01160	+6,18302	+32,41247	4,36412
170	2,07208	+32,93488	4,35252	.00011	.00178	.00677	2,07219	+32,93666	4,34575
171	10,19758	+31,38487	4,35252	.00047	.00267	.01064	10,19669	+31,38270	4,36315
172	+17,68228	+27,86283	4,35252	.00164	.00258	.01160	17,68060	+27,86024	4,36812
173	+20,05696	+22,59006	4,35252	.00223	.00210	.01160	24,05810	+22,59216	4,34091
174	+26,91812	+15,89788	4,35252	.00447	.00246	.01934	28,92259	+15,89674	4,33718
175	+31,96324	+0,20678	4,35252	.00025	.00006	.00097	31,96299	+0,20671	4,35748

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

176	.000000	-1.00000	2.91367	.00232	.00	.01075	27.00232	.000000	2.90292
177	-6.15175	6.71463	2.91367	.00163	.00042	.00782	26.15338	6.71505	2.90585
178	23.66028	-13.00735	2.91367	.00037	.00020	.00195	23.66065	13.00755	2.91171
179	19.68215	18.48277	2.91367	.00215	.00202	.01368	19.68000	18.48079	2.92735
180	14.46732	22.79685	2.91367	.00509	.00602	.00399	14.46224	22.78884	2.95766
181	8.34346	25.67853	2.91367	.00124	.00381	.01857	8.34470	25.68230	2.89510
182	1.69534	26.94672	2.91367	.00033	.00526	.02044	1.69501	26.94106	2.93811
183	-5.05930	26.52176	2.91367	.00020	.00104	.00489	-5.05910	26.52072	2.91856
184	-11.49604	24.43033	2.91367	.00162	.00344	.01759	-11.49402	24.42680	2.93126
185	-17.21045	20.80386	2.91367	.00256	.00309	.01857	-17.20780	20.80077	2.03220
186	-21.84346	15.87020	2.91367	.00341	.00248	.01955	-21.84004	15.88772	2.03322
187	-25.10396	9.93936	2.91367	.00235	.00091	.01173	-25.10161	9.93843	2.92540
188	-26.78710	3.38400	2.91367	.00000	.00000	.00000	-26.78710	3.38000	2.91367
189	-26.78710	-3.38400	2.91367	.00398	.00050	.01857	-26.79107	-3.38450	2.80510
190	-25.10397	-9.93936	2.91367	.00314	.00124	.01560	-25.10083	-9.93812	2.92031
191	-21.84346	-15.87020	2.91367	.00290	.00211	.01662	-21.84056	-15.86809	2.93020
192	-17.21045	-20.80386	2.91367	.00027	.00033	.00195	-17.21018	-20.80353	2.91562
193	-11.49604	-24.43033	2.91367	.00135	.00286	.01466	-11.49739	-24.43319	2.89901
194	-5.05930	-26.52176	2.91367	.00016	.00083	.00391	-5.05946	-26.52258	2.90976
195	1.69534	-26.94672	2.91367	.00008	.00126	.00586	1.69542	-26.94709	2.90780
196	8.34345	-25.67853	2.91367	.00091	.00281	.01368	8.34254	-25.67572	2.92735
197	14.46732	-22.79685	2.91367	.00057	.00089	.00489	14.46788	-22.79775	2.90878
198	19.68215	-18.48277	2.91367	.00292	.00274	.01057	19.66707	-18.48552	2.89510
199	23.66028	-13.00735	2.91367	.00998	.00949	.005270	23.67026	-13.01280	2.86008
200	26.15174	6.71463	2.91367	.00143	.00037	.00684	26.15317	6.71500	2.90683
201	21.00000	-1.00000	1.76259	.00728	.00000	.04339	21.00728	.00000	1.71920
202	20.44024	5.22249	1.76259	.00224	.00050	.01381	20.34240	5.22230	1.700078
203	10.40240	10.11603	1.76259	.00144	.00280	.00946	10.40384	10.11762	1.75271
204	15.30834	14.37549	1.76259	.00060	.00037	.00893	15.30694	14.37606	1.73766
205	11.25236	17.73080	1.76259	.00009	.00014	.00099	11.25227	17.73075	1.74358
206	6.80936	19.97219	1.76259	.00005	.00016	.00099	6.48931	19.97203	1.76358
207	1.31860	20.95856	1.76259	.00034	.00545	.03254	1.31894	20.96401	1.73005
208	-3.93501	20.62803	1.76259	.00016	.00081	.00493	-3.93408	20.62722	1.76752
209	-8.94135	19.00137	1.76259	.00049	.00105	.00690	-8.94186	19.00292	1.75560
210	-13.38590	16.18078	1.76259	.00095	.00115	.00880	-13.38685	16.18193	1.75171
211	-16.98936	12.34349	1.76259	.00174	.00126	.01282	-16.98761	12.34223	1.77541
212	-19.52531	7.73062	1.76259	.00200	.00079	.01282	-19.52330	7.72992	1.77541
213	-20.83041	2.63200	1.76259	.00099	.00012	.00592	-20.83342	2.63188	1.76851
214	-20.83041	-2.63200	1.76259	.00066	.00008	.00394	-20.83375	-2.63191	1.76653
215	-19.52531	-7.73061	1.76259	.00062	.00020	.00394	-19.52469	-7.73037	1.76453
216	-16.98936	-12.34349	1.76259	.00040	.00029	.00296	-16.98976	-12.34378	1.75063
217	-13.38591	-16.18078	1.76259	.00127	.00151	.01183	-13.38717	-16.18231	1.75071
218	-8.94137	-19.00137	1.76259	.00063	.00139	.00886	-8.94200	-19.00271	1.75371
219	-3.93501	-20.62803	1.76259	.00016	.00081	.00493	-3.93517	-20.62880	1.75766
220	1.31860	-20.95856	1.76259	.00006	.00099	.00592	1.31853	-20.95757	1.74851
221	6.48935	-19.97219	1.76259	.00026	.00079	.00493	6.48910	-19.97140	1.76752
222	11.25236	-17.73089	1.76259	.00248	.00391	.02761	11.25484	-17.73480	1.73008
223	15.30834	-14.37549	1.76259	.00012	.00011	.00099	15.30822	-14.37518	1.76358
224	16.40240	10.11603	1.76259	.00348	.00191	.02367	16.40592	-10.11675	1.730092
225	20.34028	5.22249	1.76259	.00353	.00091	.02170	20.34377	-5.22340	1.740089

JOINT DEVIATION FROM THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

1	= .01607
2	= .02903
3	= .00743
4	= .01214
5	= .01685
6	= .03384
7	= .02119
8	= .00640
9	= .04884
10	= .01620
11	= .01116
12	= .05220
13	= .01922
14	= .01718
15	= .00333
16	= .00720
17	= .00542
18	= .01512
19	= .00681
20	= .00342
21	= .01709
22	= .01509
23	= .02012
24	= .01181
25	= .01310
26	= .01808
27	= .01619
28	= .00105
29	= .00903
30	= .10636
31	= .03549
32	= .06711
33	= .01836
34	= .05561
35	= .00792
36	= .00835
37	= .02514
38	= .03700
39	= .04421
40	= .01048
41	= .01112
42	= .03326
43	= .03232
44	= .02379
45	= .02709
46	= .04208
47	= .03230
48	= .03354
49	= .03417
50	= .00210
51	= .01378
52	= .00612
53	= .00633
54	= .01216
55	= .09199

56 .00404
57 .04198
58 .00023
59 .07163
60 -.00732
61 .05006
62 -.03071
63 .02466
64 -.04374
65 .01285
66 .00900
67 .01277
68 .01891
69 .01140
70 .01812
71 .03349
72 .03390
73 .02276
74 .01798
75 .00508
76 .01616
77 .00886
78 .01244
79 .00145
80 .05065
81 .03889
82 .04037
83 .01730
84 .04048
85 .01907
86 .03977
87 .03802
88 .00244
89 .02402
90 .01423
91 .00963
92 .01175
93 .00793
94 .01782
95 .02812
96 .02341
97 .01413
98 .00434
99 .00814
100 .00674
101 .01191
102 .01613
103 .00884
104 .00229
105 .04097
106 .01257
107 .02908
108 .01082
109 .02287
110 .01725
111 .01726
112 .00073
113 .00417
114 .03457
115 .00856

116	.02677
117	.02859
118	.00600
119	.03965
120	.03012
121	.03479
122	.03527
123	.00810
124	.02628
125	.00987
126	.01664
127	.02172
128	.01352
129	.00678
130	.05096
131	.03261
132	.01158
133	.04383
134	.00334
135	.03504
136	.01225
137	.00155
138	.01678
139	.02845
140	.00408
141	.02084
142	.04063
143	.04053
144	.04295
145	.03496
146	.05319
147	.06547
148	.01300
149	.01826
150	.00287
151	.03654
152	.00051
153	.02397
154	.02965
155	.00014
156	.04442
157	.00648
158	.01659
159	.01501
160	.02145
161	.00100
162	.01633
163	.02500
164	.01978
165	.01372
166	.02892
167	.04865
168	.04007
169	.06570
170	.04664
171	.06144
172	.05450
173	.01809
174	.00879
175	.00038

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

176	=.02305
177	=.03427
178	=.04146
179	=.03663
180	=.01391
181	=.08533
182	=.04275
183	=.06207
184	=.04406
185	=.03504
186	=.02318
187	=.01880
188	=.01705
189	=.02206
190	.02747
191	.04121
192	.03621
193	.02634
194	.04181
195	.04042
196	.05793
197	.03214
198	.00844
199	=.03917
200	=.00462
201	=.05146
202	=.03217
203	=.03853
204	=.04249
205	=.04350
206	=.04821
207	=.08472
208	=.04538
209	=.05401
210	=.04895
211	=.01939
212	=.00952
213	=.00572
214	.00347
215	.01432
216	.01701
217	.01601
218	.02500
219	.03744
220	.04022
221	.04102
222	.00272
223	.02490
224	=.00057
225	=.01801

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 25

ANGLE OF ROTATION, ABOUT Z AXIS = .1560572351695+001 RADIANS
OFF AXIS ANGLE, ABOUT ROTATED X AXIS = -.2279841606625+002 RADIANS
VALUES DX,DY,DZ LOCATE THE VERTEX OF THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID
IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

DX = -.26576 INCHES

DY = -.28893 INCHES

DZ = -.00066 INCHES

FOCAL LENGTH OF BEST FIT PARABOLOID = 62.3173 INCHES

RMS WITH RESPECT TO BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .031608 INCHES

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

4.4.2.3 Average Measurements of Sweep #1 and Sweep #2

Surface Deviation (Inches)

Radius (in.) θ°	15.0	21.0	27.0	33.0	39.0	45.0	51.0	57.0	63.0	69.0
14.4										
28.2										
43.2										
57.4										
72.1										
86.4										
100.3										
115.2										
129.5										
144.0										
158.4										
172.3										
187.2										
201.5										
216.1										
230.4										
244.8										
259.2										
273.4										
288.1										
302.1										
316.8										
331.1										
345.6										
360.1										

4.4.2 Computer Results

Surface Error: _____ inches rms.

19

* PARABOLOID PROGRAM
* THIS PROGRAM COMPUTER THE BEST-FIT PARABOLOID
* FROM A GIVEN SET OF DATA POINTS.
*
* STRUCTURES SECTION
* RADIATION DIVISION
* HARRIS INTERTYPE INC.
* MELBOURNE, FLORIDA
*
* REVISTON DATE OF THIS PROGRAM, AUG-73

BEST-FIT PARABOLOID FOR 150 INCH ANTENNA

PRODUCED BY
ORIGINAL PAGE IS POOR

AVERAGE OF MORNING AND AFTERNOON DEFLECTIONS

JOINT #	JOINT COORDINATES			DEFLECTIONS			DEFLECTED COORDINATES		
	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z
1	69.00000	-0.00000	19.02878	-0.01811	.00000	.03284	68.98189	.00000	19.06161
2	66.83224	17.15960	19.02878	-0.01240	-.00318	.02320	66.81984	17.15642	19.05198
3	60.46516	33.24100	19.02878	.00825	.00454	.01707	60.47341	33.24554	19.01170
4	50.24881	47.23375	19.02878	-0.01074	.01008	.02671	50.28810	47.22367	19.05948
5	36.97205	58.25863	19.02878	.01268	-.01998	.04291	36.95937	58.23864	19.07168
6	21.32217	65.62290	19.02878	-0.01067	.03284	.06261	21.31150	65.59006	19.09139
7	4.33255	68.86384	19.02878	-0.0176	.02796	.05079	4.33079	68.83589	19.07956
8	-12.92931	67.77782	19.02878	.00656	-.03439	.04348	-12.92275	67.74372	19.09226
9	-29.37877	62.43307	19.02878	.01902	-.04042	.08100	-29.35975	62.39264	19.10977
10	-43.98225	53.16541	19.02878	.01601	.01935	.04553	-43.96624	53.14606	19.07431
11	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878	.02559	-.01859	.05735	-55.79658	40.51859	19.08613
12	-64.15458	25.40060	19.02878	.01302	.00516	.02539	-64.14155	25.39544	19.05417
13	-68.45591	8.64800	19.02878	.04265	-.00539	.07793	-68.41327	8.64261	19.10671
14	-68.45591	-8.64799	19.02878	.02348	-.00297	.04291	-68.43244	-8.64502	19.07168
15	-64.15458	-25.40059	19.02878	.03256	.01289	.06348	-64.12202	-25.38770	19.09226
16	-55.82218	-40.55717	19.02878	.02755	.02001	.06173	-55.79463	-40.53716	19.09051
17	-43.98226	-53.16541	19.02878	.02232	.02698	.06348	-43.95994	-53.13843	19.09226
18	-29.37878	-62.43306	19.02878	.01296	.02753	.05517	-29.36587	-62.40553	19.08394
19	-12.92932	-67.77782	19.02878	.00796	.04175	.07706	-12.92136	-67.73607	19.10583
20	-4.33253	-68.86384	19.02878	.00256	.04073	.07399	-4.32997	-68.82311	19.10277
21	21.32216	-65.62290	19.02878	.00895	.02756	.05254	21.31320	.65.59534	19.08132
22	36.97203	-58.25863	19.02878	.01501	.02369	.05079	36.95703	.58.23498	19.07956
23	50.24882	-47.23376	19.02878	.01285	.01207	.03196	50.28597	.47.22169	19.06074
24	60.46515	-33.24102	19.02878	.03174	.01745	.06567	60.43341	.33.22357	19.09845
25	66.83223	-17.15962	19.02878	.02035	.00522	.03809	66.81188	.17.15440	19.06687
26	63.00000	-0.00000	15.86331	.00810	.00000	.01608	62.99190	.00000	15.87939
27	61.02074	15.86746	15.86331	.01176	-.00302	.02411	61.00898	15.66446	15.88742
28	55.20732	30.35048	15.86331	.01025	.00563	.02522	55.19707	30.34485	15.88853
29	45.92502	43.12647	15.86331	.01213	.01139	.03305	45.91284	43.11587	15.89636
30	33.75709	53.19266	15.86331	.02024	.03190	.07502	33.73684	.53.16076	15.93833
31	19.46807	59.91656	15.86331	.00883	-.02716	.05671	19.45925	.59.88940	15.92002
32	5.95380	62.87568	15.86331	.00143	-.02767	.04510	3.95038	.62.85301	15.90841
33	-11.80502	61.88410	15.86331	.00358	.01878	.03706	-11.80144	.61.86532	15.90127
34	-26.82409	57.00410	15.86331	.01360	.02890	.06341	-26.81050	.56.97521	15.92672
35	-40.15771	48.54233	15.86331	.01261	-.01525	.03930	-40.14509	.48.52709	15.90261
36	-50.24887	37.03047	15.86331	.02020	.01467	.04957	-50.24787	.37.01580	15.91288
37	-58.57592	23.19185	15.86331	.01506	.00596	.03215	-58.56086	.23.18589	15.89546
38	-62.50322	7.89600	15.86331	.01517	-.00192	.03037	-62.48805	.7.89408	15.89368
39	-62.50323	-7.89599	15.86331	.01004	.00127	.02010	-62.49319	-.7.89472	15.88340
40	-58.57592	-23.19184	15.86331	.02781	.01101	.05939	-58.54811	-.23.18083	15.92270
41	-45.94807	-37.03046	15.86331	.02256	.01639	.05537	-45.94551	-.37.01407	15.91868
42	-40.15772	-48.54233	15.86331	.01491	.01802	.04644	-40.14281	-.48.52431	15.90975
43	-26.82410	57.00410	15.86331	.01044	.02218	.04868	-26.81367	-.56.98192	15.91199
44	-11.80503	61.88409	15.86331	.00586	.03071	.06207	-11.79918	-.61.85339	15.92538
45	3.95579	62.87568	15.86331	.00205	.03254	.06475	3.95374	.62.84314	15.92806
46	19.46806	59.91656	15.86331	.00646	.01949	.04153	19.46159	.59.89667	15.90484
47	33.75708	53.19267	15.86331	.01205	.01899	.04466	33.74503	.53.17368	15.90797
48	45.92501	43.12648	15.86331	.01131	.01062	.03081	45.91370	.43.11586	15.89412
49	33.20731	-30.35050	15.86331	.01675	.00921	.03796	33.19056	-.30.34129	15.90127
50	61.02073	15.86748	15.86331	.01721	.00442	.03528	61.00353	-.15.68306	15.89859
51	57.00000	-0.00000	12.98561	.01493	.00000	.03276	56.98507	.00000	13.01837
52	55.20924	14.17532	12.98561	.01044	.00268	.02366	55.19880	.14.17264	13.00927
53	47.04948	27.45996	12.98561	.01308	.00719	.03276	49.93640	.27.45277	13.01837
54	81.55121	39.01918	12.98561	.01058	.00993	.03189	41.54063	.39.00928	13.01748
55	30.56213	48.12669	12.98561	.01355	.02135	.05551	30.52857	.48.10534	13.00412

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56	-61397	54.21022	12.98561	-00404	-0.0	2	02866	17.60993	54.19700	13.01420
57	3,57906	56.88752	12.98561	-00091	0.01448	03185	3.57815	56.87304	13.01786	
58	-10.68073	55.99037	12.98561	-00416	0.02179	04868	-10.67658	55.96850	13.03030	
59	-24.76942	51.57514	12.98561	01624	0.03452	08372	-24.25310	51.54063	13.06933	
60	-36.33317	43.91926	12.98561	01203	0.01454	04140	-36.32114	43.90472	13.02702	
61	-46.11397	33.50376	12.98561	02085	0.02169	00099	-46.08411	33.48207	13.06660	
62	-52.99726	20.98310	12.98561	00829	0.00328	01956	-52.98897	20.97982	13.00518	
63	-56.55054	7.14400	12.98561	01604	0.00203	03549	-56.53440	7.14197	13.02110	
64	-56.55054	-7.14399	12.98561	00473	0.0060	01046	-56.54581	-7.14319	12.99408	
65	-52.99726	-20.98309	12.98561	01889	0.0748	04459	-52.97837	-20.97561	13.03020	
66	-46.11397	-33.50375	12.98561	02180	0.1584	05915	-46.09217	-33.48701	13.04876	
67	-36.33317	-43.91925	12.98561	01639	0.01981	05602	-36.31670	-43.89900	13.04203	
68	-24.26943	-51.57514	12.98561	00904	0.02007	00888	-24.25998	-51.55507	13.03030	
69	-10.68074	-55.99037	12.98561	00521	0.02729	06097	-10.67554	-55.96308	13.04658	
70	3.57905	-56.88752	12.98561	00173	0.02752	06051	3.57732	-56.86001	13.00613	
71	17.61396	-54.21022	12.98561	00461	0.01420	03276	17.60934	-54.19603	13.01037	
72	30.54212	-48.12670	12.98561	00778	0.01225	03185	30.53434	-48.11445	13.01746	
73	41.55120	-39.01919	12.98561	00861	0.00809	02593	41.54259	-39.01111	13.01155	
74	49.94947	-27.45997	12.98561	01254	0.0689	03139	49.93690	-27.45308	13.01701	
75	55.20924	-34.17534	12.98561	00984	0.00253	02229	55.19940	-34.17281	13.00791	
76	51.00000	-0.00000	10.39568	01265	0.00000	03102	50.98735	-0.00000	10.02670	
77	49.39774	12.68318	10.39568	01079	0.00277	02732	49.38695	12.68001	10.42300	
78	48.69168	24.56944	10.39568	00976	0.00509	02593	44.68238	24.56834	10.42161	
79	37.17740	34.91190	10.39568	00826	0.00775	02778	37.16914	34.90415	10.42486	
80	27.32717	03.06072	10.39568	00829	0.01307	03797	27.31887	03.04766	10.43765	
81	15.75987	48.50388	10.39568	00251	0.00772	01991	15.75736	48.49616	10.01550	
82	3.20232	50.089936	10.39568	00017	0.01865	04584	3.20114	50.08071	10.04152	
83	-9.55645	50.09665	10.39568	00474	0.02485	06204	-9.55171	50.07180	10.05777	
84	-21.71074	46.14618	10.39568	01318	0.02801	07503	-21.70156	46.11817	10.07162	
85	-32.50862	39.29618	10.39568	00794	0.00960	03056	-32.50068	39.28658	10.02620	
86	-41.25986	29.97705	10.39568	02397	0.01742	07269	-41.23589	29.95963	10.06837	
87	-47.41860	18.77436	10.39568	00439	0.00174	01158	-47.41021	18.77262	10.00726	
88	-50.59785	6.39200	10.39568	02004	0.00253	04954	-50.57781	6.38947	10.04522	
89	-50.59785	-6.39199	10.39568	00449	0.00057	01111	-50.59334	-6.39142	10.00600	
90	-47.41860	-18.77435	10.39568	01071	0.00424	02824	-47.40790	-18.77011	10.02399	
91	-41.25987	-29.97704	10.39568	01435	0.01043	04352	-41.24552	-29.96661	10.03021	
92	-32.50863	-39.29617	10.39568	01432	0.01731	05510	-32.49031	-39.27886	10.05070	
93	-21.71075	-46.14618	10.39568	00555	0.01178	03195	-21.70921	-46.13439	10.02763	
94	-9.55645	-50.09665	10.39568	00074	0.02485	06204	-9.55172	-50.07180	10.05777	
95	3.20231	-50.089936	10.39568	00188	0.02995	07362	3.20042	-50.06941	10.06030	
96	15.75986	-48.50388	10.39568	00239	0.00736	01078	15.75746	-48.49653	10.01867	
97	21.52716	-43.06073	10.39568	00819	0.01291	03750	21.51896	-43.04782	10.03317	
98	37.17739	-34.91191	10.39568	00922	0.00866	03102	37.16817	-34.90325	10.02670	
99	44.69163	-24.56945	10.39568	00877	0.00482	02454	44.68287	-24.56063	10.02022	
100	49.39774	-12.68320	10.39568	01042	0.0268	02639	49.38732	-12.68052	10.02207	
101	05.00000	-0.00000	8.09353	00846	0.00000	02352	40.00154	0.00000	8.011705	
102	43.58624	11.19104	8.09353	00164	0.00042	00470	43.58060	11.19042	8.00823	
103	39.43380	21.67891	8.09353	00682	0.00375	02164	39.02698	21.67516	8.011517	
104	32.80359	30.80462	8.09353	00682	0.00602	02487	32.79717	30.70859	8.011700	
105	24.11221	37.99476	8.09353	00871	0.01372	04517	24.10350	37.98104	8.013669	
106	13.90577	42.79754	8.09353	00277	0.00853	02094	13.90299	42.78001	8.011806	
107	2.82557	44.91120	8.09353	00108	0.01723	04729	2.82040	44.80307	8.014131	
108	-8.43216	44.20293	8.09353	00412	0.02161	06116	-8.42804	44.18131	8.015469	
109	-19.16007	40.71722	8.09353	00937	0.01991	06116	-19.15070	40.69731	8.018469	
110	-28.68008	38.67310	8.09353	00744	0.00900	03246	-28.67663	38.66810	8.012999	
111	-36.40576	26.45034	8.09353	01616	0.01174	05552	-36.38961	26.43860	8.010004	
112	-41.83994	16.56561	8.09353	01164	0.00461	03482	-41.82830	16.56100	8.012834	
113	-44.64516	5.64000	8.09353	01662	0.00210	04658	-44.62854	5.63770	8.014010	
114	-44.64516	-5.63999	8.09353	00269	0.00034	00753	-44.64785	-5.64033	8.008600	
115	-41.83994	-16.56560	8.09353	01196	0.00473	03576	-41.82798	-16.56087	8.012928	

116	8,46577	-26,45035	8,09353	.01219	L	5	.04187	+36,39158	+26,49138	A,13543
117	+28,68408	-34,67309	8,09353	.01251	.01513	.05458	+28,67157	+34,65796	A,14813	
118	+19,16007	+40,71721	8,09353	.00396	.00842	.02588	+19,15611	+40,70879	A,11940	
119	+8,83217	-84,20292	8,09353	.00415	.02178	.06163	+8,42801	+84,18115	A,15516	
120	2,82556	-84,91120	8,09353	-00112	.01774	.04940	2,82445	+84,89347	A,14293	
121	13,90576	-42,79755	8,09353	.00581	.01787	.05222	13,89999	+82,77968	A,10575	
122	24,11220	-37,49476	8,09353	-00179	.01700	.05599	24,10141	+37,97776	A,10951	
123	32,80358	-30,89463	8,09353	-00160	.00151	.00612	32,80198	+30,80312	A,09960	
124	39,43379	-21,67893	8,09353	-00070	.00016	.00074	39,43350	+21,67876	A,09447	
125	43,58624	+11,19186	8,09353	-00148	.00038	.00423	43,58676	+11,19068	A,09776	
126	39,00000	-0,00000	6,07914	-00774	.00000	.02482	38,99926	-0,00000	A,10394	
127	37,77474	9,69891	6,07914	.00029	.00007	.00095	37,77503	9,69898	6,07818	
128	30,17596	18,78839	6,07914	-00222	.00122	.00811	34,17774	18,78717	A,08725	
129	28,42978	26,69734	6,07914	-00597	.00560	.02625	28,42381	26,69173	A,10530	
130	20,89724	32,92879	6,07914	-00738	.01156	.00392	20,88991	32,91723	A,12304	
131	12,05166	37,09120	6,07914	-00092	-00283	.00955	12,05074	+37,08837	A,08868	
132	2,44883	38,92304	6,07914	-00089	.01411	.04535	2,44794	38,90893	6,12048	
133	+7,30787	38,30920	6,07914	.00120	.00629	.02053	+7,30667	38,30292	6,09964	
134	+16,60539	35,28825	6,07914	.00659	.01800	.04964	+16,59880	35,27425	A,12878	
135	+24,85953	30,05002	6,07914	.00304	.00367	.01527	+24,85650	30,04675	A,09441	
136	+31,55166	22,92363	6,07914	.01204	.00875	.04773	+31,53662	22,91488	A,12687	
137	+36,26128	14,35686	6,07914	.00872	.00345	.03007	+36,25256	14,35341	A,10921	
138	+38,69247	4,88800	6,07914	.00531	.00067	.01718	+38,68716	4,88733	A,09432	
139	+38,69247	+4,88799	6,07914	-00354	.00045	.01146	+38,69602	+4,88844	A,08768	
140	+36,26128	+14,35685	6,07914	.00595	.00236	.02053	+36,25533	+14,34450	A,09964	
141	+31,55167	+22,92362	6,07914	.00650	.00472	.02578	+31,54514	+22,91800	A,10491	
142	+24,85954	+30,05001	6,07914	.00863	.01043	.04384	+24,85091	+30,03458	A,12257	
143	+16,60540	+35,28825	6,07914	.00488	.01037	.03676	+16,60052	+35,27788	A,11589	
144	+7,30788	+38,30920	6,07914	.00273	.01433	.04678	+7,30515	+38,29488	A,12992	
145	2,44882	+38,92304	6,07914	-00066	.01054	.03589	2,44816	+38,91250	A,11303	
146	12,05165	+37,09121	6,07914	-00574	.01613	.05442	12,04441	+37,07507	A,13355	
147	20,89724	+32,92879	6,07914	-01180	.01860	.07065	20,88548	+32,91020	A,10978	
148	28,42978	+26,69734	6,07914	-00391	.00367	.01718	28,42586	+26,69368	A,09432	
149	30,17596	+18,78840	6,07914	-00052	.00029	.00191	34,17608	+18,78869	A,07723	
150	17,77474	9,69892	6,07914	-00332	.00085	.01098	37,77143	9,69887	A,09012	
151	33,00000	-8,00000	4,35252	-00982	.00000	.03723	32,99018	-0,00000	A,38970	
152	31,76324	8,20677	4,35252	-00581	.00149	.02272	31,99744	8,20528	A,37524	
153	28,91812	15,89787	4,35252	-00005	.00025	.00193	28,91767	15,80763	A,38449	
154	28,01504	22,40005	4,35252	.00084	.00079	.00435	24,05513	22,40037	A,39647	
155	17,60228	27,86282	4,35252	-00369	.00581	.02611	17,67650	27,85701	A,37862	
156	16,17786	31,38407	4,35252	-00028	.00085	.00338	16,19729	31,38402	A,35590	
157	7,07209	32,93448	4,35252	-00099	.01578	.05995	2,07109	32,91910	A,01247	
158	-6,18358	32,41548	4,35252	-00179	.00940	.03626	-6,18179	32,40608	A,78078	
159	+14,05072	29,85929	4,35252	-00396	.00842	.03529	+14,04675	29,85087	A,38781	
160	+21,03497	25,42694	4,35252	-00423	.00511	.02514	+21,03076	25,42183	A,37766	
161	+26,69748	19,39691	4,35252	.00650	.00472	.03046	+26,69104	19,39219	A,38208	
162	+30,68262	12,14811	4,35252	.00308	.00122	.01257	+30,67950	12,14689	A,36409	
163	+32,73978	4,13600	4,35252	.00038	.00005	.00145	+32,73940	4,13595	A,35397	
164	+32,73979	+4,13599	4,35252	-00152	.00019	.00580	+32,74130	+4,13610	A,34672	
165	+30,68263	+12,14811	4,35252	.00557	.00221	.02272	+30,67705	+12,14590	A,37524	
166	+26,69756	+19,39691	4,35252	.00485	.00352	.02272	+26,69271	+19,39319	A,37524	
167	+21,03500	+25,42693	4,35252	.00602	.00727	.03578	+21,02898	+25,41966	A,38829	
168	+14,05072	+29,85929	4,35252	.00326	.00692	.02901	+14,04746	+29,85237	A,38153	
169	+6,18359	+32,41548	4,35252	.00244	.01278	.04931	+6,18118	+32,40270	A,00182	
170	+2,037208	+32,93448	4,35252	-00007	.00751	.02852	+2,07161	+32,92777	A,30108	
171	10,19755	+31,38407	4,35252	-00426	.01310	.05221	10,19330	+31,37177	A,00473	
172	17,68288	+27,84281	4,35252	-00697	.01098	.04931	17,67531	+27,85184	A,00163	
173	20,05696	+22,59006	4,35252	-00260	.00244	.01394	20,05336	+22,58762	A,38409	
174	28,71812	+15,89788	4,35252	-00045	.00025	.00193	28,91767	+15,89743	A,35049	
175	31,98324	+8,20678	4,35252	-00111	.00029	.00435	31,96211	+8,20649	A,35487	

176	.00000	-.00000	2,91367	.00211	.38	-.00977	27,00211	-.00000	2,9038
177	26,15175	6,71463	2,91367	.00204	.00052	-.00977	26,15179	6,71515	2,90384
178	23,66028	13,00735	2,91367	.00240	.00132	-.01271	23,66268	13,00867	2,90096
179	10,68215	18,48277	2,91367	.00046	.00043	-.00293	19,68261	18,48320	2,91078
180	14,46732	22,79685	2,91367	.00254	.00401	.02199	14,46749	22,79285	2,93566
181	8,34346	25,67853	2,91367	.00196	.00602	.02932	8,34541	25,68455	2,88434
182	1,66530	26,94672	2,91367	.00013	.00211	.00977	1,69521	26,94462	2,92304
183	-9,05930	26,52176	2,91367	.00008	.00041	.00195	-5,05922	26,52134	2,91562
184	-11,49604	24,43033	2,91367	.00049	.00105	.00538	-11,49555	24,42928	2,91905
185	-17,21045	20,80386	2,91367	.00128	.00154	.00929	-17,20917	20,80231	2,92296
186	-21,84346	15,87020	2,91367	.00273	.00198	.01564	-21,84073	15,86822	2,92931
187	-25,10396	9,93936	2,91367	.00108	.00043	.00538	-25,10289	9,93894	2,91904
188	-26,78710	3,38400	2,91367	.00084	.00011	.00391	-26,78626	3,38389	2,91758
189	-26,78710	-3,38399	2,91367	.00324	.00041	.01515	-26,79034	-3,38440	2,89852
190	-25,10397	-9,93936	2,91367	.00471	.00186	.02346	-25,09926	-9,93750	2,93713
191	-21,84346	-15,87020	2,91367	.00512	.00372	.02932	-21,83834	-15,84648	2,94299
192	-17,21045	-20,80385	2,91367	.00215	.00260	.01564	-17,20830	-20,80125	2,92931
193	-11,49604	-24,43033	2,91367	.00040	.00086	.00440	-11,49564	-24,42947	2,91807
194	-5,05930	-26,52176	2,91367	.00059	.00311	.01466	-5,05871	-26,51865	2,92833
195	1,69534	-26,94672	2,91367	.00032	.00505	.02346	1,69502	-26,94167	2,93713
196	8,34345	-25,67853	2,91367	.00244	.00752	.03666	8,34101	-25,67100	2,93033
197	14,46732	-22,79685	2,91367	.00192	.00303	.01662	14,46540	-22,79383	2,93029
198	10,68215	-18,48278	2,91367	.00069	.00065	.00440	19,68284	-18,48343	2,90927
199	23,66028	-13,00736	2,91367	.00656	.00361	.03470	23,66684	-13,01096	2,87897
200	26,15174	-6,71463	2,91367	.00082	.00021	.00391	26,15256	-6,71484	2,90976
201	21,00000	-.00000	1,76259	.00662	.00000	.03945	21,00662	0,00000	1,72314
202	20,34025	5,22249	1,76259	.00136	.00039	.00838	20,34161	5,22284	1,75421
203	18,40244	10,11683	1,76259	.00247	.00136	.01677	18,40491	10,11818	1,74582
204	15,30834	14,37549	1,76259	.00048	.00045	.00394	15,30882	14,37594	1,75865
205	11,25236	17,73089	1,76259	.00009	.00014	.00099	11,25227	17,73075	1,76358
206	6,48936	19,97219	1,76259	.00064	.00197	.01233	6,49000	19,97415	1,75026
207	1,31860	20,95856	1,76259	.00038	.00603	.03600	1,31898	20,96459	1,72459
208	-3,03401	20,62803	1,76259	.00017	.00089	.00542	-3,03484	20,62714	1,76801
209	-8,94136	19,00137	1,76259	.00042	.00090	.00592	-8,94170	19,00227	1,75467
210	-13,38590	16,18078	1,76259	.00063	.00077	.00592	-13,38650	16,18154	1,75447
211	-16,98936	12,34349	1,76259	.00161	.00117	.01183	-16,98775	12,34232	1,77442
212	-19,52511	7,73062	1,76259	.00177	.00070	.01134	-19,52354	7,72992	1,77393
213	-20,83041	2,63200	1,76259	.00156	.00020	.00937	-20,83285	2,63180	1,77196
214	-20,83041	-2,63200	1,76259	.00074	.00009	.00444	-20,83367	-2,63190	1,76703
215	-19,52511	-7,73061	1,76259	.00108	.00043	.00690	-19,52423	-7,73019	1,76949
216	-16,98936	-12,34349	1,76259	.00007	.00003	.00049	-16,98929	-12,34304	1,76308
217	-14,38401	-16,18078	1,76259	.00121	.00147	.00134	-13,38712	-16,18224	1,75129
218	-9,94137	-17,00137	1,76259	.00078	.00165	.00105	-8,94214	-17,00161	1,75174
219	-3,93401	-20,62803	1,76259	.00005	.00024	.00148	-3,93506	-20,62878	1,76111
220	-1,31860	-20,95856	1,76259	.00010	.00165	.00286	-1,31849	-20,95691	1,77249
221	6,48936	-19,97219	1,76259	.00072	.00220	.01381	6,48864	-19,96998	1,77640
222	11,25236	-17,73089	1,76259	.00200	.00315	.02219	11,25435	-17,73403	1,74040
223	15,30834	-14,37549	1,76259	.00018	.00017	.00148	15,30816	-14,37532	1,76407
224	18,40244	-10,11683	1,76259	.00305	.00167	.02071	18,40548	-10,11851	1,74188
225	20,34024	-5,22249	1,76259	.00361	.00093	.02219	20,34385	-5,22342	1,74040

JOINT DEVIATION FROM THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)

JOINT	DEVIATION FROM THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)
1	.01028
2	.02436
3	.07042
4	.02441
5	.00428
6	.01877
7	.00020
8	.01335
9	.03272
10	.01690
11	.00445
12	.04859
13	.01826
14	.02838
15	.00157
16	.00101
17	.00089
18	.00761
19	.02388
20	.02319
21	.00133
22	.00018
23	.02157
24	.02513
25	.00075
26	.02656
27	.01600
28	.01745
29	.00624
30	.04659
31	.01920
32	.00177
33	.01053
34	.01840
35	.01402
36	.00478
37	.02887
38	.03272
39	.04647
40	.00276
41	.00156
42	.01128
43	.00634
44	.01313
45	.01952
46	.00442
47	.00066
48	.01377
49	.00230
50	.00372
51	.00221
52	.00833
53	.00738
54	.00029
55	.02720

56	.00718
57	.00613
58	.01136
59	.05078
60	.00314
61	.04219
62	.03409
63	.01643
64	.04737
65	.00622
66	.01201
67	.01004
68	.00262
69	.01988
70	.02207
71	.00857
72	.00679
73	.01127
74	.00257
75	.01158
76	.00712
77	.00722
78	.00134
79	.00265
80	.01307
81	.00945
82	.01798
83	.03433
84	.04792
85	.00753
86	.03937
87	.03380
88	.00916
89	.03643
90	.01653
91	.00185
92	.01650
93	.00875
94	.02852
95	.04448
96	.01666
97	.00753
98	.00238
99	.00311
100	.00066
101	.00474
102	.01614
103	.00281
104	.00523
105	.02734
106	.00276
107	.02675
108	.03938
109	.03706
110	.00241
111	.02645
112	.00140
113	.01349
114	.04831
115	.00050

116	,00789
117	,02327
118	,00764
119	,03466
120	,02302
121	,02851
122	,03505
123	,01914
124	,02316
125	,01800
126	,01158
127	,01636
128	,00656
129	,01269
130	,03097
131	,00824
132	,02927
133	,00007
134	,03001
135	,00965
136	,02422
137	,00339
138	,01181
139	,04384
140	,00883
141	,00265
142	,01762
143	,01159
144	,02424
145	,01198
146	,03651
147	,05632
148	,00050
149	,01984
150	,00444
151	,02929
152	,01408
153	,00829
154	,00625
155	,01609
156	,00048
157	,04053
158	,02252
159	,01078
160	,00727
161	,01147
162	,00890
163	,02170
164	,02996
165	,00047
166	,00081
167	,01552
168	,00938
169	,03250
170	,01186
171	,03890
172	,03749
173	,00080
174	,01025
175	,00659

X

176	= .01669
177	= .01644
178	= .01611
179	= .00982
180	= .01551
181	= .03924
182	= .00045
183	= .00009
184	= .00691
185	= .00418
186	= .00125
187	= .01051
188	= .01278
189	= .03316
190	= .00718
191	= .01360
192	= .00017
193	= .01098
194	= .00090
195	= .01142
196	= .02662
197	= .00704
198	= .01166
199	= .04425
200	= .01114
201	= .04400
202	= .01186
203	= .02654
204	= .00772
205	= .00157
206	= .00410
207	= .00149
208	= .01425
209	= .01531
210	= .00100
211	= .00069
212	= .00009
213	= .00191
214	= .00732
215	= .00484
216	= .01123
217	= .02292
218	= .02172
219	= .01119
220	= .00149
221	= .00663
222	= .02930
223	= .00195
224	= .02589
225	= .02672

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 24

ANGLE OF ROTATION, AROUND Z AXIS = -.2759470359123+000 RADIAN
OFF AXIS ANGLE, AROUND ROTATED X AXIS = .7484502929341+004 RADIAN
VALUES DX,DY,DZ LOCATE THE VERTEX OF THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID
IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

DX = .02157 INCHES

DY = .02374 INCHES

DZ = .00116 INCHES

FOCAL LENGTH OF BEST FIT PARABOLOID = 62.3226 INCHES

RMS WITH RESPECT TO BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .021219 INCHES

5 DEC 73

4.4.3 Surface Accuracy Test No. 34.4.3.1 Measurement Data

Surface Deviation (Inches)

Radius (in.)	15.0	21.0	27.0	33.0	39.0	45.0	51.0	57.0	63.0	69.0
14.4	.477	.501	.543	.549	.556	.567	.577	.581	.579	
20.3	.482	.497	.532	.507	.516	.545	.556	.573	.488	589
43.2	.477	.490	.512	.519	.544	.557	.585	.594	.569	
57.5	.499	.502	.513	.539	.555	.569	.579	.595	.601	
72.0	.499	.516	.528	.561	.575	.585	.615	.642	.604	
86.4	.500	.465	.504	.508	.537	.570	.548	.581	.594	
100.3	.467	.507	.540	.551	.551	.567	.555	.597	.597	604
113.2	.501	.496	.529	.520	.561	.577	.572	.561	.595	
120.6	.488	.500	.532	.553	.573	.600	.604	.590	.615	
144.0	.491	.507	.523	.515	.536	.547	.556	.570	.581	
156.4	.513	.512	.535	.546	.553	.586	.603	.570	.595	
177.3	.501	.507	.513	.533	.532	.527	.548	.556	.561	
187.2	.510	.510	.509	.534	.554	.565	.558	.562	.619	
201.5	.503	.489	.501	.505	.510	.528	.537	.550	.583	
216.0	.507	.519	.529	.528	.546	.537	.565	.578	.597	
230.4	.499	.514	.519	.530	.550	.560	.569	.571	.588	
244.9	.478	.510	.534	.539	.556	.566	.571	.561	.596	
271.2	.500	.502	.525	.539	.539	.540	.555	.575	.580	
273.4	.499	.524	.555	.554	.571	.571	.581	.579	.611	
288.0	.508	.518	.527	.535	.550	.580	.580	.596	.605	
303.4	.519	.536	.559	.564	.559	.518	.541	.558	.589	
317.3	.485	.526	.563	.575	.575	.554	.543	.572	.595	
331.2	.509	.503	.524	.531	.531	.556	.558	.562	.597	
345.5	.487	.495	.529	.506	.524	.551	.560	.587	.619	
367.0		.486	.509	.512	.521	.518	.548	.546	.582	.589

4.4.3.2 Computer Results

Surface Error: 0.019-inch rms

12/5/73

* PARABOLOID PROGRAM *
* THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES THE BEST-FIT PARABOLOID *
* FROM A GIVEN SET OF DATA POINTS. *

*
* STRUCTURES SECTION *
* RADIATION DIVISION *
* HARRIS INTERTYPE INC. *
* MELBOURNE, FLORIDA *

*
* REVISION DATE OF THIS PROGRAM, AUG-73 *

BEST-FIT PARABOLOID FOR 150 INCH ANTENNA

SURFACE ACCURACY TEST NUMBER 3

JOINT COORDINATES

DEFLECTIONS

DEFLECTED COORDINATES

JOINT #	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z
1	69.00000	-0.00000	19.02878	.03815	.00000	.00916	68.96185	.00000	19.09795
2	66.83224	17.15960	19.02878	.04163	.01069	.07703	66.79060	17.14891	19.10671
3	60.46516	33.24100	19.02878	.02920	.01005	.06642	60.43596	33.22495	19.08980
4	50.29883	47.23375	19.02878	.03556	.03339	.06844	50.26328	47.20036	19.11722
5	36.97205	58.25863	19.02878	.02691	.04241	.09107	36.96513	58.21622	19.11984
6	21.32217	65.62290	19.02878	.01803	.04318	.08231	21.30814	.537972	19.11109
7	4.33255	68.86384	19.02878	.00315	.00013	.09107	4.32839	.68.81371	19.11984
8	-12.92931	67.77782	19.02878	.08860	.00007	.08319	-12.92071	.67.73875	19.11196
9	-29.37877	62.43307	19.02878	.02365	.03026	.10070	-29.35812	.62.38881	19.12948
10	-43.98225	53.16541	19.02878	.02494	.03014	.07093	-43.95732	.53.13927	19.09970
11	-55.82217	40.55718	19.02878	.03712	.02697	.08319	-55.78505	.40.53022	19.11196
12	-64.15458	25.40060	19.02878	.02739	.01005	.05341	-64.12718	.25.38975	19.08219
13	-66.45591	8.64800	19.02878	.03702	.00720	.10420	-66.39889	.8.64080	19.13298
14	-68.45591	-8.64799	19.02878	.03977	.00502	.07268	-68.41614	.-8.64296	19.10145
15	-64.15458	-25.40060	19.02878	.04356	.01723	.08494	-64.11102	.-25.38334	19.11371
16	-55.82218	-40.55717	19.02878	.03438	.02498	.07706	-55.78779	.-40.53219	19.10583
17	-43.98226	-53.16541	19.02878	.02955	.03572	.08406	-43.95271	.-53.12968	19.11284
18	-29.37878	-62.43306	19.02878	.01645	.03496	.07005	-29.36233	.-62.39810	19.09883
19	-12.92932	-67.77782	19.02878	.01005	.09266	.09720	-12.91928	.-67.73916	19.12397
20	-4.33253	-68.86384	19.02878	.00318	.05061	.09194	4.32935	.-68.81323	19.12072
21	21.32216	-65.62290	19.02878	.01328	.04088	.07793	21.30888	.-65.58202	19.10671
22	36.97203	-58.25863	19.02878	.02458	.03874	.08319	36.94745	.-58.21990	19.11196
23	50.29882	-47.23376	19.02878	.03415	.03207	.08494	50.26467	.-47.20169	19.11371
24	60.46515	-33.24102	19.02878	.05036	.02769	.10420	60.41479	.-33.21333	19.13298
25	66.83223	-17.15962	19.02878	.04163	.01069	.07793	66.79060	.-17.14893	19.10671
26	63.00000	-0.00000	15.86331	.03643	.00000	.07234	62.96357	.00000	15.93565
27	61.02074	15.66746	15.86331	.03180	.00817	.06520	60.98894	15.69930	15.92851
28	55.20732	30.35048	15.86331	.03705	.02037	.08396	55.17027	30.33011	15.94726
29	45.92502	43.12647	15.86331	.03115	.02925	.08485	45.89387	43.09722	15.94816
30	33.75709	53.19266	15.86331	.03422	.05193	.12683	33.72266	.53.13873	15.99013
31	19.46807	59.91656	15.86331	.01126	.03465	.07234	19.45681	.59.88191	15.93565
32	3.95580	62.87568	15.86331	.00274	.04354	.08663	3.95306	.62.83214	15.90994
33	-11.80502	61.88410	15.86331	.00514	.02693	.05448	-11.79988	.61.85715	15.91779
34	-26.82409	57.00410	15.86331	.01724	.03663	.08038	-26.80686	.56.96748	15.94369
35	-40.15771	48.54233	15.86331	.02007	.02426	.06252	-40.13764	.48.51808	15.92583
36	-50.96807	37.03047	15.86331	.02547	.01851	.06252	-50.94260	.37.01197	15.92583
37	-58.57592	23.19185	15.86331	.02342	.00927	.05002	-58.55250	.23.18258	15.91333
38	-62.50322	7.89600	15.86331	.02767	.00380	.05537	-62.47596	.7.89250	15.91868
39	-62.50323	-7.89599	15.86331	.02231	.00282	.04466	-62.48091	.-7.89317	15.90797
40	-58.57592	-23.19184	15.86331	.03262	.01291	.06966	-58.54330	.-23.17893	15.93297
41	-50.96807	-37.03046	15.86331	.02584	.01677	.06341	-50.94224	.-37.01169	15.92672
42	-40.15772	-48.54235	15.86331	.01749	.02114	.05448	-40.10023	.-48.52119	15.91779
43	-26.82410	-57.00410	15.86331	.01436	.03092	.06699	-26.80974	.-56.97358	15.93029
44	-11.80503	-61.88409	15.86331	.00666	.03490	.07056	-11.79830	.-61.84919	15.93387
45	3.95579	-62.87568	15.86331	.00271	.04309	.08574	3.95308	.-62.83259	15.94905
46	19.46806	-59.91656	15.86331	.00806	.02481	.05180	19.46000	.-59.89175	15.91511
47	33.75708	-53.19267	15.86331	.01735	.02734	.06431	33.73972	.-53.16532	15.92762
48	45.92501	-43.12648	15.86331	.02033	.01909	.05537	45.90468	.-43.10739	15.91868
49	55.20731	-30.35050	15.86331	.03429	.01885	.07770	55.17302	.-30.33164	15.94101
50	61.02073	-15.66748	15.86331	.03572	.00917	.07324	60.98501	.-15.65831	15.93655
51	57.00000	-0.00000	12.98561	.03193	.00000	.07007	56.96807	.00000	13.05568
52	55.20924	14.17532	12.98561	.02249	.00577	.05096	55.18675	.14.16955	13.03657
53	49.94948	27.45996	12.98561	.03088	.01498	.07735	49.91860	.27.44298	13.06296
54	41.55121	39.01918	12.98561	.02388	.02242	.07189	41.52733	.38.99676	13.05750
55	30.54213	48.12669	12.98561	.02555	.04020	.10465	30.51698	.48.08643	13.09026

56	4	1397	94,21022	12,98561	.00616	.016	.04360	17,64762	84,19639	18,88889
57		7906	94,88752	12,98561	.00143	.02276	.03003	2,27761	24,96876	18,83866
58		+10,68073	55,99037	12,98561	.00559	.02932	.06592	-10,67514	59,96105	13,05113
59		+20,26942	51,57510	12,98561	.01836	.03902	.09464	+24,28106	51,93612	13,08823
60		+36,33317	43,91926	12,98561	.01680	.01789	.05096	+34,31837	43,99137	13,03687
61		+46,11397	33,50376	12,98561	.03455	.02910	.09373	+46,07942	33,07866	13,07934
62		+52,99726	20,98310	12,98561	.01650	.00733	.04368	+52,97875	20,97576	13,02929
63		+56,55054	7,14400	12,98561	.02386	.00301	.05276	+56,92668	7,14098	13,03039
64		+56,55054	+7,14399	12,98561	.01522	.00192	.03367	+56,93532	+7,14207	13,01928
65		+52,99726	+20,98309	12,98561	.02506	.00992	.09915	+52,97220	+20,97317	13,04476
66		+46,11397	+33,50375	12,98561	.02315	.01682	.06279	+46,09063	+33,48694	13,06880
67		+36,33317	+43,91925	12,98561	.01876	.02268	.06461	+36,31441	+43,99687	13,03022
68		+26,26943	+51,57514	12,98561	.00971	.00263	.05009	+24,25972	+51,55450	13,03864
69		+10,68074	+55,99037	12,98561	.00629	.03299	.07371	+10,67485	+53,95738	13,08938
70		3,57905	+56,88752	12,98561	.00208	.0310	.07280	3,37697	+56,85842	13,03841
71		17,61396	+54,21022	12,98561	.00525	.01617	.03731	17,60870	+54,19406	13,02292
72		30,84212	+48,12670	12,98561	.00955	.01505	.03913	30,93256	+48,11148	13,02674
73		41,35120	+39,01919	12,98561	.01753	.01646	.05278	41,93367	+39,00273	13,03639
74		49,94947	+27,45997	12,98561	.02180	.01198	.05460	49,92767	+27,04799	13,04021
75		53,20924	+14,17534	12,98561	.01847	.00474	.04186	55,19076	+14,17960	13,02747
76		\$1,00000	+0,00000	10,39568	.02529	.00000	.06204	30,97871	,00000	10,45773
77		49,39774	12,68318	10,39568	.01645	.00422	.04167	49,38129	12,67896	10,43735
78		44,09164	24,56944	10,39568	.01886	.01037	.05278	44,67278	24,55907	10,44847
79		37,17740	34,91190	10,39568	.01899	.01783	.06389	37,15841	34,89407	10,45958
80		27,32717	43,06072	10,39568	.01719	.02709	.07871	27,30997	43,03363	10,47439
81		15,75987	48,50388	10,39568	.00617	.02513	.06482	15,75170	48,47875	10,46050
82		3,20232	50,89936	10,39568	.00159	.02824	.06204	3,20073	50,87412	10,45771
83		+9,55645	50,09665	10,39568	.00545	.02855	.07130	+9,35100	50,06810	10,46699
84		+21,71474	46,14618	10,39568	.01607	.03416	.09260	+21,69867	46,11202	10,48828
85		+32,50862	39,29618	10,39568	.01131	.01367	.04352	+32,49731	39,28250	10,43921
86		+41,25986	29,97705	10,39568	.02627	.01908	.07964	+41,23360	29,95797	10,47532
87		+47,41860	18,77436	10,39568	.00948	.00375	.02500	+47,40912	18,77060	10,42069
88		+50,59785	6,39200	10,39568	.02434	.00308	.06019	+50,57350	6,38892	10,45587
89		+50,59785	+6,39199	10,39568	.01049	.00132	.02593	+50,58736	+6,39066	10,42161
90		+47,41860	+18,77435	10,39568	.01299	.00514	.03426	+47,40562	+18,76920	10,42995
91		+41,25987	+29,97704	10,39568	.01832	.01331	.05556	+41,24153	+29,96373	10,45124
92		+32,50863	+39,29617	10,39568	.01588	.01920	.06112	+38,49275	+39,27697	10,45680
93		+21,71475	+86,14618	10,39568	.00643	.01366	.03704	+21,70832	-46,13251	10,43272
94		+9,55646	+50,09665	10,39568	.00502	.02633	.06375	+9,53143	+50,07032	10,46143
95		3,20231	+50,89936	10,39568	.00190	.03014	.07408	3,20041	+50,86922	10,46970
96		15,75986	+48,50389	10,39568	.00210	.00646	.01667	15,75776	+48,49742	10,41235
97		27,32716	+43,06073	10,39568	.01092	.01721	.05000	27,31623	+43,04352	10,44569
98		37,17739	+34,91191	10,39568	.01541	.01447	.05186	37,16198	+34,89744	10,44754
99		44,69163	+24,56945	10,39568	.01687	.00928	.04723	40,67676	+24,56017	10,44291
100		49,39774	+12,68320	10,39568	.01755	.00451	.04445	89,38019	+12,67869	10,44013
101		45,00000	+0,00000	8,09353	.01893	.00000	.05269	44,98105	,00000	8,14622
102		43,58624	11,19104	8,09353	.00525	.00135	.01506	43,58100	11,18970	8,10858
103		39,43380	21,67891	8,09353	.01305	.00717	.04140	39,42075	21,67174	8,13493
104		32,80359	30,80462	8,09353	.01357	.01274	.05175	32,79002	30,79188	8,18528
105		24,11221	37,99476	8,09353	.01360	.02143	.07037	24,99860	37,97332	8,18410
106		13,90577	82,79754	8,09353	.00387	.01191	.03482	13,90190	42,78563	8,12834
107		2,82557	44,91120	8,09353	.00108	.01723	.04799	2,82449	44,89397	8,14151
108		+8,43216	44,20293	8,09353	.00387	.02028	.05740	+8,42829	44,18264	8,15092
109		+19,16007	40,71722	8,09353	.01052	.02236	.06869	+19,18955	40,64486	8,16222
110		+28,68408	34,67310	8,09353	.00777	.00939	.03388	+28,67631	34,66371	8,12740
111		+36,40576	26,45034	8,09353	.01451	.01054	.04987	+36,39125	26,03979	8,14340
112		+41,83994	16,56561	8,09353	.01007	.00399	.03011	+41,82987	16,56162	8,12364
113		+44,64516	5,64000	8,09353	.01813	.00229	.05081	+44,62703	5,63771	8,14434
114		+44,64516	+5,63999	8,09353	.00336	.00042	.00941	+44,64180	+5,63957	8,10293
115		+41,83994	+16,56560	8,09353	.01448	.00573	.04328	+41,82547	+16,55987	8,13681

116	-3	40577	-26,45033	8,09353	.01369	.000	.04705	-26,39200	-26,44636	8,16857
117	-4	8008	-24,67309	8,09353	.01298	.000	.05269	-24,67200	-24,65827	8,16822
118	-19	16007	-20,71721	8,09353	.00962	.01364	.03670	-19,15445	-20,70527	8,13022
119	-8	43217	-24,20292	8,09353	.00450	.02361	.06681	-8,42766	-44,17932	8,16033
120	2	82856	-24,91120	8,09353	.00196	.01199	.04705	-2,82450	-44,99431	8,14057
121	33	90576	-22,74735	8,09353	.00617	.000	.05528	13,89958	-22,77855	8,14904
122	24	11220	-37,99476	8,09353	.01360	.02143	.07037	24,09859	-37,97333	8,16410
123	32	80356	-30,80463	8,09353	.00745	.00710	.02917	24,79213	-30,77446	8,18870
124	39	43379	-21,67893	8,09353	.00712	.00591	.02398	39,48660	-31,67801	8,11611
125	43	58624	-11,19106	8,09353	.00590	.00132	.01694	43,58034	-11,15934	8,11046
126	39	00000	-,00000	6,07914	.01458	.00090	.04678	38,98542	.00000	6,12892
127	37	77474	9,69891	6,07914	.00202	.00032	.00668	37,77273	9,69839	6,08852
128	34	17596	18,78839	6,07914	.00496	.00028	.01814	38,17100	18,78867	6,09738
129	28	82978	86,49734	6,07914	.00046	.00008	.03783	28,48132	26,08930	6,11637
130	20	89724	32,92879	6,07914	.00973	.01933	.05024	20,88792	32,91346	6,13737
131	12	05166	37,09120	6,07914	.00074	.00226	.00764	12,05093	37,08894	6,08677
132	2	44883	38,92304	6,07914	.00095	.01335	.04869	2,44788	38,90789	6,12763
133	-7	30767	38,30920	6,07914	.00112	.00509	.01909	-7,30676	38,30336	6,09023
134	-16	60939	35,28825	6,07914	.00672	.01427	.09060	-16,59868	38,27398	6,12973
135	-24	65953	30,05002	6,07914	.00285	.00344	.01432	-24,65669	30,04658	6,09346
136	-31	55166	22,92363	6,07914	.01108	.00005	.04392	-31,34059	22,91596	6,12303
137	-36	26128	14,35686	6,07914	.00913	.00362	.03150	-36,25213	14,35384	6,11064
138	-38	69247	4,88800	6,07914	.01004	.00127	.03246	-38,68243	4,86673	6,11160
139	-38	69247	4,88799	6,07914	.00148	.00019	.00477	-38,69100	4,88781	6,08391
140	-36	26128	-14,35685	6,07914	.00773	.00307	.08673	-36,25334	-14,33379	6,10887
141	-31	33167	-22,92362	6,07914	.09722	.00981	.02864	-31,58444	-22,91837	6,10770
142	-24	85954	-30,05001	6,07914	.00740	.00894	.03723	-24,85214	-30,04107	6,11637
143	-16	60540	-35,28825	6,07914	.00494	.01030	.03723	-16,60046	-35,27775	6,11637
144	-7	30788	-38,30920	6,07914	.00301	.01579	.09155	-7,30487	-38,29341	6,13069
145	2	44882	-38,92304	6,07914	.00065	.01060	.03341	2,44817	-38,91269	6,11255
146	12	05165	-37,09121	6,07914	.00589	.01612	.06110	12,04577	-37,07309	6,14024
147	20	89724	-32,92879	6,07914	.01196	.01661	.07160	20,88528	-32,90995	6,13074
148	28	42977	-26,69734	6,07914	.00673	.00632	.02960	28,42304	-26,69103	6,10673
149	34	17596	-18,78840	6,07914	.00156	.00086	.00573	34,17439	-18,78754	6,08486
150	37	77474	9,69892	6,07914	.00605	.00155	.02005	37,76869	-9,69736	6,09919
151	33	00000	-,00000	4,35252	.01097	.00000	.04150	32,98903	.00000	4,39810
152	31	96324	8,20677	4,35252	.00791	.00203	.03094	31,95534	8,20474	4,38346
153	28	91812	15,89787	4,35252	.00268	.00167	.01160	20,91544	15,89640	4,36412
154	24	05596	22,59005	4,35252	.00242	.00227	.01257	24,05355	22,58778	4,36509
155	17	68228	27,86282	4,35252	.00383	.00603	.02707	17,67806	27,85679	4,37959
156	10	19756	31,38487	4,35252	.00032	.00007	.00387	10,19725	31,38389	4,39639
157	2	07209	32,93488	4,35252	.00064	.01018	.03668	2,07145	32,92470	4,39119
158	-6	18358	32,41548	4,35252	.00139	.00727	.02804	-6,18220	32,40821	4,38056
159	-14	05072	29,85929	4,35252	.00348	.00739	.03094	-14,04724	29,89191	4,38346
160	-21	03499	25,42694	4,35252	.00374	.00452	.02224	-21,03125	25,42242	4,37476
161	-26	69756	19,39691	4,35252	.00722	.00529	.03384	-26,69034	19,39167	4,38636
162	-30	68262	12,14811	4,35252	.00308	.00122	.01257	-30,67954	12,14689	4,36509
163	-32	73978	4,13600	4,35252	.00228	.00029	.00870	-32,73751	4,13571	4,36122
164	-32	73979	-4,13599	4,35252	.00025	.00003	.00097	-32,73953	-4,13996	4,38348
165	-30	68263	-12,14811	4,35252	.00688	.00273	.08804	-30,67975	-12,14838	4,38056
166	-26	69756	-19,39691	4,35252	.00392	.00209	.01837	-26,69364	-19,39406	4,37089
167	-21	03500	-25,42693	4,35252	.00553	.00648	.03288	-21,02947	-25,42025	4,38539
168	-14	05072	-29,85929	4,35252	.00272	.00577	.02417	-18,04801	-29,85352	4,37669
169	-6	18359	-32,41548	4,35252	.00263	.01378	.03518	-6,18096	-32,40170	4,380570
170	2	07208	-32,93488	4,35252	.00043	.00687	.02611	2,07165	-32,92801	4,37862
171	10	19755	-31,38487	4,35252	.00465	.01431	.09705	10,19290	-31,37055	4,39937
172	17	68228	-27,86283	4,35252	.00861	.01357	.06092	17,67367	-27,84926	4,81343
173	24	05596	-22,59006	4,35252	.00046	.00419	.02321	24,05180	-22,59987	4,37572
174	28	91812	-15,89788	4,35252	.00648	.00396	.02804	28,91163	-15,89432	4,38036
175	31	96324	-8,20678	4,35252	.00296	.00076	.01160	31,96028	-8,20601	4,36412

176	2	0000	6,00000	2,91367	-.00021	.00	,00000	26,99979	,00000	6,91463
177	3	8175	6,71863	2,91367	,00061	,000	,00293	26,19239	,0,71670	6,91463
178	23	66028	13,00738	2,91367	,00189	,00102	,00077	23,66213	13,00837	2,90380
179	19	66215	16,46277	2,91367	,00031	,00029	,00195	19,66189	16,46246	2,91562
180	14	46732	22,79609	2,91367	,00181	,00205	,01564	14,46951	22,79600	2,90931
181	6	36346	26,67853	2,91367	,00228	,00702	,03421	,0,36974	23,66855	2,87946
182	1	69534	26,90672	2,91367	,00009	,00147	,00684	,1,69529	26,94585	2,92051
183	-5	05930	26,52176	2,91367	,00016	,00083	,00391	,0,05945	26,52289	2,90976
184	-11	49604	24,43033	2,91367	,00000	,00000	,00000	-11,49604	24,43033	2,91367
185	-17	21045	20,80386	2,91367	,00094	,00114	,00684	-17,20951	20,80272	2,92051
186	-21	84346	15,87020	2,91367	,00205	,00149	,01173	-21,84141	19,86871	2,92540
187	-25	10396	9,93936	2,91367	,00137	,00054	,00684	-25,10259	9,93802	2,98081
188	-36	78710	3,38400	2,91367	,00209	,0,0086	,00977	-26,78500	3,38374	2,92344
189	-26	78710	-3,38399	2,91367	,00230	,00029	,01075	-26,78440	-3,38429	2,90292
190	-25	10397	-9,93936	2,91367	,00373	,00148	,01857	-23,10024	-9,93788	2,93224
191	-21	84346	-15,87020	2,91367	,00239	,00174	,01368	-21,84107	-15,86846	2,92735
192	-17	21045	-20,80385	2,91367	,00134	,00163	,00977	-17,20911	-20,80223	2,92344
193	-11	49604	-24,43033	2,91367	,00018	,00038	,00195	-11,49587	-24,42995	2,91562
194	-5	05930	-26,52176	2,91367	,00095	,00497	,02346	,0,05835	-26,51678	2,93713
195	1	69534	-26,94672	2,91367	,00024	,00379	,01759	,1,69510	-26,94293	2,93126
196	8	36345	-25,67853	2,91367	,00235	,00722	,03519	,8,34111	-25,67130	2,94886
197	14	46732	-22,79686	2,91367	,00294	,00463	,02541	,14,46438	-22,79223	2,93908
198	19	66215	-18,46278	2,91367	,00046	,00043	,00293	,19,66169	-18,46234	2,91660
199	23	66028	-13,00736	2,91367	,00092	,00051	,00489	23,66120	-13,00786	2,90878
200	26	15174	-6,71463	2,91367	,00184	,00047	,00880	26,14990	-6,71416	2,92247
201	21	00000	-6,00000	1,76259	,00381	,00000	,02268	21,00381	,00000	1,73991
202	20	34025	5,22249	1,76259	,00289	,00074	,01775	20,34313	5,22233	1,74484
203	16	40244	10,11683	1,76259	,00334	,00183	,02268	18,40578	10,11866	1,73991
204	15	30834	14,37549	1,76259	,00012	,00011	,00099	15,30846	14,37560	1,76160
205	11	25236	17,73089	1,76259	,00009	,00014	,00099	11,25245	17,73103	1,76160
206	6	48936	19,97219	1,76259	,00000	,00000	,00000	,6,48936	19,97219	1,76259
207	1	31860	20,95856	1,76259	,00034	,00545	,03254	,1,31894	20,96401	1,73005
208	-3	93501	20,62803	1,76259	,00003	,00016	,00099	-3,93498	20,62787	1,76358
209	-8	94136	19,00137	1,76259	,00085	,00180	,01183	-8,94221	19,00317	1,75076
210	-13	38590	16,18078	1,76259	,00095	,00115	,00888	-13,38685	16,18193	1,75371
211	-16	98936	12,34349	1,76259	,00174	,00126	,01282	-16,98761	12,34223	1,77541
212	-19	52531	7,73062	1,76259	,00015	,00006	,00099	-19,52515	7,73056	1,76358
213	-20	83441	2,63200	1,76259	,00164	,00021	,00986	-20,83277	2,63179	1,77245
214	-20	83441	-2,63200	1,76259	,00049	,00006	,00296	-20,83392	-2,63193	1,76355
215	-19	52531	-7,73061	1,76259	,00108	,00043	,00690	-19,52423	-7,73019	1,76949
216	-16	98936	-12,34349	1,76259	,00013	,00010	,00099	-16,98849	-12,34359	1,76160
217	-13	38591	-16,18078	1,76259	,00232	,00261	,02170	-13,38823	-16,18358	1,74089
218	-8	94137	-19,00137	1,76259	,00000	,00000	,00000	-8,94137	-19,00137	1,76259
219	-3	93501	-20,62803	1,76259	,00003	,00016	,00099	-3,93504	-20,62819	1,76160
220	1	31860	-20,95856	1,76259	,00008	,00132	,00789	,1,31851	-20,95724	1,77048
221	6	48935	-19,97219	1,76259	,00097	,00299	,01874	,6,48838	-19,96920	1,78133
222	11	25236	-17,73089	1,76259	,00133	,00210	,01479	,11,25369	-17,73299	1,74780
223	15	30834	-14,37549	1,76259	,00109	,00102	,00888	,15,30725	-14,37447	1,77147
224	18	40244	-10,11683	1,76259	,00189	,00104	,01282	,18,40432	-10,11787	1,78977
225	20	34024	5,22249	1,76259	,00224	,00058	,01581	20,34249	,0,22307	1,74878

JOINT DEVIATION FROM THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID (INCHES)

1	+.02685
2	+.01741
3	+.04173
4	+.00601
5	+.00276
6	+.01369
7	+.00112
8	+.00969
9	.01536
10	+.02097
11	+.00226
12	+.03842
13	.03048
14	+.00846
15	.00934
16	.00023
17	.00993
18	+.00854
19	.02609
20	.01779
21	+.00256
22	.00189
23	.00152
24	.02393
25	+.01303
26	+.00490
27	+.01506
28	.00761
29	.00826
30	.06086
31	+.00708
32	.01162
33	+.02757
34	.00634
35	-.01446
36	-.01275
37	-.02674
38	-.01842
39	-.03051
40	-.00196
41	-.00520
42	-.01615
43	-.00061
44	.00328
45	.02139
46	-.02258
47	-.00843
48	-.02134
49	.00496
50	-.00230
51	.00832
52	-.01535
53	.01615
54	-.00939
55	.04902

56	.00034
57	.01616
58	.00320
59	.03919
60	.01270
61	.03992
62	.01968
63	.00785
64	.03028
65	.00105
66	.00575
67	.00001
68	.00077
69	.01844
70	.01674
71	.02695
72	.02562
73	.01004
74	.00877
75	.02503
76	.01320
77	.01068
78	.00226
79	.01527
80	.03269
81	.01670
82	.01373
83	.02484
84	.05002
85	.00690
86	.03557
87	.02791
88	.01341
89	.02643
90	.01661
91	.00827
92	.01467
93	.01362
94	.01966
95	.02908
96	.03830
97	.00027
98	.00208
99	.00363
100	.00714
101	.01540
102	.02690
103	.00308
104	.01498
105	.03682
106	.00381
107	.01116
108	.02184
109	.03459
110	.00481
111	.01316
112	.00932
113	.01390
114	.03311
115	.00495

117 .01882
118 -.00303
119 .03089
120 .00846
121 .01800
122 .03504
123 -.01169
124 -.01900
125 -.02521
126 .02018
127 -.02539
128 -.01043
129 .01082
130 .03408
131 -.02134
132 .02368
133 -.00892
134 .02541
135 -.01473
136 .01736
137 .00330
138 .00390
139 -.02693
140 -.00323
141 -.00147
142 .00771
143 .00796
144 .02324
145 .00339
146 .03396
147 .00576
148 .00000
149 -.02579
150 .00961
151 .02028
152 .01344
153 -.00678
154 .00940
155 .01032
156 -.01444
157 .02270
158 .01109
159 .01383
160 .00404
161 .01591
162 .00745
163 -.01219
164 .02103
165 .00745
166 .00330
167 .01193
168 .00250
169 .03356
170 .00473
171 .03815
172 .04270
173 .00285
174 .00860
175 -.00838

176	-0.01021
177	-0.01374
178	-0.02043
179	-0.00781
180	.00671
181	-0.04342
182	-0.00236
183	-0.01412
184	-0.01044
185	-0.00380
186	.00071
187	-0.00504
188	-0.00861
189	-0.02670
190	.00530
191	-0.00003
192	-0.00439
193	-0.01270
194	.00987
195	-0.00392
196	.02269
197	.01292
198	-0.01006
199	-0.01762
200	-0.00265
201	-0.02733
202	-0.02195
203	-0.02659
204	-0.00398
205	-0.00381
206	-0.00278
207	-0.03637
208	-0.00216
209	-0.01574
210	-0.01319
211	.00856
212	-0.00420
213	.00434
214	-0.00330
215	.00029
216	-0.00819
217	-0.02473
218	-0.00751
219	-0.00847
220	.00086
221	.01235
222	-0.02170
223	.00317
224	-0.01856
225	-0.01696

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 14

ANGLE OF ROTATION, ABOUT Z AXIS = -0.5327839209143+000 RADIANS
 OFF AXIS ANGLE, ABOUT ROTATED X AXIS = .1934408837911+002 RADIANS
 VALUES DX,DY,DZ LOCATE THE VERTEX OF THE BEST FIT PARABOLOID
 IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

DY = .25765 INCHES

DZ = -.00591 INCHES

FOCAL LENGTH OF BEST FIT PARABOLOID = 62.1693 INCHES

RMS WITH RESPECT TO BEST FIT PARABOLOID = .018856 INCHES

TEST EQUIPMENT

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model No.</u>	<u>Serial No.</u>	<u>Cal. Exp.</u>	<u>Date</u>
Starrett	25-441			4-29-74

COMMENTS:

* Approved all except 4.4.3 Test Number 3 (Results not available)

<u>TEST ENGINEER</u>	<u>DATE</u>
<u>QUALITY CONTROL</u>	<u>DATE</u>
<u>*CUSTOMER REP.</u>	<u>DATE</u>
<u>DCAS REP.</u>	<u>DATE</u>

5.0 RF EVALUATION TEST

5.1 Test Objective

The purpose of this test is to evaluate the RF performance of the 12.5-foot diameter deployable antenna. This is done in three separate procedures. First, the gain of the deployable antenna with a feed installed is compared with the gain of the same feed in a standard solid metal parabola with a known and relatively small surface tolerance and the same diameter and focal length. Second, a feed with a known phase center is placed at the designed focal point of the parabola, and the gain difference is measured between this feed position and the feed position obtained by electrical testing. Third, the far field radiation patterns of the dish are measured and compared with the far field radiation patterns of the standard parabola. These three measurements are performed at 15 GHz.

5.2 Instrumentation

The model deployable antenna and standard antenna are mounted back-to-back 15 feet above ground on a pedestal which may be remotely adjusted in azimuth and elevation.

For a given test frequency, the three types of measurements, gain comparison, focusing, and patterns can be performed with a single set of test equipment. The list of equipment to be used is shown below:

<u>Function</u>	<u>15.0 GHz</u>
Signal Generator	HP-628A
Source Feed	Radiation
Transmit Reflector	Andrews 6 foot
Mixer	SA-13A-12
Receiver	SA-1600
Pattern Recorder	SA-1540
Precision Attenuator	HP-P382A
Frequency Meter	PRD 536
Reference Antenna	(Advanced) Structures/12 feet

5.3

Gain Comparison Test

The objective of this test is: 1) to determine the rms surface error of the model deployable parabola, and 2) to compare the gain of the entire deployable antenna assembly with the predicted gain of the reference antenna. Both measurements are based upon the measured gain difference between the deployable antenna assembly and a reference antenna assembly. The reference antenna has an accurate surface (0.007 inch rms) so that the loss due to surface phase error is small and accurately known. The reference antenna feed is supported in such a way that its primary blockage is zero and its secondary blockage is minimal. This feed support configuration allows the reference antenna gain to be accurately calculated so that it serves as a gain standard for gain measurements on the deployable antenna assembly. The deployable antenna is tested with the complete feed cone, midrib restraint assembly, and feed support in position, hence, fully representing an operational state.

5.3.1 Surface Accuracy Measurement by Relative RF Gain

The secondary gain of a paraboloidal antenna is degraded by surface error in the shape of the reflector. When the errors have a Gaussian distribution and a correlation interval which is large with respect to a wavelength, the loss due to surface error is:

$$\eta_{\phi s} = e^{-\left[\frac{4\pi\epsilon}{\lambda}\right]^2}$$

Solving for ϵ :

$$\epsilon = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi} (-\log \eta_{\phi s})^{1/2} , \text{ or}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.23 \frac{\lambda}{4\pi} (-10 \log \eta_{\phi s})^{1/2}$$

The surface phase error $\eta_{\phi s}$ is isolated and measured to compute G. This error is determined by measuring the difference in gain between the deployable antenna and the reference antenna. This difference in gain is modified by measured or predicted values for all other differences between the two antennas other than surface error. This gives an rms surface error (in inches) of:

$$\epsilon = 0.0144 \left[|\Delta G| + \sum_{k=1}^n (10 \log \eta_k) \right]^{1/2}$$

when $f = 15 \text{ GHz}$

The factors η_k are given below.

<u>k</u>	<u>Factor</u>	<u>$10 \log \eta_k$</u>
1.	Diameter Difference	+0.35 dB
2.	Ogive Blockage	-0.45
3.	Midrib Restraint Assembly	-0.60 dB
4.	Scalloped Area Loss	-0.45
5.	Mesh Loss	-0.30 dB
6.	Reference Reflector Feed Support Blockage	+0.05
7.	Deployable Reflector Center Blockage	-0.55 dB
8.	Reference Reflector rms	+0.05 dB
$\sum 10 \log \eta_k$		-1.9 dB

The derivation of the above terms is given in detail below.

1. Diameter Difference

$$= 10 \log \left[\frac{(12.5 \text{ feet})}{(12.0 \text{ feet})} \right]^2 = +0.35 \text{ dB.}$$

2. Ogive Blockage

= -0.45 dB by substitution measurements in the standard reflector.

3. Midrib Restraint Assembly Blockage

= -0.6 dB by substitution measurements in the standard reflector.

4. Scalloped Area Loss

= $10 \log (1 - 0.10) = -0.45$ by computation from measured geometry of mesh intercostal.

5. Mesh Loss

= -0.3 from measured flat panel tests.

6. Reference Reflector Feed Support Blockage

= +0.05 dB from calculation similar to 7.0 below.

7. Center Blockage of Deployable

$$\text{loss} = 10 \log \left[1 - \frac{(A_{\text{center}})}{(A_{\text{reflector}})} \left\{ \frac{(1)}{(\eta_{\text{at}})} \right\}^2 \right]^2$$

loss = -0.55 dB

8. Reference Reflector rms

$\epsilon = 0.007 \text{ in. rms}$

$$= \left[\frac{4\pi\epsilon}{\lambda} \right]^2$$

the rms loss = $10 \log e$

= +0.05 dB

5.3.2

Determination of Relative Gain

The gain of the deployable antenna assembly with representative feed in place is determined by comparison with the reference reflector. The gain of the reference antenna may be predicted accurately because the normal losses due to surface error and primary blockage are small in this case. This makes it a good standard for measurement of absolute gain. Because it is about the same size as the deployable antenna, ground reflections have a negligible effect on a gain comparison measurement between the two antennas.

The following table lists the factors used to compute the gain of the reference reflector.

<u>Factor</u>	<u>-10 log η</u>
$\eta_{\text{sp}} \eta_{\text{at}}$	1.5
η_b	0.05

<u>Factor</u>	<u>-10 log η</u>
η_ϕ	0.1
$\eta_{\phi s}$	0.0
η_{xs}	0.1
η_T	1.75
$G = 10 \log \left[\eta_T \left(\frac{4\pi A}{\lambda^2} \right)^2 \right]$	

The gain of the deployable by this method is the measured value of ΔG from Paragraph 5.3.5, subtracted from this reference reflector gain.

$$G_{\text{deployable}} = G_{\text{standard}} - \Delta G$$

$$= 53.4 - 2.5 \text{ dB}$$

$$G_{\text{deployable}} = 50.9 \text{ dB}$$

This is the gain by comparison to the computed gain of the reference reflector in 1 G gravity. The on orbit gain is greater because the surface accuracy is a more accurate paraboloid on orbit where the distortions of gravity are not a factor.

5.3.3 Measurement Technique

The antenna feed for both the deployable antenna assembly and the reference antenna is a flared horn designed for equal 10 dB edge tapered illumination over the entire circumference of the reflector. Figures 5.3.3-1 and 5.3.3-2 are E- and H- plane cuts through this pattern. This feed is representative of the feed which would be used in a flight application. The same feed, reflection isolator, and mixer, and mixer-receiver cable are used in both reflector assemblies, so that no variations in these components affect the accuracy of the gain comparison. The reflection isolator absorbs power reflected from the mixer so that it is not reradiated by the feed horn. This eliminates the possibility that feed VSWR due to vertex reflections might interact with the VSWR of the mixer.

Each of the two reflectors has its own three-dimensional focusing adjustment mechanism with a mounting interface for the feed horn-isolator-mixer assembly. The feed is focused in each reflector axially for minimum null depths and radially for equal side lobes. The feed may then be substituted from one reflector to the other in minimum time. This substitution

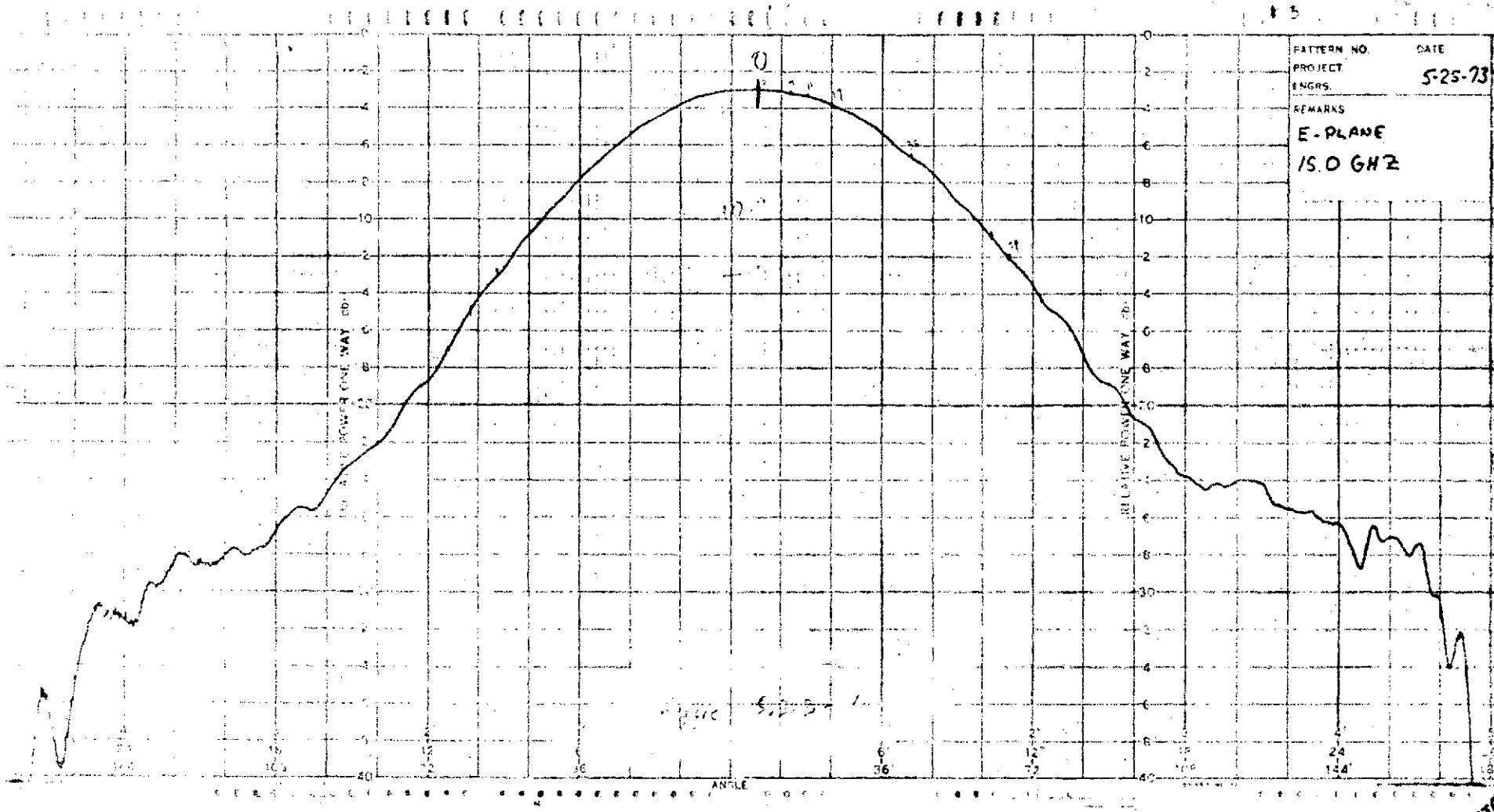


Figure 5.3.3-1

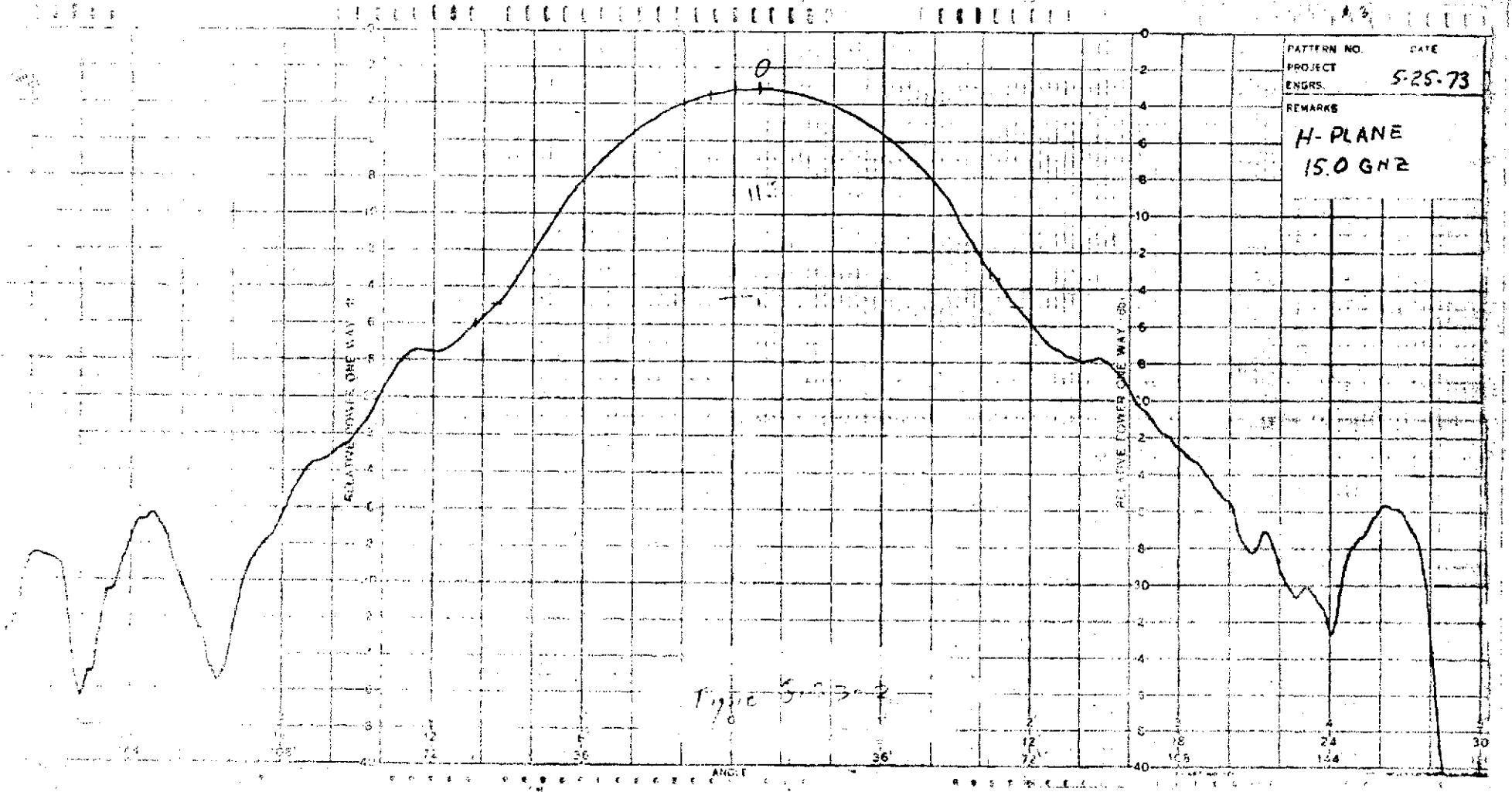


Figure 5.3.3-2.

is done five times; each time the peak of the antenna beam is pointed at the boresight source. A rotary vane precision attenuator is used as a standard against which to measure the difference in received power levels. The range geometry is shown in Figure 5.3.3-3.

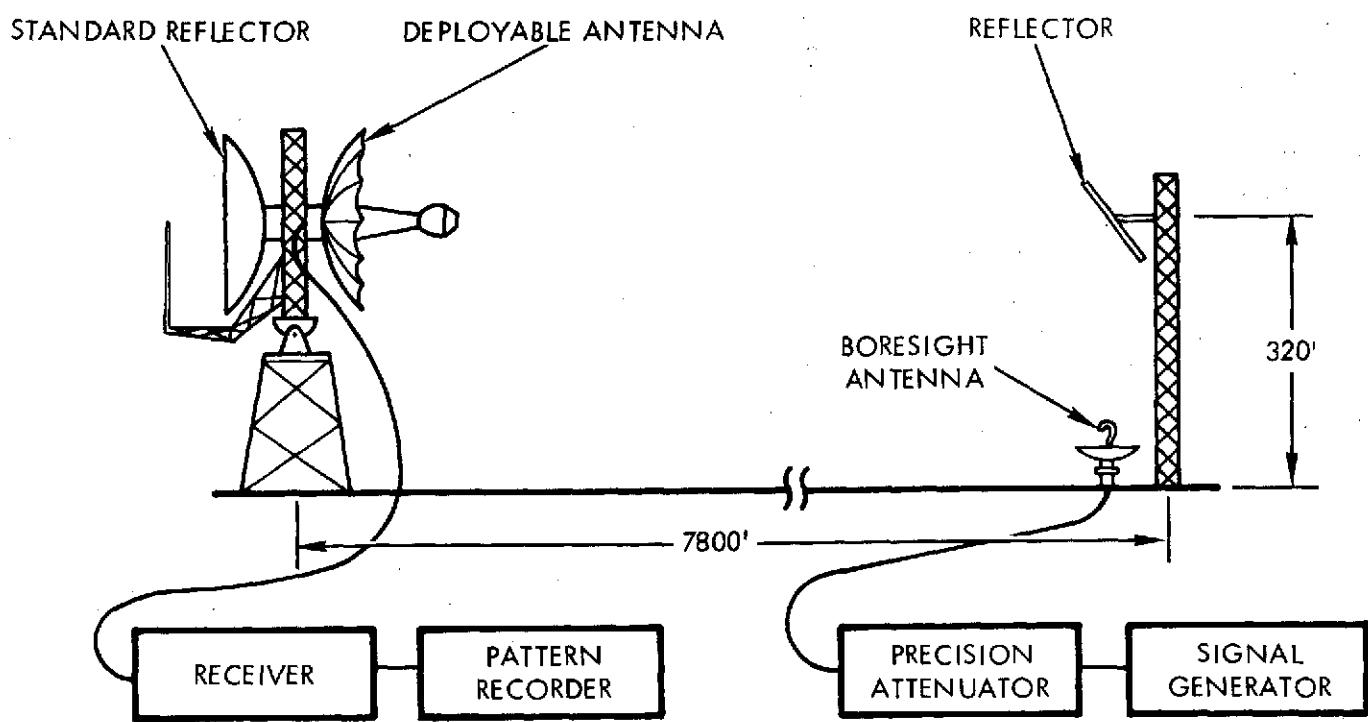
5.3.4 Test Procedures

The following procedure will be used to measure delta gain, ΔG .

1. With the measure configuration shown in Figure 5.3.2, set approximately 3 dB of attenuation in the precision attenuator. Orient the boresight antenna to the vertical polarization position.
2. Set the generator at 15.0 GHz.
3. Focus both antennas for maximum gain.
4. With the waveguide horn feed in the deployable reflector, orient the antenna so that the peak of the main beam is aligned on boresight.
5. Establish a reference level of the antenna output signal on the pattern recorder.
6. Remove the waveguide horn feed and install the feed in the standard reflector.
7. Orient the antenna so that the peak of the main beam is aligned on boresight.
8. Establish a reference level of the antenna output signal on the pattern recorder.
9. Adjust the precision attenuator until the two reference levels are coincident.
10. The amount of attenuation change in the precision attenuator is ΔG .
11. Repeat this procedure until three measurements of ΔG are recorded.

5.3.5 Test Record

<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>	<u>15.0</u>
$+ \sum_{k=1}^N 10 \log \eta_k$	-1.90
ΔG_1	2.41



86324-1A

Figure 5.3.3-3. Measurement Configuration

<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>	<u>15.0</u>
ΔG_2	2.58
ΔG_3	2.45
ΔG_4	2.53
ΔG_5	<u>2.50</u>
$\Delta G_{\text{average}}$	2.49
$-10 \log \eta_{\phi s}$	0.60 dB
ϵ	0.011 inch rms

5.3.6 Error Analysis

The accuracy of the terms $\sum 10 \log \eta_k$ and ΔG above determine the accuracy of the measured value of ϵ . The most probable value of $\eta_{\phi s}$ based on estimates of the accuracy of the individual terms η_k and ΔG is as follows:

<u>K</u>	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Accuracy</u>
1.	Diameter Difference	± 0.0 dB
2.	Ogive Blockage	± 0.15
3.	Midrib Restraint Assembly	± 0.20
4.	Scalloped Area Loss	± 0.0
5.	Mesh Loss	± 0.10
6.	Reference Reflector Feed Support Blockage	± 0.05
7.	Deployable Reflector Center Blockage	± 0.15
8.	Reference Reflector rms	± 0.0
	Measured value of ΔG	± 0.15 dB

The square root of the sum of the squares of the above values is 0.35 dB. The most probable value of surface phase loss then lies in the range of 0.60 ± 0.35 dB.

This corresponds to rms surface accuracies from 0.007 to 0.014 inches based on the use of Ruze's equation for the calculation. It should be noted, however, that it is widely recognized that this equation is typically pessimistic for calculation loss from rms surface accuracy. Comparisons between calculations made using ray tracing pattern computing programs and the use of Ruze's equation often show loss factors of two to three times less with the ray tracing technique. Therefore, if compensations are made in proportion to these factors, then the calculated rms surface error based on RF measurements is more consistent with the 0.025 inch rms measured in the program.

5.4 Focusing Accuracy Test

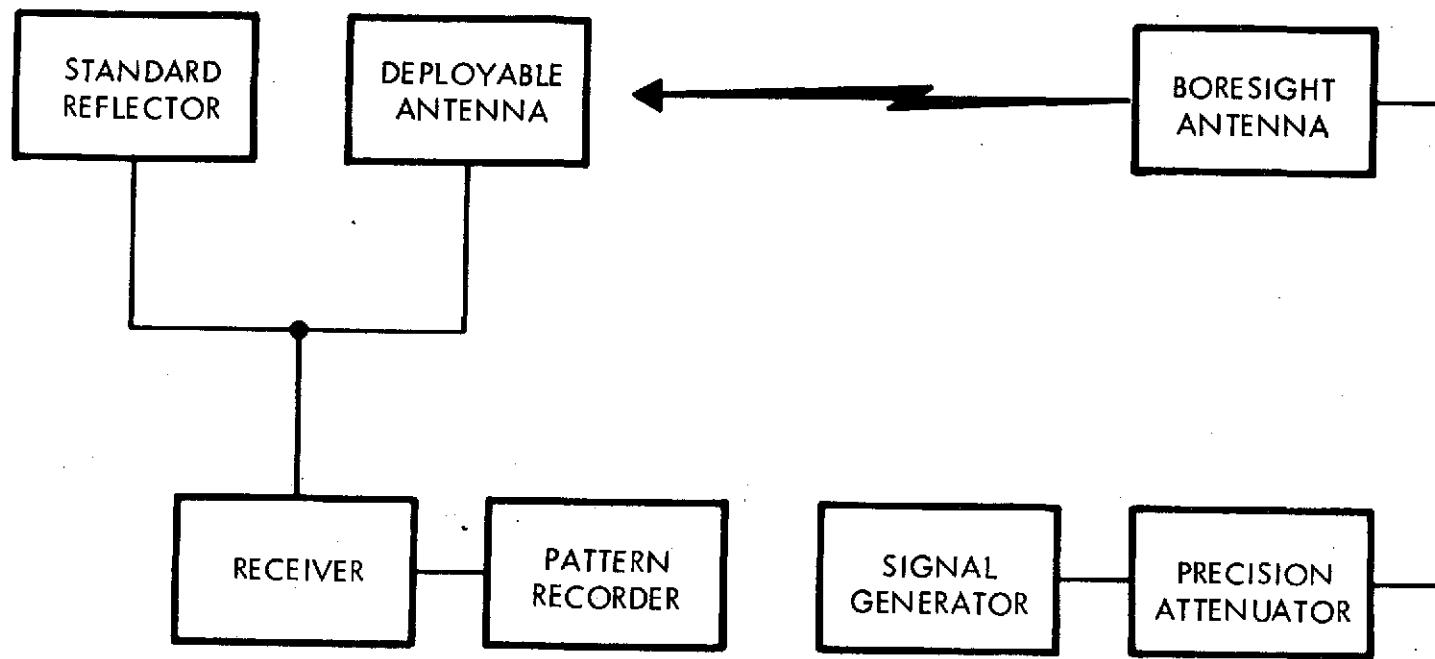
5.4.1 Test Method

This measurement determines how much gain loss the model deployable antenna suffers due to uncertainty about the location of its focal point. The technique is to locate the feed at the predicted focal point of the deployable antenna and make a gain measurement, using the standard parabola as a reference. Then the feed is focused electrically for deepest nulls and best side-lobe balance. A second gain measurement is made at this point. The gain increase is a measure of the inaccuracy in phase center location and its effect on the antenna's performance. A block diagram of the test configuration is shown in Figure 5.4.1-1. The procedure used to locate the predicted best fit focal point of the parabola is shown in Figure 5.4.1-2. The location of the best electrical focus as determined by running patterns and focusing for best nulls and the location of the best fit paraboloid focal point as computed for best rms surface error are shown in Figure A-7 in the Appendix.

5.4.2 Test Procedure

The following test procedure is used to evaluate the feasibility of positioning the feed at the analytically determined focal point of the deployable antenna.

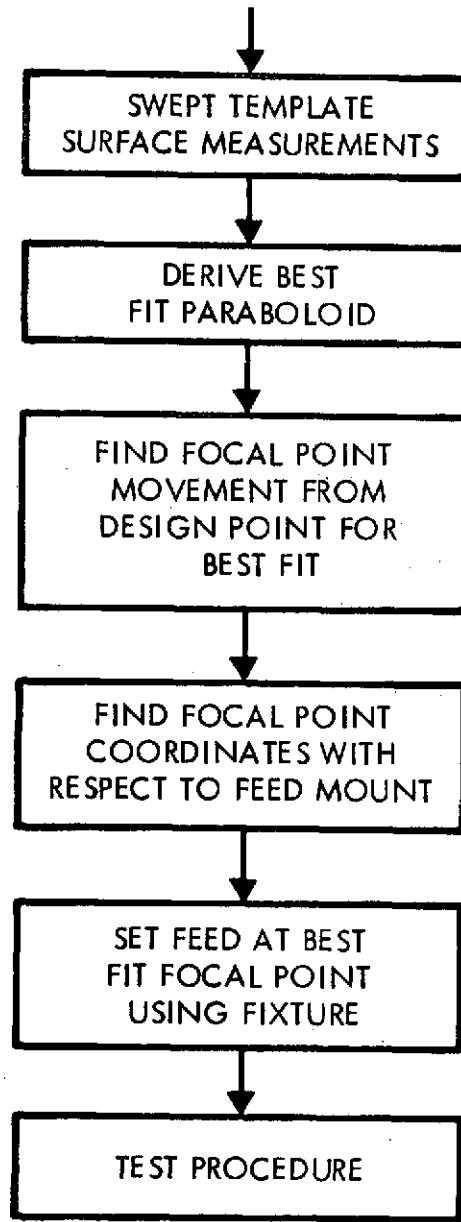
1. Set up the test equipment as shown in Figure 5.4.1-1.
2. Set approximately 3 dB of attenuation in the precision attenuator.



86324-2

Figure 5.4.1-1. Block Diagram of Antenna Focusing Measurements

PROCEDURE FOR LOCATING PREDICTED BEST FIT FOCAL POINT



87882-6

Figure 5.4.1-2. Procedure for Locating Predicted Best Fit Focal Point

3. Set the signal generator to 15.0 GHz.
4. Orient the boresight antenna to the vertical polarization position.
5. Focus the standard reflector by balancing the side-lobe levels and the null depths. Use the standard feed.
6. Focus the deployable antenna model by balancing the side-lobe levels and the null depths. Use the feed with the known phase center.
7. Point the standard reflector on boresight and set a reference level of the received signal power on the recorder.
8. Point the deployable reflector on boresight and set a reference level of the received signal power on the recorder.
9. Adjust the precision attenuator until the two reference levels are coincident. The amount of attenuation change is ΔG_1 .
10. Reposition the feed in the deployable reflector until its phase center is coincident with the analytically determined focal point.
11. Position the deployable reflector such that the received signal power is maximized.
12. With the antenna in this position, set a reference level of the received signal power on the recorder.
13. Point the standard reflector on boresight and set a reference level of the received signal power on the recorder.
14. Adjust the precision attenuator until the two reference levels are coincident. The amount of attenuation change is G_2 .
15. Subtract G_1 from G_2 to determine the amount of gain difference due to setting the feed at the analytically determined focal point.

5.4.3

Test Record

	<u>Number 1</u>	<u>Number 2</u>	<u>Number 3</u>
$G_{\text{mechanical focus}} - G_{\text{standard}}$	7.5 dB	7.3 dB	7.5 dB
$G_{\text{electrical focus}} - G_{\text{standard}}$	2.5	2.5	2.3

	<u>Number 1</u>	<u>Number 2</u>	<u>Number 3</u>
$G_{\text{electrical focus}} - G_{\text{mechanical focus}}$	5.0	4.8	5.2
Average $G_{\text{electrical focus}} - G_{\text{mechanical focus}}$	5.0 dB		

5.5 Pattern Measurement

5.5.1 Test Method

To expedite this test, the antenna patterns are recorded during the antenna focusing measurement procedure. The test equipment and test facility required for the focusing measurements are also required to record antenna patterns.

The procedures described in Paragraph 5.4.2 of the antenna focusing measurement procedure are followed to the point where the test feed has been focused electrically in the deployable antenna model.

The focused antenna is then pointed on boresight. With the antenna pattern recorder synchronized to the rotation of the turntable, the turntable is rotated approximately $\pm 10^\circ$ in azimuth around boresight with the pen of the recorder in the down position.

5.5.2 Test Procedures

Follow the procedure described in Paragraph 5.4.2 to the point where the test feed has been focused electrically in the deployable antenna model, then proceed with the following steps:

1. Orient the antenna at -90° in azimuth.
2. Place the pen of the antenna pattern recorder in the down position.
3. Rotate the antenna in azimuth to $+90^\circ$.
4. The curve plotted by the antenna pattern recorder as the antenna is rotated from -10° to $+10^\circ$ is the antenna pattern.
5. Perform this measurement at 15.0 GHz where the focusing accuracy test is performed.

5.5.3 Test Record

Attach all patterns taken on the deployable antenna and on the standard antenna.
(See Appendix Figures A14, A15, A17.)

5.6 Absolute Gain

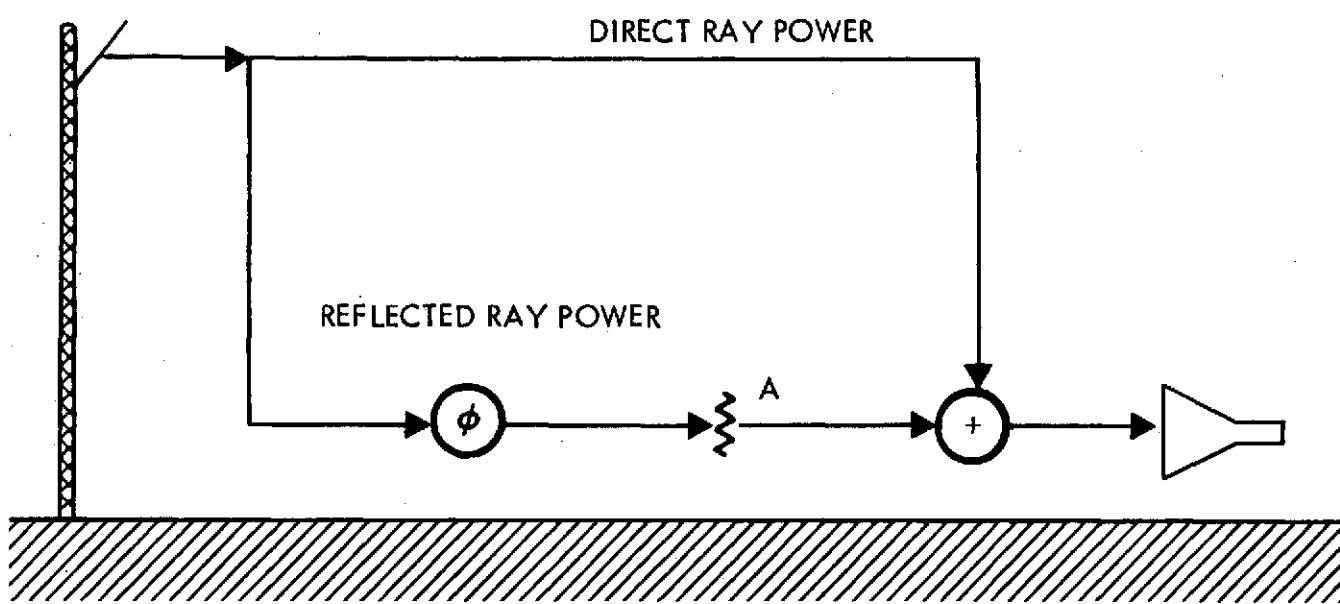
5.6.1 Test Objective

The object of this test is to measure the gain of the deployable antenna at 15 GHz.

<u>Test Equipment</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial No.</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>
Signal Generator	HP-628A	105785	2-14-74
Transmitting Antenna	6-foot reflector illuminating a 5-foot by 7-foot flat passive reflector		NCR
Standard Attenuator	HP-P382A	102932	8-8-74
Mixer	SA-13A-12	218632	NCR
Standard Gain Horn	NRL-18 MM Band		
Receiver	SA-1600	106350	4-2-74
Pattern Recorder	SA-1520	105987	4-2-74

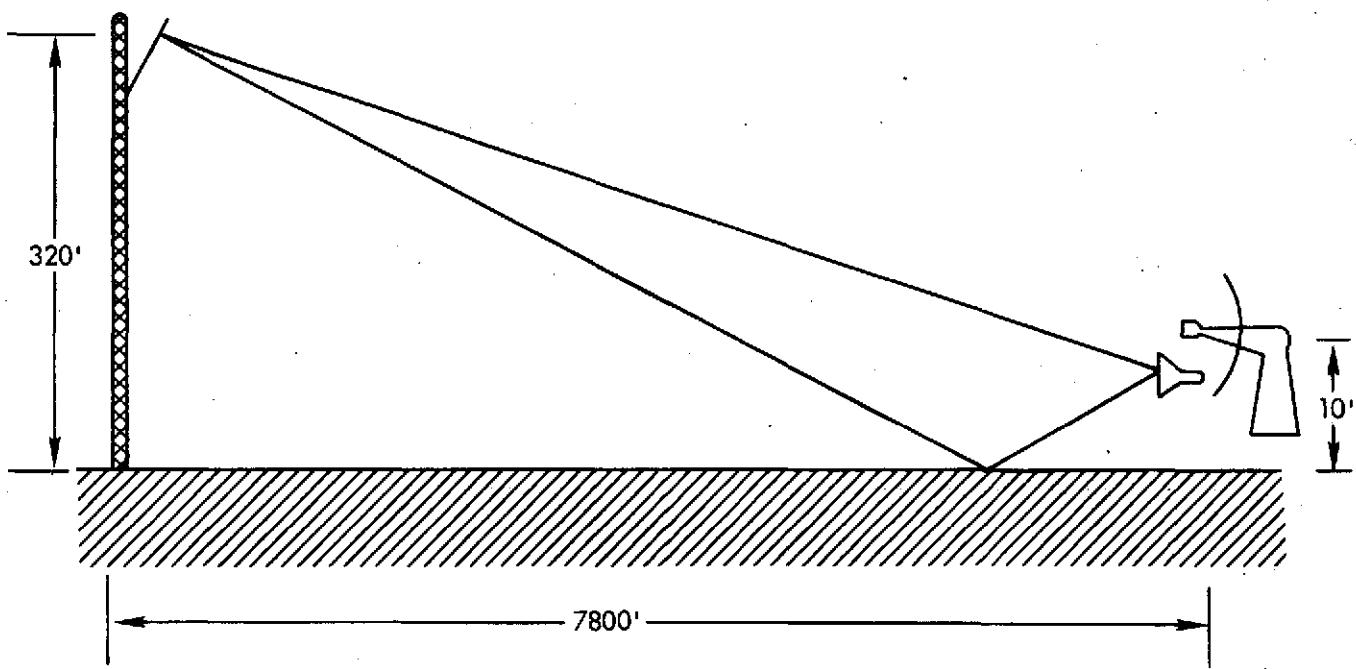
5.6.2 Error Analysis

The gain of the deployable antenna will be determined by a comparison with an NRL design gain standard horn. There are three basic sources of uncertainty in this measurement: 1) the uncertainty in on-axis gain of the gain standard horn, 2) the measurement uncertainty in the comparison of the deployable antenna with the gain standard, and 3) power which reaches the gain standard horn from reflections which are not focused by the larger deployable reflector. The first uncertainty is ± 0.3 dB peak as described in the NRL report. The second is one percent of the amplitude difference between the standard and the test antenna, or 0.25 dB. The third source of error, power which enters the standard gain horn by way of ground reflections (see Figure 5.6.2-1). The value for A in this model is a function of the transmitter pattern, the receiver pattern, and the reflectivity of the ground. The value for θ is a function of the length difference between the direct and reflected ray path. The change in this path length difference between the top and bottom of the reflector is 11.8 inches. This range geometry is shown in Figure 5.6.2-2.



87882-7

Figure 5.6.2-1. Model for Evaluating Ground Reflection Effects



87882-8

Figure 5.6.2-2. Range Geometry

The ratio $\frac{E_{\text{reflected}}}{E_{\text{direct}}}$ = A in the above model.

The peaks of the interference pattern measured as the horn is moved across the field represent successive values of E maximum, and the nulls represent E minimum. At each transition between peak and null the two above equations are solved for E direct and E reflected, so a total of 72 values of E direct are obtained. These are converted back to relative power levels and averaged to obtain the reference power level for the gain measurement.

It is possible to check this value by pointing the large reflector directly at the reflected ray. Measurements of the relative strength of the reflected ray, A in the model, by these two methods, are in close agreement. Deviations in the smoothed signal level of the standard gain horn limit the accuracy to ± 0.25 dB error. Together with the two other errors, the peak error of the gain measurement is ± 0.8 dB.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

1. Set up the test equipment.
2. Set the generator at 15 GHz.
3. Focus the antenna by balancing side-lobe levels and null depths.
4. Point the antenna toward the boresight.
5. Set the attenuator at 22 dB and record the level on the chart paper. Repeat for 23, 24, 25 and 26 dB settings of the attenuator.
6. Connect the mixer to the standard gain horn. Record vertical field probe using the standard gain horn.
7. Plot the magnitude of the reflected ray and direct ray as computed using the technique described above.
8. Average the direct ray data points and compare this average with the calibration marks made using the precision attenuator.
9. Record the data on the data sheets.

5.6.4

Absolute Gain Measurement Data Sheet

See Figure 5.6.4.

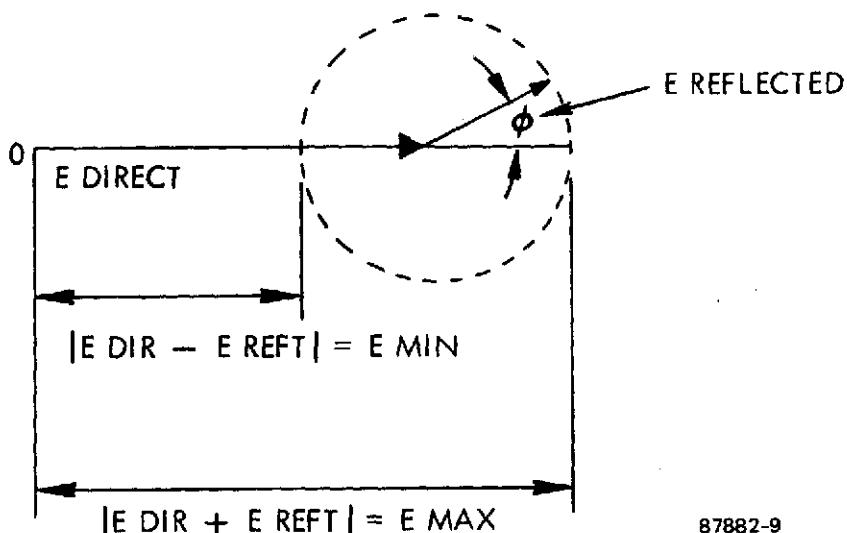
Frequency	15 GHz
Gain of Gain Standard	24.4 dB
Average Direct Ray Gain Standard Reading	26.5 dB
Attenuator Loss at Zero Setting	0.6 dB
Gain of Test Antenna	51.5 dB
Efficiency of Test Antenna	41%*

NOTE

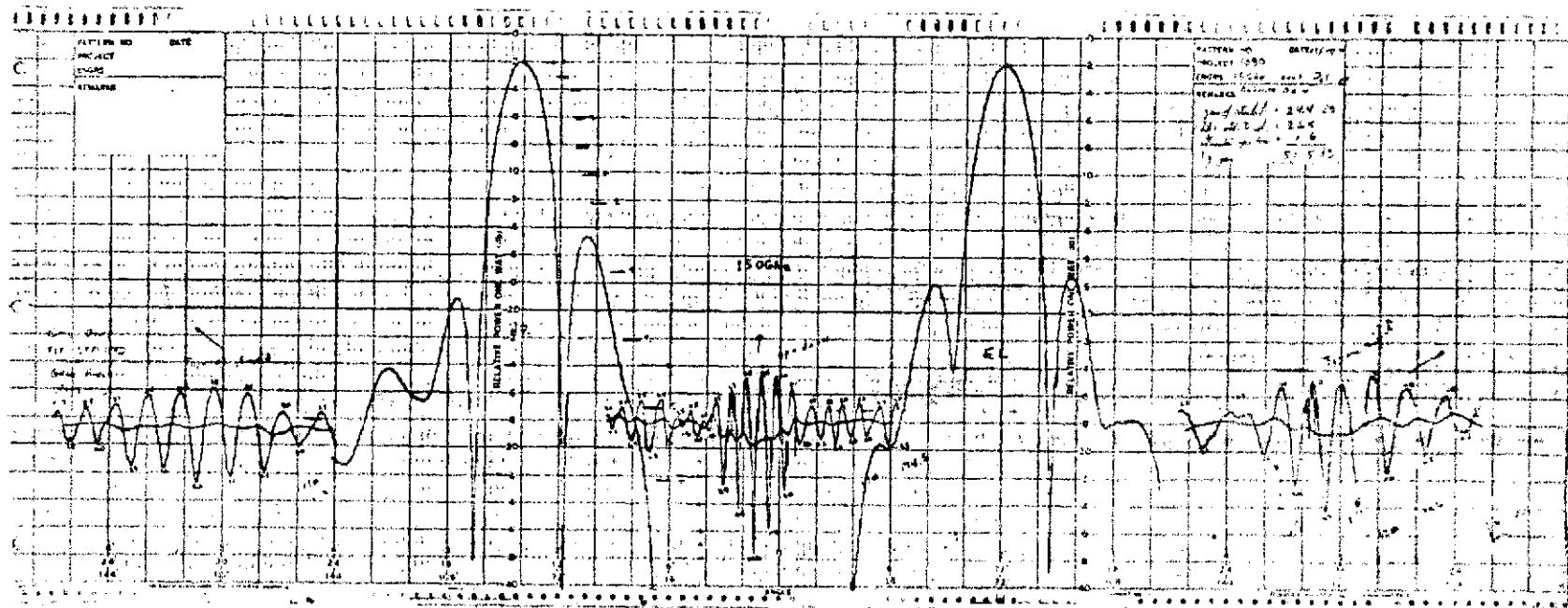
This efficiency is referenced to a circular aperture with the rib-tip diameter. The efficiency with respect to the mean diameter including scallop area loss is 46 percent.

The model based on simple geometrical optics assumes that only a single reflected ray enters the standard gain horn from the point of specular reflection. Because the relative phase ϕ between the direct and reflected rays varies directly as the height up and down the aperture of the large reflector, the standard gain horn sees an interference pattern as it is raised and lowered in front of the large reflector. This interference pattern results from the vector addition of the two signals in the standard gain horn.

The locus of received voltage level at the standard horn is shown below:



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The desired reference voltage for gain measurements is E_{direct} , but the only directly observable are E_{maximum} and E_{minimum} . By solving the two simultaneous equations,

$$E_{\text{direct}} = \frac{E_{\text{maximum}} + E_{\text{minimum}}}{2}$$

$$E_{\text{reflected}} = \frac{E_{\text{maximum}} - E_{\text{minimum}}}{2}$$

5.7

S-Band Pattern and Relative Gain Measurements

Pattern measurements on the deployable antenna and gain comparison between the deployable antenna and the reference antenna are made. The feed horn used is a flared horn with equal E- and H-plane beam widths and 10-11 dB illumination taper from the center to the edge of the reflector. The measurements were conducted at 2.1 GHz. The pattern measurements follow a procedure similar to that described in detail in Paragraph 5.5. The relative gain measurements follow a procedure similar to that described in Paragraph 5.3.

The elevation (E-plane) pattern from the deployable reflector is shown in Figure 5.7-1. The pattern below $\sim 6^\circ$ is affected by ground reflected energy.

The azimuth (H-plane) pattern of the deployable reflector is shown in Figure 5.7-2. The pattern beyond $\pm 12^\circ$ is affected by range reflections.

The azimuth and elevations of the reference reflector are shown in Figure 5.7-3.

The gain comparison measurements between the deployable antenna and the reference reflector are shown in Figure 5.7-4.

6.0

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES MEASUREMENT

In this test, several physical properties of the antenna are measured.

6.1

Test Objectives

The objective of this test is to measure the weight and packaging envelope size of the deployable antenna.

6.2

Test Procedure

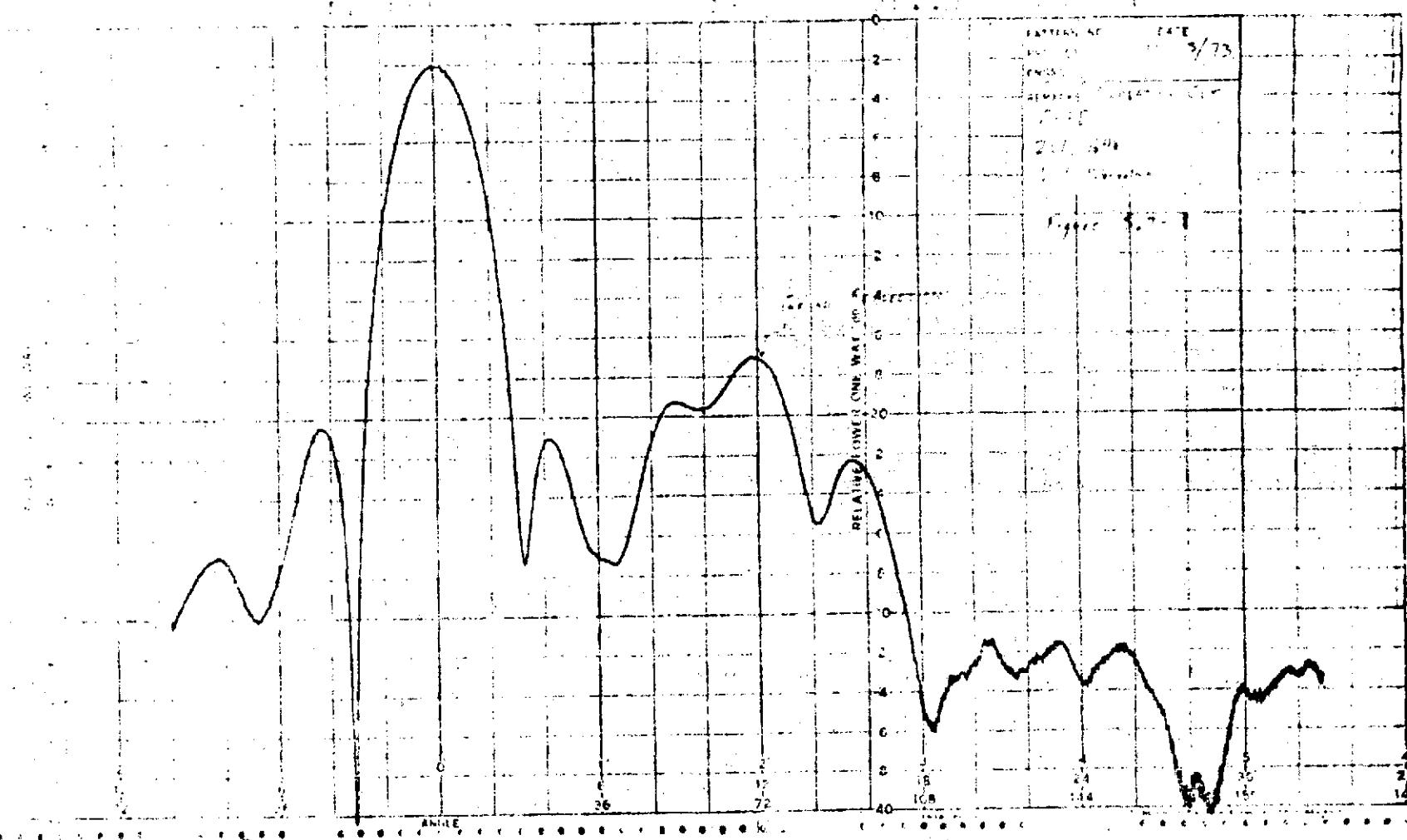
The antenna is first placed on a platform scale and its weight is recorded. For this measurement the antenna is completely assembled, including the restraint cable.

The size of the packaging envelope is determined by measuring the overall height and the overall diameter of the antenna in the stowed configuration.

6.3

Test Record

The data specified above are recorded on the data sheets at the time of the test.



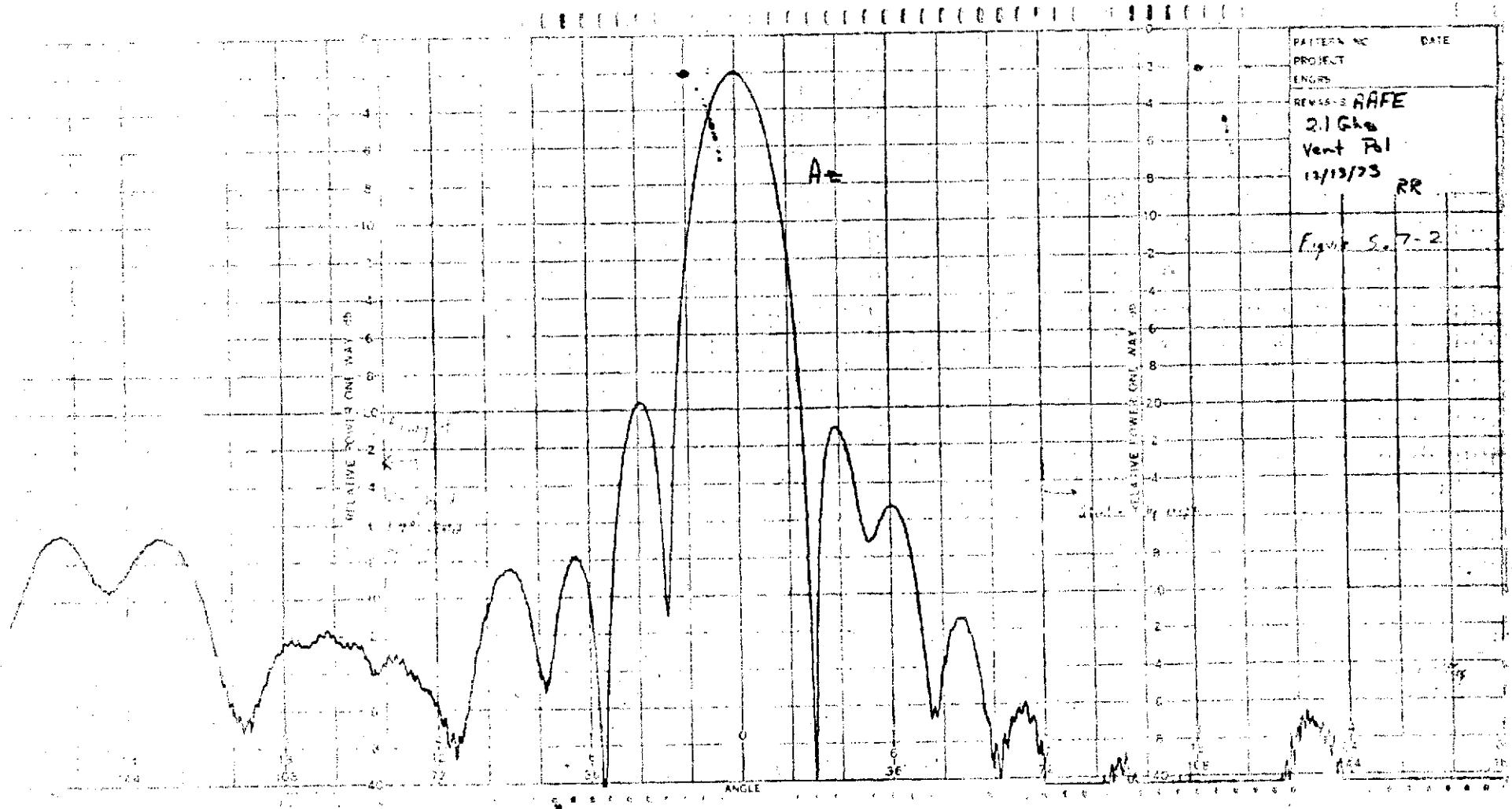


Figure 5.7-2

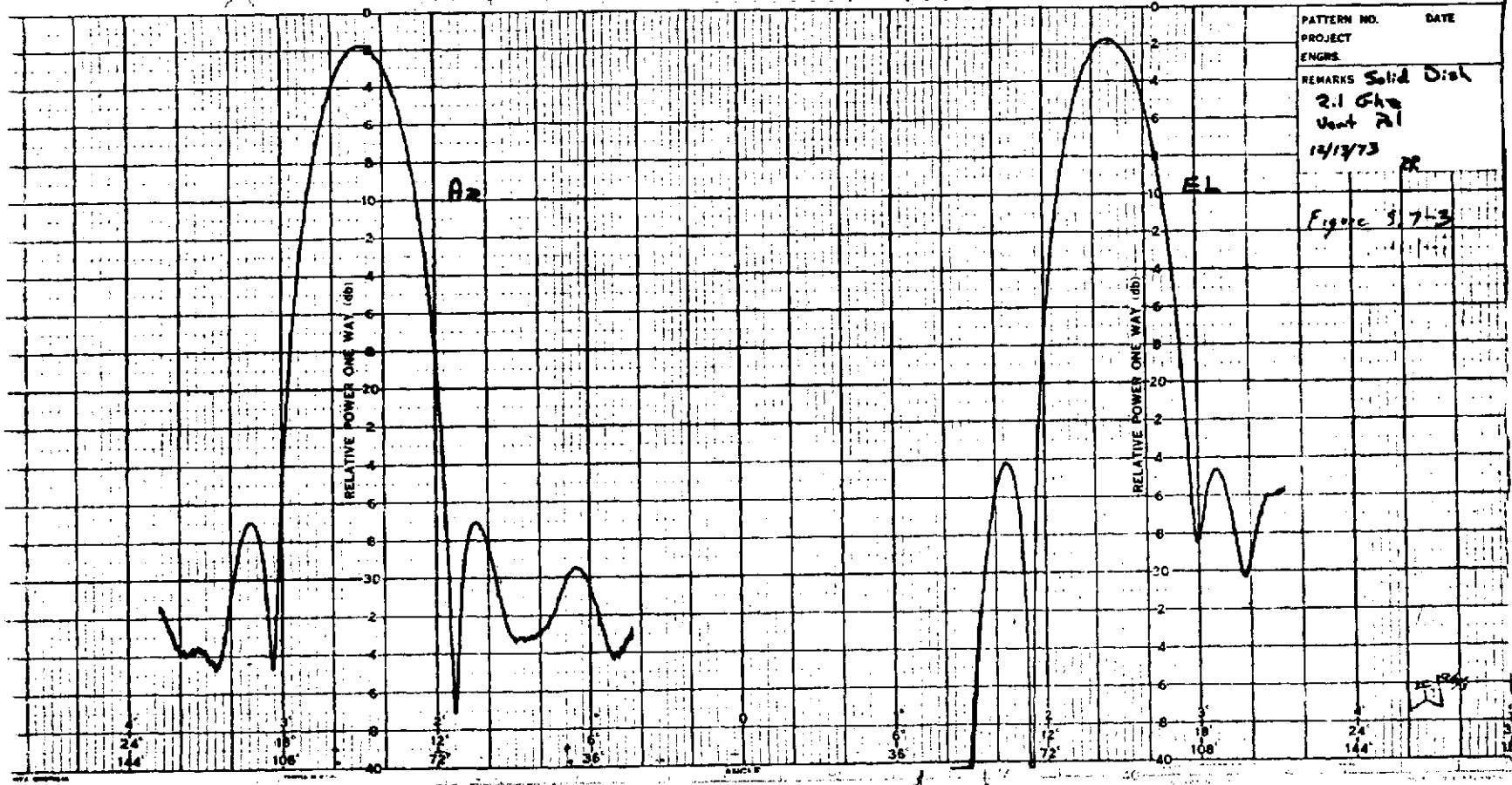


Figure 5.7-3

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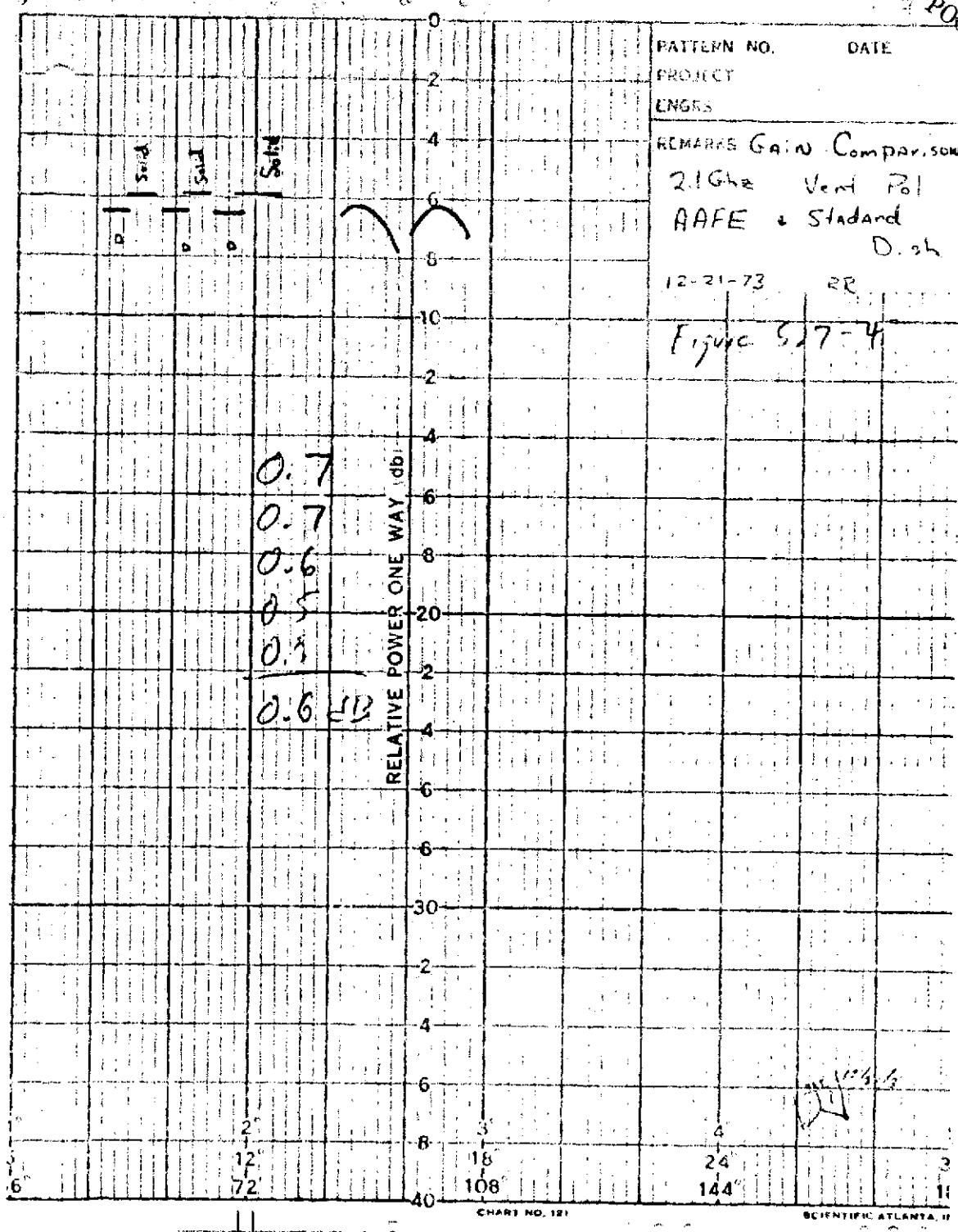


Figure 5.7-4

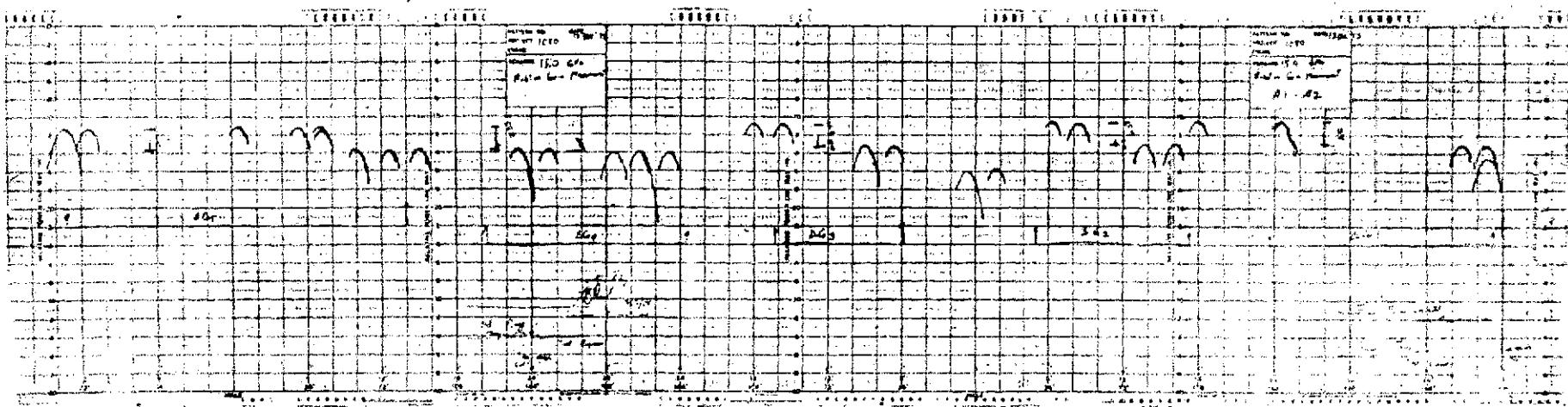


Figure A1-A2

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PARABOLOIDAL ANTENNA EFFICIENCY FACTORS

SEPAR	DPSI	NCUTS	NPTS	NPHASE	NCROSS	IFAP		
5.00	6,000	4	30	0	0	1		
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN								
.00	.05	.26	.79	1.46	2.36	3.45	4.52	
.05	7.38	8.98	10.51	12.23	14.33	15.83	17.62	
.13	20.79	21.33	20.98	21.32	22.45	22.72	23.31	
.25	24.95	24.00	24.71	27.43	30.23	37.03		
E-PLANE RIGHT SIDE								
FILLER AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER OVER EFFICIENCY	=							
MPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	=							
PHASE EFFICIENCY	=							
CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	=							
CLOSE TEMPERATURE	=							
PAX (ABSOLUTE)	=							
PAX (DB)	=							
PLANE REPETITION NUMBER	=							
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN	=							
.00	.19	.55	.96	1.64	2.60	3.71	4.16	
.05	9.30	11.24	12.98	14.28	14.82	14.84	16.19	
.13	19.51	20.82	22.49	24.92	26.06	27.11	29.31	
.25	22.85	23.66	30.21	37.41	37.00			
E-PLANE RIGHT SIDE								
FILLER AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	=							
FILLER OVER EFFICIENCY	=							
MPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	=							
PHASE EFFICIENCY	=							
CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	=							
CLOSE TEMPERATURE	=							
PAX (ABSOLUTE)	=							
PAX (DB)	=							
PLANE REPETITION NUMBER	=							
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN	=							
.00	.07	.30	.86	1.44	2.51	3.52	4.92	
.05	7.84	9.61	11.32	13.58	15.80	17.21	19.19	
.13	21.79	22.61	23.73	25.06	25.20	25.48	25.32	
.25	28.34	27.82	31.26	34.01	37.40			
E-PLANE LEFT SIDE								

FILLER AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY = 74.16218

Figure A3

PILL.,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY									
PILL.,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY									
PILLOVER EFFICIENCY									
AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY									
ASE EFFICIENCY									
ROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY									
NOISE TEMPERATURE									
MAX (ABSOLUTE)									
MAX (DB)									
LANE REPETITION NUMBER									
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN									
	.00	.04	.45	.83	1.41	2.34	3.50	4.86	
	6.67	8.93	10.98	12.55	13.81	14.39	14.54	16.08	
	18.58	19.92	20.63	23.06	25.22	29.76	30.34	36.77	
	23.51	24.47	27.79	32.68	25.72	25.51			
H-PLANE LEFT SIDE									

PILL.,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY									
PILL.,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY									
PILL.,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY									
PILLOVER EFFICIENCY									
AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY									
ASE EFFICIENCY									
ROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY									
NOISE TEMPERATURE									
MAX (ABSOLUTE)									
MAX (DB)									
LANE REPETITION NUMBER									

DEPLOYABLE ANTENNA RELATIVE GAIN MEASUREMENT

REFERENCE REFLECTOR

TOTAL SPILL.,,AMP, TAPER, PHASE,CROSS EFFICINCY	=	.00000
TOTAL SPILL.,,AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	=	.00000
TOTAL SPILL.,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	71.58462
TOTAL SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY	=	90.74923
TOTAL AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	78.88179
TOTAL PHASE EFFICIENCY	=	.00000
TOTAL CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	=	.00000
TOTAL NOISE TEMPERATURE	=	.00000
TOTAL GMAX(ABSOLUTE)	=	8.68141
TOTAL GMAX (DB)	=	9.38590
PARABOLOID EDGE ANGLE	=	65.00000

Figure A4

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PARABOLOIDAL ANTENNA EFFICIENCY FACTORS

BIPAT OPSI NCUTS NPT8 NPHASE NCROSS IFAP
 62,000 6,000 4 30 0 0 1

.00	.05	.26	.79	1.46	2.36	3.45	4.52
6.05	7.38	8.98	10.51	12.23	14.33	15.83	17.62
19.37	20.79	21.33	20.98	21.32	22.45	22.72	23.31
24.95	24.00	24.71	27.43	30.23	37.03		
E=PLANE RIGHT SIDE							

PILL., AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY	=	74.47218
PILL., AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	=	74.47218
PILL., AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	74.47218
PILLOVER EFFICIENCY	=	87.47132
MPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	85.13897
HASE EFFICIENCY	=	100.00000
ROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	=	100.00000
DISE TEMPERATURE	=	1.86020
MAX (ABSOLUTE)	=	8.10426
MAX (DB)	=	9.08713
LANE REPETITION NUMBER	=	1
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN	=	

.00	.19	.55	.96	1.64	2.60	3.71	5.16
7.25	9.30	11.24	12.98	14.28	14.82	14.84	16.19
18.33	19.51	20.82	22.49	24.92	26.06	27.11	29.31
24.57	22.85	23.66	30.21	37.01	37.00		
H=PLANE RIGHT SIDE							

PILL., AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY	=	71.10435
PILL., AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	=	71.10435
PILL., AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	71.10435
PILLOVER EFFICIENCY	=	88.61848
MPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	=	80.23649
HASE EFFICIENCY	=	100.00000
ROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	=	100.00000
DISE TEMPERATURE	=	1.83933
MAX (ABSOLUTE)	=	9.26711
MAX (DB)	=	9.66944
LANE REPETITION NUMBER	=	1
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN	=	

.00	.07	.30	.86	1.44	2.51	3.52	4.92
6.25	7.84	9.61	11.32	13.58	15.80	17.21	19.19
20.13	21.79	22.61	23.73	25.06	25.20	25.48	25.32
26.62	28.34	27.82	31.26	34.01	37.40		
E=PLANE LEFT SIDE							

PILL., AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY = 75.45264

Figure A5

SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY
 SPILL,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY
 SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY
 AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY
 PHASE EFFICIENCY
 DBS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY
 NOISE TEMPERATURE
 GMAX (ABSOLUTE)
 GMAX (DB)
 PLANE REPETITION NUMBER
 FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN

SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	75.45264
SPILL,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	75.45264
SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY	90.01033
AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	83.82665
PHASE EFFICIENCY	100.00000
DBS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	100.00000
NOISE TEMPERATURE	2.03994
GMAX (ABSOLUTE)	8.65566
GMAX (DB)	9.37300
PLANE REPETITION NUMBER	1
FEED AMPLITUDE PATTERN	

,00	,04	,45	,83	1.41	2.34	3.50	4.86
6.67	8.93	10.98	12.55	13.81	14.39	14.54	16.48
18.58	19.92	20.63	23.06	25.22	29.76	30.34	36.77
23.51	24.47	27.79	32.68	25.72	25.51		
H=PLANE LEFT SIDE							

PILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY
 SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY
 PILL,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY
 SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY
 AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY
 PHASE EFFICIENCY
 CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY
 NOISE TEMPERATURE
 GMAX (ABSOLUTE)
 GMAX (DB)
 PLANE REPETITION NUMBER

PILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE, CROSS EFFICIENCY	71.86914
SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	71.86914
PILL,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	71.86914
SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY	88.79931
AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	80.93434
PHASE EFFICIENCY	100.00000
CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	100.00000
NOISE TEMPERATURE	1.86960
GMAX (ABSOLUTE)	8.77788
GMAX (DB)	9.43390
PLANE REPETITION NUMBER	1

DEPLOYABLE ANTENNA RELATIVE GAIN MEASUREMENT DEPLOYABLE REFLECTOR

TOTAL SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE,CROSS EFFICIENCY	= .00000
TOTAL SPILL,, AMP, TAPER, PHASE EFFICIENCY	= .00000
TOTAL SPILL,, AMP, TAPER EFFICIENCY	= 73.20243
TOTAL SPILLOVER EFFICIENCY	= 88.70497
TOTAL AMPLITUDE TAPER EFFICIENCY	= 82.52348
TOTAL PHASE EFFICIENCY	= .00000
TOTAL CROSS POLARIZATION EFFICIENCY	= .00000
TOTAL NOISE TEMPERATURE	= .00000
TOTAL GMAX(ABSOLUTE)	= 8.68141
TOTAL GMAX (DB)	= 9.38590
PARABOLOID EDGE ANGLE	= 62.00000

Figure A6

FOCAL POINT LOCATION DATA

Location of best electrical focus with respect to design, focal point determined by focusing for best nulls and sidelobe looking balance downrange.

0.49 up

0.14 to right

0.56 in (toward reflector)

Location of focal point predicted by PARABOLOID with respect to design focal point.

0.568 down

0.186 to right

0.230 out (away from reflector)

Location of design focal point with respect to $\frac{1}{4}$ mounting plate riveted to ogive front surface.

7.96 into ogive (toward reflector)

Figure A7

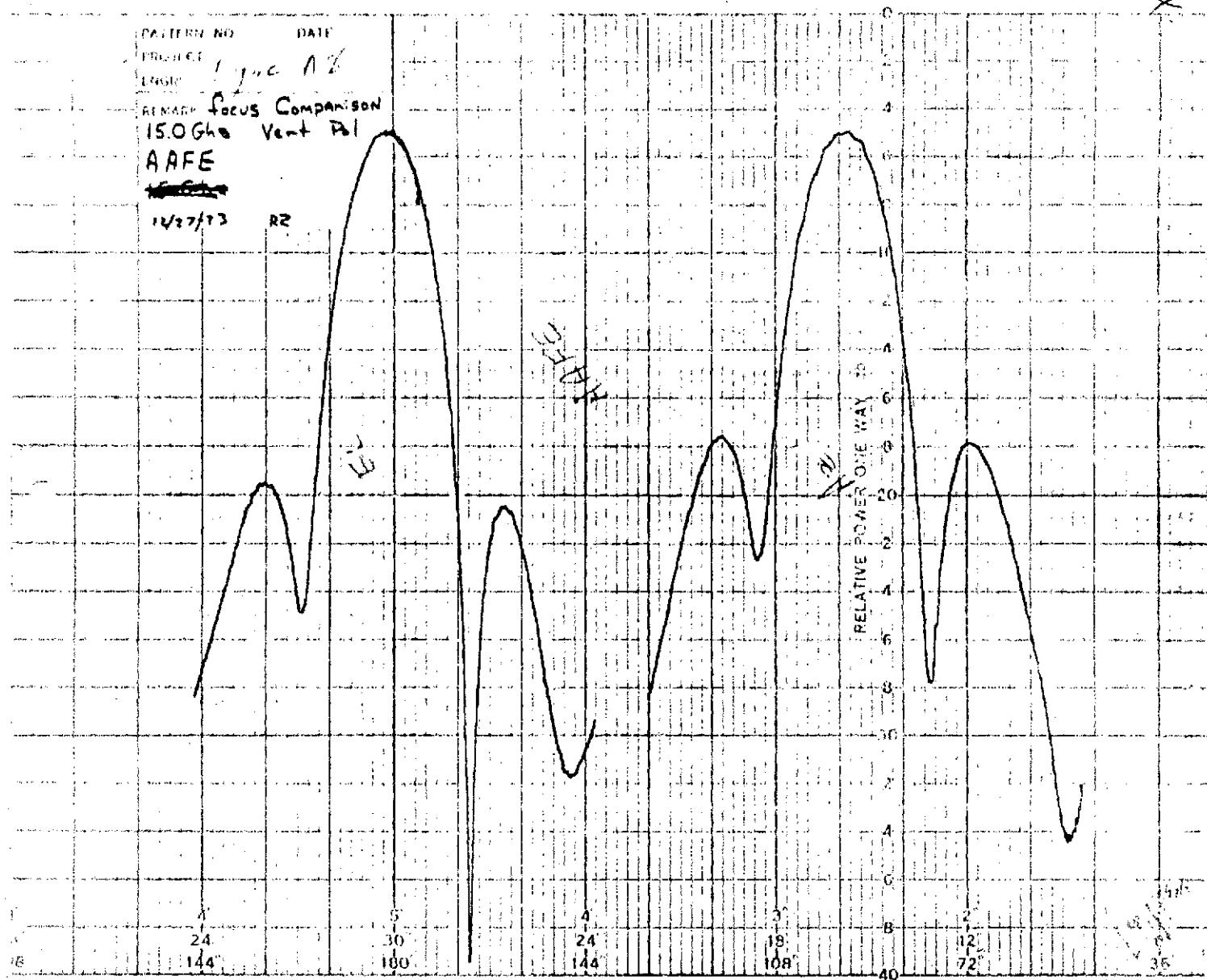


Figure A8

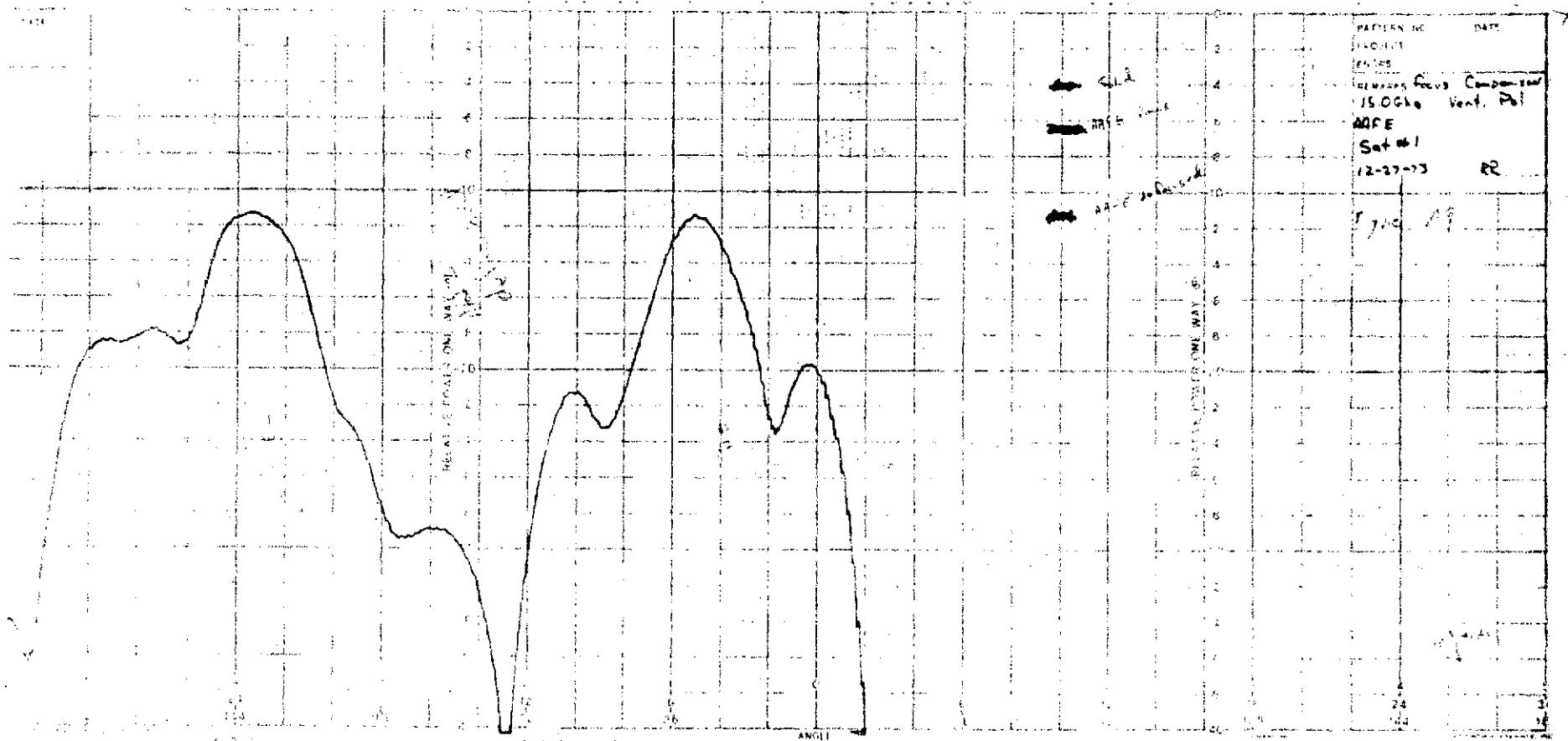


Figure A9

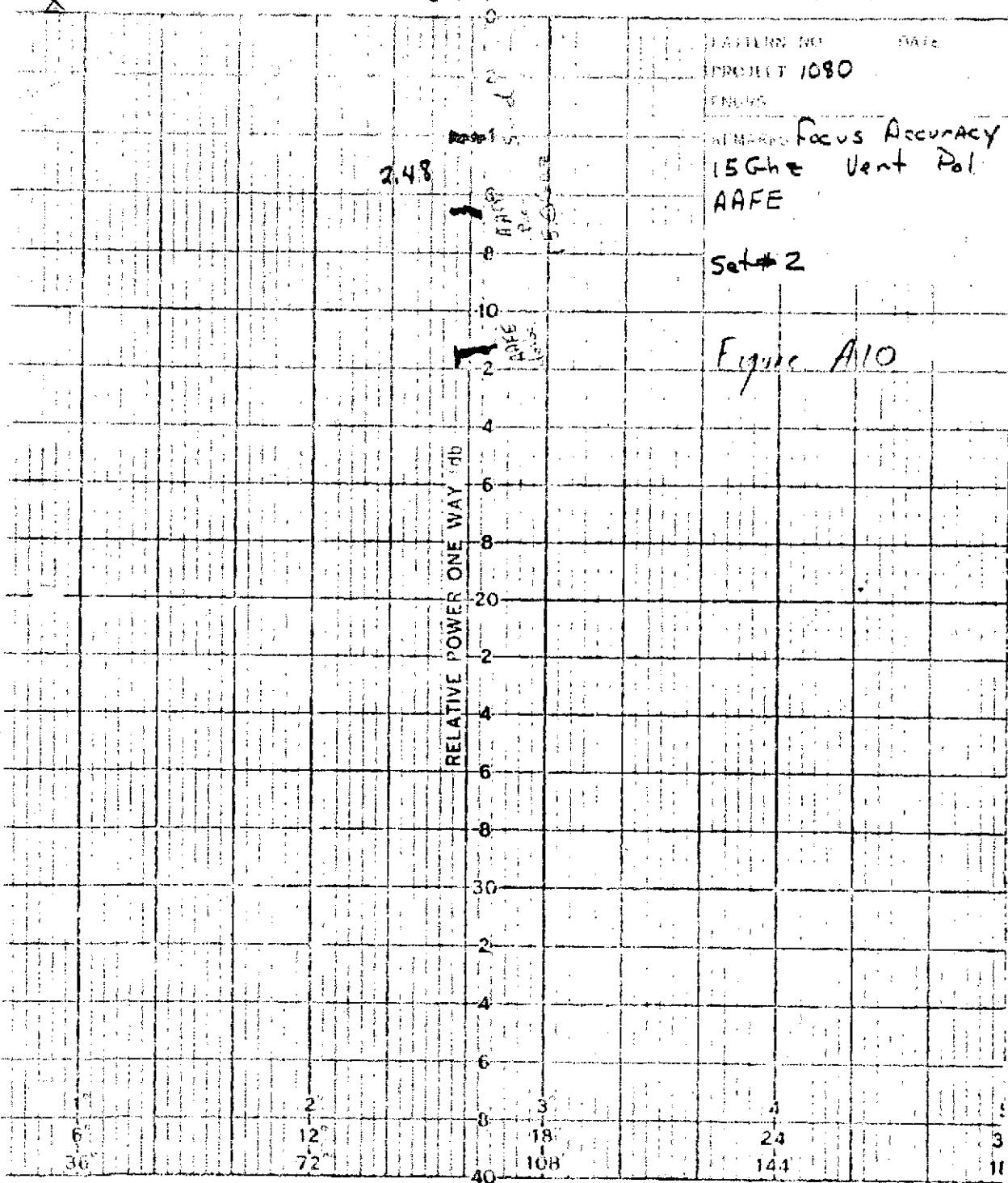


Figure A10

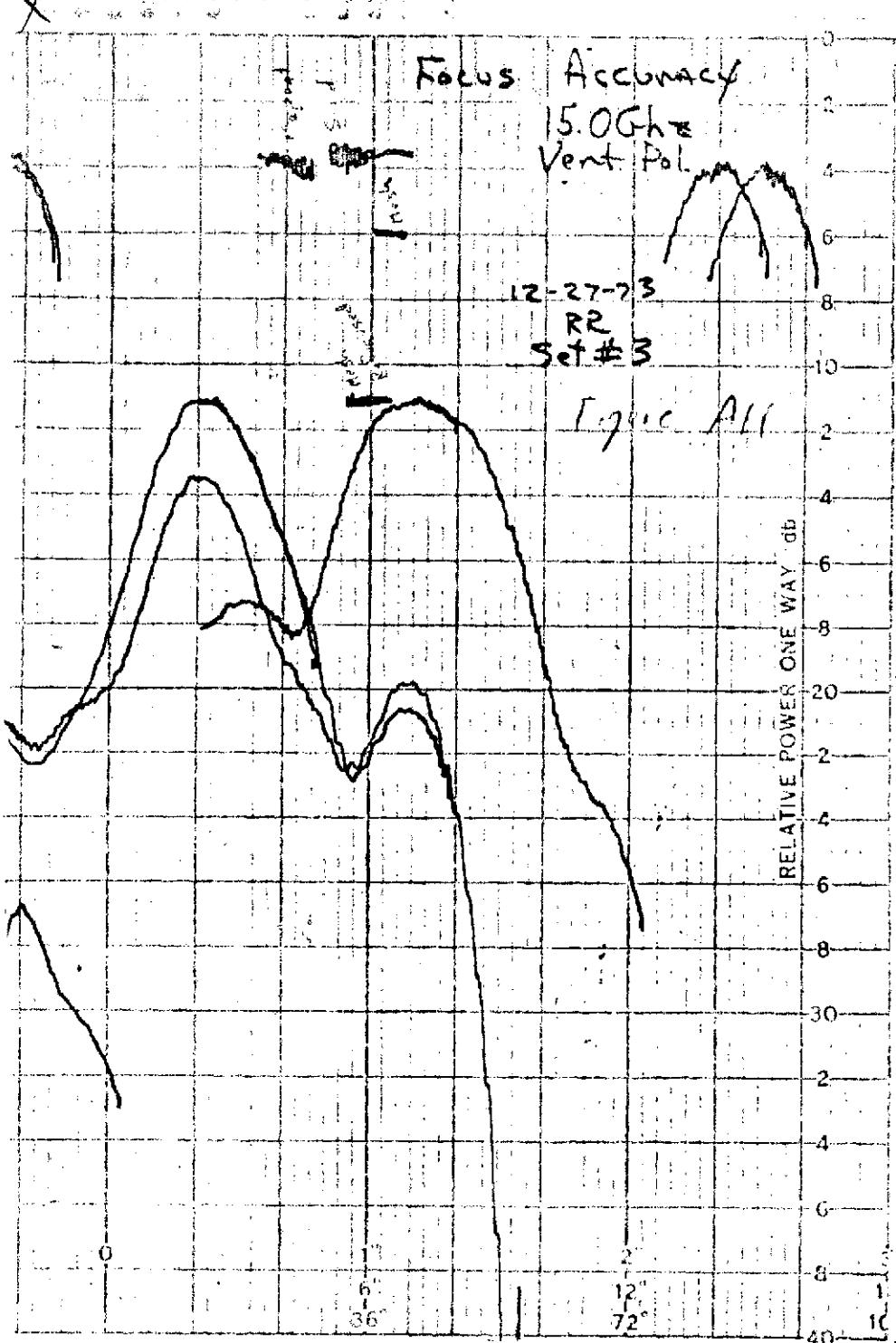
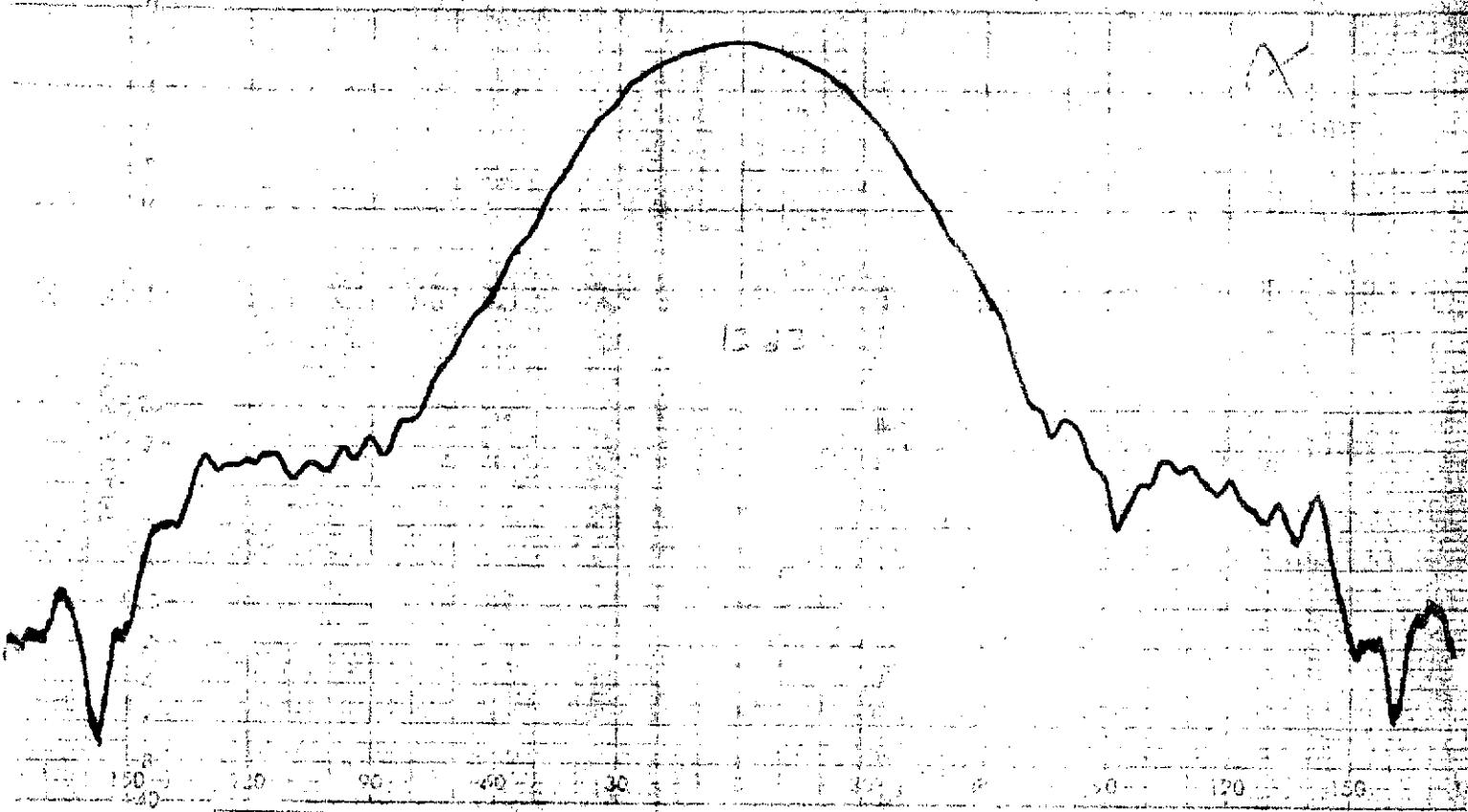
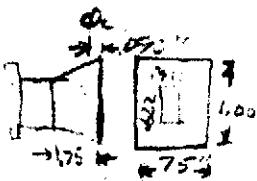


Figure A11



PROJECT 1022-1107
 MODEL 12 # 15 GHz FEED HORN
 FREQUENCY 15.642
 PLANE E PLANE
 11-3-72



15.642 RADIATION

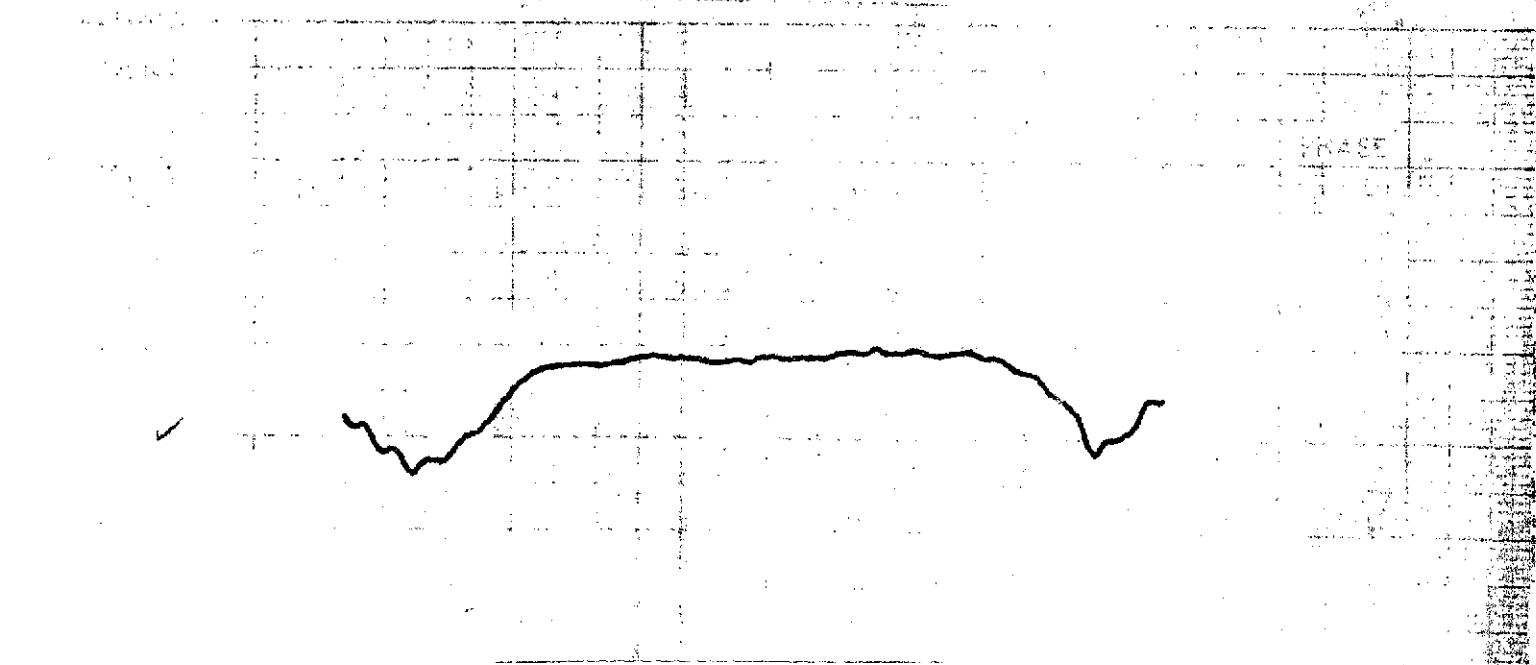
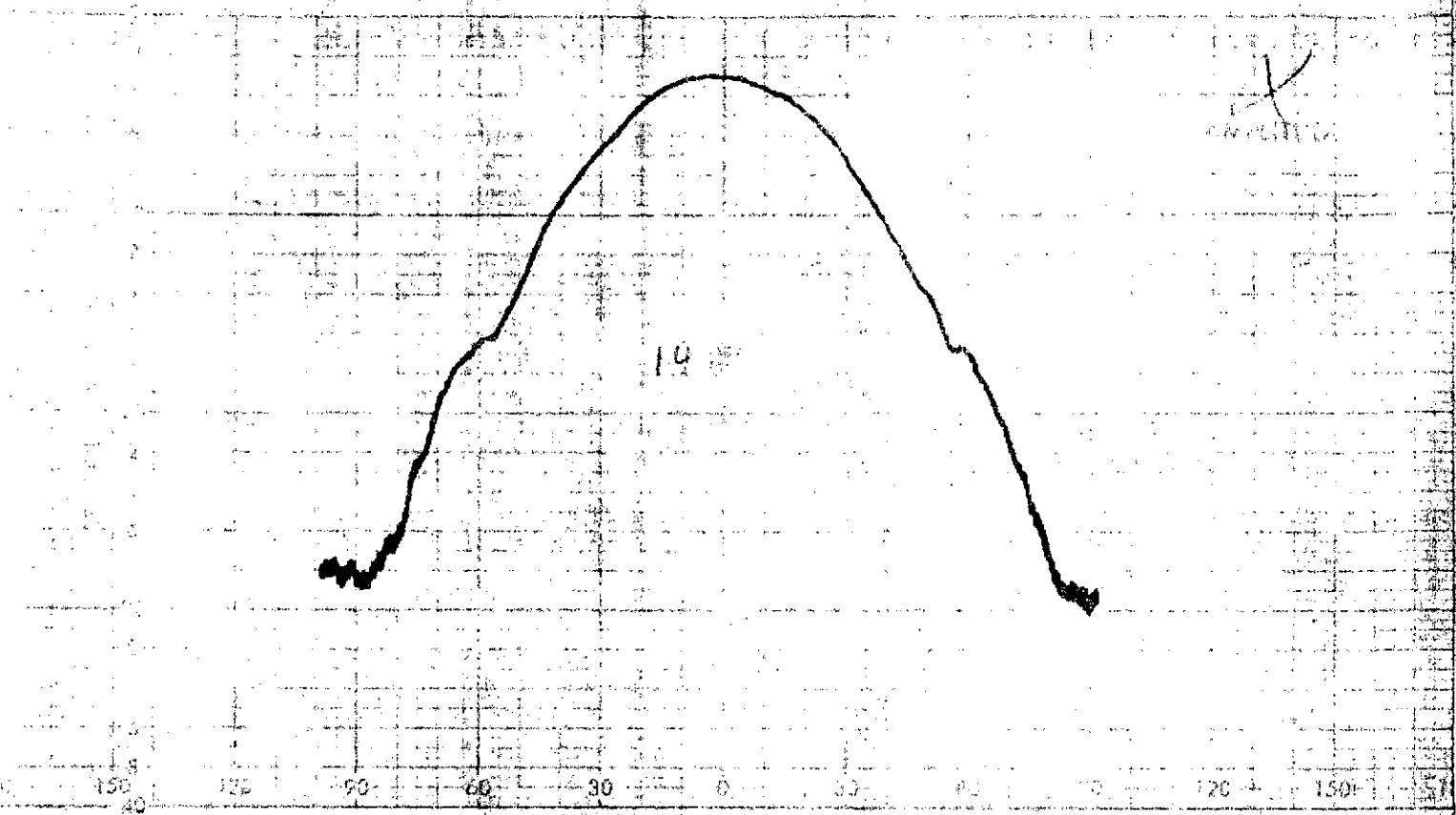


Figure A12

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PROJECT 10-22-1107

MODEL 12815 SH2 FEED HORN

FREQUENCY 12500

MATERIAL ALUMINUM

DATE 11-3-12

$K \approx 7$

PERIODICITY

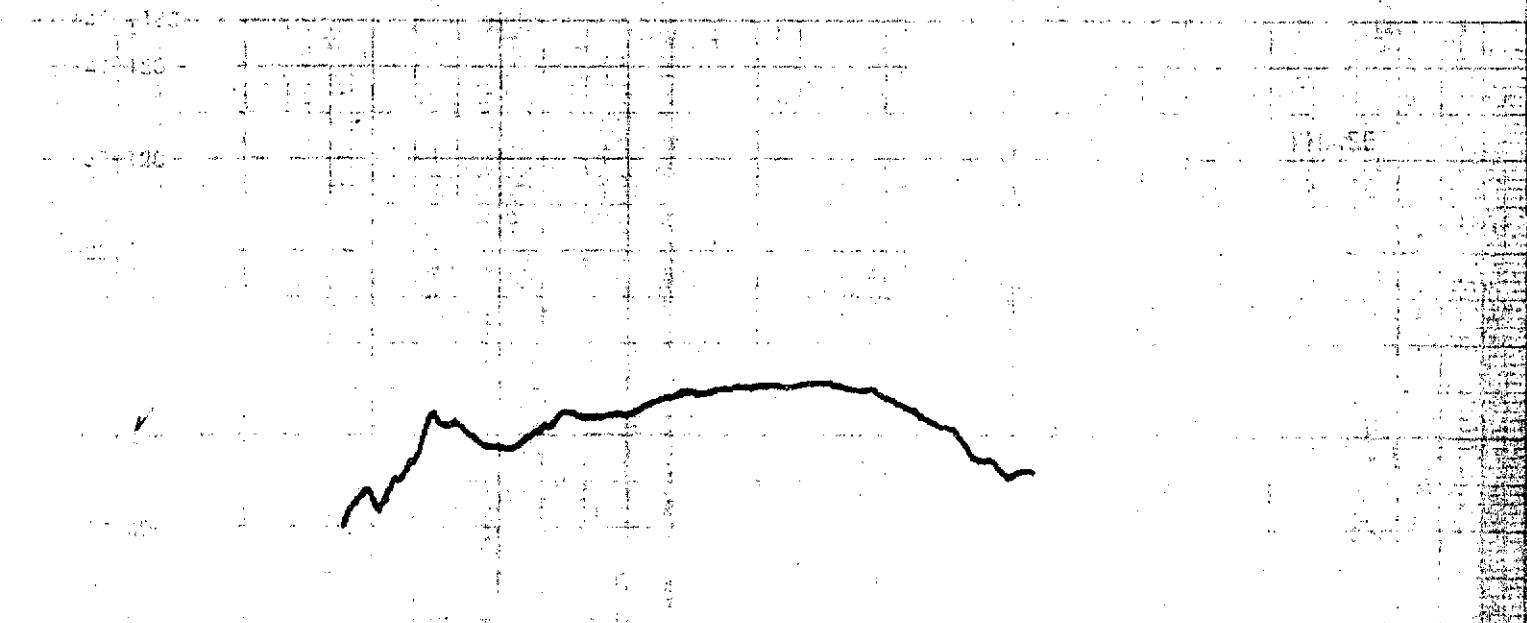
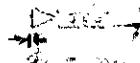


Figure A13

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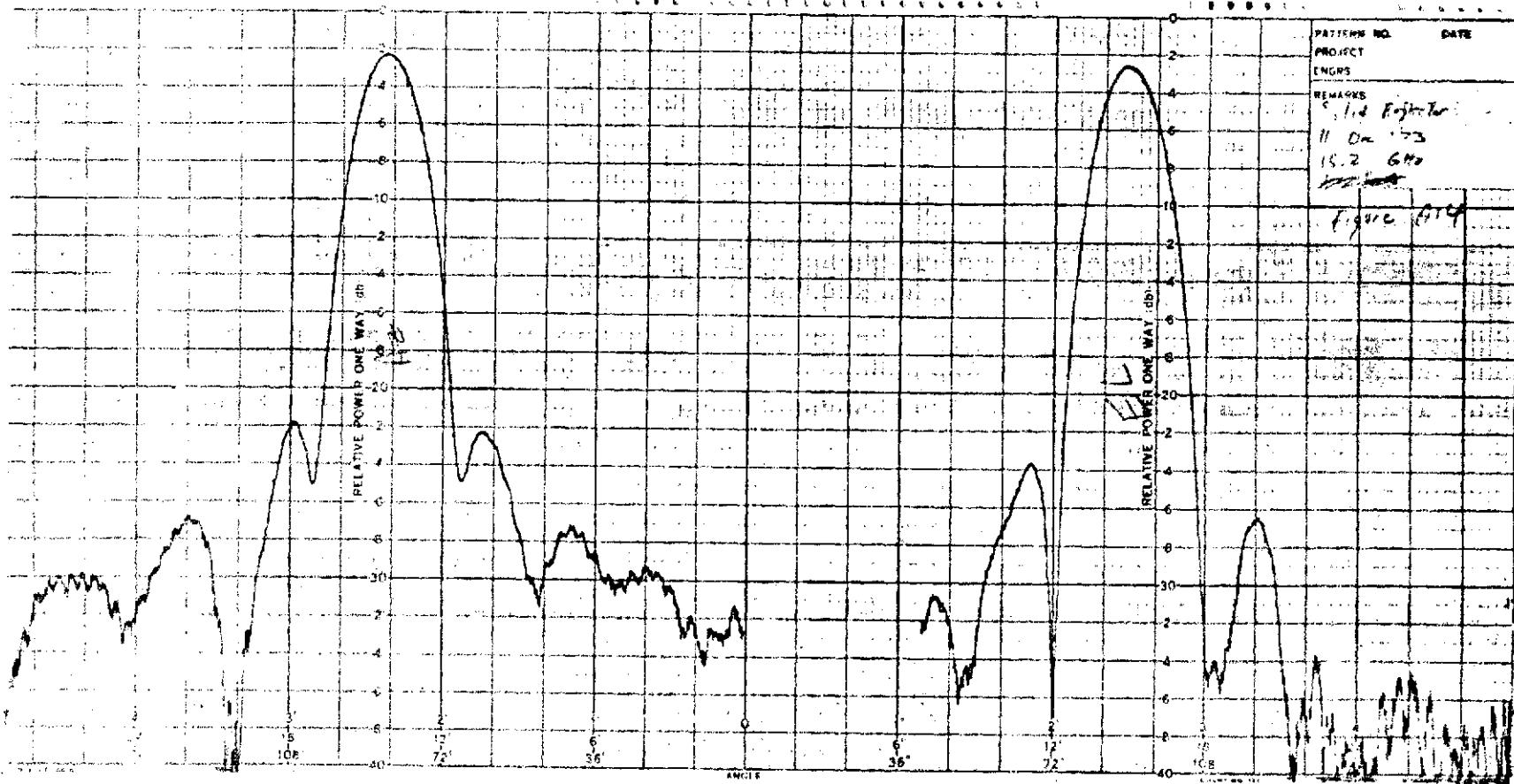


Figure A14

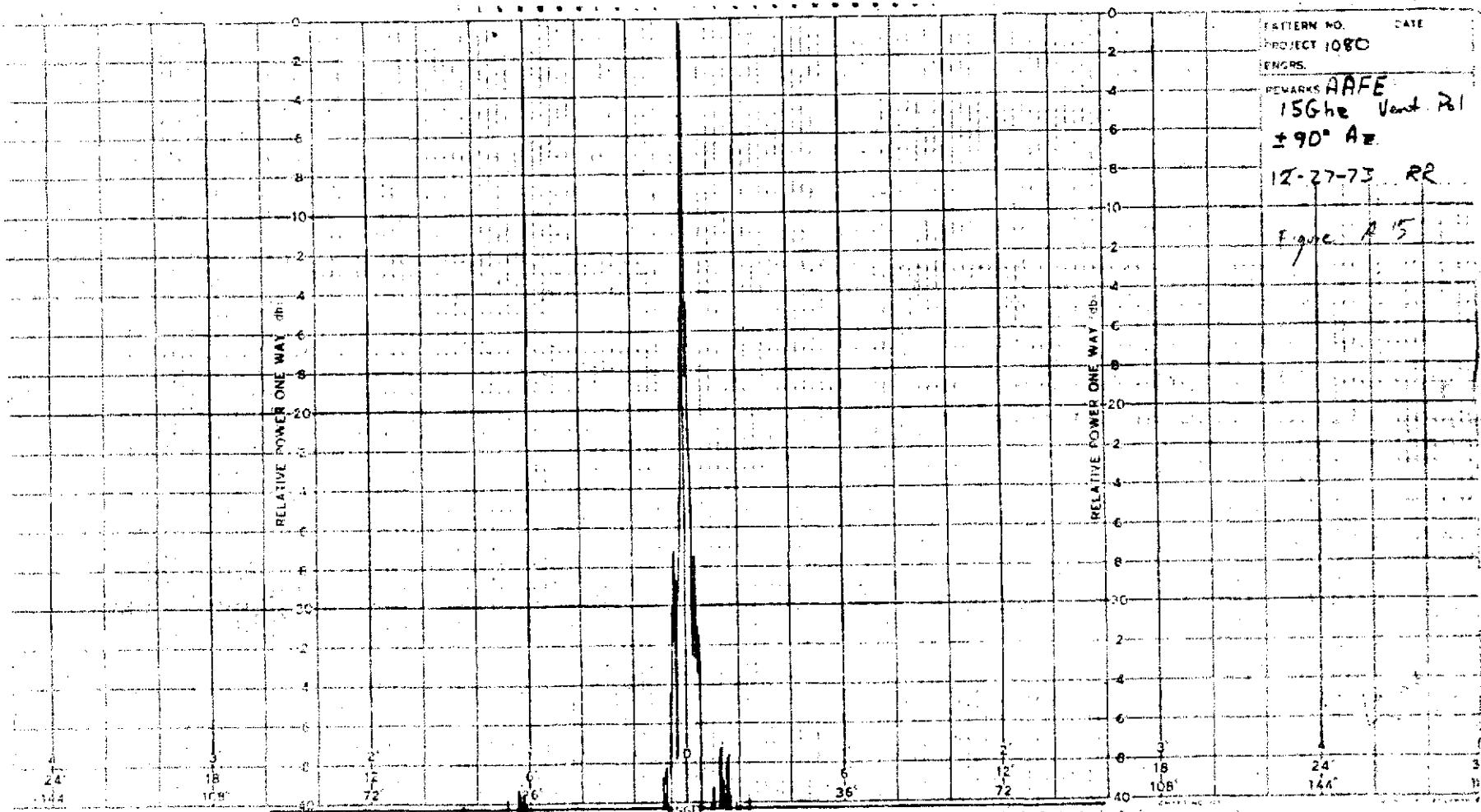


Figure A15

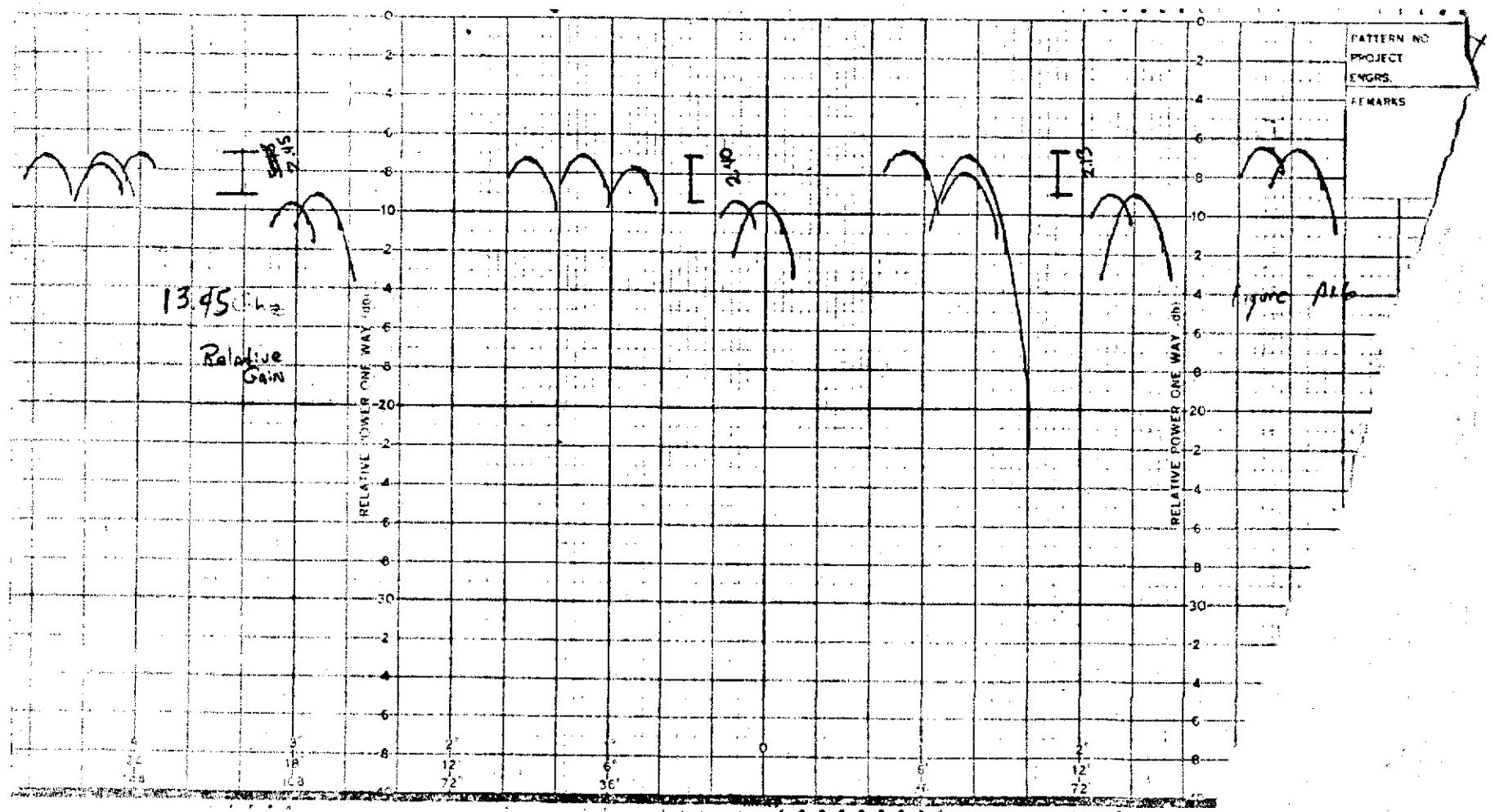


Figure A16

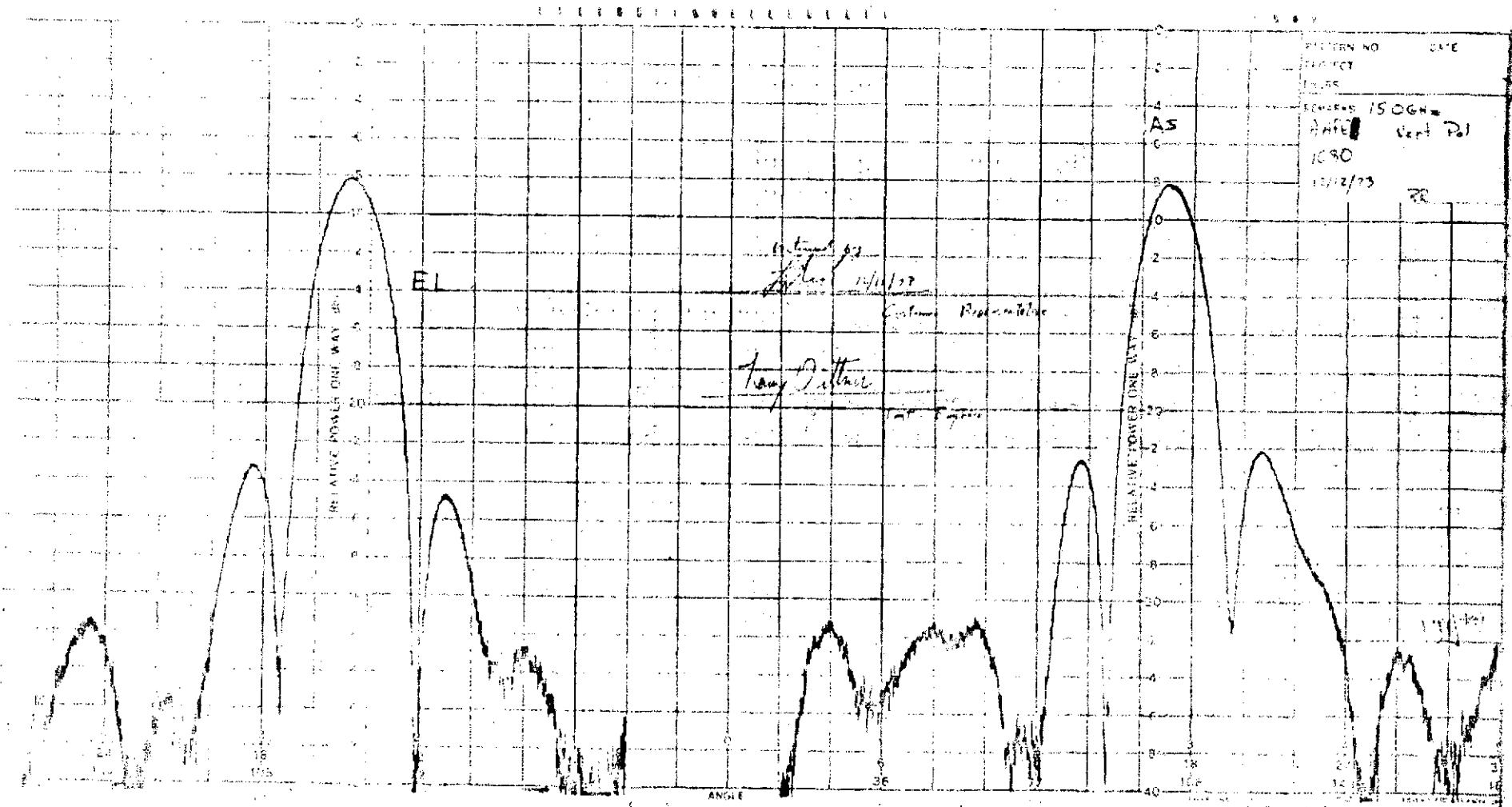


Figure A17

Test Equipment

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model No.</u>	<u>Serial No.</u>	<u>Cal. Exp.</u>	<u>Date</u>
---------------------	------------------	-------------------	------------------	-------------

Comments:

Test Engineer _____ Date _____

Quality Control _____ Date _____

Customer Representative _____ Date _____

DCAS Representative _____ Date _____

APPENDIX C
THE PARABOLOID PROGRAM

APPENDIX C

THE PARABOLOID PROGRAM

The Paraboloid Program was developed to provide a computer technique for the calculation of rms surface accuracy and axis location of parabolic antenna reflectors under arbitrary loadings. A general discussion of the program method is given below.

The input to the program consists basically of the spatial coordinates of points representing the theoretical reflector surface and a set of distortions of these points due to some form of loading. These distortions are obtained directly from STRUDL or SPACE or by measurement, and are used to calculate the spatial location of the deflected or distorted paraboloid. The program then applies statistical techniques to determine a mathematically "best-fit" paraboloid of revolution through the distorted points. This paraboloid is next evaluated to determine the angular location of the axis of revolution, the new location of the paraboloid vertex, and the change in focal length between the theoretical and best-fit paraboloid. Angular values of encoder rotation and feed deflection are inputted to the program and are combined with the above data to yield net values of absolute and encoder corrected azimuth and elevation pointing errors.

Finally, the axial rms deflection of the deflected points is computed with respect to both the best-fit and undistorted parabolic surfaces with and without the area and illumination weighting techniques described below.

The scheme for both area and illumination weighting is to adjust the deviations from the best-fit paraboloid such that the relative difference in area and illumination associated with each joint is taken into account.

Two illumination weighting functions are available in the program. A uniform aperture distribution such as is typical with DIELGUIDE feeds, or the following function:

$$[.3 + .7 \left(1 - \left(\frac{R}{R_o} \right)^2 \right)^P]^2$$

where R_o is the radius of the reflector, R is the radius to the point and the exponent P characterizes the illumination provided by the particular feed being used.

The projected area associated with each joint is computed and normalized with respect to the total projected area of the reflector for the area weighting factors.

The coordinates of the data points and deflections can be inputted to the program in several ways. The coordinates of the theoretical paraboloid can be inputted along with deflections in either the x , y and z coordinate directions or in the y (axial) direction only. Also the coordinates of the actual distorted points can be inputted to the program.